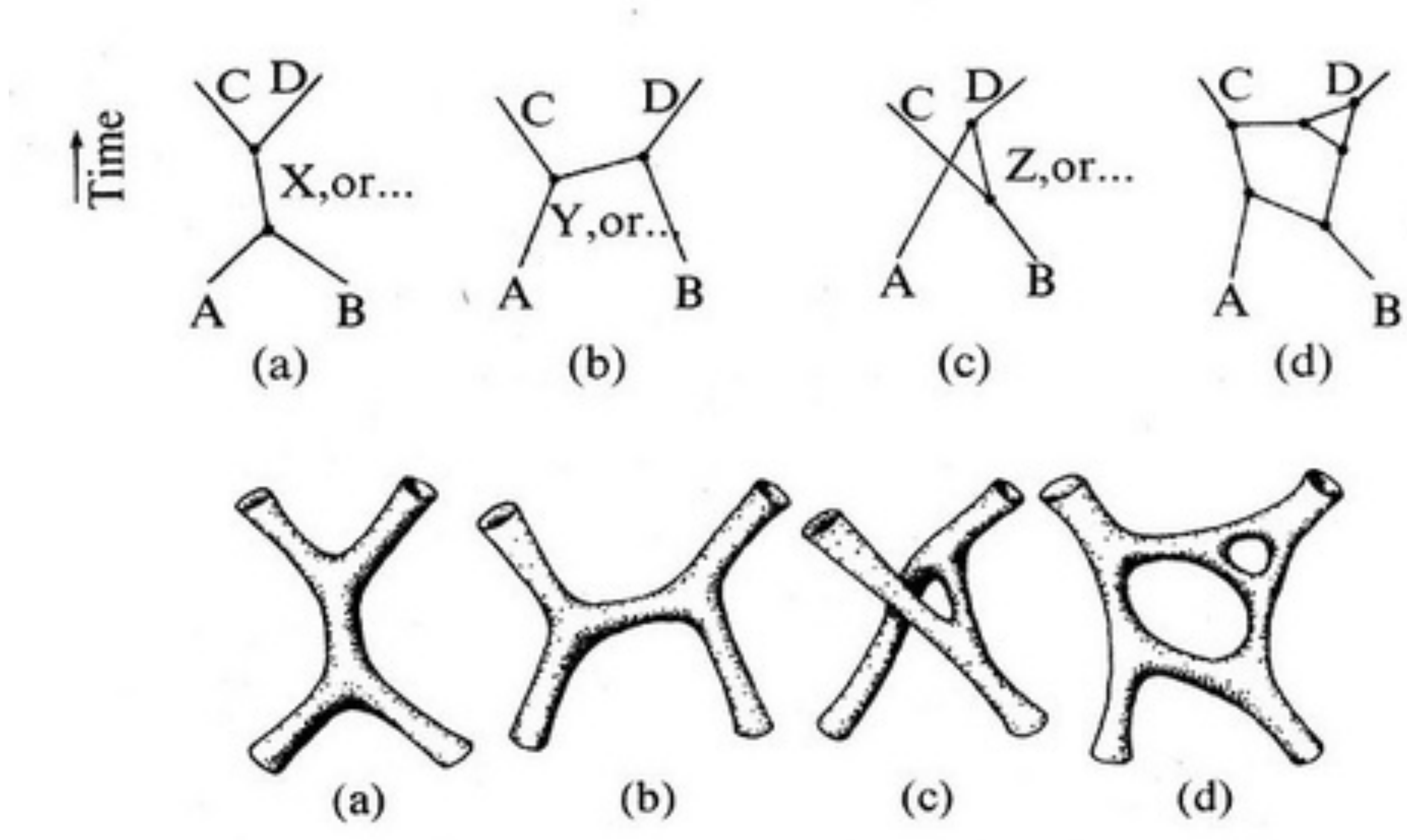

The SM as an EFT

(supplementary slides to lecture 2)

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SM EFT

SM is not the ultimate theory of nature, so it must be viewed as an EFT. We should add higher-dim operators to its Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L}_{SM} = \mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{SM}}^{(4)} + \frac{1}{\Lambda}\sum_k C_k^{(5)} Q_k^{(5)} + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2}\sum_k C_k^{(6)} Q_k^{(6)} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^3}\right),$$

- We don't know the value of Λ (and different new physics could arise at different Λ's),
- Naturalness $C_k \sim 1$
- Model independent way to search for New Physics

Operator basis

Conceptually, writing down the operators is not more difficult than what we did for Euler Heisenberg, but in practice, things become much more involved

