

Meson spectroscopy from lattice calculations

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PhiPsi17, Mainz, 26 – 29 June 2017

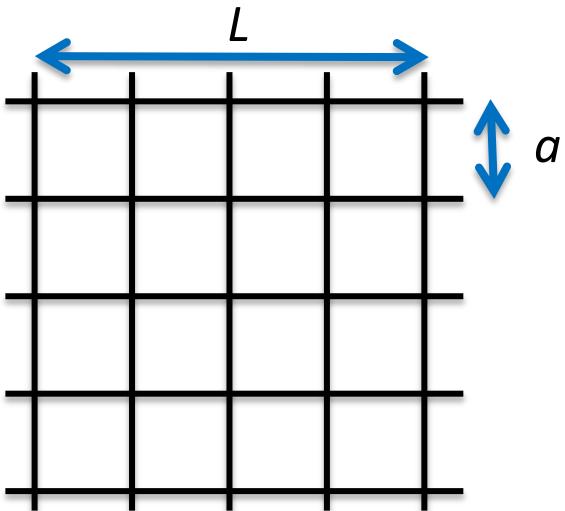


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CAMBRIDGE

Hadron Spectrum Collaboration

Lattice QCD Spectroscopy

Systematically-improvable
first-principles calculations



- Discretise spacetime in a **finite volume**
- Compute correlation fns. numerically
(Euclidean time, $t \rightarrow i t$)

Note:

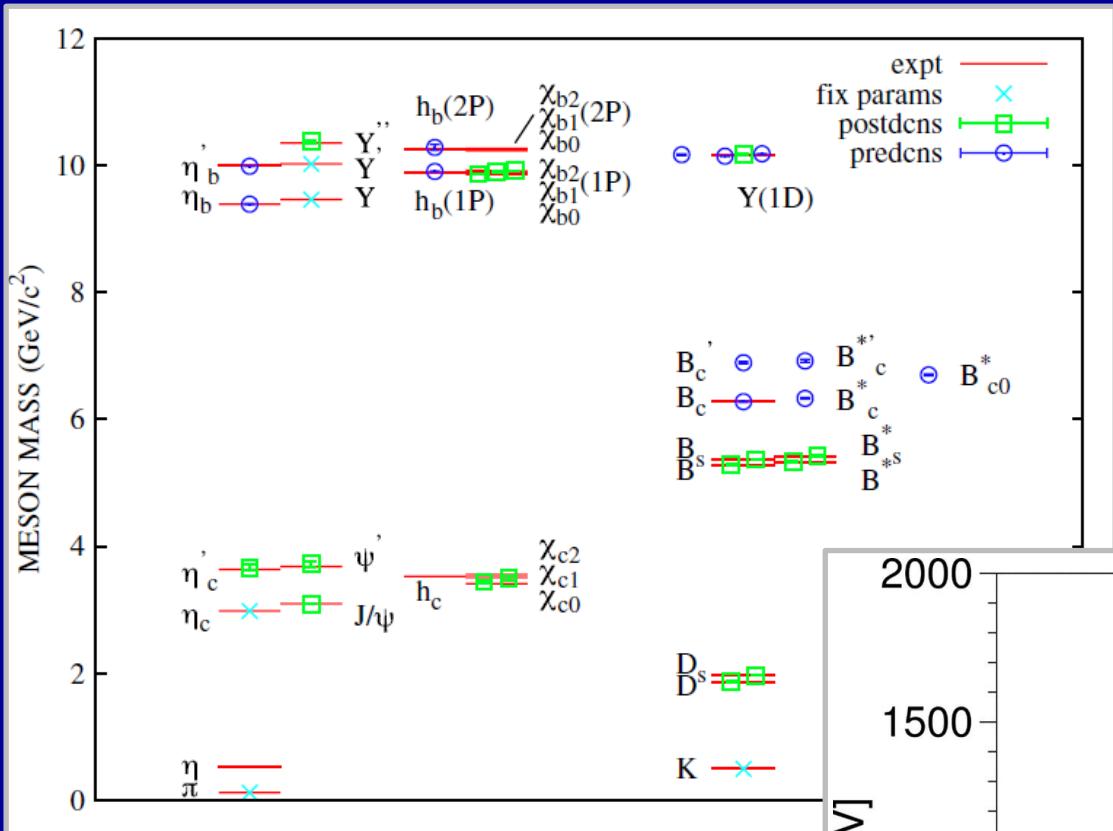
- Finite a and L
- Possibly heavy u, d (\rightarrow unphysical m_π)

Finite-volume energy eigenstates from:

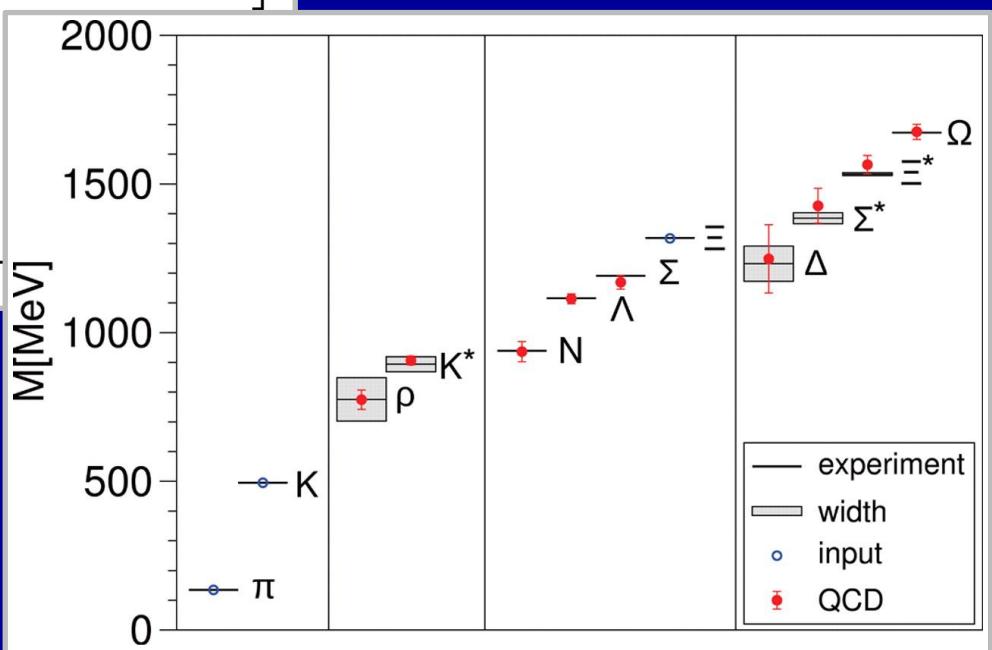
$$C_{ij}(t) = \langle 0 | \mathcal{O}_i(t) \mathcal{O}_j^\dagger(0) | 0 \rangle$$



Lower-lying mesons (and baryons)

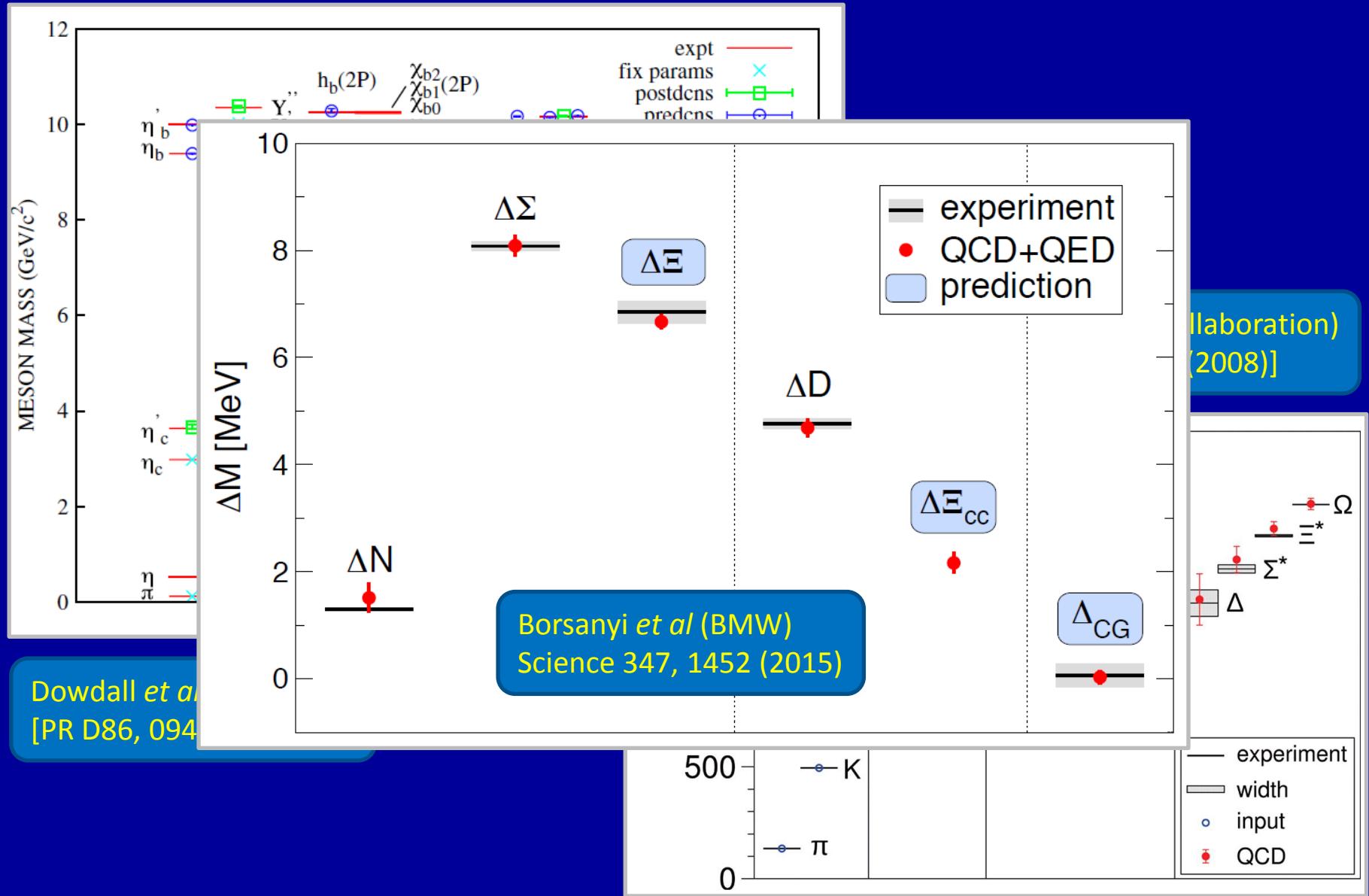


Durr *et al* (BMW Collaboration)
[Science 322, 1224 (2008)]

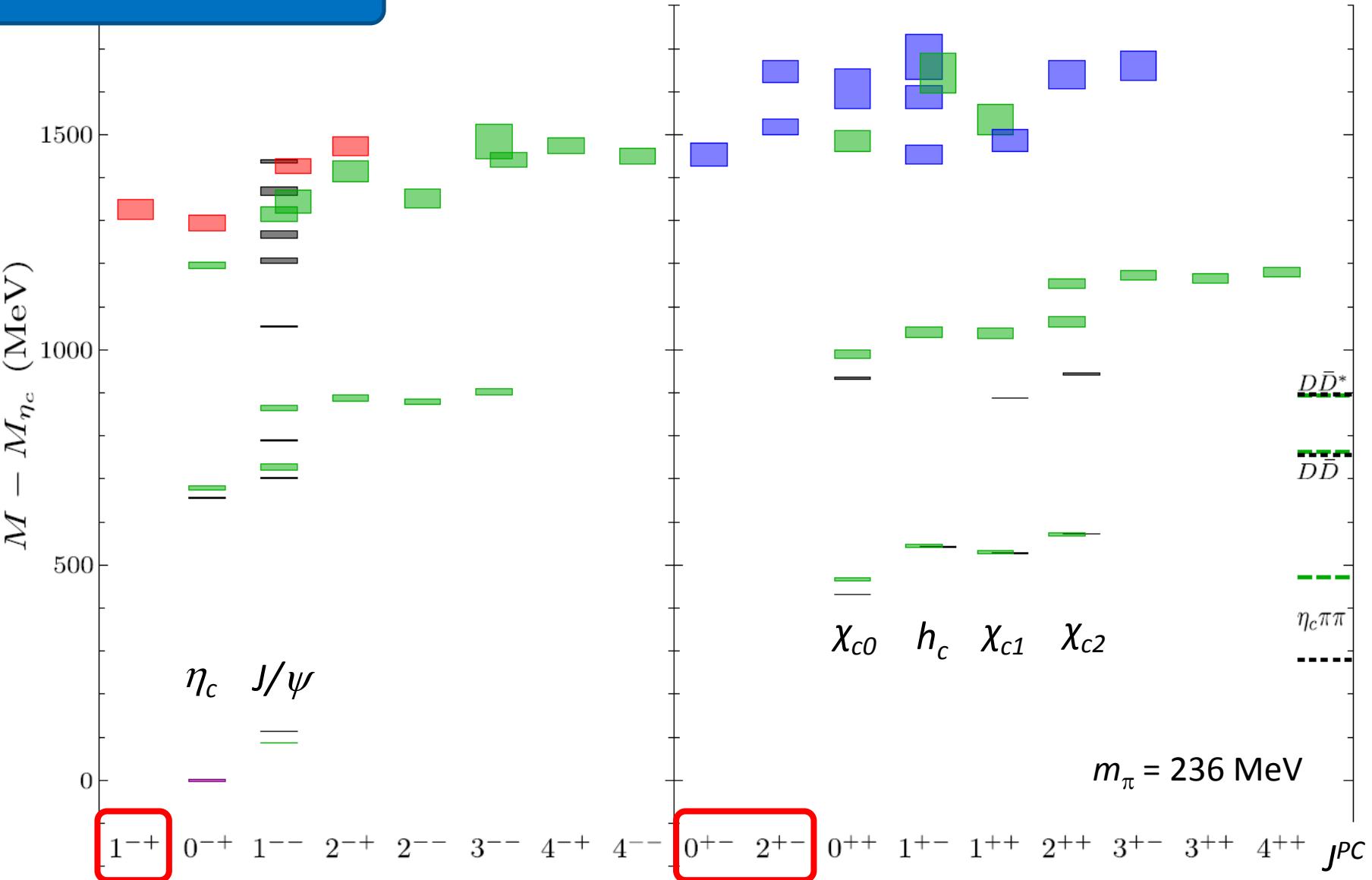


Dowdall *et al* (HPQCD)
[PR D86, 094510 (2012)]

Lower-lying mesons (and baryons)

