

# KAON Physics strikes back

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**NA62, Mainz, January 2016**



# Overture

# $\epsilon'/\epsilon$ strikes back (CP-Violation in $K_L \rightarrow \pi\pi$ )

New results on hadronic matrix elements of QCD penguin ( $B_6$ ) and electroweak penguin ( $B_8$ ) operators

Large N approach to QCD

$$: B_6 < B_8 < 1 \quad \Rightarrow$$

Upper Bound on  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$  in the Standard Model

AJB + Gérard (1507.06326)

Confirmed by Lattice QCD

$$: B_6 = 0.57 \pm 0.19 \quad B_8 = 0.76 \pm 0.05$$

RBC-UKQCD

Anatomy of  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$  in the Standard Model

$$: (\epsilon'/\epsilon) = (1.9 \pm 4.5) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

AJB, Gorbahn, Jäger, Jamin (1507.06345)

$$(\epsilon'/\epsilon)_{\text{exp}} = (16.6 \pm 2.3) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

Possible New Physics

$$(\epsilon'/\epsilon) = (6.0 \pm 2.4) \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ for } B_6 = B_8 = 0.76$$

$$(8.6 \pm 3.2) \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ for } B_6 = B_8 = 1.0$$

Implications for  $K \rightarrow \pi\nu\bar{\nu}$

Z' general (AJB, Buttazzo, Knegjens, 1507.08672)

Littlest Higgs Model (Blanke, AJB, Recksiegel, 1507.06316)

331 Models (AJB, De Fazio, 1512.02869)

New Strategy (AJB, 1601.00005)

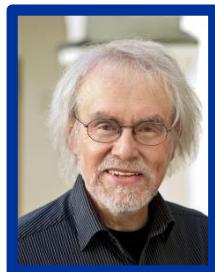
- 1.** News on  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$  and  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$   
**(Standard Model and Beyond) without  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$**
- 2.**  $\epsilon'/\epsilon$  strikes back
- 3.** Outlook

# Section 1

**News on  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu\bar{\nu}$  and  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu\bar{\nu}$**

**1503.02693**

**1507.08672**



**AJB**



**D. Buttazzo**



**J. Girrbach-Noe**



**R. Knegjens**

# $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu\bar{\nu}$ and $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu\bar{\nu}$ in the SM

QCD Corrections:

NLO Buchalla, AJB; Misiak, Urban  
NNLO AJB, Gorbahn, Haisch, Nierste

(93, 98)  
(2005)

NLO EW Corrections:

Large  $m_t$ : Buchalla, AJB  
Exact NLO ( $m_t$ ): Brod, Gorbahn, Stamou  
" " ( $m_c$ ): Brod, Gorbahn

(1997)  
(2010)  
(2008)

LD Effects:

Isidori, Mescia, Smith  
Mescia, Smith

(2005)  
(2007)

+ Isospin breaking corrections



TH uncertainties at the level of 2% in BR

Unique in  
Flavour  
Physics !!

But significant parametric uncertainties

due to

$|V_{ub}|, |V_{cb}|, \gamma$

Data

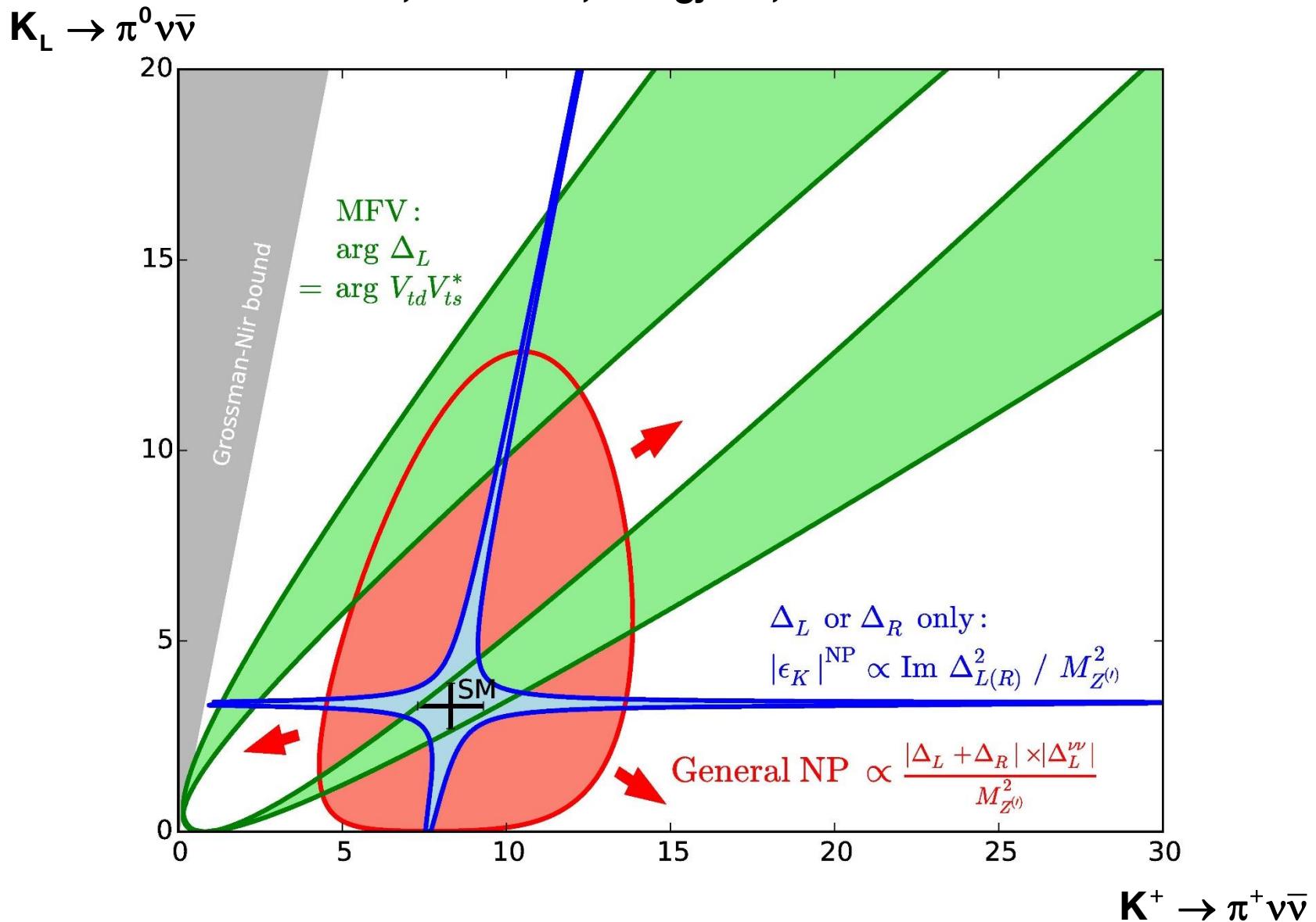
$$\begin{aligned} Br(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu\bar{\nu}) &= (17.3 \pm 11) \cdot 10^{-11} \\ Br(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu\bar{\nu}) &\leq 2.6 \cdot 10^{-8} \end{aligned}$$

# General Properties

- 1.**  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$       CP-conserving
- 2.**  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$       CP-violating
- 3.** Both sensitive to New Physics (NP)  
 $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$     bounded by  $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$   
 $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$     bounded by  $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$
- 4.** The correlation between  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$  and  
 $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$  depends on the  $\varepsilon_K$  constraint  
(Blanke 0904.2528)
- 5.** Can probe scales far above LHC.

# $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ versus $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$

AJB, Buttazzo, Knegjens, 1507.08672



# Motivations for New Analysis

- 1.** NA62 in progress: 10% measurement of  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$  in 2018.
  - 2.** Stress CKM uncertainties in  $\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})$ ,  $\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})$
  - 3.** Point out correlation between  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ ,  $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  and  $\gamma$   
(NA62)                   (LHCb+CMS)           (LHCb)
  - 4.** Update correlation between  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ ,  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$  and  $\beta$   
(Buchalla, AJB, 94)  
(AJB, Fleischer, 00)
  - 5.** Use most recent lattice input for CKM
  - 6.** Provide the present best value in SM
- Basically no CKM uncertainties**

# Using Tree Level Determination of CKM (A)

$$|V_{ub}|_{\text{excl}} = (3.72 \pm 0.14) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$|V_{ub}|_{\text{incl}} = (4.40 \pm 0.25) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$|V_{cb}|_{\text{excl}} = (39.36 \pm 0.75) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$|V_{cb}|_{\text{incl}} = (42.21 \pm 0.78) \cdot 10^{-3}$$



$$|V_{ub}|_{\text{avg}} = (3.88 \pm 0.29) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$|V_{cb}|_{\text{avg}} = (40.7 \pm 1.4) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\gamma = \left( 73.2 \begin{array}{l} +6.3 \\ -7.0 \end{array} \right)^\circ$$

$$\frac{\overline{\text{Br}}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)_{\text{exp}}} = (3.4 \pm 0.3) \cdot 10^{-9}$$

$$\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ v\bar{v}) = (8.4 \pm 1.0) \cdot 10^{-11}$$

$$\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 v\bar{v}) = (3.4 \pm 0.6) \cdot 10^{-11}$$



