

# Heavy quark masses from production near threshold

M. Beneke    A. Maier    J. Piclum    T. Rauh

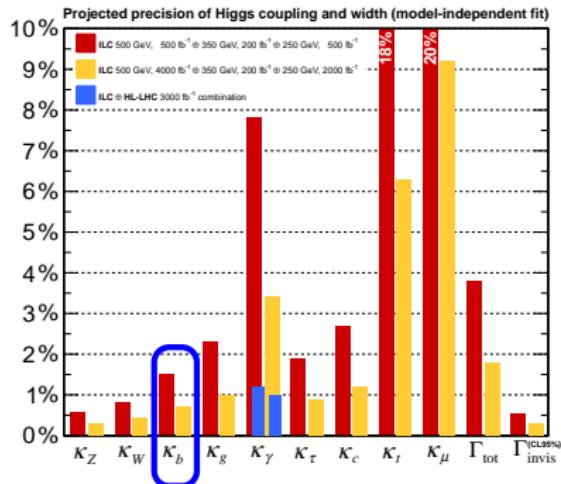
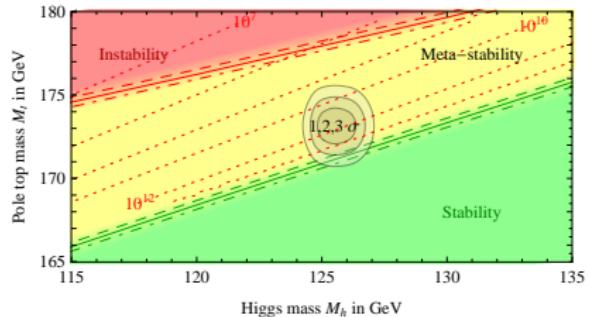
IPPP, Durham University

Nucl.Phys. **B891** (2015) 42-72, arXiv:1411.3132  
Nucl. Phys. **B899** (2015) 180-193, arXiv:1506.06865  
arXiv:1601.02949



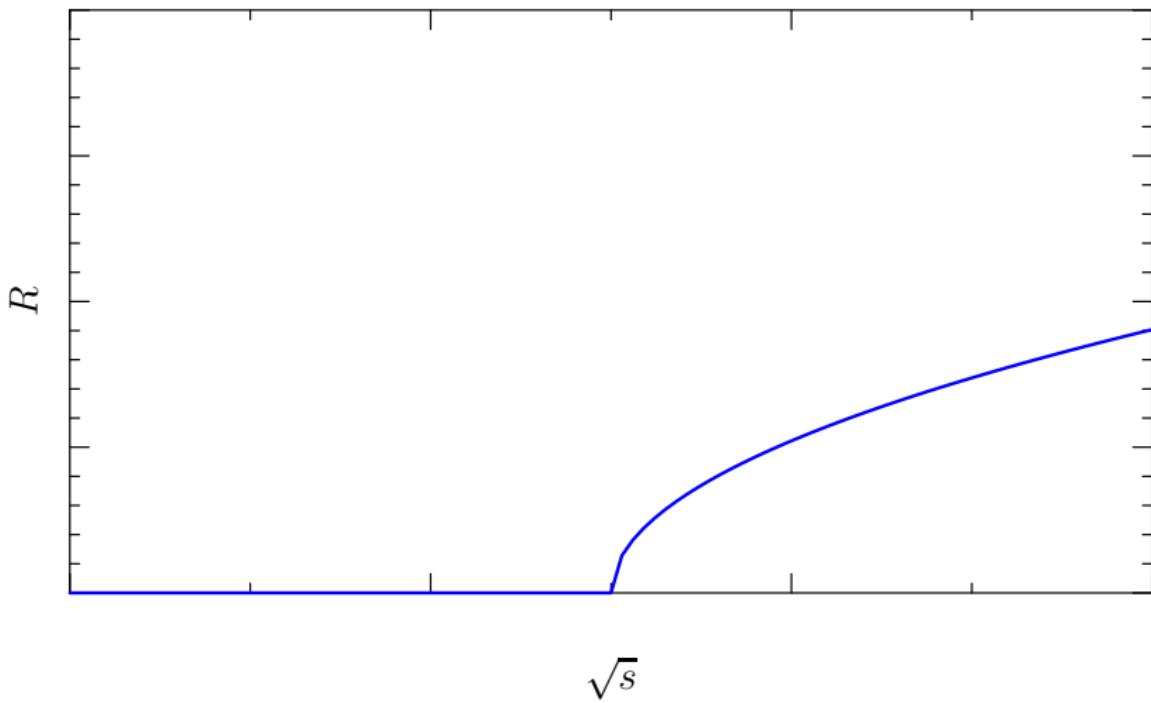
# Why do we care?