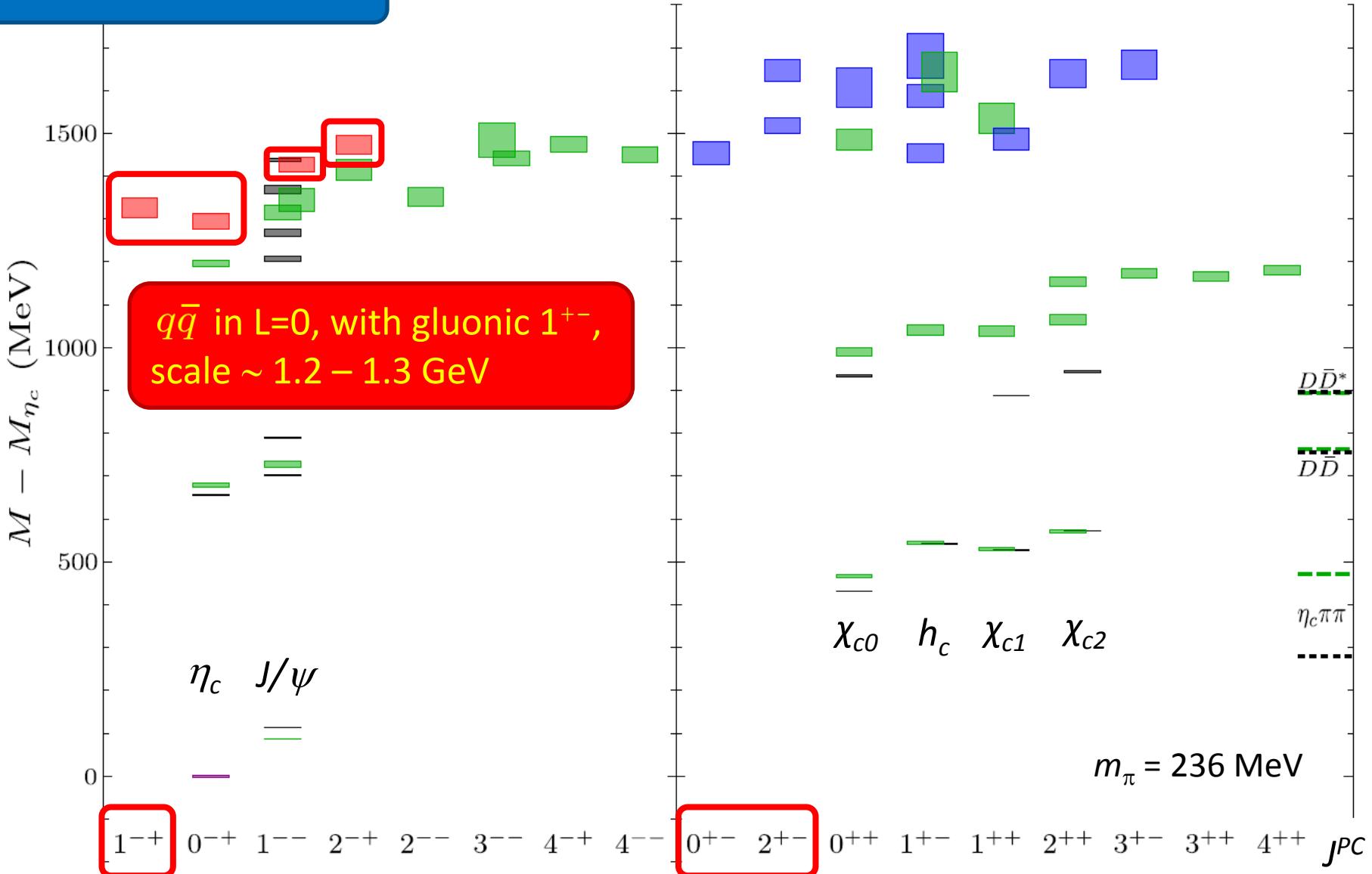


Excited charmonia



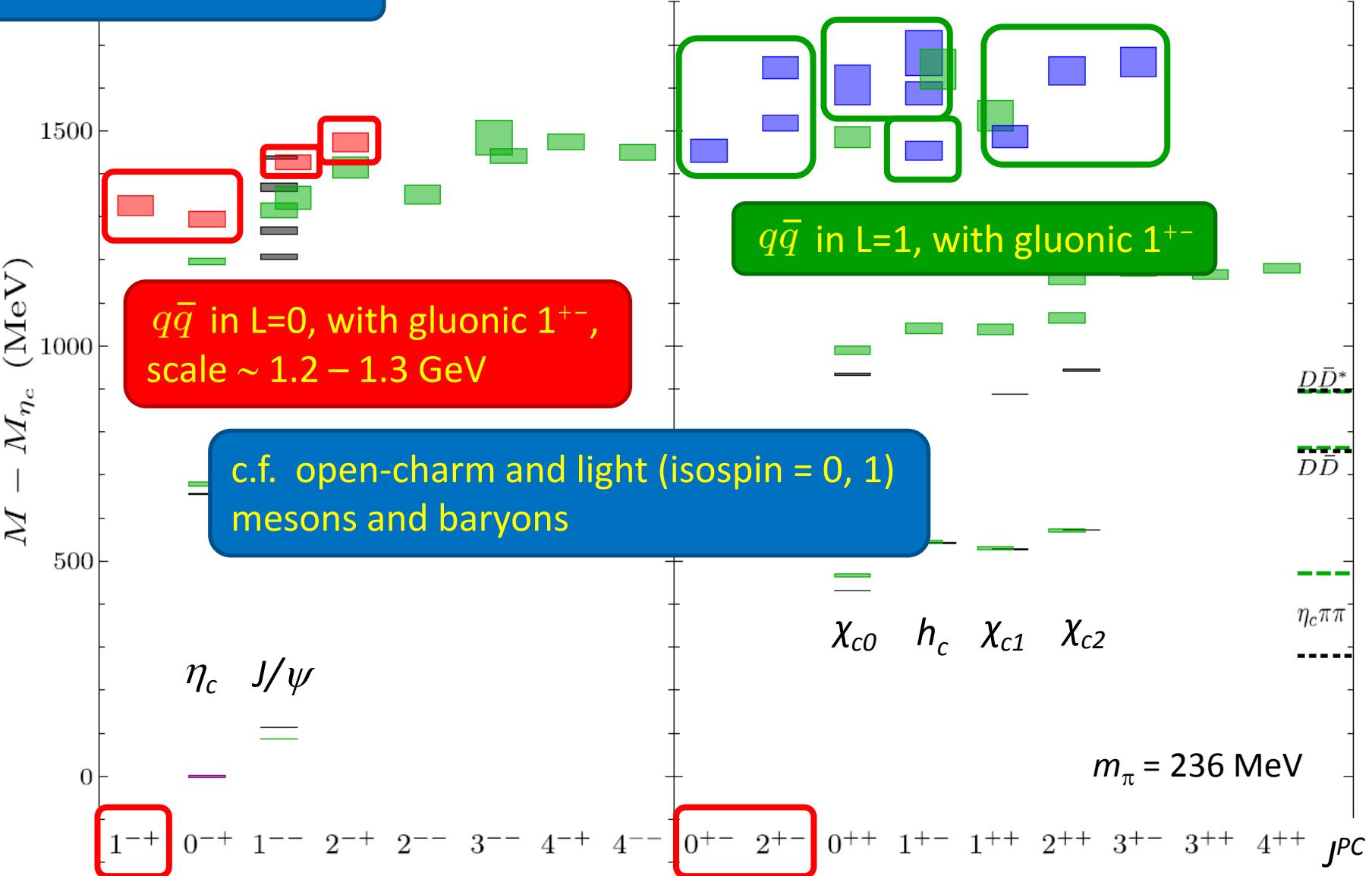
$m_\pi = 236$ MeV [Cheung et al (HadSpec) JHEP 12 (2016) 089], similar pattern to older $m_\pi = 391$ MeV

Excited charmonia



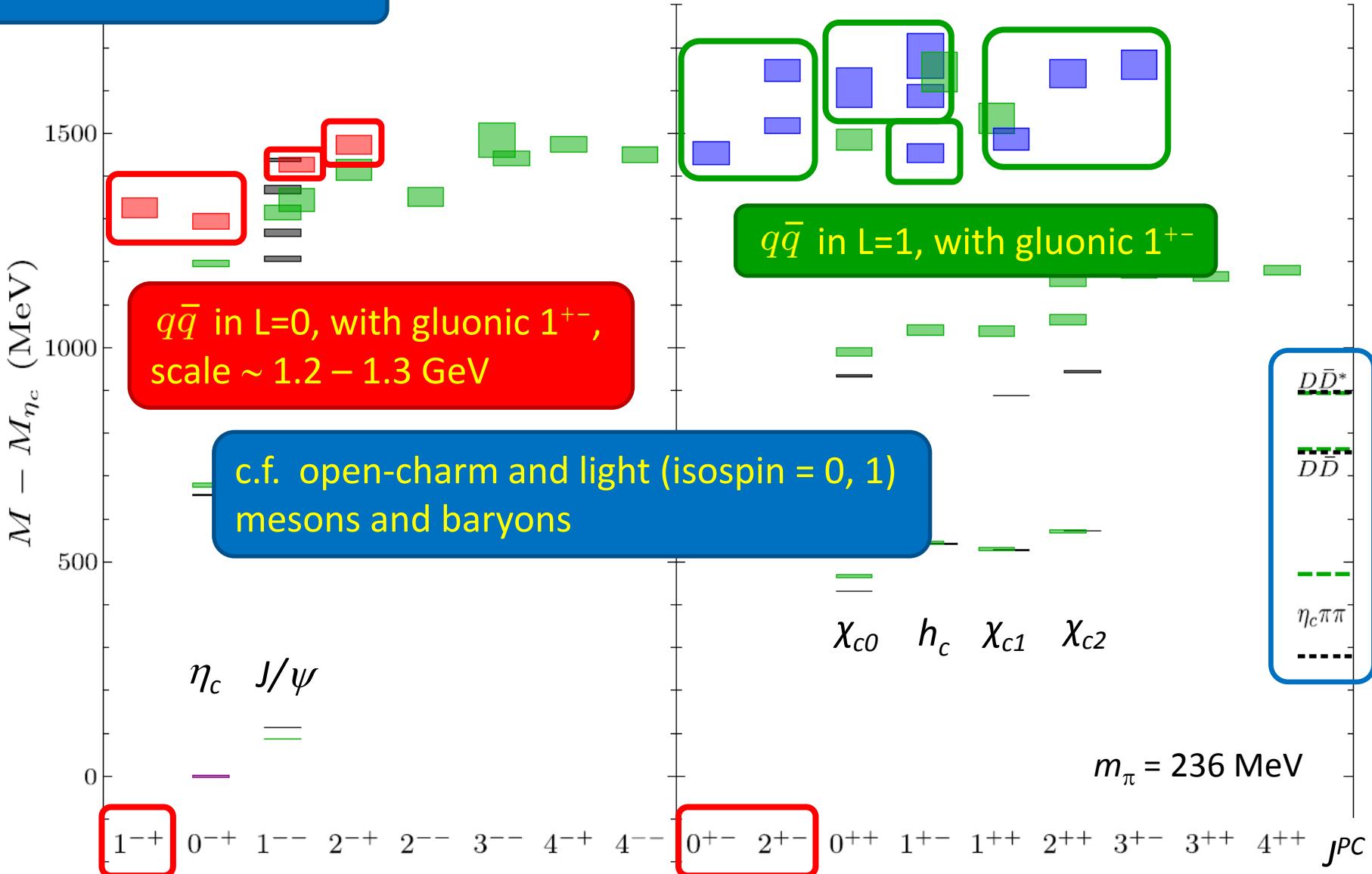
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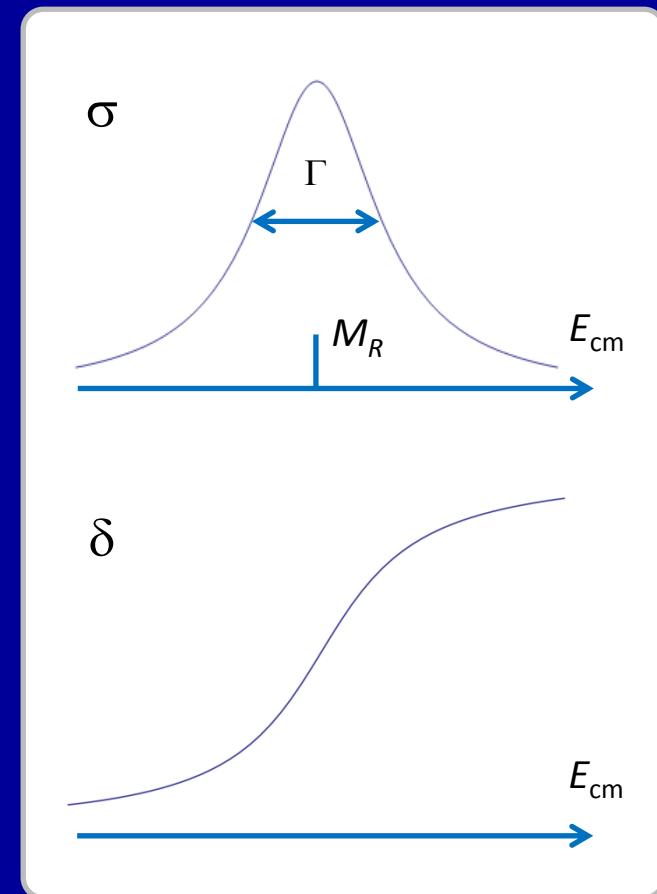
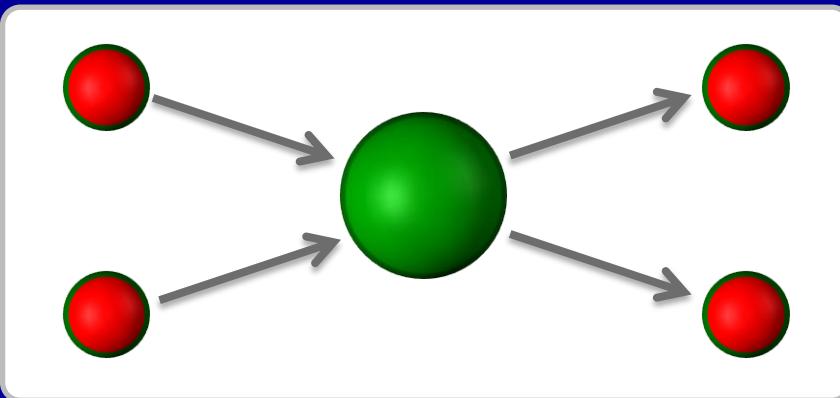
Excited charmonia



$m_\pi = 236$ MeV [Cheung *et al* (HadSpec) JHEP 12 (2016) 089], similar pattern to older $m_\pi = 391$ MeV

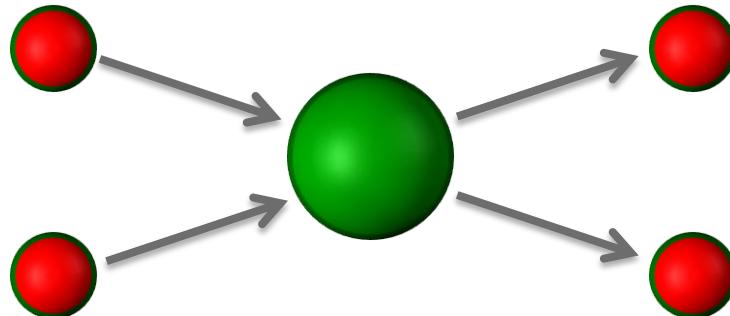
Scattering and resonances

Most hadrons appear as resonances in scattering of lighter hadrons

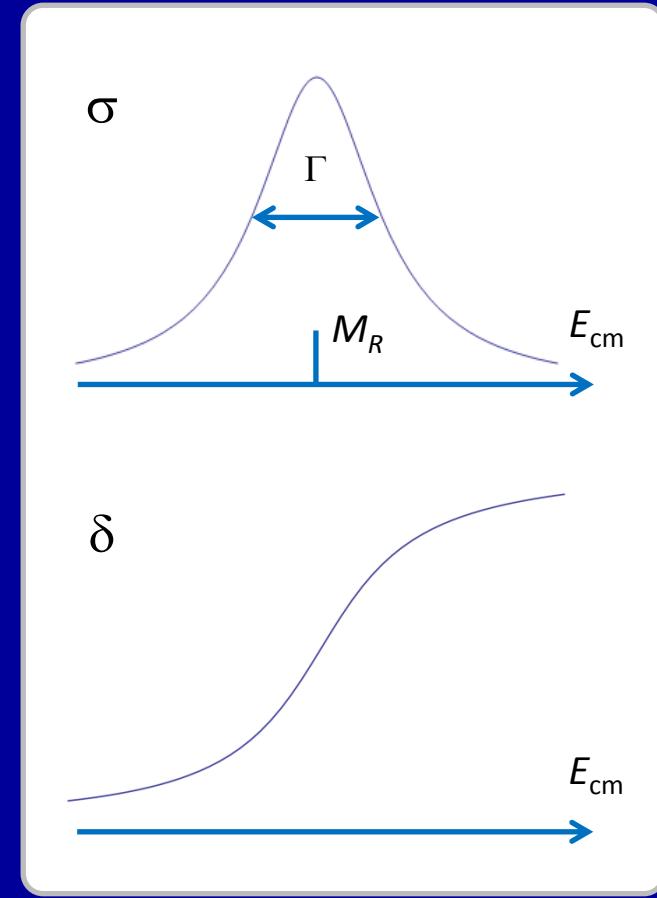
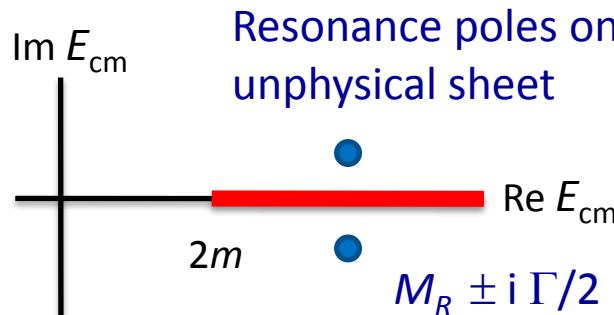