AJB, Buttazzo,  
Girrbach-Noe,  
Knegjens  
1503.02693

# CKM Uncertainties

AJB, Buttazzo,  
Girrbach-Noe,  
Knegjens  
1503.02693

$$\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = (8.39 \pm 0.30) \cdot 10^{-11} \left[ \frac{|V_{cb}|}{0.0407} \right]^{2.8} \left[ \frac{\gamma}{73.2^\circ} \right]^{0.74}$$

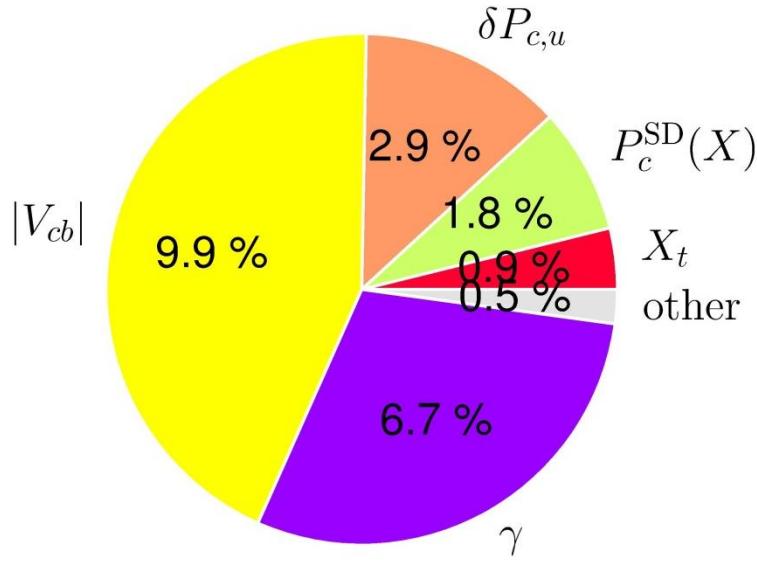
$$\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) = (3.36 \pm 0.05) \cdot 10^{-11} \left[ \frac{|V_{ub}|}{3.88 \cdot 10^{-3}} \right]^2 \left[ \frac{|V_{cb}|}{0.0407} \right]^2 \left[ \frac{\sin \gamma}{\sin(73.2)} \right]^2$$

$$\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = (8.39 \pm 0.58) \cdot 10^{-11} \left[ \frac{\gamma}{73.2^\circ} \right]^{0.81} \left[ \frac{\bar{\text{Br}}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)}{3.4 \cdot 10^{-9}} \right]^{1.42} \left[ \frac{227.7}{F_{B_s}} \right]^{2.84}$$

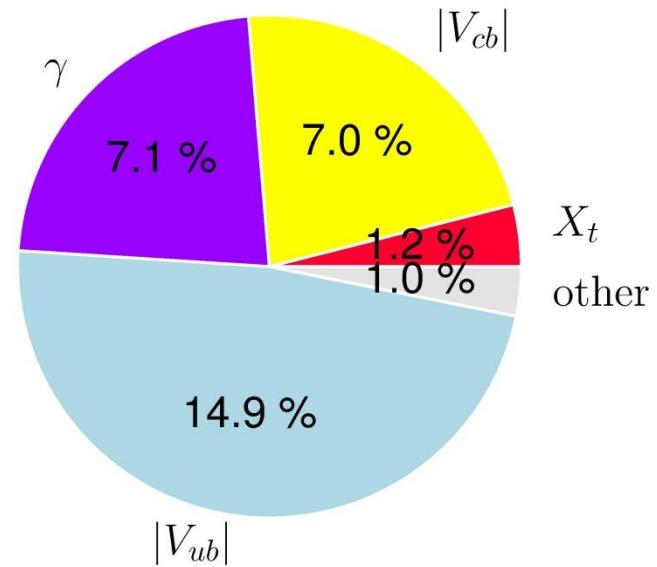
$$\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = (8.39 \pm 1.11) \cdot 10^{-11} \left[ \frac{|\epsilon_K|}{2.23 \cdot 10^{-3}} \right]^{1.07} \left[ \frac{\gamma}{73.2^\circ} \right]^{-0.11} \left[ \frac{V_{ub}}{3.88 \cdot 10^{-3}} \right]^{-0.95}$$

# Error Budgets

$\mathcal{B}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})$



$\mathcal{B}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})$



**Update: 1503.02693**

$$P_c = 0.404 \pm 0.024$$

$$X_t = 1.481 \pm 0.005_{\text{th}} \pm 0.008_{\text{exp}}$$

## Strategy B: use $\varepsilon_K$ , $\Delta M_s$ , $\Delta M_d$ , $S_{\psi K_s}$

$$|V_{cb}| = (42.4 \pm 1.0) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$|V_{ub}| = (3.61 \pm 0.13) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\gamma = (69.5 \pm 5.0)^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \gamma = (70.8 \pm 2.3)^\circ$$

(after new lattice results for  $\xi$ )

$$\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = (9.1 \pm 0.7) \cdot 10^{-11}$$

$$\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) = (3.0 \pm 0.3) \cdot 10^{-11}$$

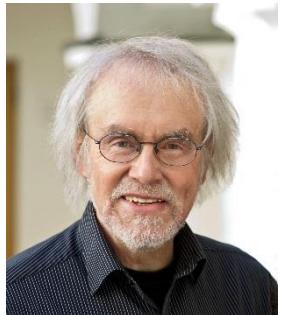
$$\text{UTfit} : |V_{cb}| = (41.7 \pm 0.6) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$|V_{ub}| = (3.63 \pm 0.12) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\text{CKMfitter} : |V_{cb}| = (41.2 \pm 1.0) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$|V_{ub}| = (3.55 \pm 0.16) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

# $K \rightarrow \pi\nu\bar{\nu}$ beyond SM



AJB



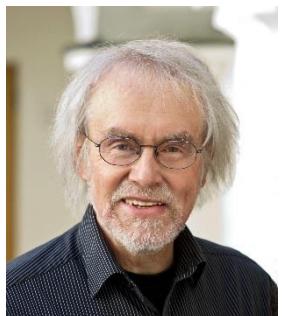
Fulvia de Fazio



Jennifer Girrbach-Noe

Z, Z' 331

1404.3824,...  
1311.6729



AJB



Dario Buttazzo



Rob Knegjens

Simplified NP  
Models  
1507.08672

# $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ and $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ in simplified NP Models

Review Mod. Phys.: AJB, Schwab, Uhlig (2008) (0405132)

AJB, Buttazzo, Knegjens: hep-ph-1507.08672

MFV :

20-30% effects, strong correlation between  $K^+$  and  $K_L$  ( $Z, Z'$ )

$U(2)^3$  :

Larger effects in the absence of  $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  constraint

No MFV :

Correlation depends on the presence or absence of  $\varepsilon_K$  constraint, size on  $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$ ,  $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

FCNCs  $Z$  :

Enhancements by factors 2-3 over SM still possible  
( $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$  constraint important)

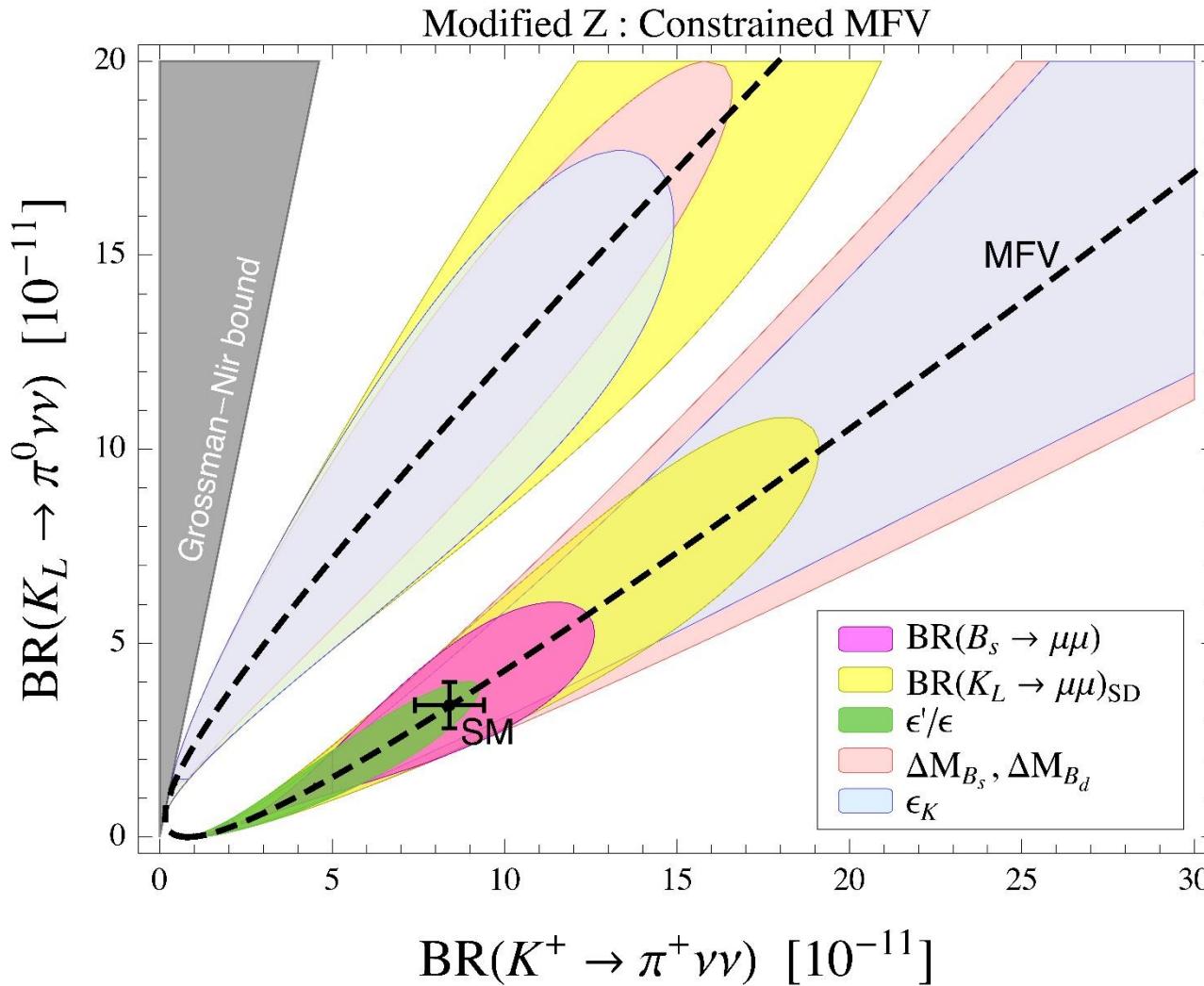
FCNCs  $Z'$  :