[Degrassi et al. arXiv:1205.6497; Fuji et al. arXiv:1506.05992]



$e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$  near threshold

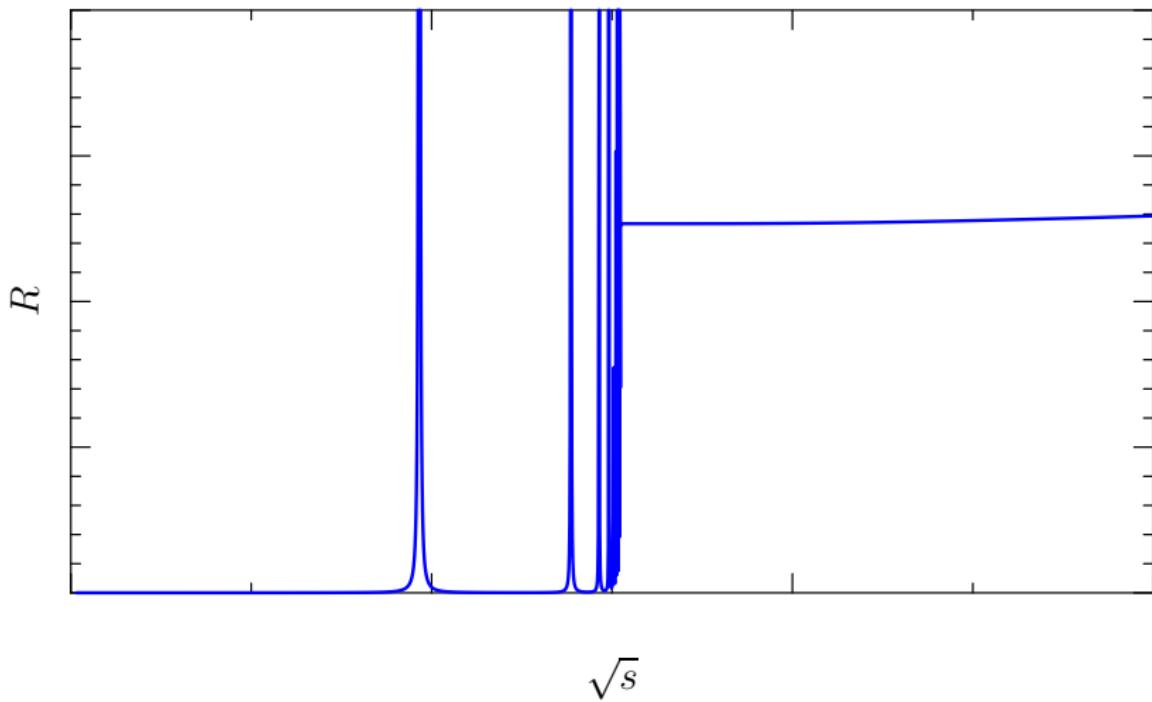
Simplistic picture



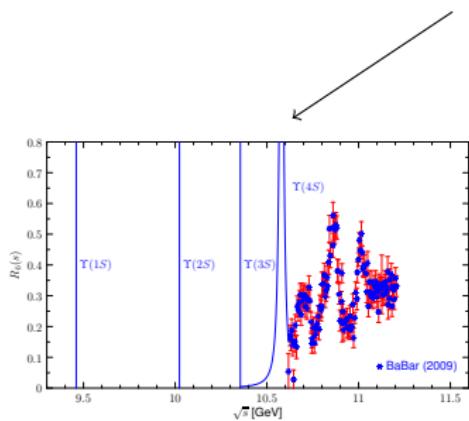
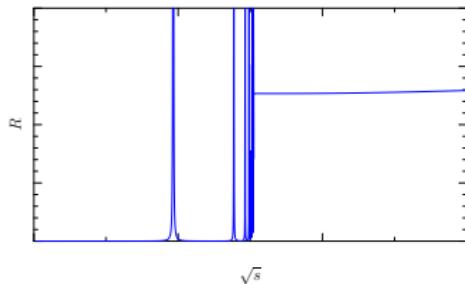
$$\sqrt{s}$$

$e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$  near threshold

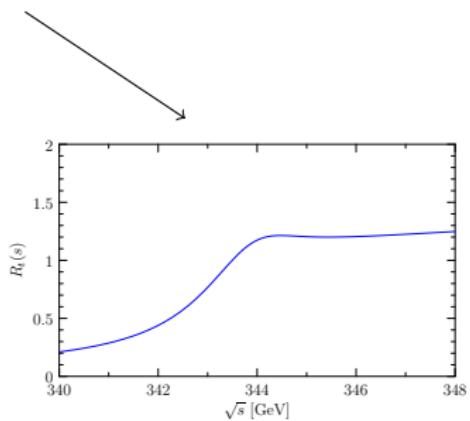
Next-to-simplistic picture



$e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$  near threshold



bottom quarks:  $\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \lesssim E_N$