Scattering and resonances

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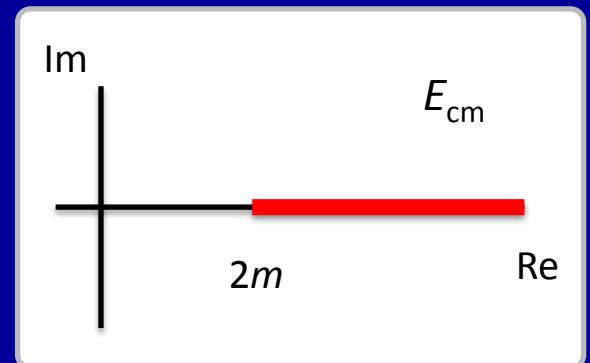


Singularity structure
of scattering matrix



Scattering in Lattice QCD

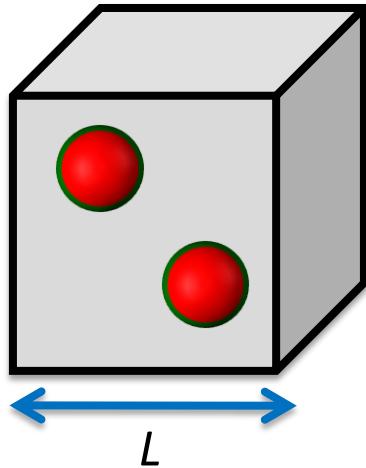
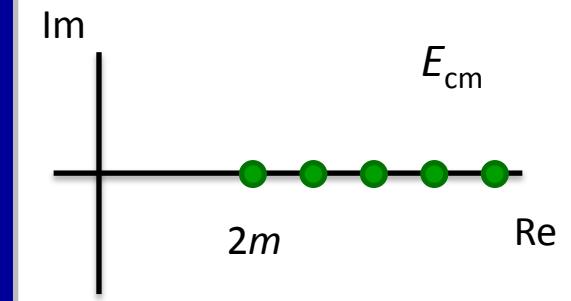
Infinite volume – contin. spectrum above thresh.



Scattering in Lattice QCD

Infinite volume – contin. spectrum above thresh.

Finite volume – discrete spectrum



Non-interacting: $\vec{k}_{A,B} = \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$

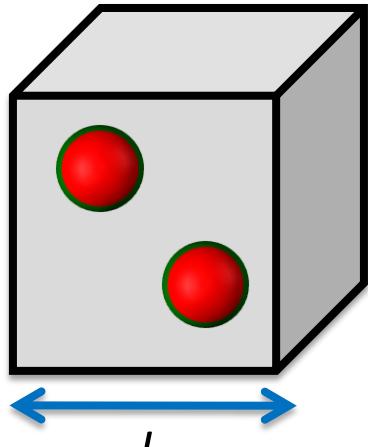
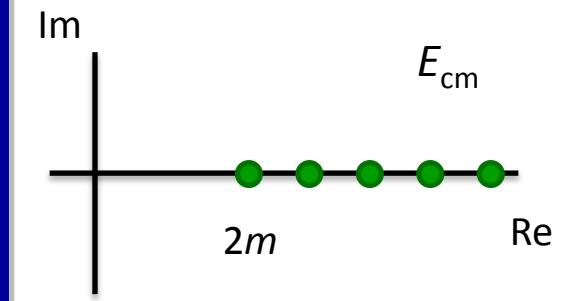
Interacting: $\vec{k}_{A,B} \neq \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$

[periodic b.c.s]

Scattering in Lattice QCD

Infinite volume – contin. spectrum above thresh.

Finite volume – discrete spectrum



$$\text{Non-interacting: } \vec{k}_{A,B} = \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$$

$$\text{Interacting: } \vec{k}_{A,B} \neq \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$$

$$t(E_{\text{cm}}) = \begin{pmatrix} t_{\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi}(E_{\text{cm}}) & t_{\pi\pi \rightarrow K\bar{K}}(E_{\text{cm}}) \\ t_{K\bar{K} \rightarrow \pi\pi}(E_{\text{cm}}) & t_{K\bar{K} \rightarrow K\bar{K}}(E_{\text{cm}}) \end{pmatrix}$$

Lüscher method (and extensions): relate **finite-volume energy levels** to **infinite-volume scattering t -matrix**

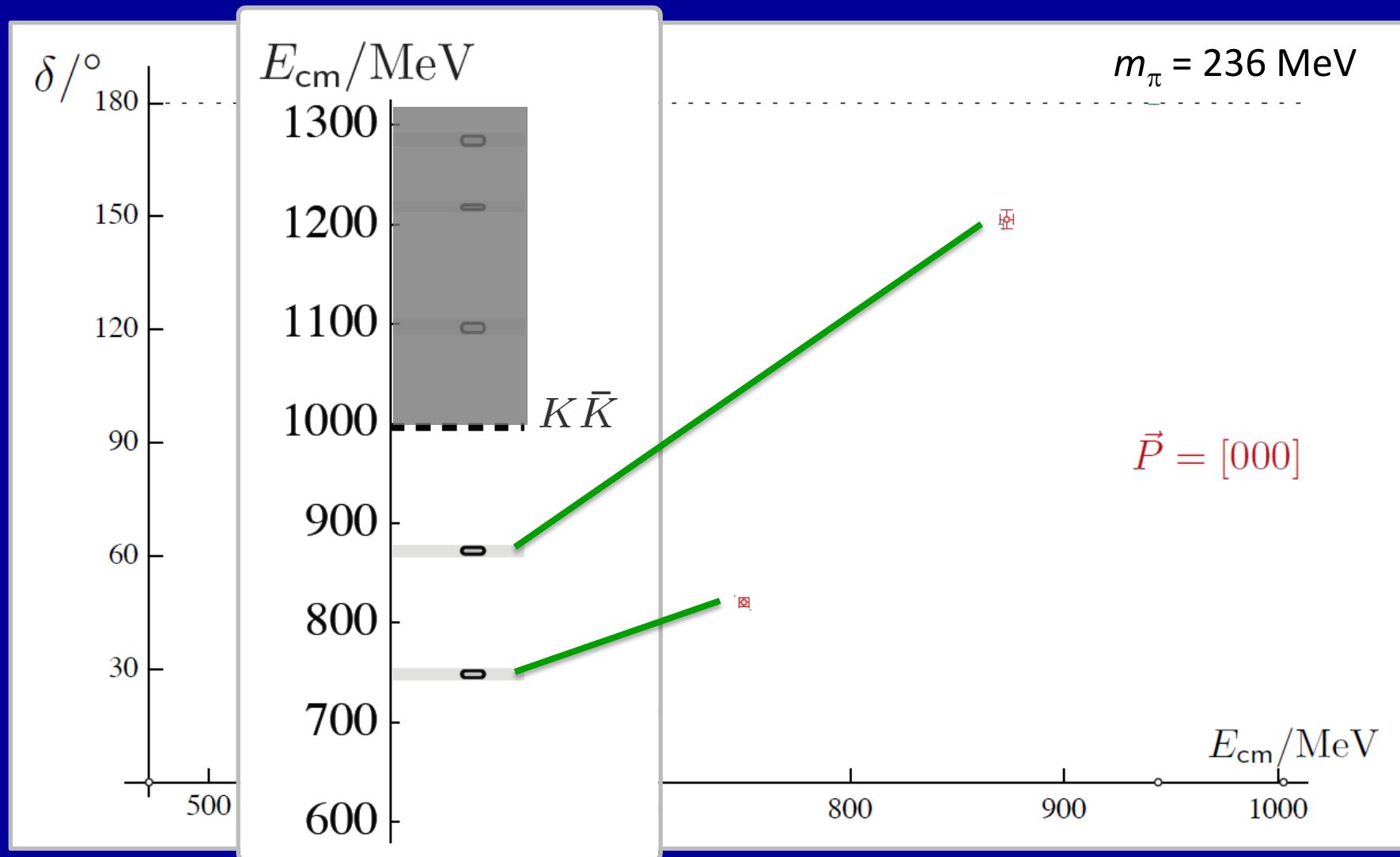
In general under-constrained problem (determinant equ. at each E_{cm})

→ parameterize E_{cm} dependence of t -matrix and fit $\{E_{\text{lat}}\}$ to $\{E_{\text{param}}\}$

Consider many different parameterizations (e.g. K -matrix, eff. range, B.W.)

The ρ resonance: elastic $\pi\pi$ scattering

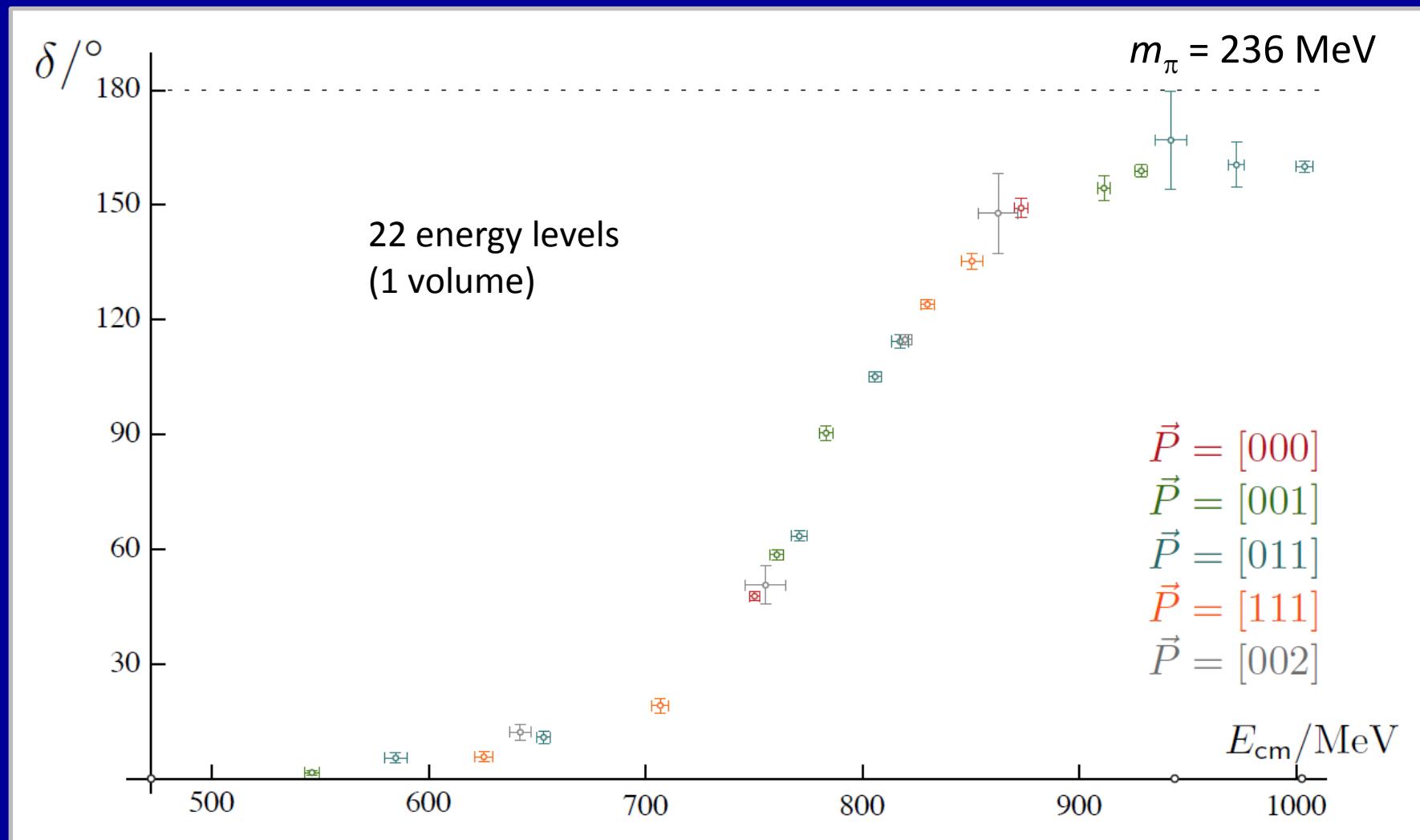
($J^{PC} = 1^{--}$, $I = 1$)



(HadSpec) [PR D87, 034505 (2013); PR D92, 094502 (2015)]

The ρ resonance: elastic $\pi\pi$ scattering

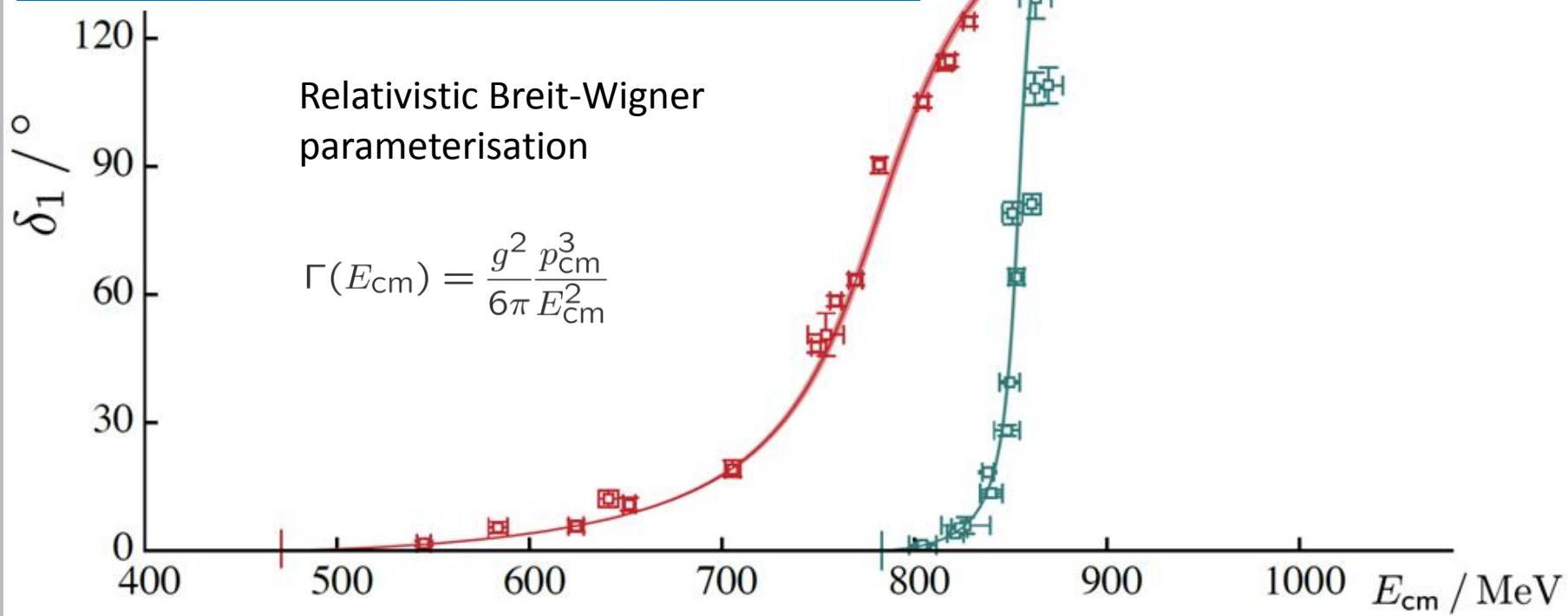
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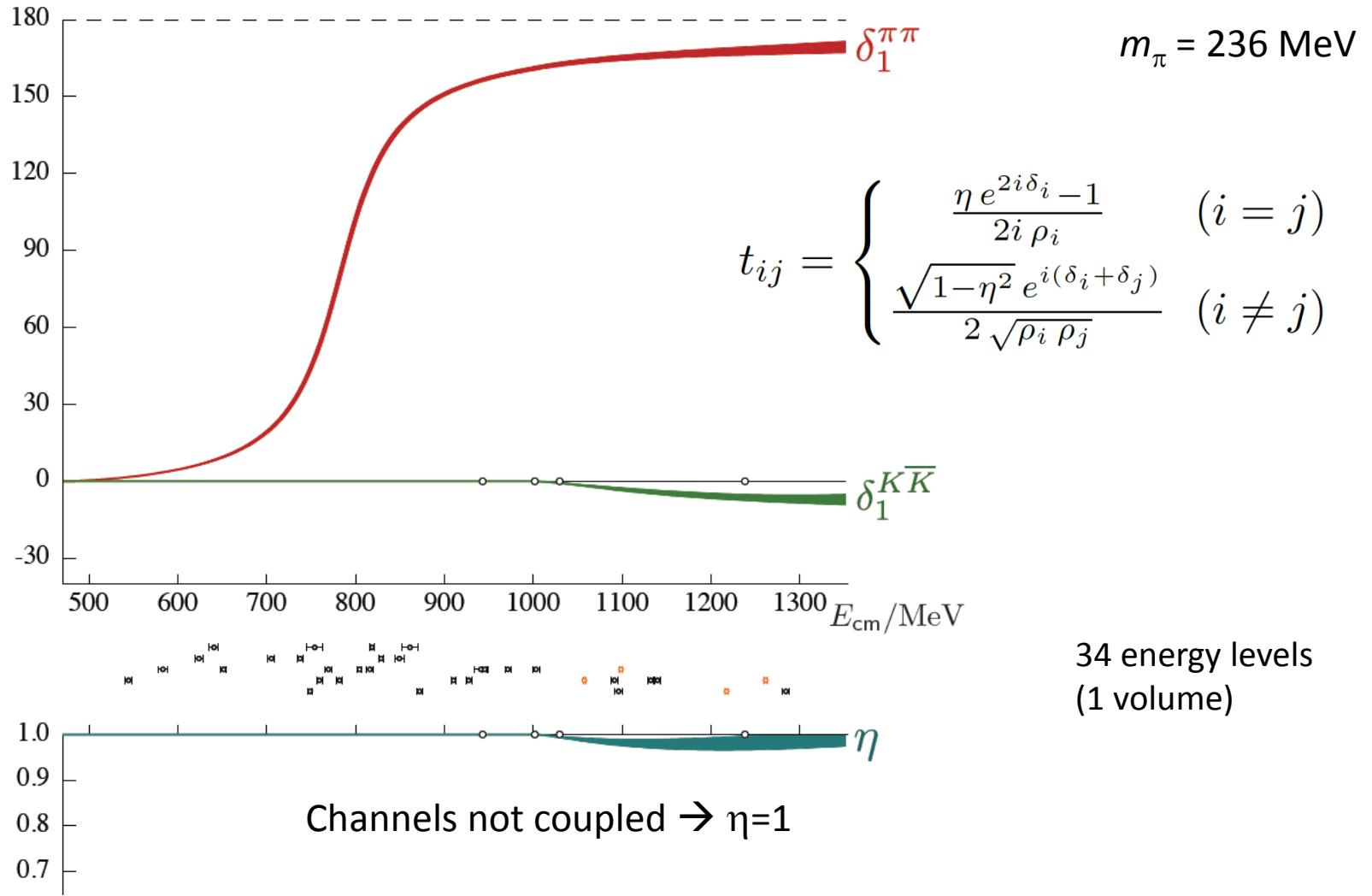
The ρ resonance: elastic $\pi\pi$ scattering