Still larger enhancements possible as  $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$  constraint can be eliminated in a model independent analysis but not in specific models with known flavour diagonal quark couplings.

More info  
in BBK

see Rob Knegjens (Moriond) 1505.04928

# $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ and $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ in MFV and $U(2)^3$

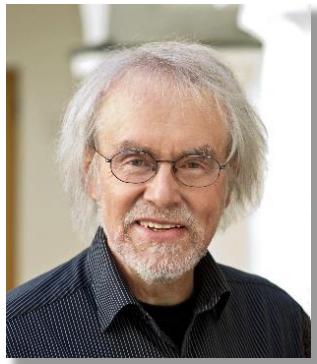


AJB, Buttazzo, Knegjens: [hep-ph-1507.08672](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/1507.08672)

# Section 3

## $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$ strikes back

2015 Anatomy of  $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$  : 1507.06345



AJB



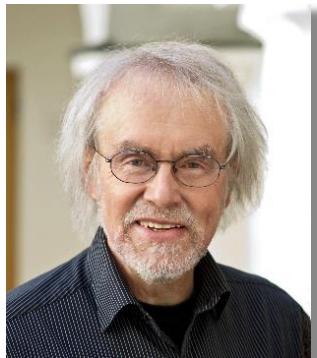
Martin Gorbahn



Sebastian Jäger



Matthias Jamin



AJB



Jean-Marc Gérard

**Large N news**  
**1507.06326**

# RBC-UK QCD

$$\varepsilon'/\varepsilon = (1.4 \pm 7.0) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\left( \frac{\text{Re } A_0}{\text{Re } A_2} \right) = 31.0 \pm 6.6$$

$$(\varepsilon'/\varepsilon)_{\text{exp}} = (16.6 \pm 2.3) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\left( \frac{\text{Re } A_0}{\text{Re } A_2} \right)_{\text{exp}} = 22.4$$

# Four dominant contributions to $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$ in the SM

AJB, Jamin, Lautenbacher (1993); AJB, Gorbahn, Jäger, Jamin (2015)

$$\text{Re}(\varepsilon'/\varepsilon) = \left[ \frac{\text{Im}(V_{\text{td}} V_{\text{ts}}^*)}{1.4 \cdot 10^{-4}} \right] 10^{-4} [-3.6 + 21.4 \cdot B_6^{(1/2)} + 1.2 - 10.4 \cdot B_8^{(3/2)}]$$

From  $\text{Re}A_0$

From  $\text{Re}A_2$

$(Q_4)$   $(V-A) \otimes (V-A)$  QCD Penguins       $(V-A) \otimes (V+A)$  QCD Penguins       $(V-A) \otimes (V-A)$  EW Penguins       $(V-A) \otimes (V+A)$  EW Penguins

Assumes that  $\text{Re}A_0$  and  $\text{Re}A_2$  ( $\Delta l=1/2$  Rule) fully described by SM  
(includes isospin breaking corrections)

$\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$  from RBC-UKQCD

Calculate all contributions directly  
(no isospin breaking corrections)

$$[-(6.5 \pm 3.2) + 25.3 \cdot B_6^{(1/2)} + (1.2 \pm 0.8) - 10.2 \cdot B_8^{(3/2)}]$$

# $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$ from RBC-UKQCD

Anatomy: AJB, Gorbahn, Jäger, Jamin (2015)

$$\text{Re}(\varepsilon'/\varepsilon) = \left[ \frac{\text{Im}(\mathbf{V}_{\text{td}} \mathbf{V}_{\text{ts}}^*)}{1.4 \cdot 10^{-4}} \right] 10^{-4} [-6.5 + 25.3 \cdot \mathbf{B}_6^{(1/2)} + 1.2 - 10.2 \cdot \mathbf{B}_8^{(3/2)}]$$

**Calculate all contributions directly**

(Q<sub>4</sub>)      (V-A)  $\otimes$  (V-A)  
QCD Penguins      (V-A)  $\otimes$  (V+A)  
QCD Penguins      (V-A)  $\otimes$  (V-A)  
EW Penguins      (V-A)  $\otimes$  (V+A)  
EW Penguins

Extracted from

$$\mathbf{B}_6^{(1/2)} = \mathbf{B}_8^{(3/2)} = 1 \text{ in the large N limit}$$

RBC-UKQCD

$$: \quad \mathbf{B}_6^{(1/2)} = 0.57 \pm 0.19$$

$$\mathbf{B}_8^{(3/2)} = 0.76 \pm 0.05$$

EW penguins in full agreement  
with BGJJ but

+ third term  
very similar to BGJJ  
 $(\text{ReA}_2)_{\text{Lattice}} \approx (\text{ReA}_2)_{\text{exp}}$

$$\left[ \frac{(\text{ReA}_0)}{(\text{ReA}_0)_{\text{exp}}} \approx 1.4 \right] \rightarrow$$

The negative  
contribution of  
Q<sub>4</sub> overestimated

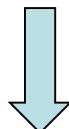


$$\left( \frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} \right)_{\text{Lattice}} = (1.4 \pm 7.0) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

# New Bound on $B_6^{(1/2)}$ and $B_8^{(3/2)}$ from Large N

AJB + Gérard 1507.06326

$$B_6^{(1/2)} \leq B_8^{(3/2)} < 1$$



Using BGJJ formula

$$B_6^{(1/2)} = 1.0 \quad B_8^{(3/2)} = 1.0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad (\varepsilon'/\varepsilon)_{\text{SM}} = 8.6 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$B_6^{(1/2)} = 0.8 \quad B_8^{(3/2)} = 0.8 \quad \Rightarrow \quad (\varepsilon'/\varepsilon)_{\text{SM}} = 6.4 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$B_6^{(1/2)} = 0.6 \quad B_8^{(3/2)} = 0.8 \quad \Rightarrow \quad (\varepsilon'/\varepsilon)_{\text{SM}} = 2.2 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

For  $\text{Im}(V_{ts} V_{td}^*) = 1.4 \cdot 10^{-4}$

Below data but positive

Yet still large  
uncertainties

## Large N Approach

AJB, Gérard (2015)

vs

## Lattice

$$\hat{B}_K = 0.73 \pm 0.02$$

$$(\hat{B}_K \leq 0.75)$$

$$B_6^{(1/2)} = 1 - O(1/N)$$

$$B_8^{(3/2)} = 1 - O(1/N)$$

$$\frac{\text{Re } A_0}{\text{Re } A_2} = 16.0 \pm 1.5$$

$$B_8^{(1/2)} = 1 - O(1/N^2)$$

Exp  
22.4



$$\hat{B}_K = 0.766 \pm 0.010 \text{ (FLAG)}$$

(will go down with new results)

$$B_6^{(1/2)} = 0.57 \pm 0.19$$

$$B_8^{(3/2)} = 0.76 \pm 0.05$$

$$\frac{\text{Re } A_0}{\text{Re } A_2} = 31.0 \pm 6.6$$

$$B_8^{(1/2)} = 1.0 \pm 0.2$$

RBC-UKQCD

$\Delta I = 1/2$  Rule

Bardeen  
AJB  
Gérard  
(1986,  
2014)

## Large N Approach

AJB, Gérard (2015)

vs

## Lattice

$$\hat{B}_K = 0.73 \pm 0.02$$

$$(\hat{B}_K \leq 0.75)$$

$$B_6^{(1/2)} \leq B_8^{(3/2)}$$

$$B_8^{(3/2)} = 0.80 \pm 0.10$$

$$\frac{\text{Re } A_0}{\text{Re } A_2} = 16.0 \pm 1.5$$

$$B_8^{(1/2)} = 1 - O(1/N^2)$$

Exp  
22.4



$$\hat{B}_K = 0.766 \pm 0.010 \text{ (FLAG)}$$

(will go down with new results)

$$B_6^{(1/2)} = 0.57 \pm 0.19$$

$$B_8^{(3/2)} = 0.76 \pm 0.05$$

$$\frac{\text{Re } A_0}{\text{Re } A_2} = 31.0 \pm 6.6$$

$$B_8^{(1/2)} = 1.0 \pm 0.2$$

RBC-UKQCD

$\Delta I = 1/2$  Rule

# Strategy

AJB (1601.00005)