- 3 gauge groups: $SU_C(3) \times SU_L(2)$ X $U_Y(1)$
- Complicated matter sector

	fermions					scalars
field	l^j_{Lp}	e_{Rp}	$q^{\alpha j}_{Lp}$	u^{α}_{Rp}	d^{α}_{Rp}	φ^j
hypercharge Y	$-\frac{1}{2}$	-1	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{2}$

d = 5 operator

Only a single operator arises at d = 5

$$Q_{\nu\nu} = \varepsilon_{jk}\varepsilon_{mn}\varphi^j\varphi^m(l_p^k)^T C l_r^n \;\equiv\; (\widetilde{\varphi}^\dagger l_p)^T C(\widetilde{\varphi}^\dagger l_r),$$

SU(2) indices

p,r generation indices

- Violates lepton number
- After EW symmetry breaking, this term gives **Majorana masses** to ν's and causes **ν-mixing**.
- Λ is very large ~10^{14} TeV, not relevant for LHC.

$d = 6$ operators

Buchmüller and Wyler, Nucl.Phys. B268 (1986) 621
Grzadkowski, Iskrzyński, Misiak, Rosiek JHEP 1010 (2010) 085

Many operators at d=6! Construction of operator basis is nontrivial, use

- Fierz identities (Dirac and Color), …
- integration by part, classical EOM, …

to reduce operators to a minimal set

- 59 operators (compared to 14 at d=4) which conserve baryon number B
- + 5 additional ones if B is violated
- flavor indices: 2499 parameters with B conserved

$d = 6$ operators

X^3		φ^6 and $\varphi^4 D^2$		$\psi^2\varphi^3$	
Q_G	$f^{ABC} G_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$	Q_φ	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)^3$	$Q_{e\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)(\bar l_p e_r \varphi)$
$Q_{\widetilde G}$	$f^{ABC} \widetilde G_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi\Box}$	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)\Box(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)$	$Q_{u\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)(\bar q_p u_r \widetilde\varphi)$
Q_W	$\varepsilon^{IJK} W_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi D}$	$\left(\varphi^\dagger D^\mu\varphi\right)^\star \left(\varphi^\dagger D_\mu\varphi\right)$	$Q_{d\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)(\bar q_p d_r \varphi)$
$Q_{\widetilde W}$	$\varepsilon^{IJK} \widetilde W_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$				

$X^2\varphi^2$		$\psi^2 X\varphi$		$\psi^2\varphi^2 D$	
$Q_{\varphi G}$	$\varphi^\dagger\varphi\, G^A_{\mu\nu} G^{A\mu\nu}$	Q_{eW}	$(\bar l_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r)\tau^I \varphi W^I_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi l}^{(1)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar l_p \gamma^\mu l_r)$
$Q_{\varphi\widetilde G}$	$\varphi^\dagger\varphi\, \widetilde G^A_{\mu\nu} G^{A\mu\nu}$	Q_{eB}	$(\bar l_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r)\varphi B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi l}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}^I_\mu \varphi)(\bar l_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu l_r)$
$Q_{\varphi W}$	$\varphi^\dagger\varphi\, W^I_{\mu\nu} W^{I\mu\nu}$	Q_{uG}	$(\bar q_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A u_r)\widetilde\varphi\, G^A_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi e}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar e_p \gamma^\mu e_r)$
$Q_{\varphi\widetilde W}$	$\varphi^\dagger\varphi\, \widetilde W^I_{\mu\nu} W^{I\mu\nu}$	Q_{uW}	$(\bar q_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r)\tau^I \widetilde\varphi\, W^I_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi q}^{(1)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar q_p \gamma^\mu q_r)$
$Q_{\varphi B}$	$\varphi^\dagger\varphi\, B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{uB}	$(\bar q_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r)\widetilde\varphi\, B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi q}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}^I_\mu \varphi)(\bar q_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu q_r)$
$Q_{\varphi\widetilde B}$	$\varphi^\dagger\varphi\, \widetilde B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{dG}	$(\bar q_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A d_r)\varphi\, G^A_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi u}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar u_p \gamma^\mu u_r)$
$Q_{\varphi WB}$	$\varphi^\dagger\tau^I\varphi\, W^I_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{dW}	$(\bar q_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r)\tau^I \varphi\, W^I_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi d}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar d_p \gamma^\mu d_r)$
$Q_{\varphi\widetilde WB}$	$\varphi^\dagger\tau^I\varphi\, \widetilde W^I_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{dB}	$(\bar q_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r)\varphi\, B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi ud}$	$i(\widetilde\varphi^\dagger D_\mu\varphi)(\bar u_p \gamma^\mu d_r)$