m_π / MeV	391	236	Experimental
M_R / MeV	854.1 ± 1.1	790 ± 2	775.49 ± 0.3
Γ / MeV	11.9 ± 0.6	87 ± 2	149.1 ± 0.8
g	5.698 ± 0.097 ± 0.003	5.688 ± 0.07 ± 0.03	≈ 5.9

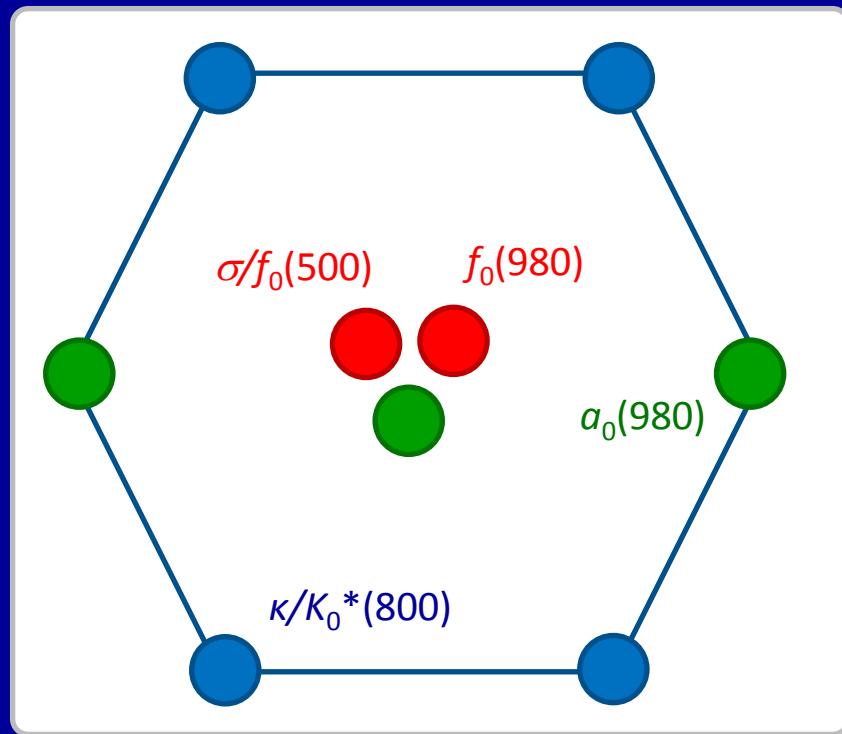


(HadSpec) [PR D87, 034505 (2013); PR D92, 094502 (2015)]

The ρ resonance: coupled-channel $\pi\pi, K\bar{K}$

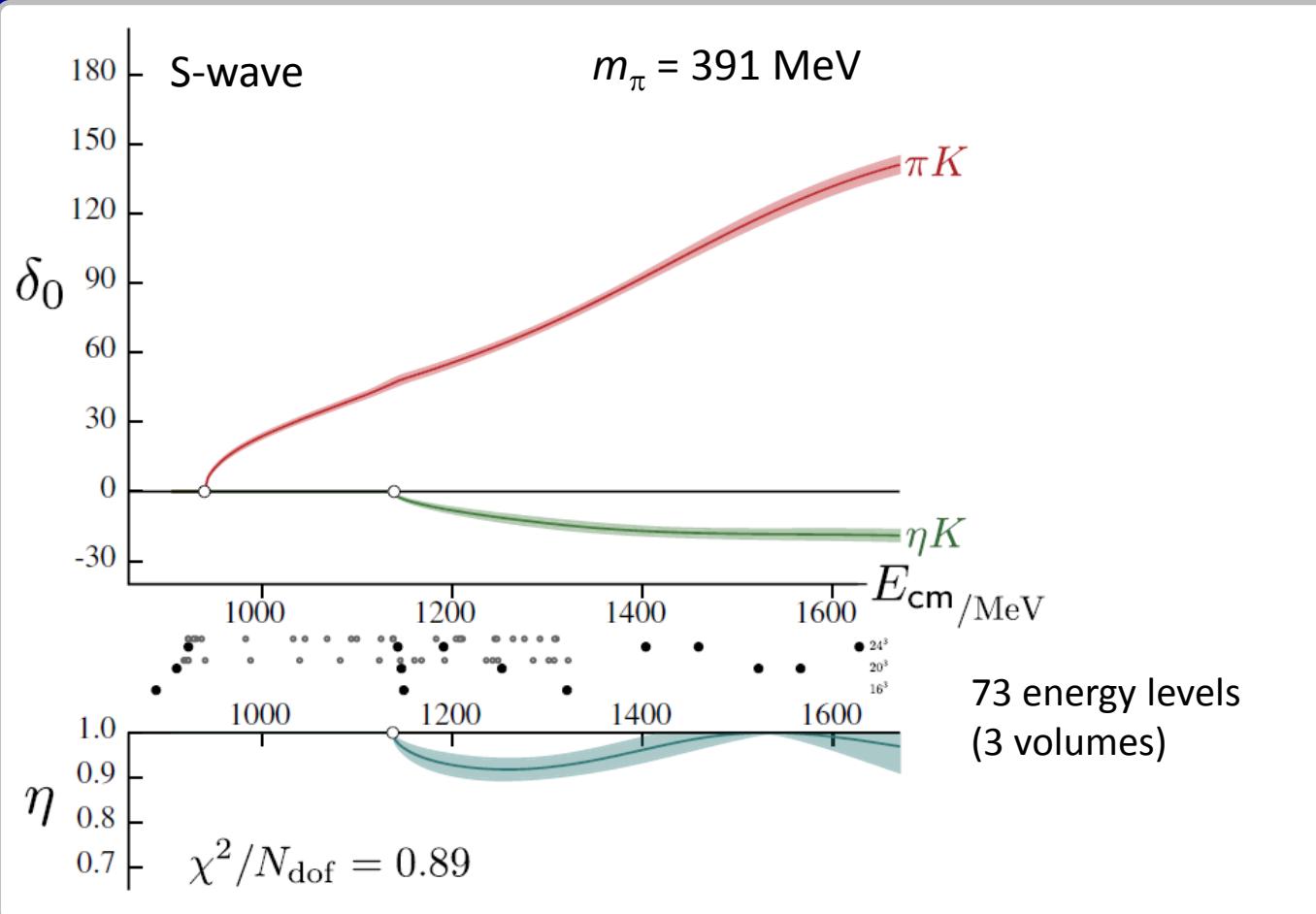


Light scalar mesons (< 1 GeV)



κ in πK , ηK

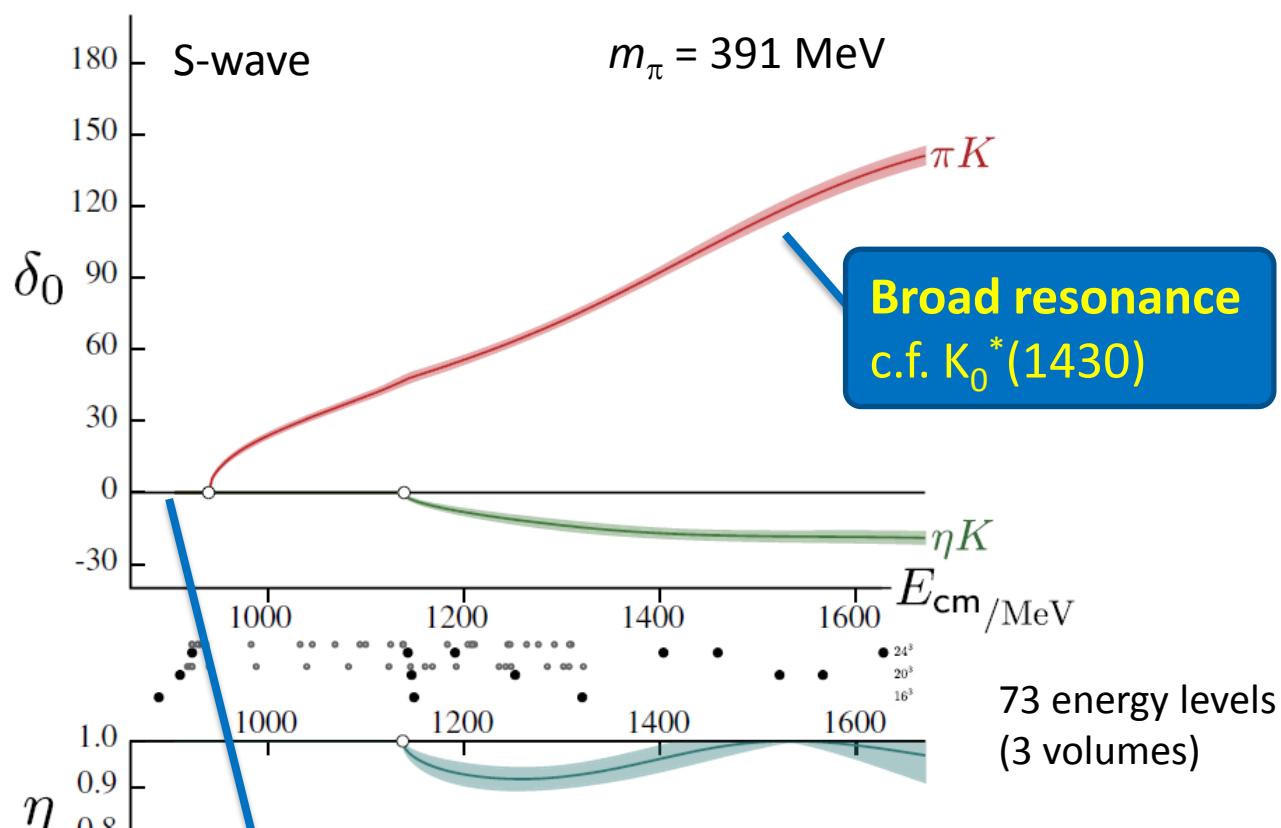
$J^P = 0^+$, Isospin = $\frac{1}{2}$, Strangeness = 1



Wilson, Dudek, Edwards, CT
(HadSpec) [PRL 113, 182001 (2014);
PR D91, 054008 (2015)]

κ in πK , ηK

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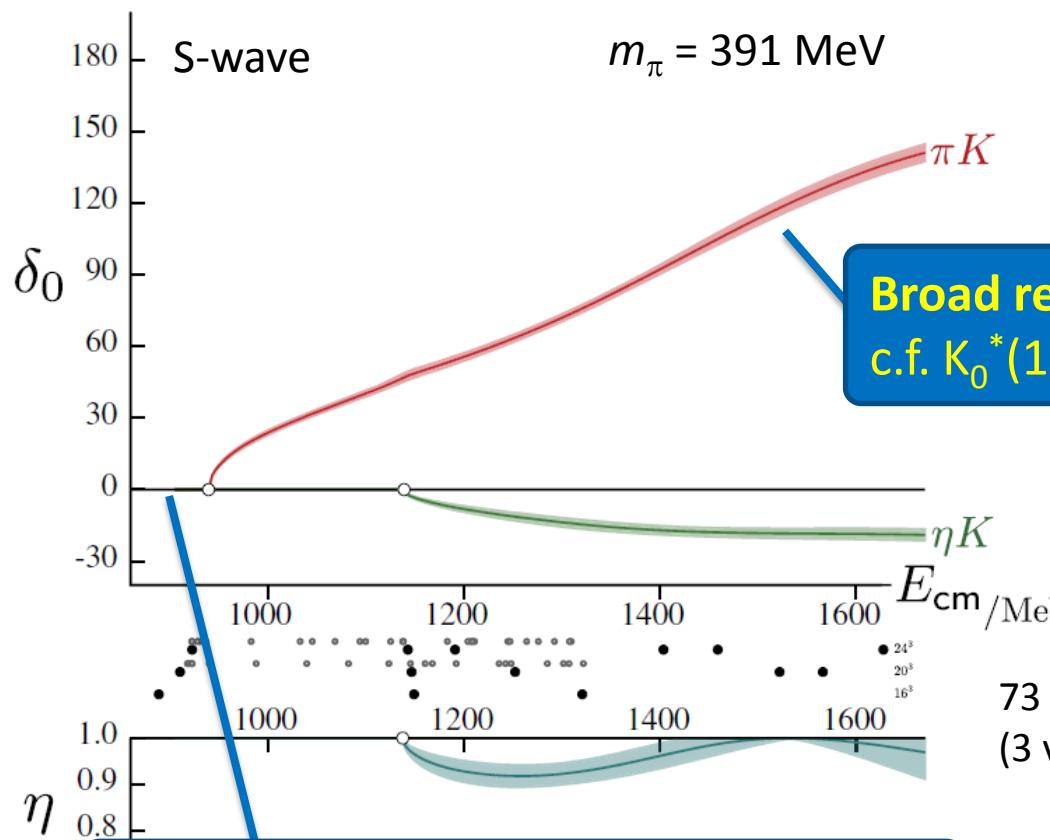
Virtual bound state [pole on real axis below threshold on unphysical sheet]

c.f. κ in unitarised χ pt [Nebreda & Pelaez, PR D81, 054035 (2010)]