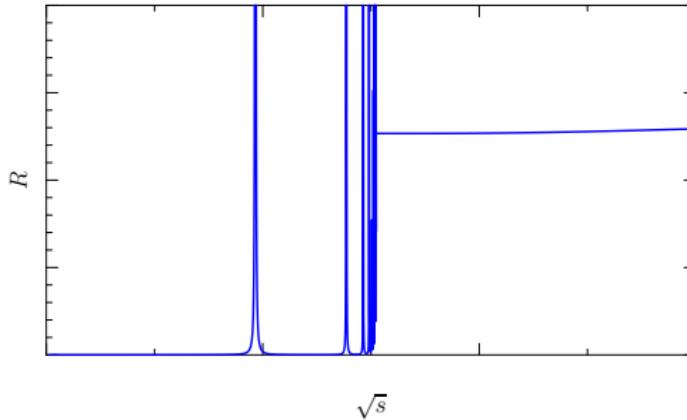
top quarks:  $\Gamma \gtrsim E_N$



# $e^+ e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ near threshold

Theory

- ▶ Nonrelativistic quarks  $v \ll 1 \Rightarrow$  Schrödinger equation



Higher-order corrections: need **effective field theory**

# Effective theory framework

Scales:  $m_q \gg m_q v \gg m_q v^2$       Coulomb potential is LO:  $\alpha_s \sim v$

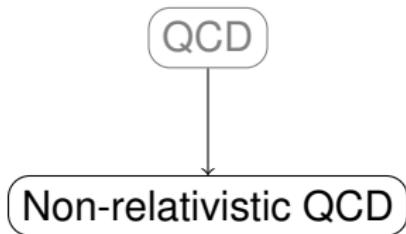
- ▶ hard modes:  $k \sim m_q$
- ▶ soft modes:  $k \sim m_q v$
- ▶ potential modes:  $k_0 \sim m_q v^2, \vec{k} \sim m_q v$
- ▶ ultrasoft modes:  $k \sim m_q v^2$

QCD

# Effective theory framework

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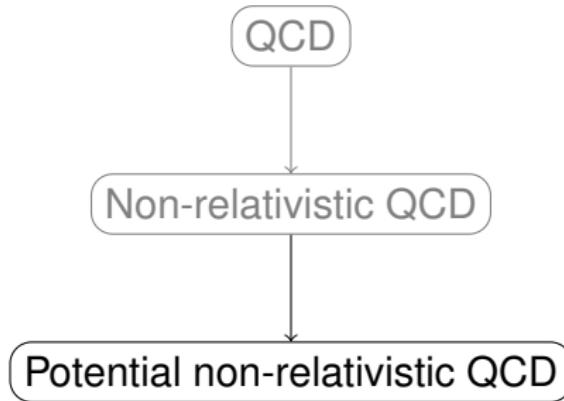
- ▶ hard modes:  $k \sim m_q \rightarrow$  (local) effective vertices
- ▶ soft modes:  $k \sim m_q v$
- ▶ potential modes:  $k_0 \sim m_q v^2, \vec{k} \sim m_q v$
- ▶ ultrasoft modes:  $k \sim m_q v^2$



# Effective theory framework

Scales:  $m_q \gg m_q v \gg m_q v^2$       Coulomb potential is LO:  $\alpha_s \sim v$

- ▶ hard modes:  $k \sim m_q \rightarrow$  (local) effective vertices
- ▶ soft modes:  $k \sim m_q v \rightarrow$  (non-local) potentials
- ▶ potential light particle modes  $\rightarrow$  (non-local) potentials
- ▶ potential heavy quark modes:  $k_0 \sim m_q v^2, \vec{k} \sim m_q v$
- ▶ ultrasoft modes:  $k \sim m_q v^2$



# Potential non-relativistic QCD

[Pineda, Soto 97; Beneke, Signer, Smirnov 99; Brambilla et al. 99]

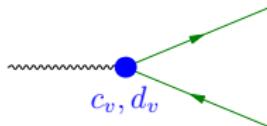
$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_{\text{PNRQCD}} = & \psi^\dagger \left( i\partial_0 + g_s A_0(t, \mathbf{0}) + \frac{\partial^2}{2m} + \frac{\partial^4}{8m^3} \right) \psi \\ & + \int d^3 \mathbf{r} [\psi^\dagger \psi] (x + \mathbf{r}) \left( -\frac{C_F \alpha_s}{r} + \delta V(r) \right) [\chi^\dagger \chi](x) \\ & - g_s \psi^\dagger \mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{E}(t, \mathbf{0}) \psi \\ & + \mathcal{L}_{\text{anti-quark}} + \{\mathcal{N}^4 \text{LO}\}\end{aligned}$$

Beyond LO:

- ▶ Corrections to kinetic energy
- ▶ Corrections to potential
- ▶ Ultrasoft gluons

[Anzai, Kiyo, Sumino 09; Smirnov, Smirnov, Steinhauser 09]