plus four-fermion operators

$d = 6$ operators

X^3		φ^6 and $\varphi^4 D^2$		$\psi^2\varphi^3$	
Q_G	$f^{ABC} G_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$	Q_φ	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)^3$	$Q_{e\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)(\bar{l}_p e_r \varphi)$
$Q_{\widetilde{G}}$	$f^{ABC} \widetilde{G}_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi\Box}$	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)\Box(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)$	$Q_{u\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)(\bar{q}_p u_r \widetilde{\varphi})$
Q_W	$\varepsilon^{IJK} W_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi D}$	$\left(\varphi^\dagger D^\mu\varphi\right)^\star \left(\varphi^\dagger D_\mu\varphi\right)$	$Q_{d\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger\varphi)(\bar{q}_p d_r \varphi)$
$Q_{\widetilde{W}}$	$\varepsilon^{IJK} \widetilde{W}_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$				

$X^2\varphi^2$		$\psi^2 X\varphi$		$\psi^2\varphi^2 D$	
$Q_{\varphi G}$	$\varphi^\dagger\varphi\, G_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$				
$Q_{\varphi\widetilde{G}}$	$\varphi^\dagger\varphi\, \widetilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$				
$Q_{\varphi W}$	$\varphi^\dagger\varphi\, W_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$				
$Q_{\varphi\widetilde{W}}$	$\varphi^\dagger\varphi\, \widetilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$				
$Q_{\varphi B}$	$\varphi^\dagger\varphi\, B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{uB}	$(\bar{q}_p\sigma^{\mu\nu}u_r)\widetilde{\varphi}\, B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi q}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i\overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I \varphi)(\bar{q}_p\tau^I\gamma^\mu q_r)$
$Q_{\varphi\widetilde{B}}$	$\varphi^\dagger\varphi\, \widetilde{B}_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{dG}	$(\bar{q}_p\sigma^{\mu\nu}T^A d_r)\varphi\, G_{\mu\nu}^A$	$Q_{\varphi u}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i\overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{u}_p\gamma^\mu u_r)$
$Q_{\varphi WB}$	$\varphi^\dagger\tau^I\varphi\, W_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{dW}	$(\bar{q}_p\sigma^{\mu\nu}d_r)\tau^I\varphi\, W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$Q_{\varphi d}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i\overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{d}_p\gamma^\mu d_r)$
$Q_{\varphi\widetilde{W}B}$	$\varphi^\dagger\tau^I\varphi\, \widetilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{dB}	$(\bar{q}_p\sigma^{\mu\nu}d_r)\varphi\, B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi ud}$	$i(\widetilde{\varphi}^\dagger D_\mu\varphi)(\bar{u}_p\gamma^\mu d_r)$

Zero in Euler-Heisenberg, but there in non-abelian theories

plus four-fermion operators

d = 6 four fermion operators

$(\bar{L}L)(\bar{L}L)$		$(\bar{R}R)(\bar{R}R)$		$(\bar{L}L)(\bar{R}R)$	
Q_{ll}	$(\bar{l}_p\gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{l}_s\gamma^\mu l_t)$	Q_{ee}	$(\bar{e}_p\gamma_\mu e_r)(\bar{e}_s\gamma^\mu e_t)$	Q_{le}	$(\bar{l}_p\gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{e}_s\gamma^\mu e_t)$
$Q_{qq}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu q_r)(\bar{q}_s\gamma^\mu q_t)$	Q_{uu}	$(\bar{u}_p\gamma_\mu u_r)(\bar{u}_s\gamma^\mu u_t)$	Q_{lu}	$(\bar{l}_p\gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{u}_s\gamma^\mu u_t)$
$Q_{qq}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu \tau^I q_r)(\bar{q}_s\gamma^\mu \tau^I q_t)$	Q_{dd}	$(\bar{d}_p\gamma_\mu d_r)(\bar{d}_s\gamma^\mu d_t)$	Q_{ld}	$(\bar{l}_p\gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{d}_s\gamma^\mu d_t)$
$Q_{lq}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{l}_p\gamma_\mu l_r)(\bar{q}_s\gamma^\mu q_t)$	Q_{eu}	$(\bar{e}_p\gamma_\mu e_r)(\bar{u}_s\gamma^\mu u_t)$	Q_{qe}	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu q_r)(\bar{e}_s\gamma^\mu e_t)$
$Q_{lq}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{l}_p\gamma_\mu \tau^I l_r)(\bar{q}_s\gamma^\mu \tau^I q_t)$	Q_{ed}	$(\bar{e}_p\gamma_\mu e_r)(\bar{d}_s\gamma^\mu d_t)$	$Q_{qu}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu q_r)(\bar{u}_s\gamma^\mu u_t)$
		$Q_{ud}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{u}_p\gamma_\mu u_r)(\bar{d}_s\gamma^\mu d_t)$	$Q_{qu}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu T^A q_r)(\bar{u}_s\gamma^\mu T^A u_t)$
		$Q_{ud}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{u}_p\gamma_\mu T^A u_r)(\bar{d}_s\gamma^\mu T^A d_t)$	$Q_{qd}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu q_r)(\bar{d}_s\gamma^\mu d_t)$
				$Q_{qd}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{q}_p\gamma_\mu T^A q_r)(\bar{d}_s\gamma^\mu T^A d_t)$