Wilson, Dudek, Edwards, CT
(HadSpec) [PRL 113, 182001 (2014);
PR D91, 054008 (2015)]

κ in πK , ηK

$J^P = 0^+$, Isospin = $\frac{1}{2}$, Strangeness = 1



Also: P-wave (1^-) bound state,
 $m = 933(1) \text{ MeV}$, $g = 5.93(26)$
c.f. $K^*(892)$
and D-wave (2^+) narrow
resonance c.f. $K_2^*(1430)$

Wilson, Dudek, Edwards, CT
(HadSpec) [PRL 113, 182001 (2014);
PR D91, 054008 (2015)]

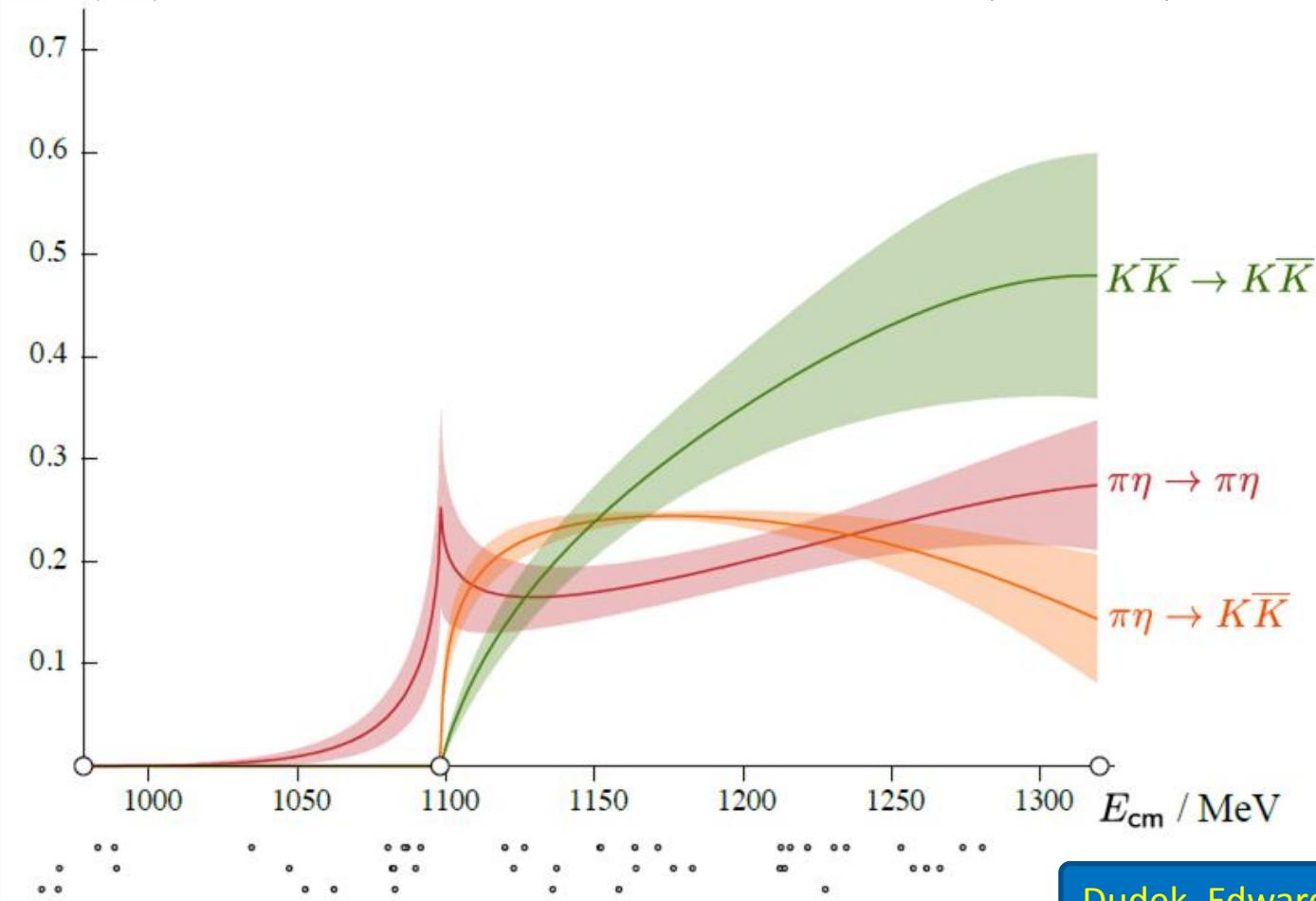
a_0 resonance in $\pi\eta$, $K\bar{K}$

$J^P = 0^+$, $I = 1$

$$\rho_i \rho_j |t_{ij}|^2 \sim \sigma$$

$$m_\pi = 391 \text{ MeV}$$

47 energy levels
(3 volumes)



Dudek, Edwards, Wilson (HadSpec)
[PR D93, 094506 (2016)]

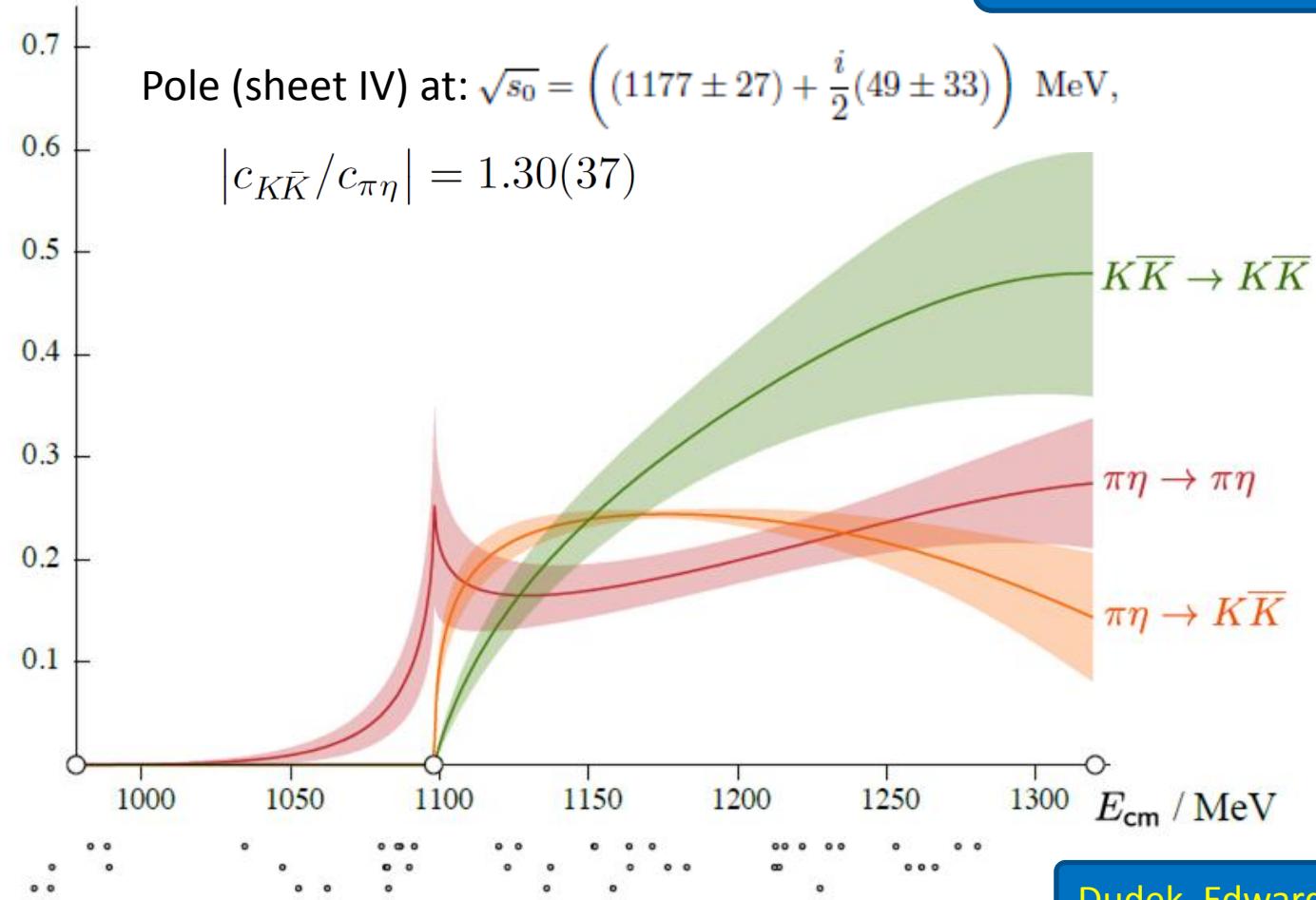
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Resonance strongly coupled to both $\pi\eta$ and $K\bar{K}$



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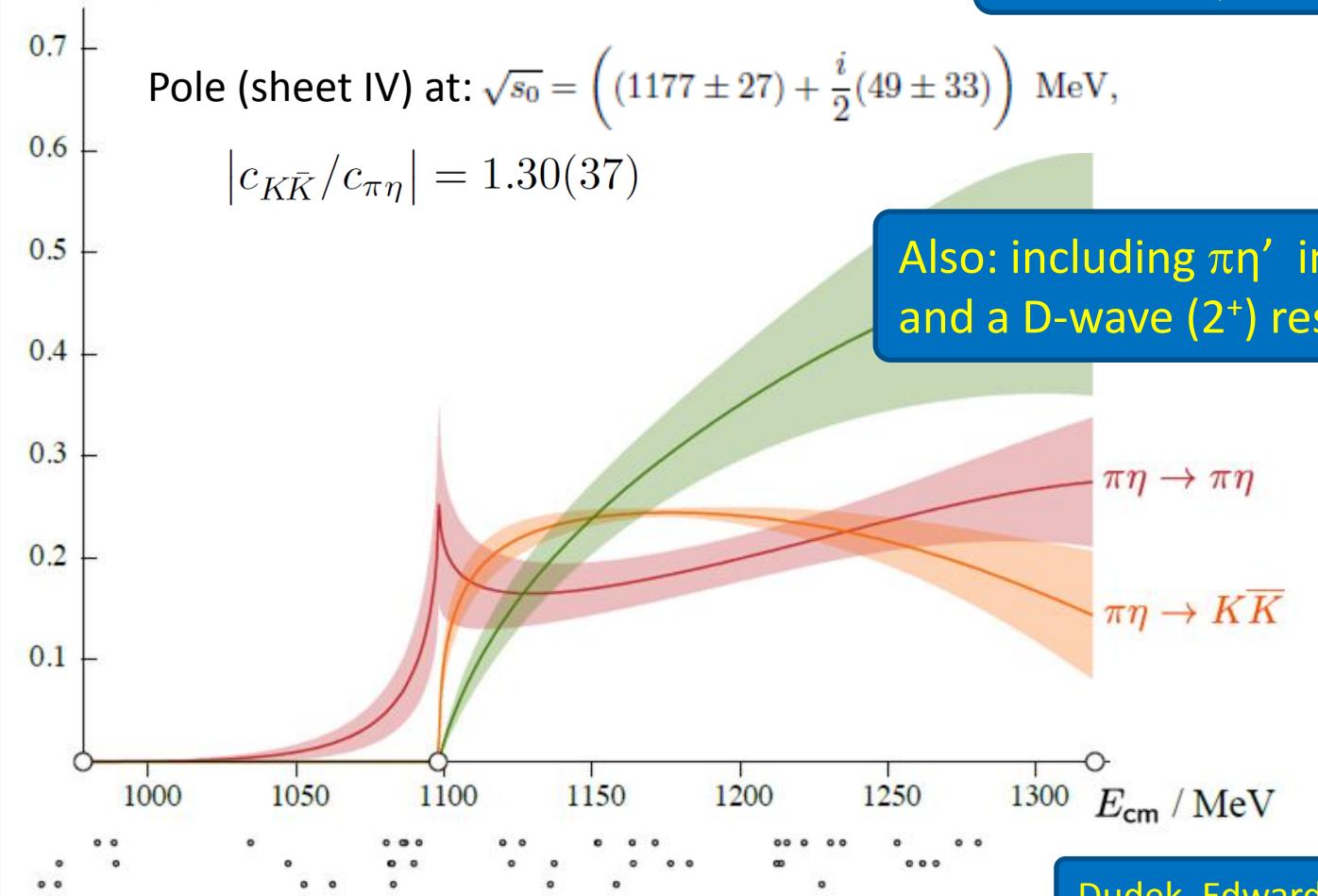
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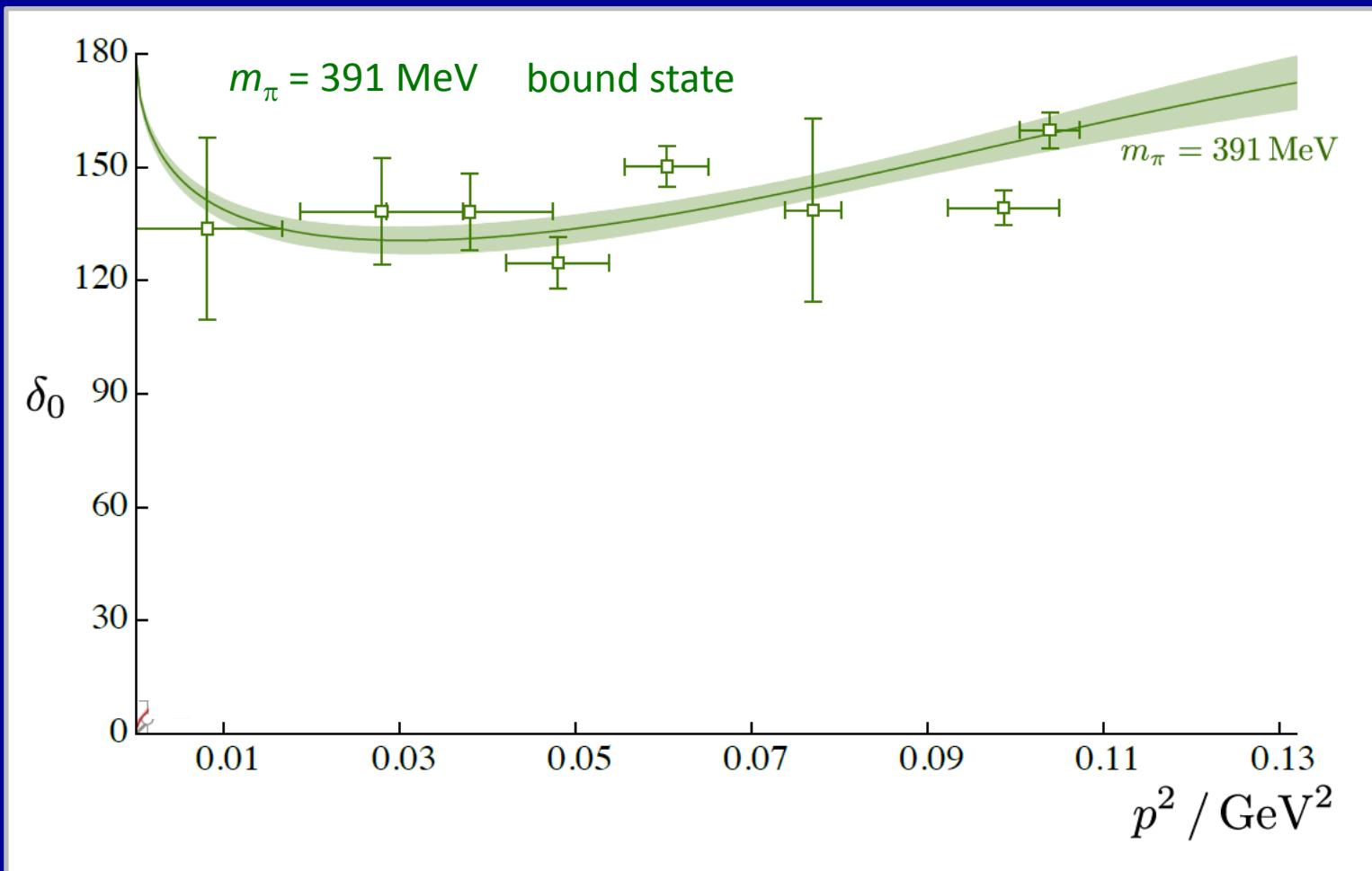