Production vertex:

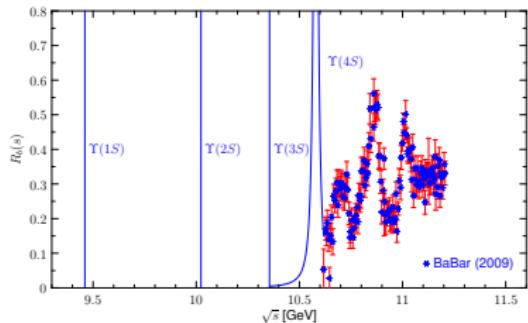


[Marquard, Piclum, Seidel, Steinhauser 14]

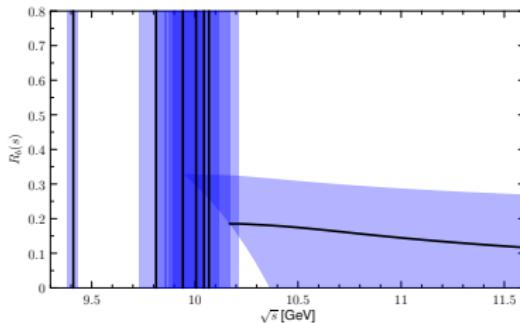
# Bottom

# Nonrelativistic sum rules

Data



NNNLO PNRQCD



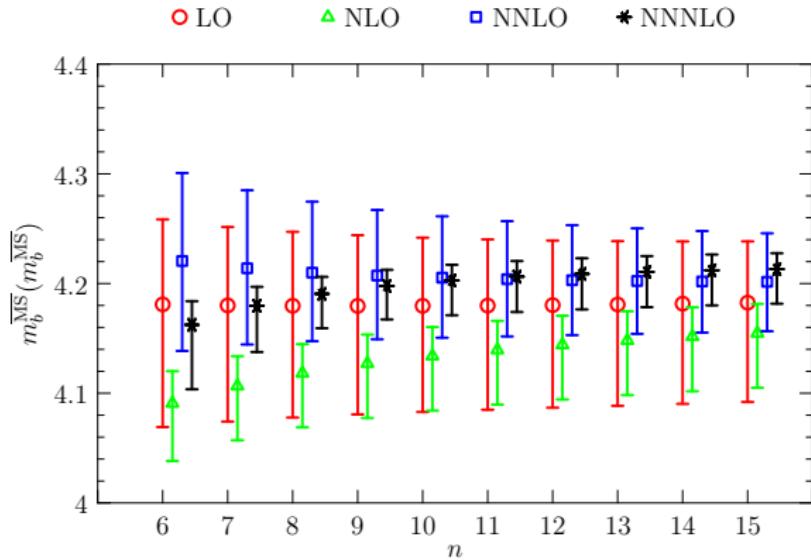
$$\mathcal{M}_n = \int_{s_0}^{\infty} ds \frac{R_b(s)}{s^{n+1}}, \quad \mathcal{M}_n^{\text{exp}} = \mathcal{M}_n^{\text{th}}$$

Dominated by  $E = mv^2 \sim m_b/n$  for  $n \gg 1$

Perturbative:  $\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} < m_b/n$   
Nonrelativistic:  $v \ll 1$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Perturbative: } \Lambda_{\text{QCD}} < m_b/n \\ \text{Nonrelativistic: } v \ll 1 \end{array} \right\} n \approx 10$