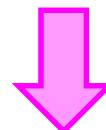
$$(\varepsilon'/\varepsilon)^{\text{NP}} = \kappa_{\varepsilon'} \cdot 10^{-3}$$
$$0.5 \leq \kappa_{\varepsilon'} \leq 1.5$$

(Im)

$$\varepsilon_K^{\text{NP}} = \kappa_{\varepsilon} \cdot 10^{-3}$$
$$0.1 \leq \kappa_{\varepsilon} \leq 0.4$$

(Im, Re)

In some models  
 $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$   
More important than  $\varepsilon_K$



Re and Im Parts: Z and Z' Couplings



$$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}, K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}, K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-, \Delta M_K$$

(Re, Im)

(Im)

(Re)

(Im, Re)

## $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$ within SM

$$\varepsilon'/\varepsilon \sim \left[ \frac{\text{Re } A_2}{\text{Re } A_0} \text{Im } C_6 \langle Q_6 \rangle_0 - \text{Im } C_8 \langle Q_8 \rangle_2 + \text{smaller contributions} \right]$$

$$\left\{ \frac{\text{Re } A_2}{\text{Re } A_0} \approx \frac{1}{22} \quad \frac{\text{Im } C_6}{\text{Im } C_8} \approx 90 \quad \frac{\langle Q_8 \rangle_2}{\langle Q_6 \rangle_0} \approx 2 \right\} \Rightarrow \text{strong cancellations}$$

## $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$ beyond SM

$(Q_6, Q_8, Q'_6, Q'_8)$

- 1° Generally  $Q_8$  wins over  $Q_6$  because  $\frac{\text{Im } C_6}{\text{Im } C_8} \approx 0(1)$
- 2°  $Q_6$  wins over  $Q_8$  in the presence of a flavour symmetry forbidding  $Q_8$
- 3° Chromomagnetic operators (not in this talk)

# Basic Structure of NP Contributions

AJB (1601.00005)

$$(\varepsilon'/\varepsilon)^{\text{NP}} \sim \text{Im}$$

$$(\kappa_{\varepsilon'} \geq 0.5)$$

$$\Delta M_K^{\text{NP}} \sim \left[ (\text{Re})^2 - (\text{Im})^2 \right]$$

$$\varepsilon_K^{\text{NP}} \sim \text{Im} \cdot \text{Re}$$

$$(\kappa_\varepsilon \geq 0.1)$$

Dominance of  $Q_6(Q'_6) \Rightarrow \text{Im} \gg \text{Re} \Rightarrow \{\Delta M_K^{\text{NP}} < 0\}$   
(large)

Dominance of  $Q_8(Q'_8) \Rightarrow \text{Re} \gg \text{Im} \Rightarrow \{\Delta M_K^{\text{NP}} > 0\}$   
(small)



Implications for

$$R_+^{v\bar{v}} = \frac{\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ v\bar{v})}{\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ v\bar{v})_{\text{SM}}}$$

(Re, Im)

$$R_0^{v\bar{v}} = \frac{\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 v\bar{v})}{\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 v\bar{v})_{\text{SM}}}$$

(Im)

# Different Patterns of Flavour Violation

Z with LH couplings:  $\Delta_L^{sd}(Z)$

Q<sub>8</sub> EWP

AJB (1601.00005)

- Anticorrelation of  $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$  and  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$
- Strong suppression of  $\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})$
- $\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) \leq 2 \text{ Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})^{\text{SM}}$
- NP effects in  $\Delta M_K$  and  $\varepsilon_K$  very small

} No specific correlation

( $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  constraint more important)

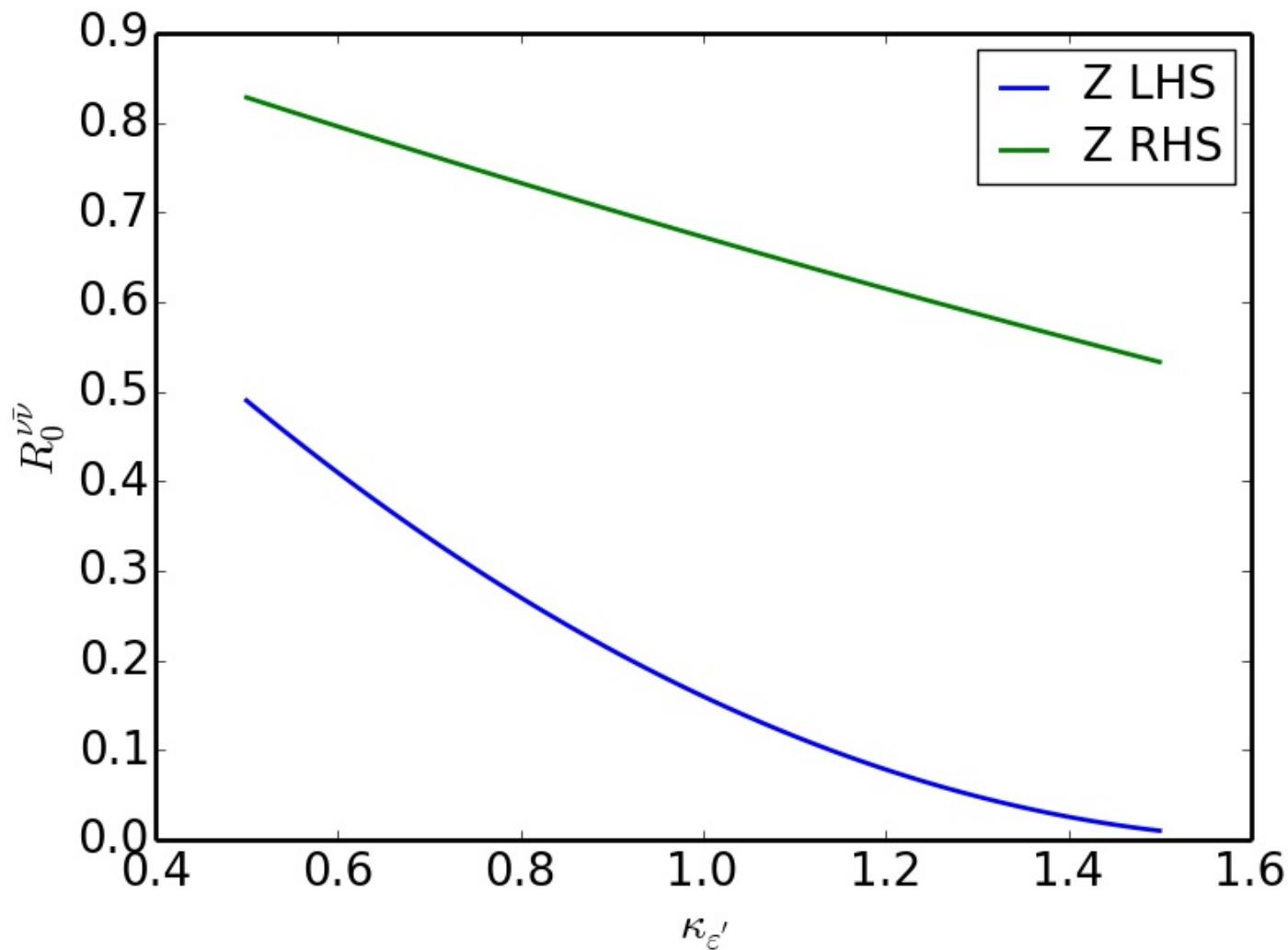
Z with RH couplings:  $\Delta_R^{sd}(Z)$

- Anticorrelation of  $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$  and  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$
- Moderate suppression of  $\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu})$
- $\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) \leq 6 \text{ Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu})^{\text{SM}}$
- NP effects in  $\Delta M_K$  and  $\varepsilon_K$  very small

Unless Loop effects important

Q<sub>8'</sub> EWP

## Z with LH or RH Flavour Violating Couplings



# Z with LH and RH Couplings $\Delta_{L,R}^{sd}(Z)$

AJB (1601.00005)

New Features

$\varepsilon_K$  constraint dominates over  $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$   
because of LR operators  $\rightarrow$  " $\varepsilon_K$  anomaly"  
can be resolved.