Also: including $\pi\eta'$ in S-wave,
and a D-wave (2^+) resonance c.f. a_2

Dudek, Edwards, Wilson (HadSpec)
[PR D93, 094506 (2016)]

$f_0(500)/\sigma$ in $\pi\pi$ scattering

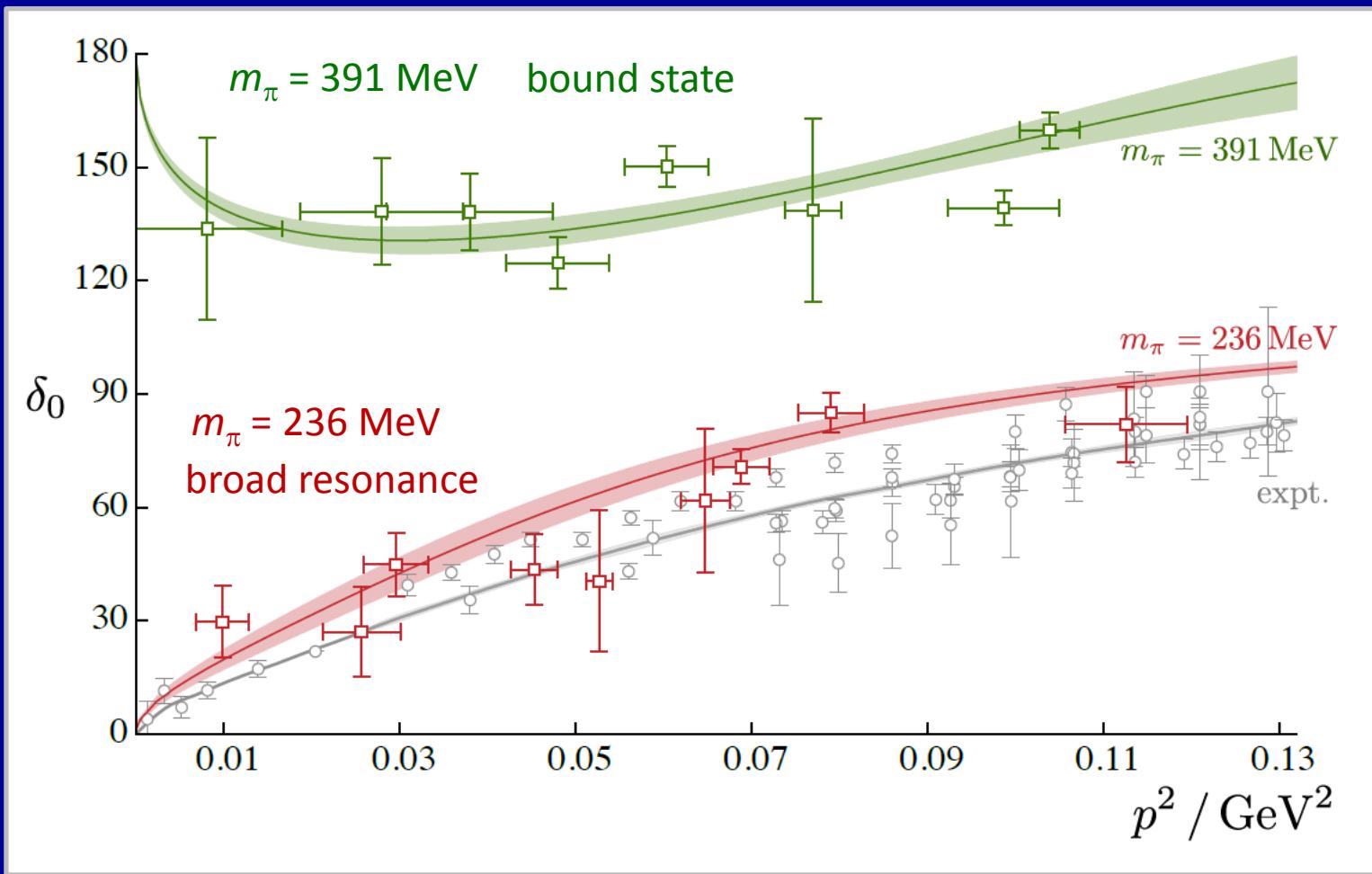
$J^P = 0^+, I = 0$



Briceño, Dudek, Edwards, Wilson
(HadSpec) [PRL 118, 022002 (2017)]

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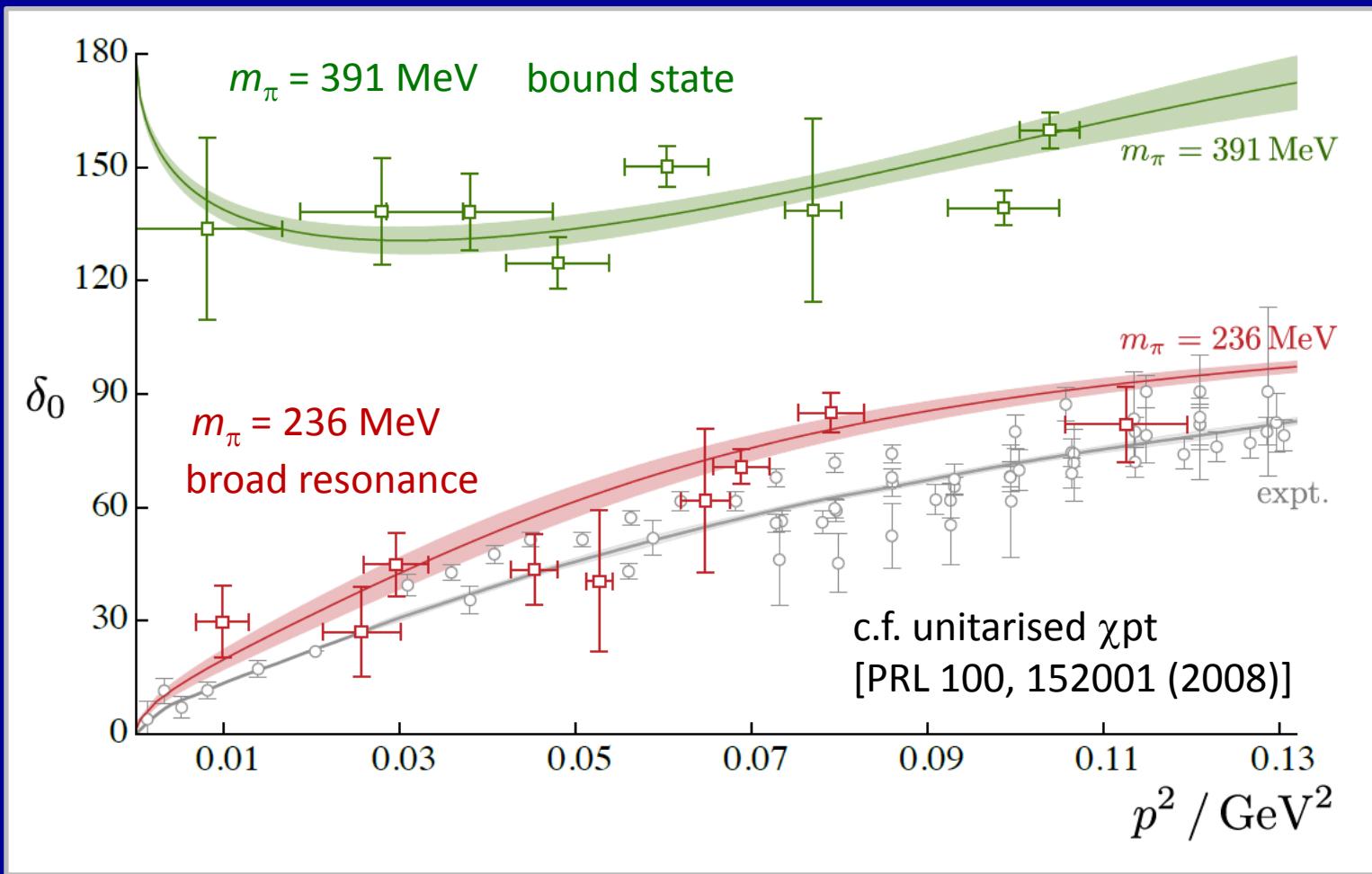
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Briceño, Dudek, Edwards, Wilson
(HadSpec) [PRL 118, 022002 (2017)]

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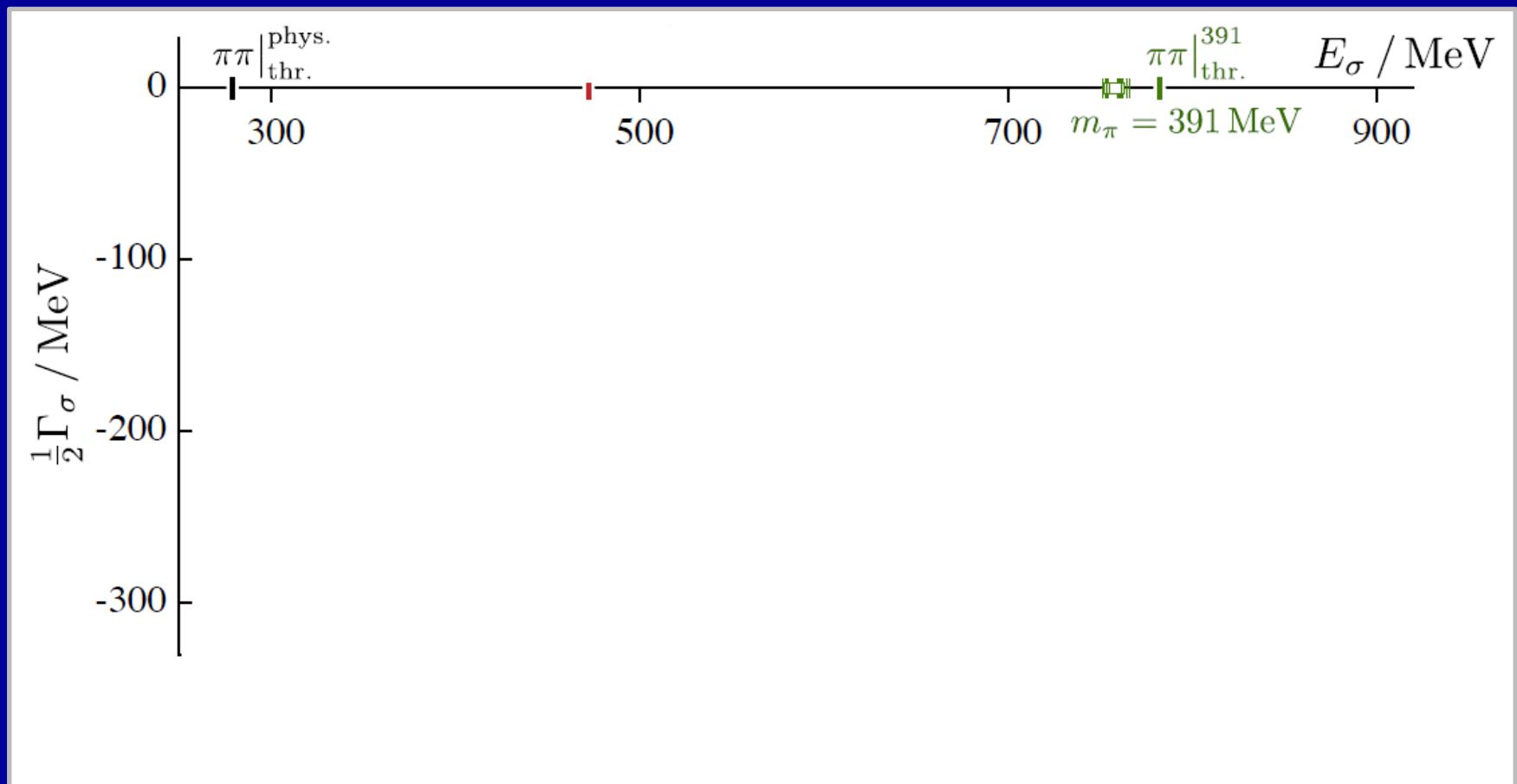
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Briceño, Dudek, Edwards, Wilson
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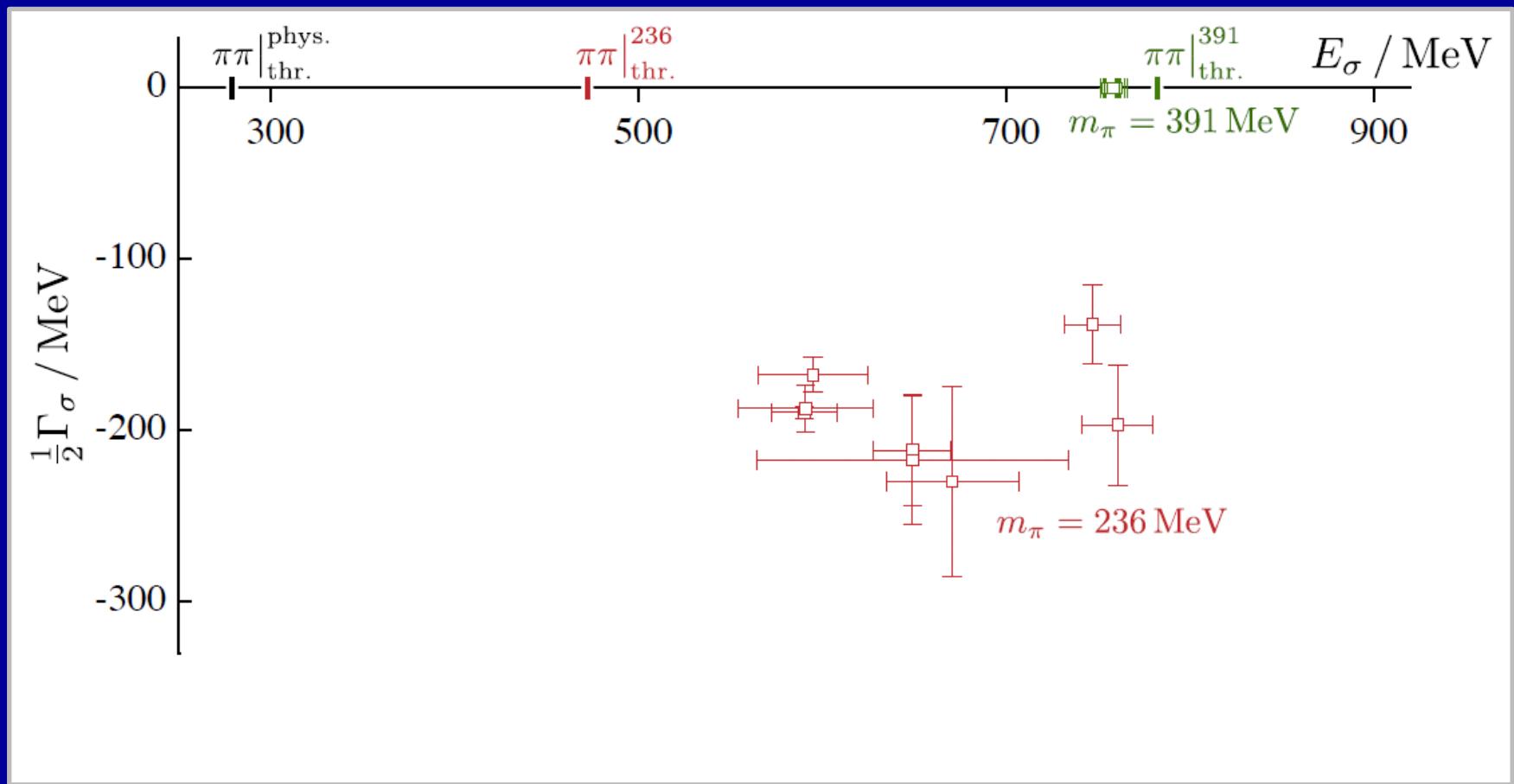
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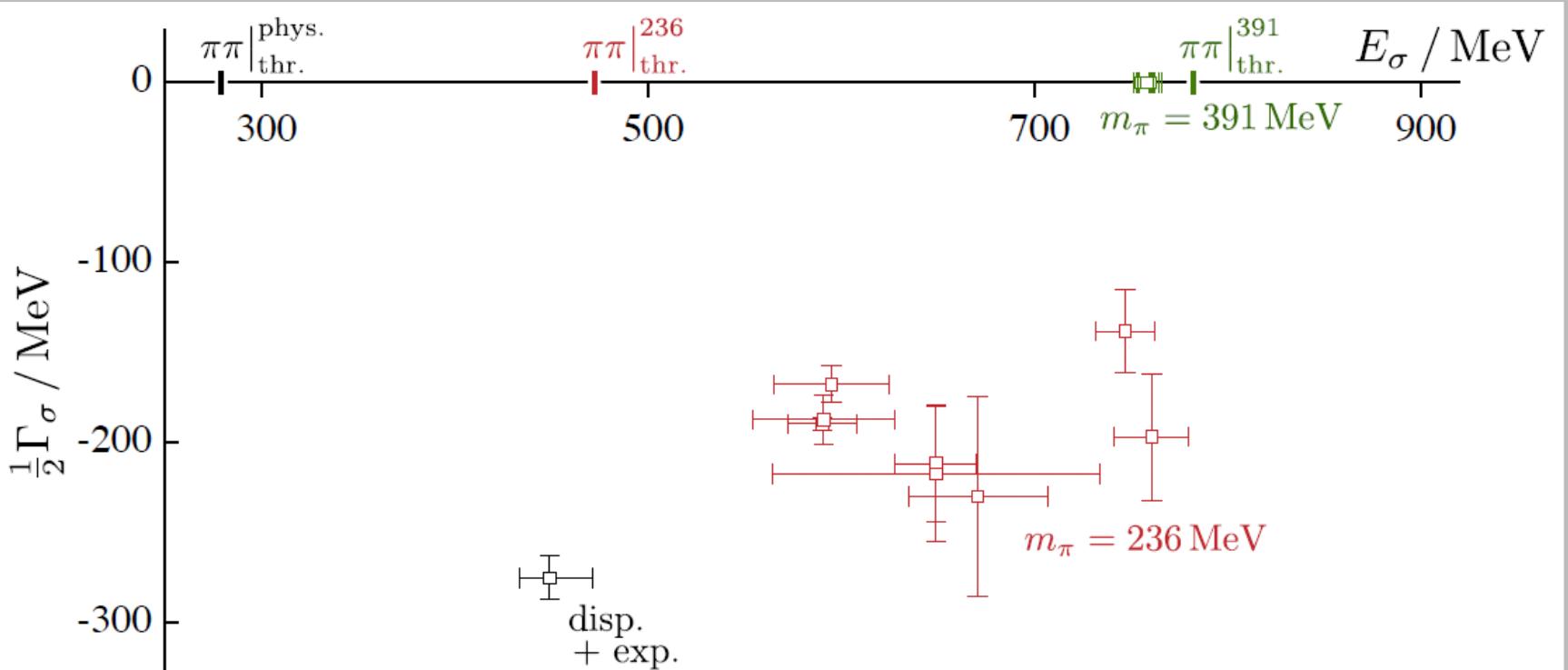
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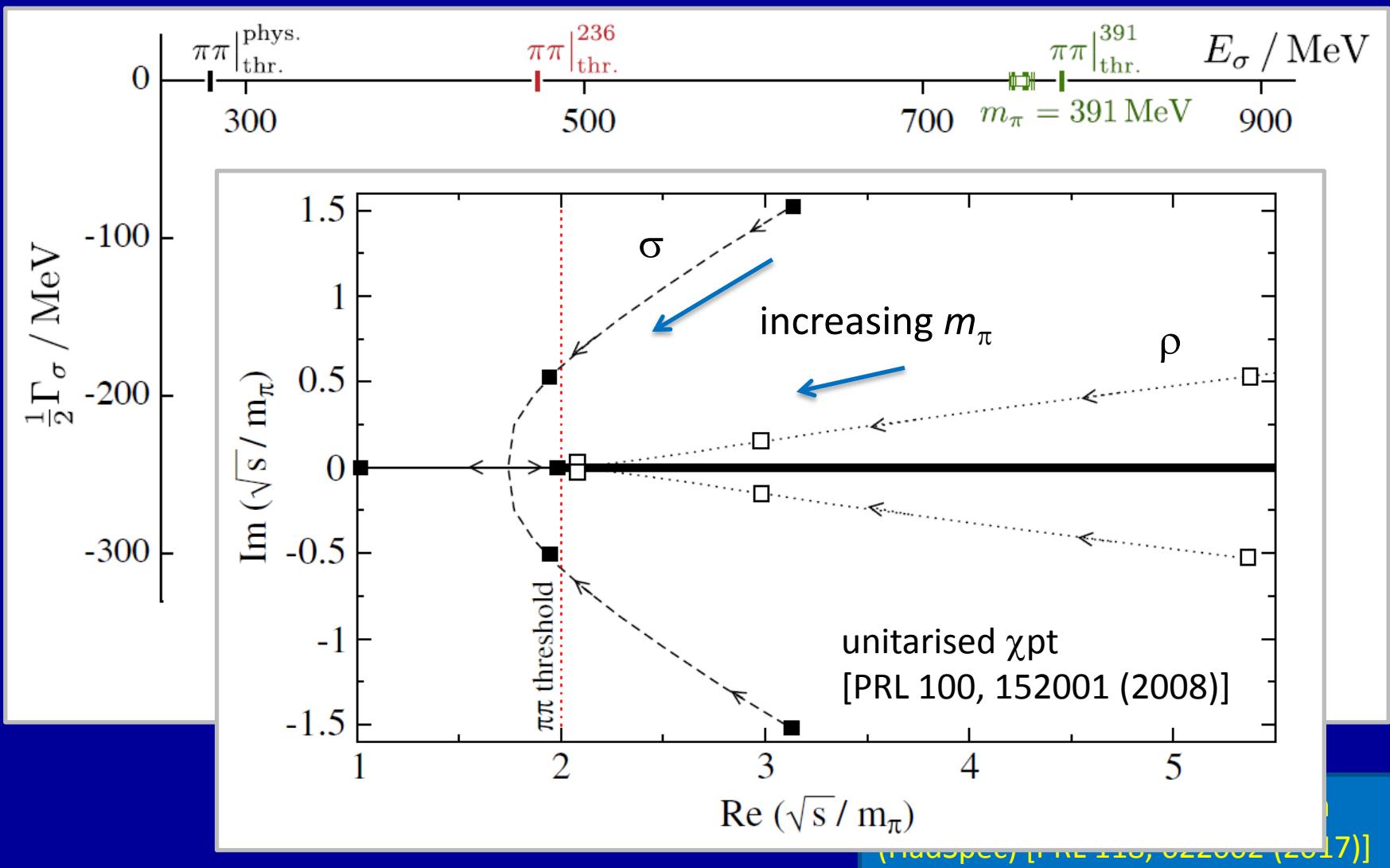
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(HadSpec) [PRL 118, 022002 (2017)]