# Bottom quark mass



$$m_b^{\text{PS}}(2 \text{ GeV}) = 4.532^{+0.013}_{-0.039} \text{ GeV}$$

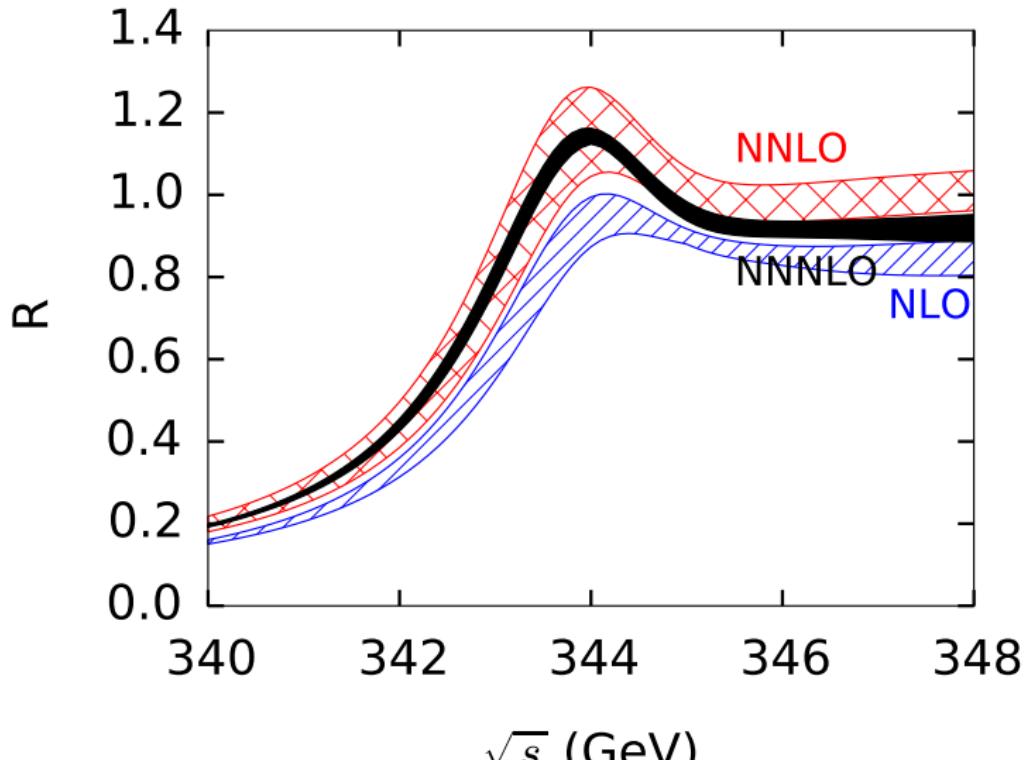
$$\begin{aligned}
m_b^{\overline{\text{MS}}}(m_b^{\overline{\text{MS}}}) &= [4.203^{+0.002}_{-0.031}(\mu) \pm 0.002(\alpha_s)^{+0.003}_{-0}(\text{res})^{+0.013}_{-0.004}(\text{conv}) \\
&\quad \pm 0.002(\text{charm})^{+0.006}_{-0.012}(n) \pm 0.003(\text{exp})] \text{ GeV} \\
&= 4.203^{+0.016}_{-0.034} \text{ GeV}.
\end{aligned}$$

# Top



# Top production at NNNLO

[Beneke, Kiyo, Marquard, Penin, Piclum, Steinhauser 2015]



# Top production

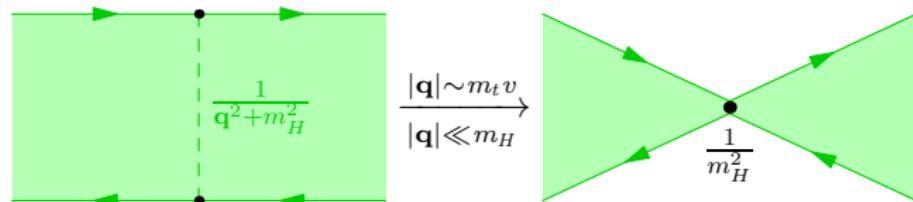
Going beyond QCD

QCD uncertainties under control:  $\sim 3\%$

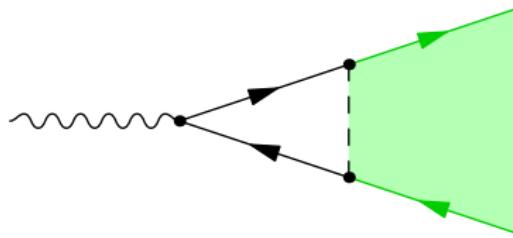
Further corrections ( $v^2 \sim \alpha_s^2 \sim y_t^2 \sim \alpha$ ) :

- ▶ Higgs corrections

- ▶ Potential (NNNLO):



- ▶ Production current (NNLO + NNNLO):



[Grzadkowski, Kühn, Krawczyk, Stuart 1986; Guth, Kühn 1991; Hoang, Reißer 2006; Eiras, Steinhauser 2006]

# Top production

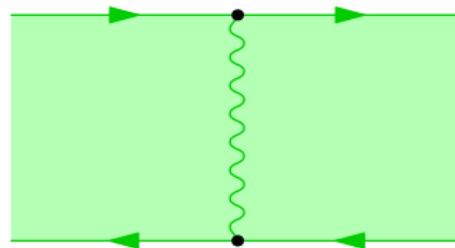
## Going beyond QCD

QCD uncertainties under control:  $\sim 3\%$

Further corrections ( $v^2 \sim \alpha_s^2 \sim y_t^2 \sim \alpha$ ) :

- ▶ Higgs corrections
- ▶ QED Coulomb potential

Starting at NLO:



# Top production

## Going beyond QCD

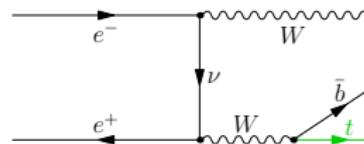
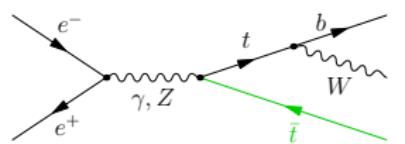
QCD uncertainties under control:  $\sim 3\%$

Further corrections ( $v^2 \sim \alpha_s^2 \sim y_t^2 \sim \alpha$ ) :

- ▶ Higgs corrections
- ▶ QED Coulomb potential
- ▶ Nonresonant production

Actual final state:  $W^+ b W^- \bar{b}$

- ▶ NLO: [Beneke, Jantzen, Ruiz-Femenía 2010]



...