Possibility of simultaneous enhancements of

$\varepsilon'/\varepsilon, \varepsilon_K, K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 v\bar{v}, K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ v\bar{v}$

Example 1

$\text{Im } \Delta_{L,R} < \text{Re } \Delta_{L,R}$

Both  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 v\bar{v}$  and  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ v\bar{v}$  enhanced  
but anticorrelated

$K_L \uparrow \quad K^+ \downarrow \quad \text{with } \kappa_{\varepsilon'} \uparrow$

$(K^+ \uparrow \quad \text{with } \kappa_\varepsilon \uparrow)$

Example 2

$\text{Im } \Delta_{L,R} \gg \text{Re } \Delta_{L,R}$

$K_L \uparrow \quad K^+ \uparrow \quad \text{with } \kappa_{\varepsilon'} \uparrow$

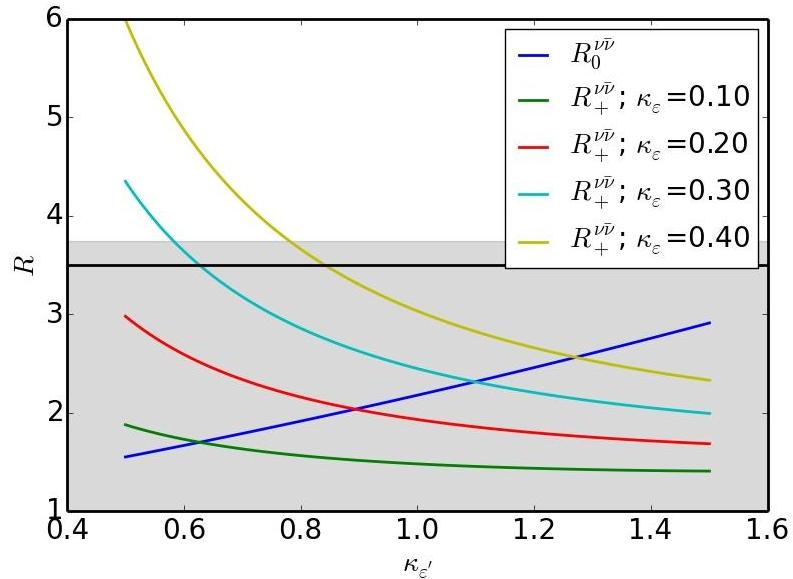
$(\text{no dependence on } \kappa_\varepsilon)$

NP Effects  
in  $\Delta M_K$   
small

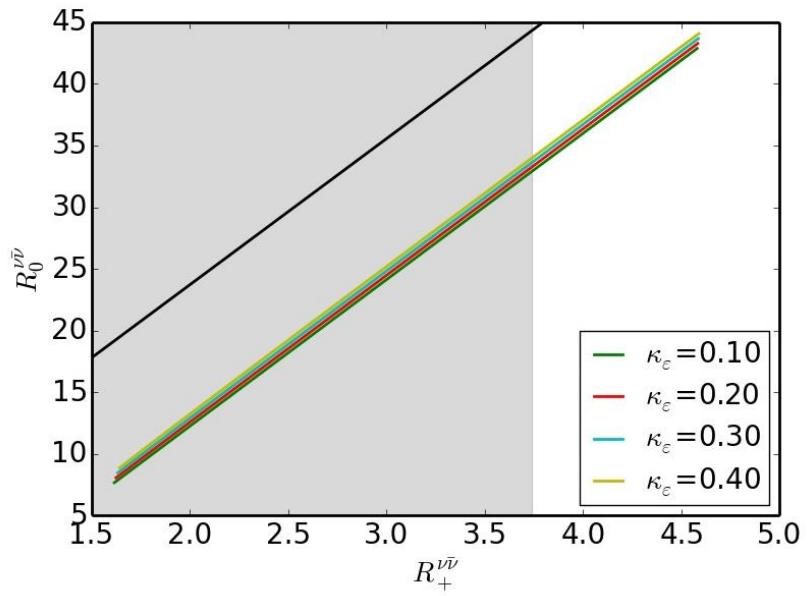
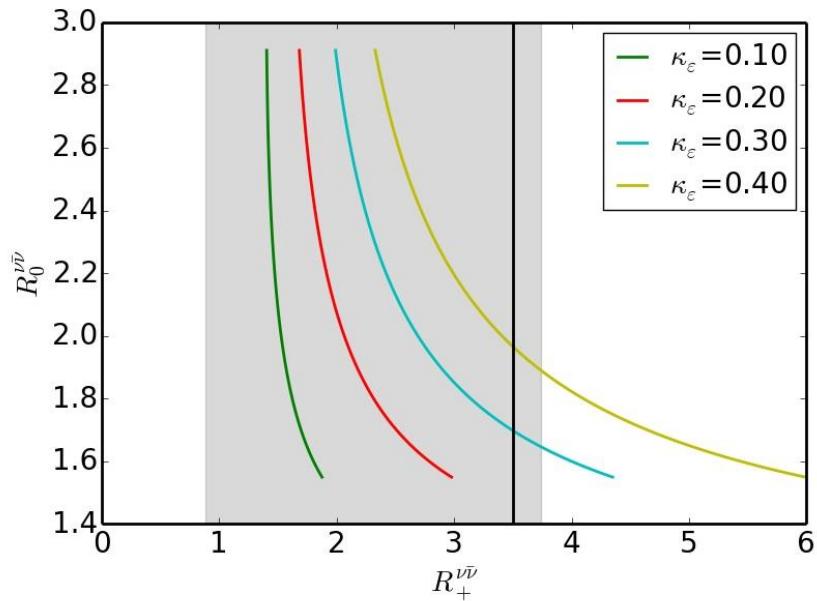
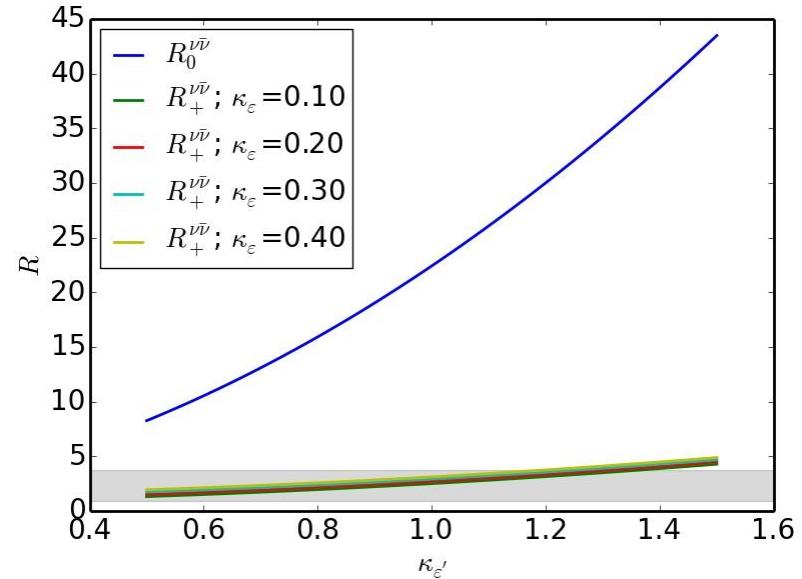
Correlation between  $K_L$  and  $K^+$   
On the branch parallel to Grossmann-Nir Bound

# Z with LH and RH Flavour Violating Couplings

**Example 1**



**Example 2**



# $Z'$ Scenarios with LH Couplings $\Delta_L^{sd}(Z)$

AJB (1601.00005)

Dominance  
of QCD  
Penguins ( $Q_6$ )  
in  $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$

- Strong correlation between  $K^+$  and  $K_L$  on the branch parallel to GN bound
- Very large effects in  $K_L$ , moderate in  $K^+$
- $(\Delta M_K)^{NP} < 0$  (could be 20%)

$\varepsilon_K$  anomaly  
can be solved

Dominance  
of electroweak  
Penguins ( $Q_8$ )  
in  $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$

- Both enhanced but anticorrelated

$K_L \uparrow$     $K^+ \downarrow$    with  $\kappa_{\varepsilon'} \uparrow$

$(K^+ \uparrow \text{ with } \kappa_\varepsilon \uparrow)$    Only (20-40)% effects

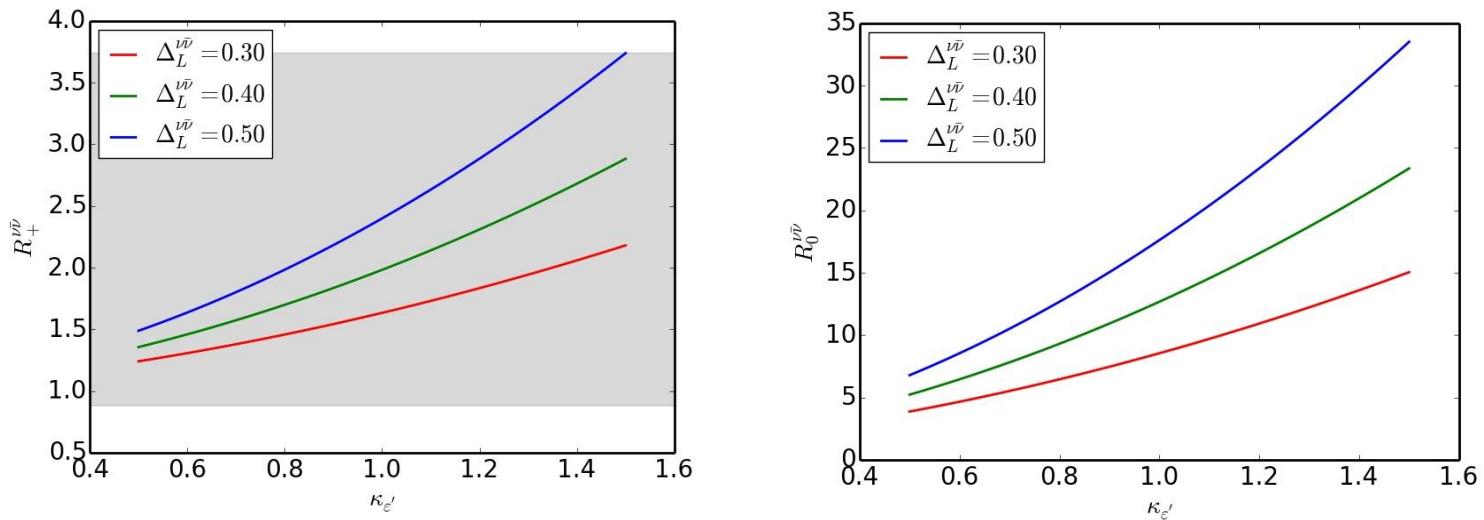
Pattern for  
 $\Delta_R^{q\bar{q}}(Z) \approx 0(1)$   
in  $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$