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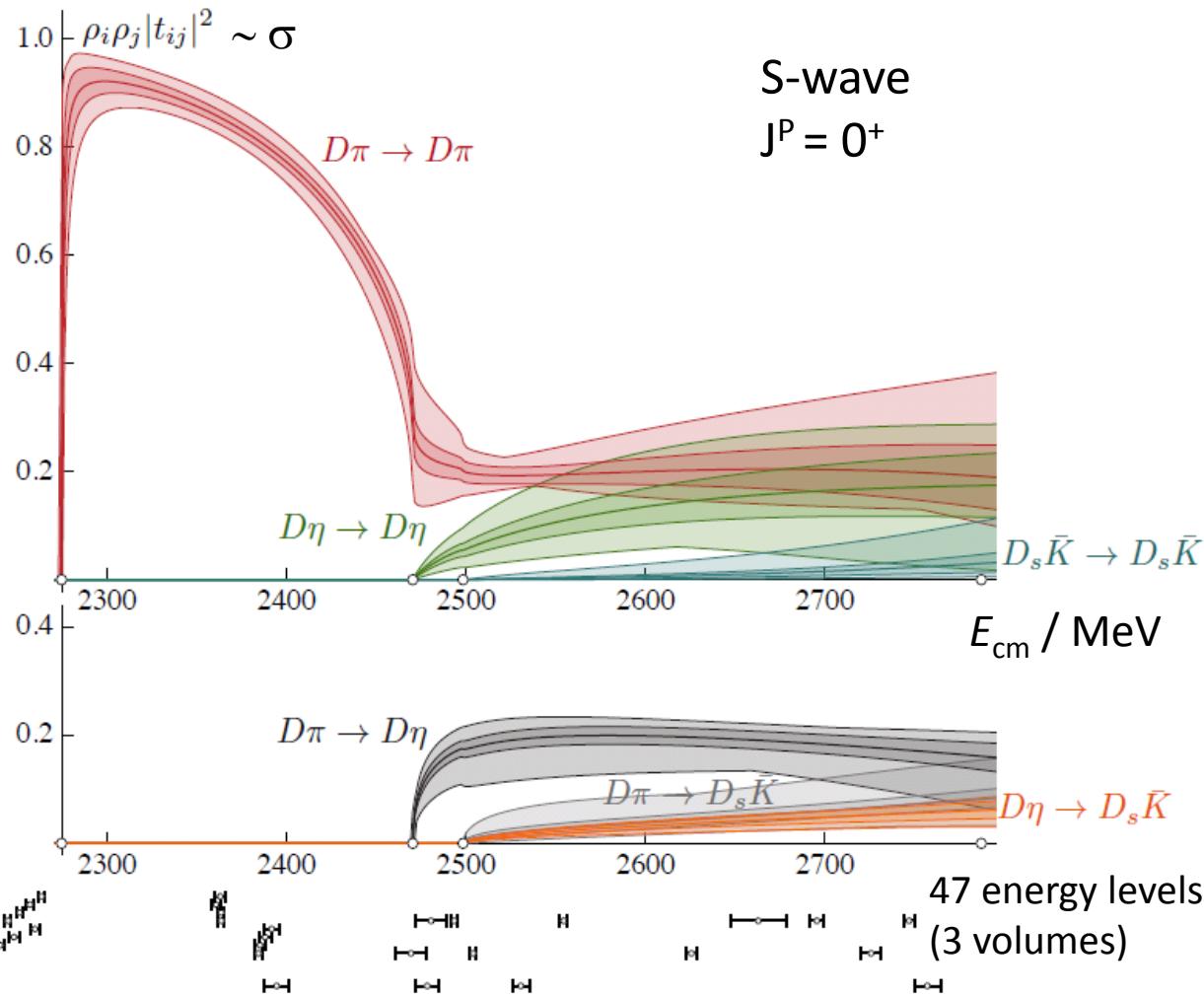
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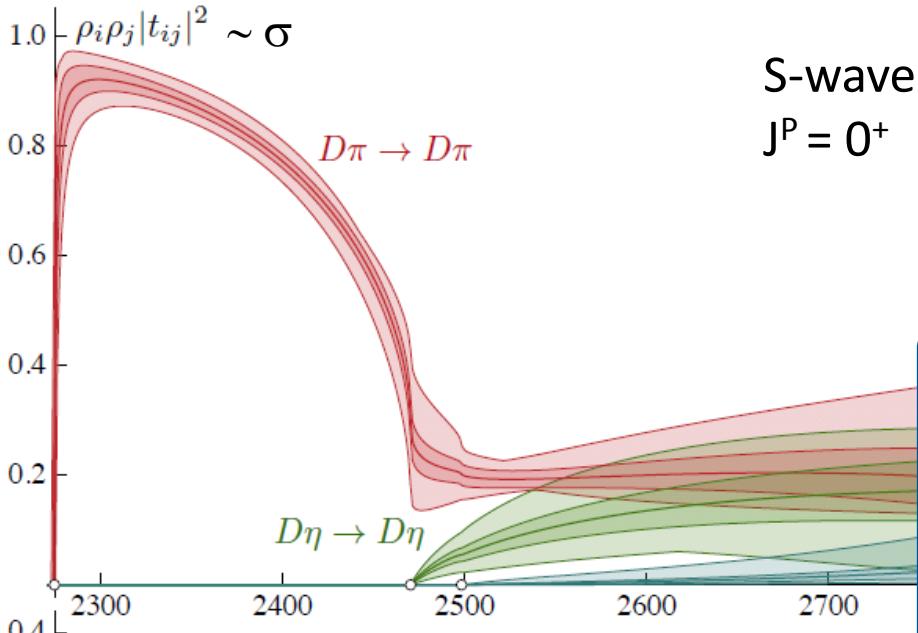
[Madsen et al., PRL 118, 022002 (2017)]

Charm-light: $D\pi$, $D\eta$, $D_s\bar{K}$ ($|l|=\frac{1}{2}$)

$$m_\pi = 391 \text{ MeV}$$

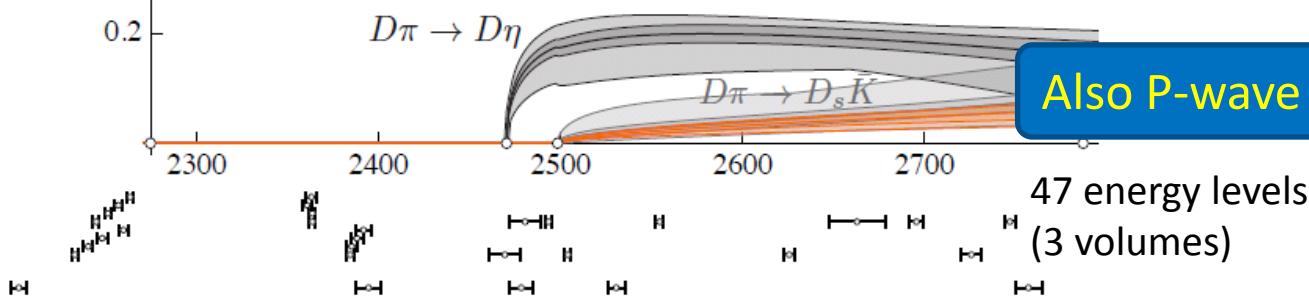


Charm-light: $D\pi$, $D\eta$, $D_s\bar{K}$ ($|l|=\frac{1}{2}$)



Bound state just below thresh.
 $m = (2275.9 \pm 0.9) \text{ MeV}$
 c.f. $D\pi$ thr. = $(2276.4 \pm 0.9) \text{ MeV}$

c.f. $D_0^*(2400)$



Moir, Peardon, Ryan, CT, Wilson (HadSpec) [JHEP 1610, 011 (2016)]

Summary

- Excited spectra of charmonia including **exotic J^{PC}**
 - supermultiplets of **hybrid mesons**
- **Significant progress** in LQCD calculations of **resonances**, near-threshold states, etc – **map out scattering amps.**
- Some examples of recent work:
 - ρ resonance, light scalars (κ , $a_0(980)$, σ)
 - Charm-light mesons
- [Also transitions, e.g. ρ resonance $(\pi\pi) \rightarrow \pi \gamma$]
- Use m_π dependence as a tool
- Ongoing work on formalism (e.g. 3-hadron scattering)
- Connections with analysis of experimental data

Hadron Spectrum Collaboration

Jefferson Lab, USA:

Jozef Dudek, Robert Edwards, David Richards,
Raul Briceño

Trinity College Dublin, Ireland:

Mike Peardon, Sinéad Ryan, **David Wilson**,
Cian O'Hara, David Tims

University of Cambridge, UK:

CT, **Graham Moir**, *Gavin Cheung, Antoni Woss*

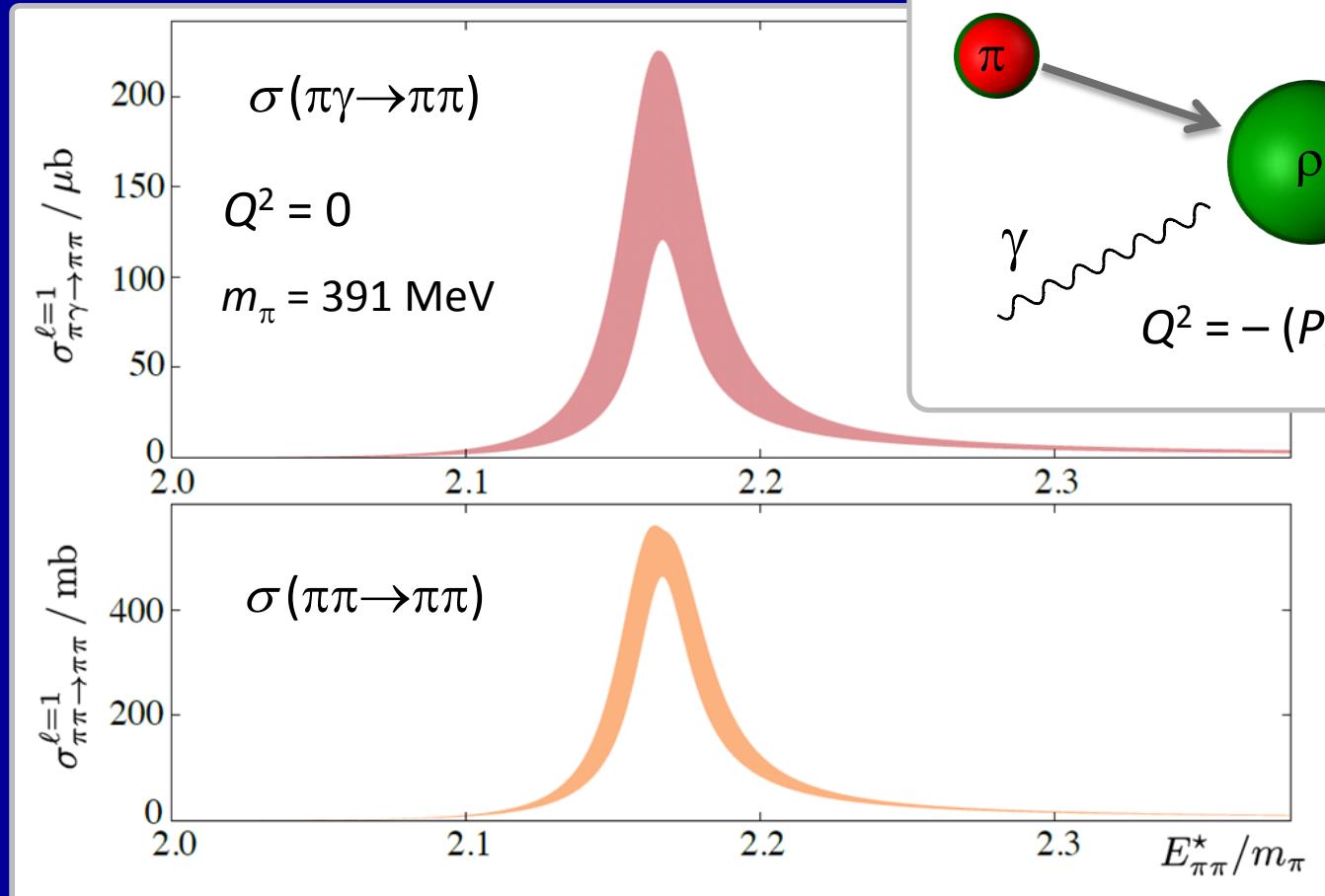
Tata Institute, India:

Nilmani Mathur

Extra slides

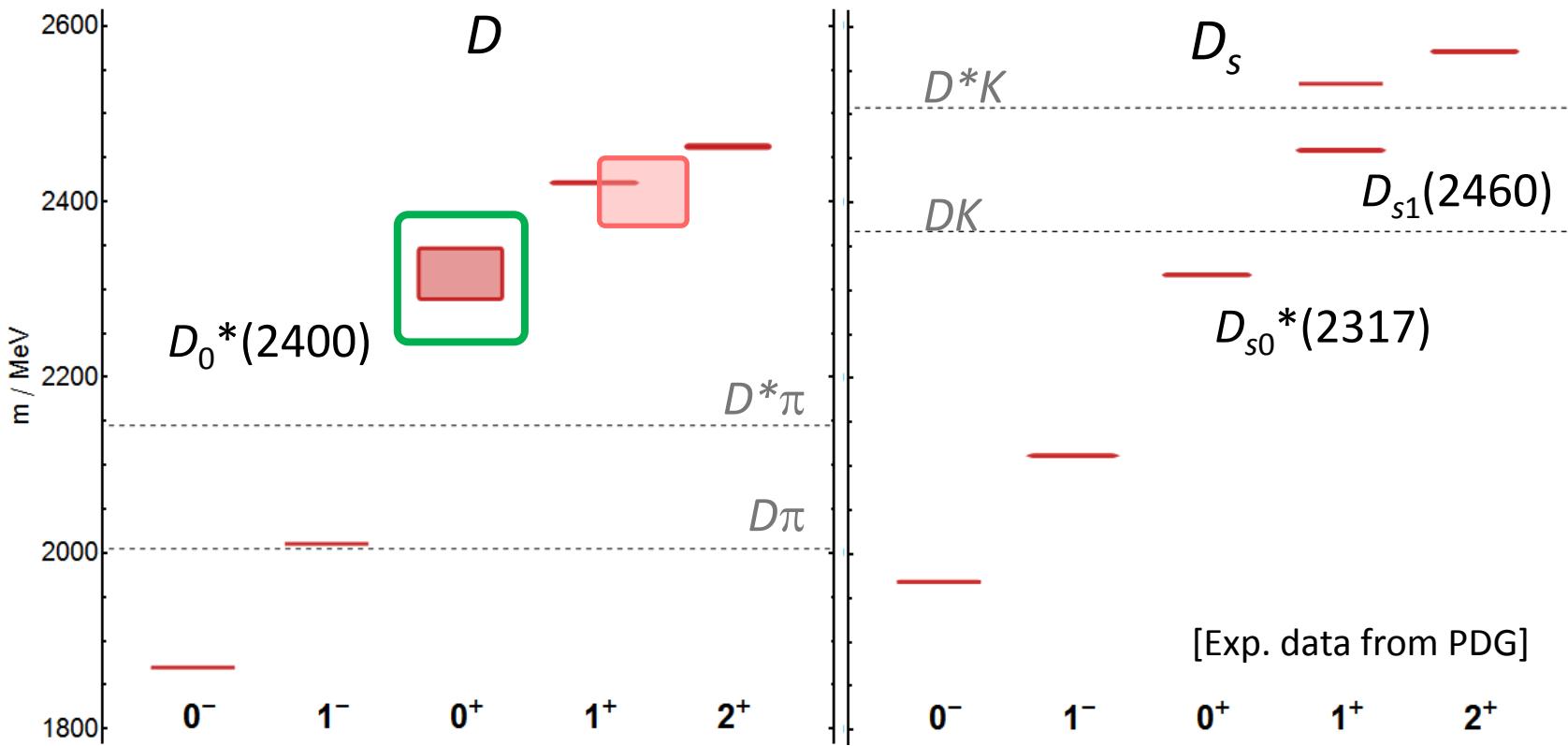
Resonant $\pi^+ \gamma \rightarrow \rho \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$ amplitude

Need: $C_{ij}(t_f, t, t_i) = \langle 0 | O_i(t_f) \bar{\psi}(t) \gamma^\mu \psi(t) O_j(t_i) | 0 \rangle$



Briceño *et al* (HadSpec) [PRL 115, 242001 (2015); PRD 93, 114508 (2016)]

Charm-light (D) and charm-strange (D_s) mesons



Some earlier LQCD studies:

- Mohler *et al* [PR D87, 034501 (2012)] – $0^+ D \pi$ and $1^+ D^* \pi$ resonances
- Mohler *et al* [PRL 111, 222001 (2013)] – $0^+ D_s(2317)$ below DK threshold
- Lang *et al* [PRD 90, 034510 (2014)] – $0^+ D_s(2317)$ and $1^+ D_{s1}(2460), D_{s1}(2536)$

Some other recent work on charmonium(-like) mesons:

- Ozaki, Sasaki [PR D87, 014506 (2013)] – no sign of $Y(4140)$ in $J/\psi \phi$
- Prelovsek & Leskovec [PRL 111, 192001 (2013)] – 1^{++} $|l=0$ near $D\bar{D}^*$ – $X(3872)$?
- Prelovsek *et al* [PL B727, 172; PR D91, 014504 (2015)] – no sign of $Z^+(3900)$ in 1^{+-}
- Chen *et al* (CLQCD) [PR D89, 094506 (2014)] – 1^{++} $|l=1$ $D\bar{D}^*$ weakly repulsive
- Padmanath *et al* [PR D92, 034501 (2015)] – 1^{++} $|l=0$ [$X(3872)$?]; no $|l=1$ or $Y(4140)$
- Lang *et al* [JHEP 1509, 089 (2015)] – $|l=0$ $D\bar{D}$: 1^{--} $\psi(3770)$ and 0^{++}
- Chen *et al* (CLQCD) [PR D92, 054507 (2015)] – 1^{+-} $|l=1$ $D^*\bar{D}^*$ weakly repulsive?
- Chen *et al* (CLQCD) [PR D93, 114501 (2016)] – 0^{--} , 1^{+-} $|l=1$ $D^*\bar{D}_1$ some attraction?
- Ikeda *et al* (HAL QCD) [PRL 117, 242001 (2016)] – π J/ψ , ρ η_c , $D\bar{D}^*$ using HAL QCD method – suggest $Z^+(3900)$ is a threshold cusp
- Albaladejo *et al* [EPJ C76, 573 (2016)] – different scenarios for PR D91, 014504

Spectroscopy on the lattice

Energy eigenstates from:

$$C_{ij}(t) = \langle 0 | \mathcal{O}_i(t) \mathcal{O}_j^\dagger(0) | 0 \rangle$$

Interpolating operators

$$\sum_{\vec{x}} e^{i\vec{p} \cdot \vec{x}} \bar{\psi}(x) [\Gamma \overleftrightarrow{D} \overleftrightarrow{D} \dots] \psi(x)$$

$$C_{ij}(t) = \sum_n \frac{e^{-E_n t}}{2 E_n} \langle 0 | \mathcal{O}_i(0) | n \rangle \langle n | \mathcal{O}_j^\dagger(0) | 0 \rangle$$

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Large basis of ops \rightarrow matrix of corrs. – generalised eigenvalue problem

$$C_{ij}(t) v_j^{(n)} = \lambda^{(n)}(t) C_{ij}(t_0) v_j^{(n)}$$

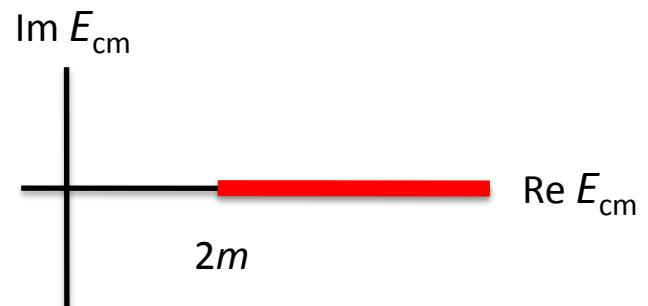
$$\lambda^{(n)}(t) \rightarrow e^{-E_n(t-t_0)}$$

$$v_i^{(n)} \rightarrow Z_i^{(n)} \equiv \langle 0 | \mathcal{O}_i | n \rangle \quad (t \gg t_0)$$

Scattering in Lattice QCD

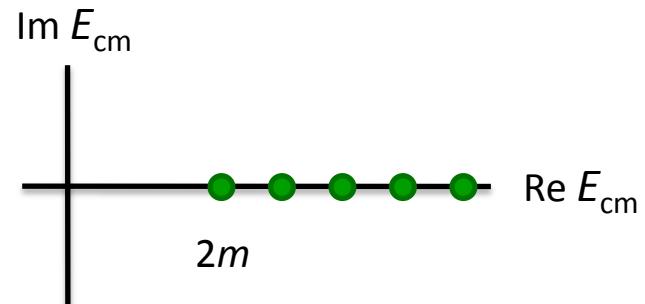
Scattering in Lattice QCD

Infinite volume – continuous spectrum above threshold

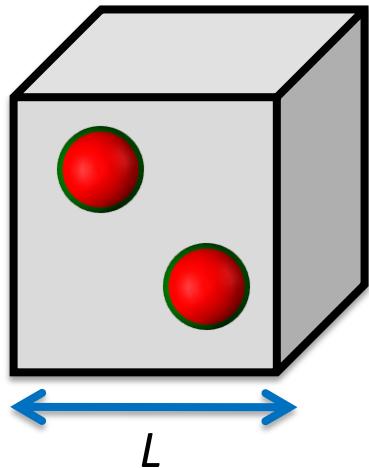


Scattering in Lattice QCD

Infinite volume – continuous spectrum above threshold



Finite volume – discrete spectrum

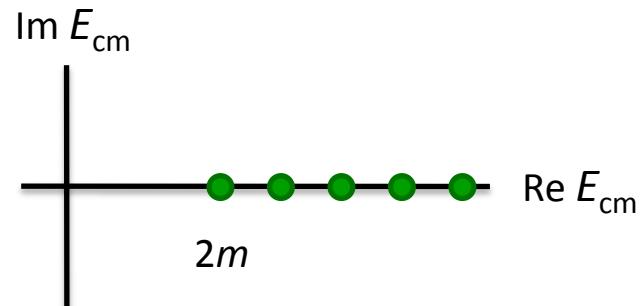


Non-interacting: $\vec{k}_{A,B} = \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$

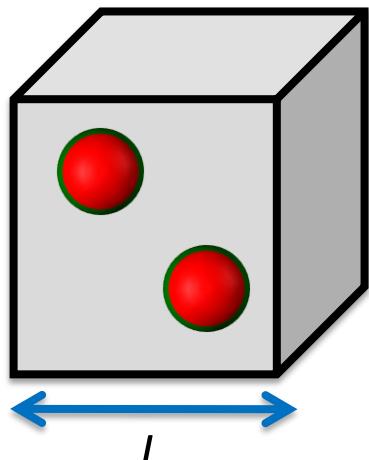
[periodic b.c.s]

Scattering in Lattice QCD

Infinite volume – continuous spectrum above threshold



Finite volume – discrete spectrum



Non-interacting: $\vec{k}_{A,B} = \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$

Interacting: $\vec{k}_{A,B} \neq \frac{2\pi}{L}(n_x, n_y, n_z)$

c.f. 1-dim: $k = \frac{2\pi}{L}n + \frac{2}{L}\delta(k)$

[periodic b.c.s]

scattering phase shift

Scattering in Lattice QCD

Lüscher method [NP B354, 531 (1991)] extended by many others:
relate finite-volume energy levels $\{E_{\text{cm}}\}$ to infinite-volume scattering t -matrix

Scattering in Lattice QCD

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Elastic scattering: from E_{cm} get $t(E_{\text{cm}})$ or equivalently $\delta(E_{\text{cm}})$

$$\text{Scattering } t\text{-matrix: } S = I + 2i\rho \ t \quad \rho = \frac{2k_{\text{cm}}}{E_{\text{cm}}}$$

$$t^{(\ell)} = \frac{1}{\rho} e^{i\delta_\ell} \sin \delta_\ell$$

Larger set of E_{cm} by e.g. overall non-zero mom., twisted b.c.s, different vols.

[Complication: reduced symmetry of lattice volume \rightarrow mixing of partial waves]

Scattering in Lattice QCD

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Coupled-channel scattering:

$$\text{E.g. } t(E_{\text{cm}}) = \begin{pmatrix} t_{\pi\pi \rightarrow \pi\pi}(E_{\text{cm}}) & t_{\pi\pi \rightarrow K\bar{K}}(E_{\text{cm}}) \\ t_{K\bar{K} \rightarrow \pi\pi}(E_{\text{cm}}) & t_{K\bar{K} \rightarrow K\bar{K}}(E_{\text{cm}}) \end{pmatrix}$$

Determinant equation for $t(E_{\text{cm}})$ at each E_{cm}

- Given $t(E_{\text{cm}})$: solns. of equ. \rightarrow finite-vol. spec. $\{E_{\text{cm}}\}$
But we need: spectrum $\rightarrow t(E_{\text{cm}})$
- Under-constrained problem** (e.g. 2 channels: 3 unknowns but 1 equ.)

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 \rightarrow Parameterize E_{cm} dependence of t -matrix and fit $\{E_{\text{lattice}}\}$ to $\{E_{\text{param}}\}$

Try different parameterizations, e.g. various K -matrix forms
(for elastic scattering also Breit Wigner, effective range expansion).