- ▶ NNLO: Partial results [Penin, Piclum 2012; Jantzen, Ruiz-Femenía 2013]  
Work in progress

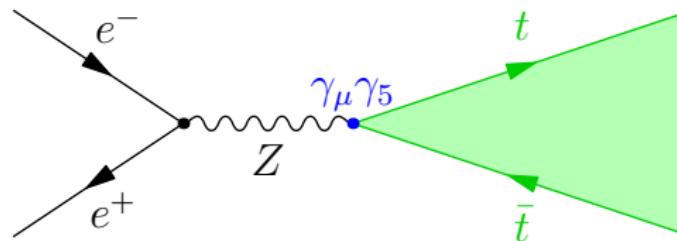
# Top production

## Going beyond QCD

QCD uncertainties under control:  $\sim 3\%$

Further corrections ( $v^2 \sim \alpha_s^2 \sim y_t^2 \sim \alpha$ ) :

- ▶ Higgs corrections
- ▶ QED Coulomb potential
- ▶ Nonresonant production
- ▶ P-wave production [Penin Pivovarov 1999; Beneke, Piclum, Rauh 2013]



Small contribution at NNLO and NNNLO:  $\lesssim 1\%$

# Top production

## Going beyond QCD

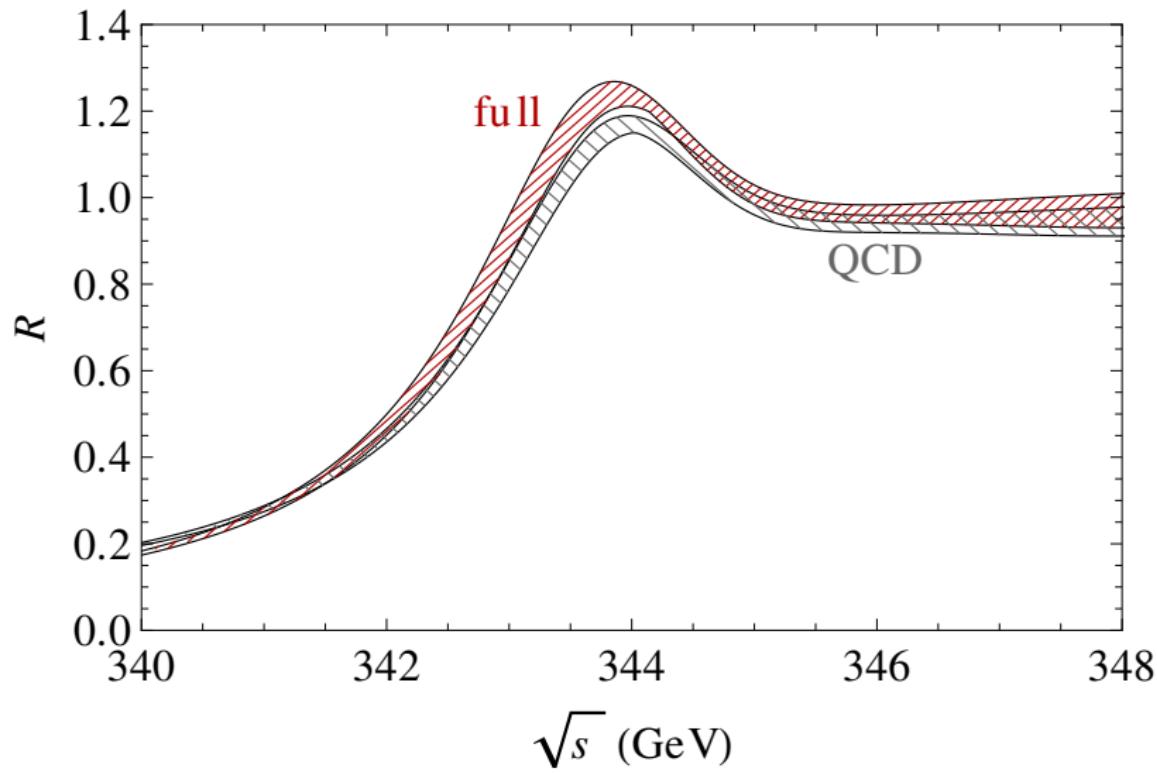
QCD uncertainties under control:  $\sim 3\%$

Further corrections ( $v^2 \sim \alpha_s^2 \sim y_t^2 \sim \alpha$ ) :

- ▶ Higgs corrections
- ▶ QED Coulomb potential
- ▶ Nonresonant production
- ▶ P-wave production
- ▶ Further NNLO electroweak corrections