- $(\Delta M_K)^{NP} > 0$  (below 10%)

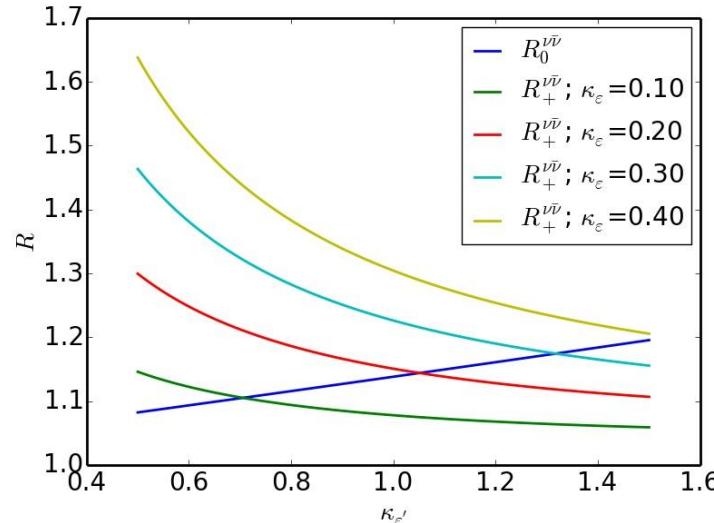
$\varepsilon_K$  anomaly  
can be solved

$M_{Z'} = 3 \text{ TeV}$

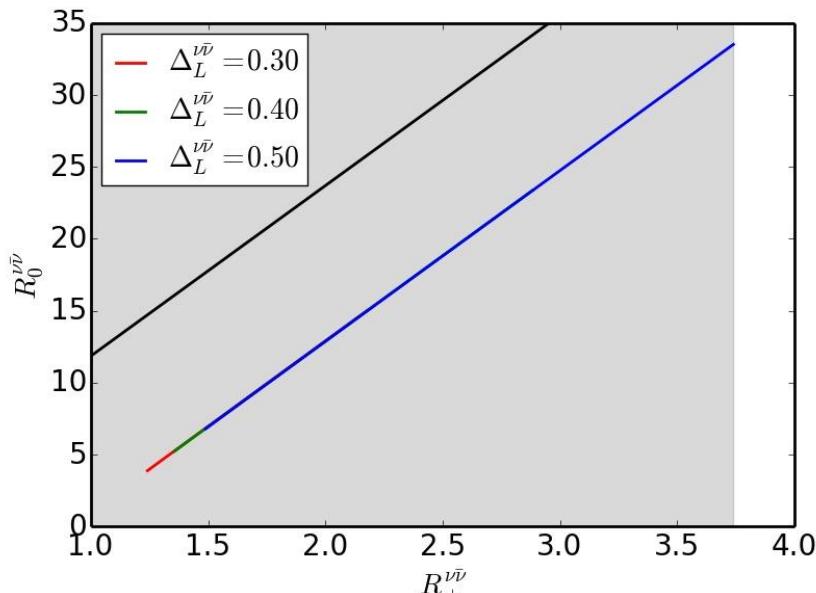
## QCD Penguin ( $Q_6$ )



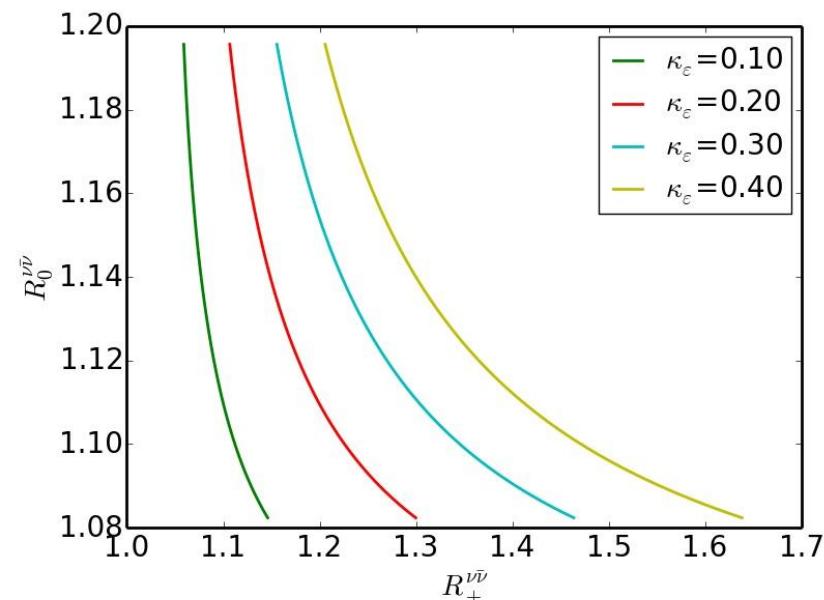
## Electroweak Penguin ( $Q_8$ )



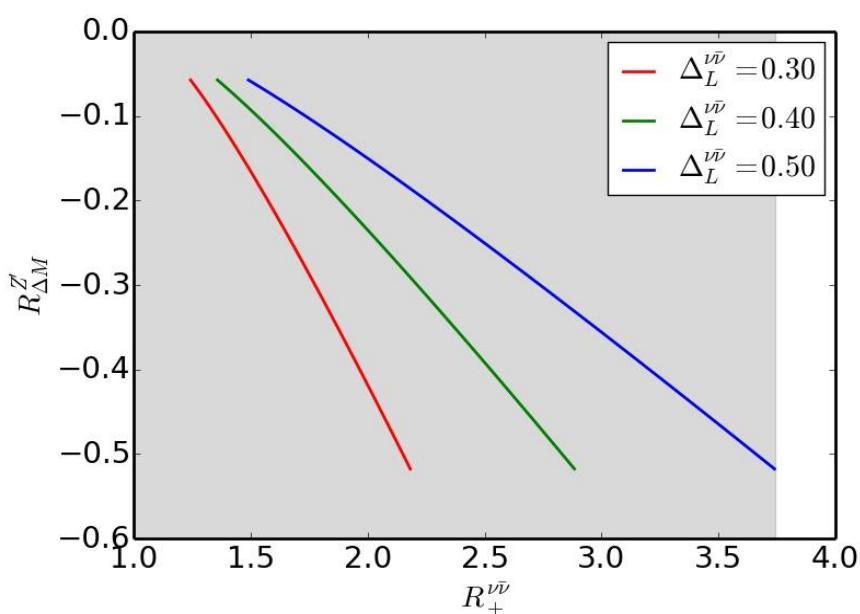
## QCDP ( $Q_6$ )



## EWP ( $Q_8$ )



**( $R_{\Delta M}^Z > 0$  but small)**



# $Z'$ outside the reach of the LHC

## QCD Penguin

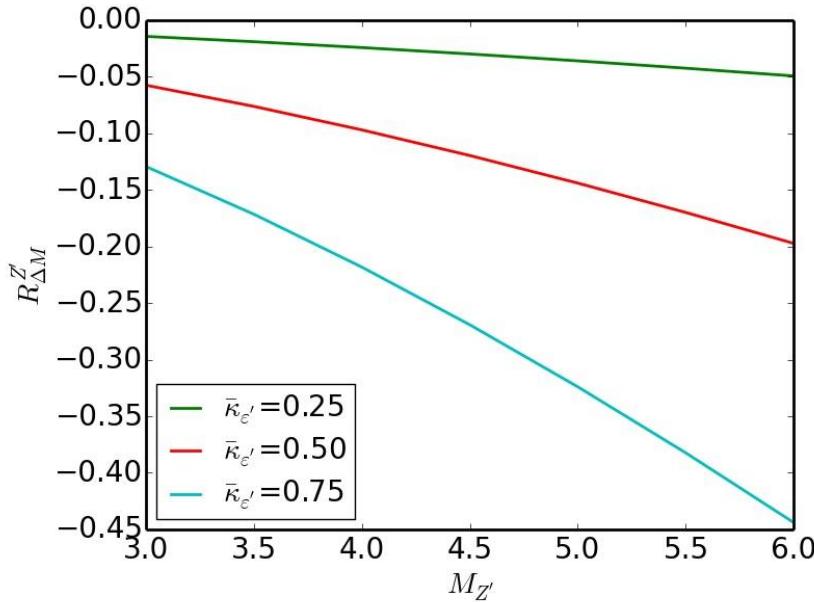
For fixed  $\kappa_{\varepsilon'}$ :

$$\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 v\bar{v}), \text{ Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ v\bar{v})$$