$(\bar{L}R)(\bar{R}L)$ and $(\bar{L}R)(\bar{L}R)$		B-violating	
Q_{ledq}	$(\bar{l}_p^j e_r)(\bar{d}_s q_t^j)$	Q_{duq}	$\varepsilon^{\alpha\beta\gamma}\varepsilon_{jk}\left[(d_p^\alpha)^T C u_r^\beta\right]\left[(q_s^{\gamma j})^T C l_t^k\right]$
$Q_{quqd}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p^j u_r)\varepsilon_{jk}(\bar{q}_s^k d_t)$	Q_{qqu}	$\varepsilon^{\alpha\beta\gamma}\varepsilon_{jk}\left[(q_p^{\alpha j})^T C q_r^{\beta k}\right]\left[(u_s^\gamma)^T C e_t\right]$
$Q_{quqd}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{q}_p^j T^A u_r)\varepsilon_{jk}(\bar{q}_s^k T^A d_t)$	$Q_{qqq}^{(1)}$	$\varepsilon^{\alpha\beta\gamma}\varepsilon_{jk}\varepsilon_{mn}\left[(q_p^{\alpha j})^T C q_r^{\beta k}\right]\left[(q_s^{\gamma m})^T C l_t^n\right]$
$Q_{lequ}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{l}_p^j e_r)\varepsilon_{jk}(\bar{q}_s^k u_t)$	$Q_{qqq}^{(3)}$	$\varepsilon^{\alpha\beta\gamma}(\tau^I\varepsilon)_{jk}(\tau^I\varepsilon)_{mn}\left[(q_p^{\alpha j})^T C q_r^{\beta k}\right]\left[(q_s^{\gamma m})^T C l_t^n\right]$
$Q_{lequ}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{l}_p^j \sigma_{\mu\nu} e_r)\varepsilon_{jk}(\bar{q}_s^k \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_t)$	Q_{duu}	$\varepsilon^{\alpha\beta\gamma}\left[(d_p^\alpha)^T C u_r^\beta\right]\left[(u_s^\gamma)^T C e_t\right]$

Flavor indices: $3^4 = 81$… Many couplings!

EFT for Higgs physics

Not all of the 59 operators are important for Higgs physics, but a significant number of them is.

- A lot of recent work to identify the most important NP effects in Higgs physics and to parameterize possible effects in a model independent way.
- Deviations are often parameterized as deviations from SM coupling strengths to given particle type.

Value of Λ

We have a plethora of SM measurements which impose constraints on Λ

- Neutrino masses $\Lambda \sim 10^{14}$ TeV
- Flavor physics $\Lambda \gtrsim 1 - 100$ TeV
  - Most stringent bounds: FCNC's
- EW precision physics $\Lambda \gtrsim 2$ TeV

Absence of New Physics signals can indicate either a high scale, or a special form which suppresses (e.g. flavor physics) signals.

Naturalness Problem

The SM contains a single relevant operator

$$\mu^2\, \varphi^\dagger \varphi = C^{(2)}\, \Lambda^2 \varphi^\dagger \varphi$$

with $2\mu^2 = m_H^2$. Naturalness:

- Expect New Physics at $\Lambda \sim m_H$.
- Should protect the Higgs mass from contributions from higher scales (such as $M_{\rm pl}$).
  - SUSY, compositeness, … ?

Naturalness problem: we do not see any effects of the higher-dim. operators: $\Lambda \gg m_H$

- Important: Λ is scale of new physics, not unphysical cutoff!