[Grzadkowski, Kühn, Krawczyk, Stuart 1986; Guth, Kühn 1991; Hoang, Reißer 2004 & 2006]

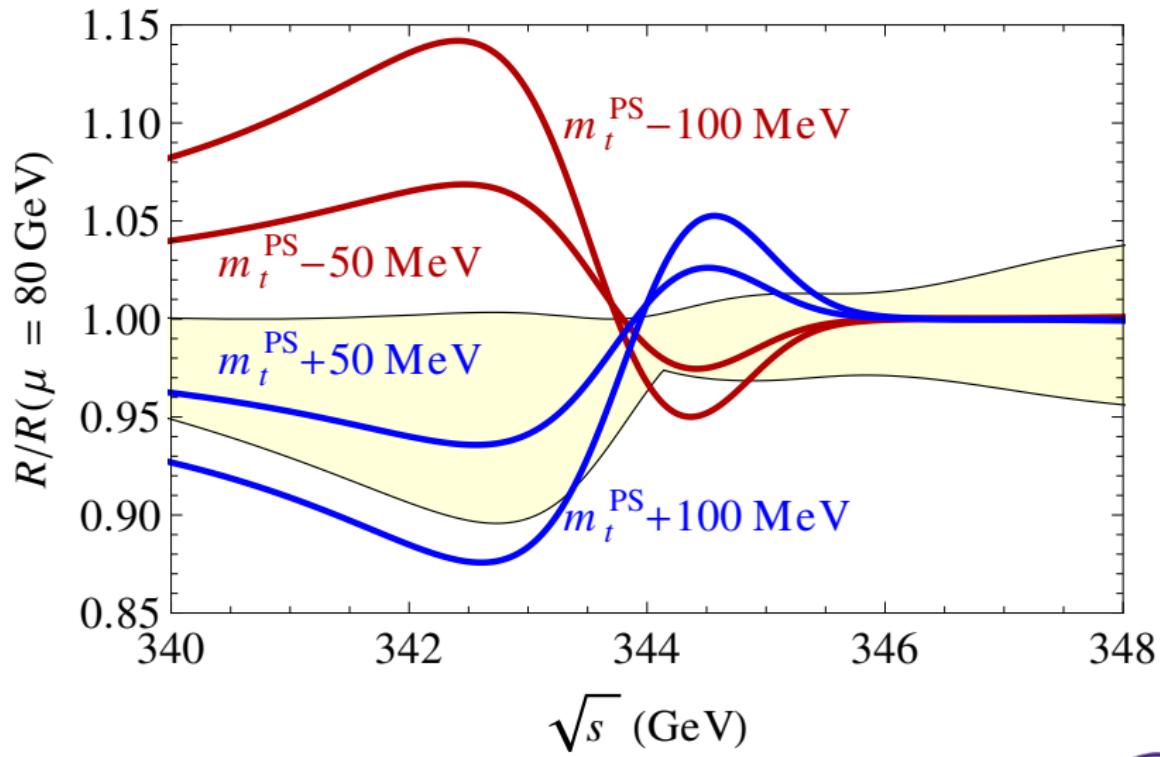
# Impact of electroweak corrections



$$m_t^{\text{PS}}(20 \text{ GeV}) = 171.5 \text{ GeV}, \quad \Gamma_t = 1.33 \text{ GeV}, \quad m_H = 171.5 \text{ GeV},$$
$$\alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.1185, \quad \alpha(m_Z) = 1/128.944 \quad m_W, m_Z$$