But constraint  
from  $\Delta M_K$

Independent of  $M_{Z'}$

$$Z' q\bar{q} \approx 0(1)$$



$$\bar{\kappa}_{\varepsilon'} \equiv \left[ \frac{\kappa_{\varepsilon'}}{\Delta_R^{\rho\bar{\rho}}(Z')} \right]$$

## EW P Penguin

: Significant effects in rare decays  
only for  $q\bar{q}Z' \approx 0(10^{-2})$

# 331 Models Facing $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$ Anomaly

AJB, De Fazio 1512.02869

- 1.**  $\kappa_{\varepsilon'} \leq 0.8$  (only 3 models can reach upper bound)
- 2.** None of them can explain suppressions of  $C_9$  ( $B \rightarrow K(K^*)\mu^+\mu^-$ ) and  $B_s \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$  simultaneously.  
None  $R_K$
- 3.** Small NP effects in  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu\bar{\nu}$  and  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu\bar{\nu}$

LHT : Blanke, AJB, Recksiegel (1507.06316) (see Monika)

# 2018 Vision

$$\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = (18.0 \pm 2.0) \cdot 10^{-11} \quad (\text{NA62})$$

$$\kappa_{\varepsilon'} \approx 1.0$$

Would point :  
towards

$Z$  with LH + RH couplings  
 $Z'$ (QCDP) with  $Z' q \bar{q} \approx 0(1)$   
 $Z'$ (EWP) with  $Z' q \bar{q} \approx 10^{-2}$

## Open Questions to be answered hopefully in this Decade

- 1.** What is  $\text{Br}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu\bar{\nu})$  from NA62?
- 2.** What is  $\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu\bar{\nu})$  from KOPIO?
- 3.** What is the value of  $\kappa_{\varepsilon'}$ ? (Lattice, CKM, NNLO)
- 4.** What is the value of  $\kappa_{\varepsilon}$ ? (CKM,  $\eta_1$ )
- 5.** What is  $(\Delta M_K)^{\text{SM}}$ ? (Lattice)
- 6.** Does NP contribute to  $\text{Re}A_0$  at 10-20% level? (Lattice)  
(see AJB, De Fazio, Girrbach: 1404.3824)
- 7.** Do  $Z'$ ,  $G'$  or other new particles exist?

**Exciting Times are just  
ahead of us !!!**

**Exciting Times are just  
ahead of us !!!**

**Thank You !**

# Backup

# What about $\Delta l = 1/2$ Rule?

$$\frac{\text{Re } A_0}{\text{Re } A_2} \approx 22.4$$

Since 1955

Gell-Mann  
Pais

1986, 2014

Large N including  
I/N corrections

- Quark Evolution  $1 \text{ GeV} \leq \mu \leq M_W$
- Meson Evolution  $0 \leq \mu \leq 1 \text{ GeV}$

Correct value  
of  $\text{Re } A_2$

$$\left( \frac{\text{Re } A_0}{\text{Re } A_2} \right)_{\text{I/N}} \approx 16.0 \pm 1.5 \quad *)$$

Correct value  
of  $\text{Re } A_2$

$$\left( \frac{\text{Re } A_0}{\text{Re } A_2} \right)_{\text{Lattice}} \approx 31 \pm 7$$

Dominance  
of current-  
current  
operators

RBC-QCD  
(2013, 2015)

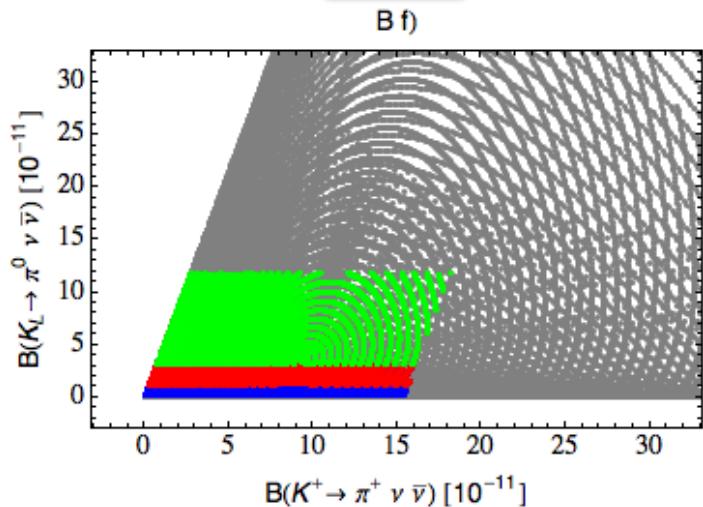
\*)  $G'$  with particular couplings ( $M_{G'} \approx 3.5 \text{ TeV}$ )  
could be responsible for the missing piece

AJB  
De Fazio  
Girrbach-Noe  
1404.3824

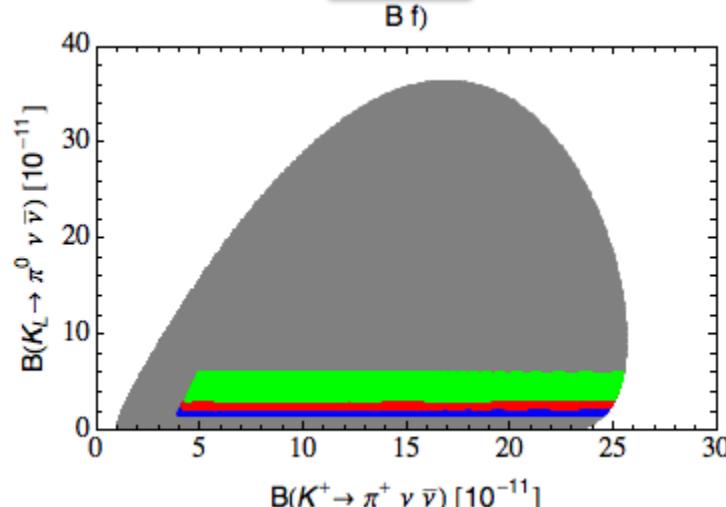
# Z with FCNCs at Work

AJB, de Fazio,  
Girrbach-Noe  
1404.3824

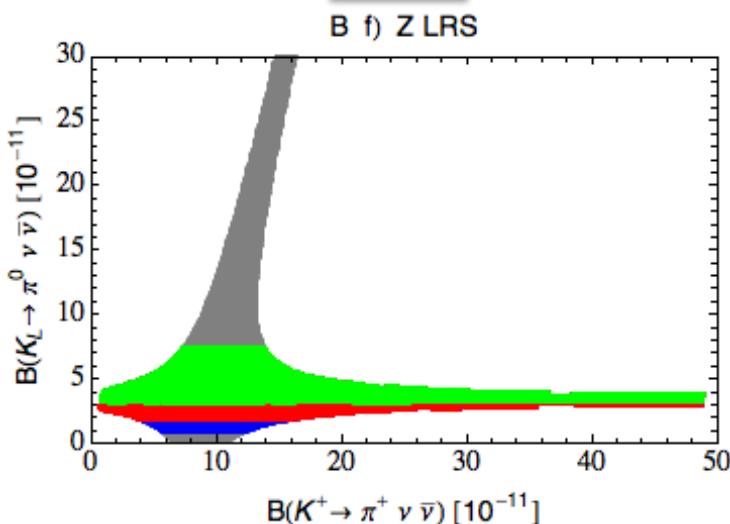
LHS



RHS



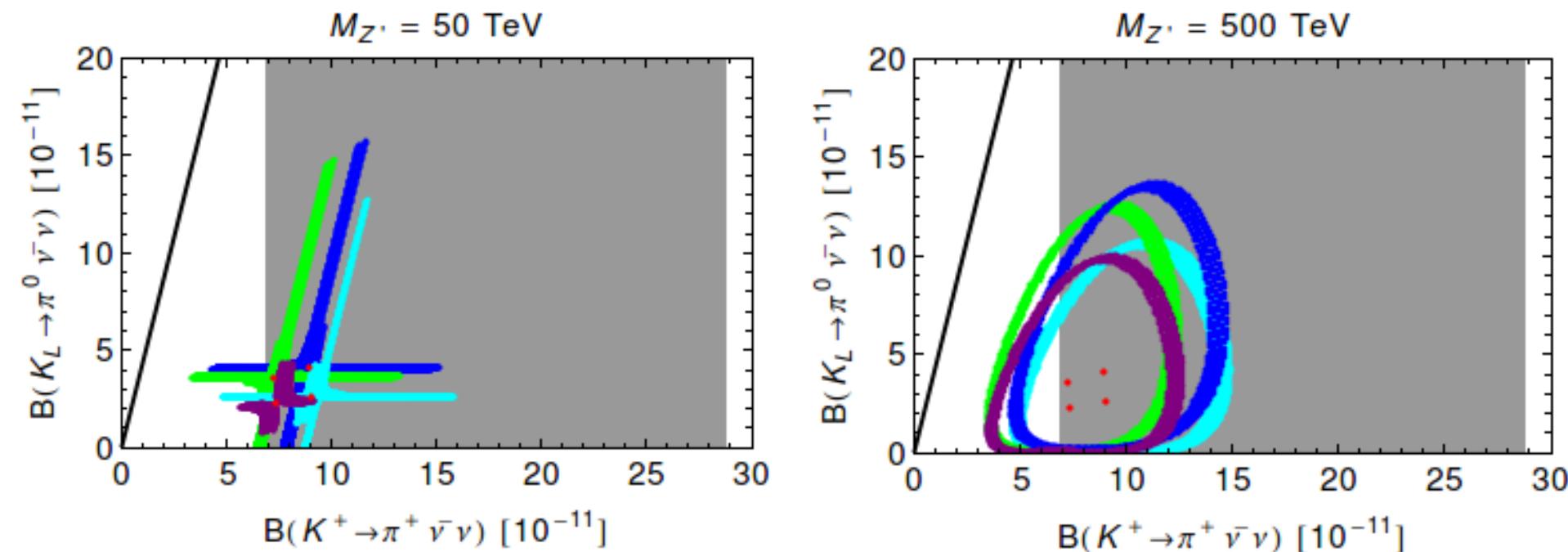
LRS



- $\varepsilon_K, \Delta M_K$  constraint
  - $\varepsilon'/\varepsilon$
  - +
  - $K_L \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
- |  |              |
|--|--------------|
| <span style="background-color: green; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;"></span> | $B_6 = 1.25$ |
| <span style="background-color: red; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>   | $B_6 = 1.00$ |
| <span style="background-color: blue; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;"></span>  | $B_6 = 0.75$ |