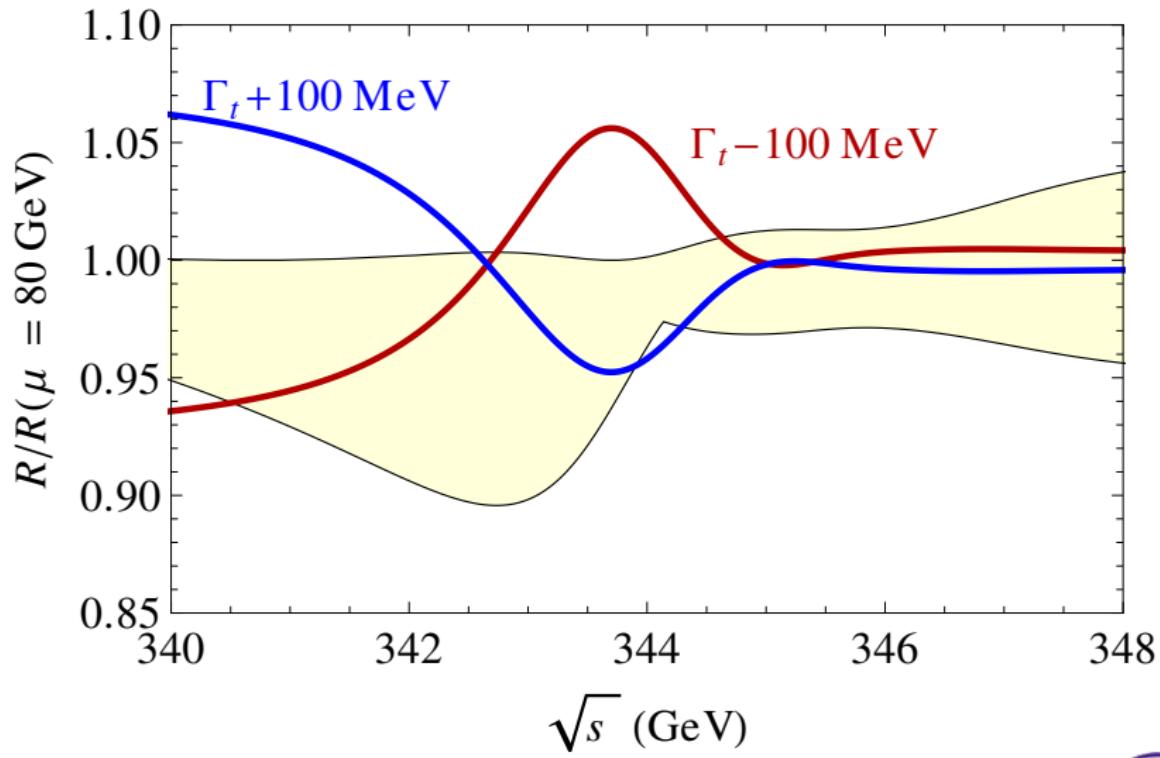
# Extracting parameters

Top mass



# Extracting parameters

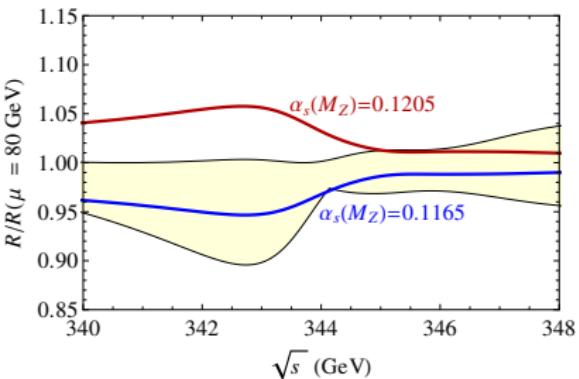
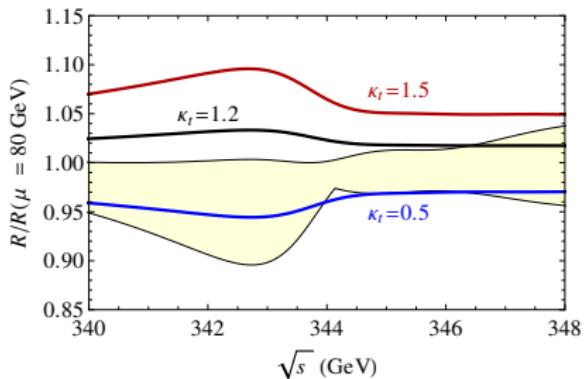
Top width



# Extracting parameters

Top Yukawa and strong coupling

$$\kappa_t = y_t / y_t^{\text{SM}}, \quad y_t^{\text{SM}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}m_t}{v}$$



# Conclusion

- ▶ Precise quark masses from NNNLO production near threshold:

$$m_b^{\text{PS}}(2 \text{ GeV}) = 4.532_{-0.039}^{+0.013} \text{ GeV}$$

$$m_b^{\overline{\text{MS}}}(m_b^{\overline{\text{MS}}}) = 4.203_{-0.034}^{+0.016} \text{ GeV},$$

$$\Delta m_t^{\text{PS}}(20 \text{ GeV}) < 100 \text{ MeV}$$

- ▶ Error dominated by theory

For top production:

- ▶ Up to 10% electroweak effects > QCD uncertainty ( $\sim 3\%$ )
- ▶ Extracting  $y_t$  requires precise knowledge of  $\alpha_s$

## Outlook

- ▶ NNLO electroweak effects
- ▶ Renormalisation group improvement
- ▶ Coming soon: code

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```
Needs["QQbarThreshold"];
LoadGrid[GridDirectory >> "ttbar_grid.tsv"];
Plot[
  TTbarRatio[
    sqrts, {80., 350.}, {171.5, 1.33},
    "N3LO"
  ],
  {sqrts, 340, 348}
]
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include "QQbar_threshold/QQbar_threshold.hpp"
using namespace QQbar_threshold;
int main(){
  load_grid(grid_directory() + "ttbar_grid.tsv");
  std::cout << ttbar_R_ratio(
    344., {80., 350.}, {171.5, 1.33}, "N3LO"
  ) << '\n';
}
```