# Heavy Z' at Work

AJB, Buttazzo, Girrbach-Noe, Knegjens, 1407.0728



$\varepsilon_K$  constraint

General discussion:  
Blanke 0904.2528

No  $\varepsilon_K$  constraint

# Can we reach Zeptouniverse through Quark Flavour Physics ?

(Z')

AJB, Buttazzo, Girrbach-Noe, Knegjens, 1407.0728

If only left-handed  
or only right-handed  
couplings present in NP

If both LH and RH  
present but  
 $g_L^{ij} \ll g_R^{ij}$  or  $g_L^{ij} \gg g_R^{ij}$

: Only with K rare Decays  
 $B_s \sim 15 \text{ TeV}$ ,  $B_d \sim 15 \text{ TeV}$

:  
 $K \rightarrow \pi v\bar{v}$  :  $\Lambda_{NP}^{\max} \simeq 2000 \text{ TeV}$   
 $B_d$  :  $\Lambda_{NP}^{\max} \simeq 160 \text{ TeV}$   
 $B_s$  :  $\Lambda_{NP}^{\max} \simeq 160 \text{ TeV}$

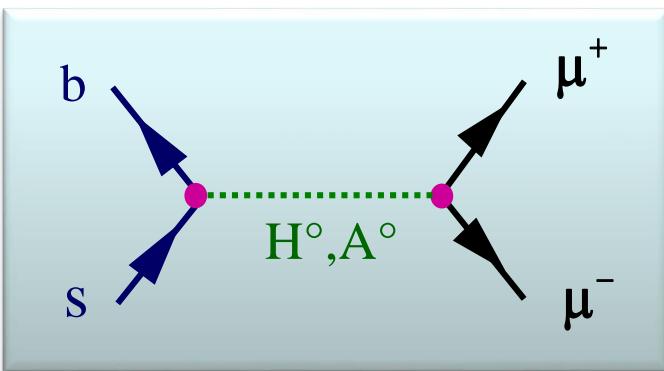
Yes we can !!

# Can we reach Zeptouniverse through S and P

AJB, Buttazzo, Girrbach-Noe, Knegjens, 1407.0728

Yes :

$$B_{s,d} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$



$$\begin{aligned} S &: \approx 350 \text{ TeV} \\ P &: \approx 700 \text{ TeV} \end{aligned}$$

Pseudoscalars more powerful than scalars because of the interference with SM contribution

Similar to  $K \rightarrow \pi v\bar{v} (Z)$ :  
No tuning necessary to reach Zeptouniverse

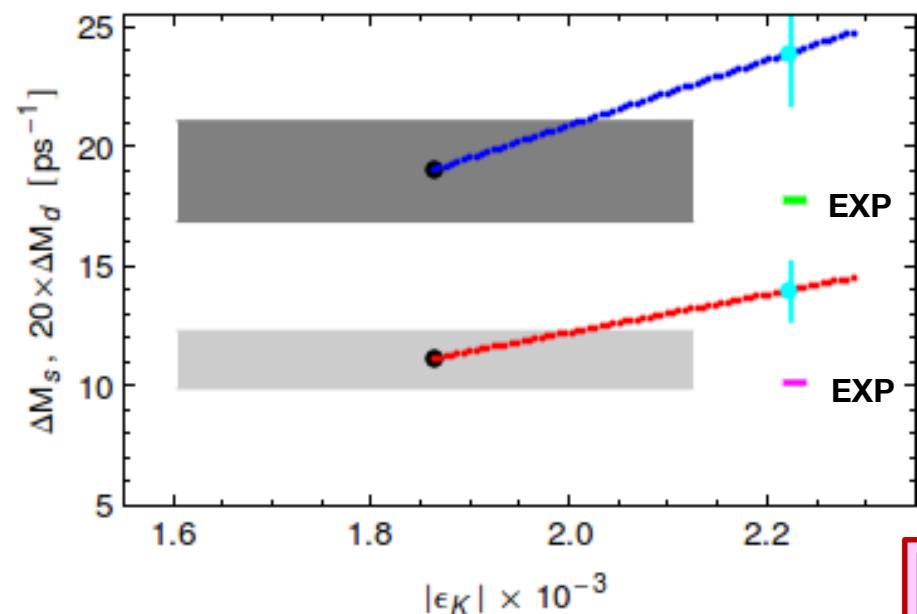
$$S=H^\circ$$

$$P=A^\circ$$

## 2 Tensions in $\Delta F=2$ within MFV

$$\varepsilon_K \leftrightarrow \Delta M_{s,d}$$

$$\varepsilon_K \leftrightarrow S_{\psi K_s}$$



AJB + Girrbach 1306.3755

Similar tension in  
Gauged Flavour Models:  
AJB, Merlo, Stamou (2011)

$$|V_{cb}|$$

$$\left\{ |V_{ub}|_{\text{excl}} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \varepsilon_K^{\text{SM}} < \varepsilon_K^{\text{exp}} \\ S_{\psi K_s}^{\text{SM}} \approx S_{\psi K_s}^{\text{exp}} \end{array} \right\}^{*)} \quad (2\sigma)$$

$$\left\{ |V_{ub}|_{\text{incl}} \right\} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \varepsilon_K^{\text{SM}} \approx \varepsilon_K^{\text{exp}} \\ S_{\psi K_s}^{\text{SM}} > S_{\psi K_s}^{\text{Data}} \end{array} \right\} \quad (3\sigma)$$

Lunghi + Soni (2008)  
AJB + Guadagnoli (2008)

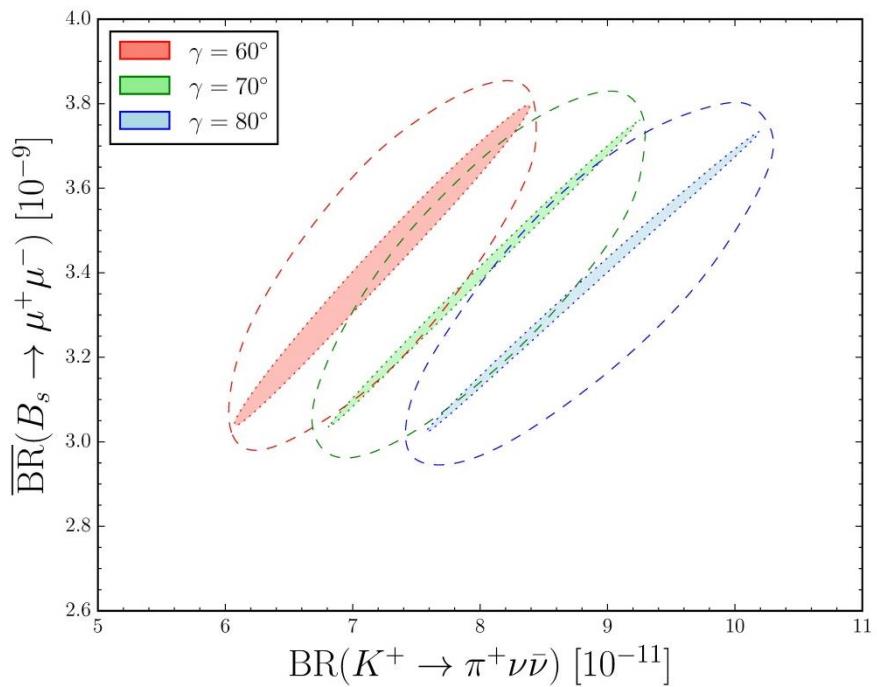
\*) Can still work within MFV  
( $\Delta \varepsilon_K > 0$  in MFV) Blanke + AJB  
(2006)

Both tensions can only be clarified through improved  
 $|V_{ub}|, |V_{cb}| + \text{Lattice Input}$  and improved measurement of  $S_{\psi K_s}$

# Correlations within SM

$$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-, K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}, \gamma$$

BBGK (2015)



$$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}, K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}, \beta$$

Buchalla, AJB (94)

