



Precision study of Z pole observables in SMEFT framework

MPA Summer school 2025
15.09.2025

Vigneshwaran Palaniappan
Supervisor: Prof. Jens Erler, Institute for Nuclear Physics, JGU Mainz



Outlook

- Motivation
- Introduction to SMEFT
- Electroweak Precision observables(EWPO)
- SMEFT correction to EWPO
- Summary

Motivation

- Standard Model(SM): Over constrained and tested to high precision

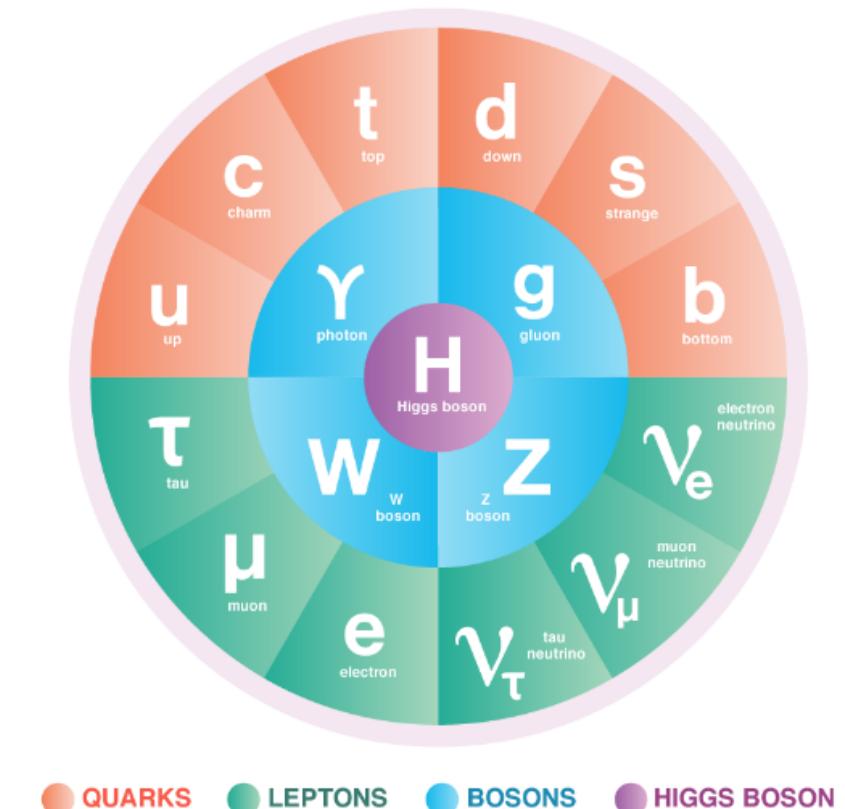


Image courtesy: Symmetry magazine, a joint Fermilab/SLAC publication.

- Why Beyond SM?: Neutrino mass, Dark matter/energy,....

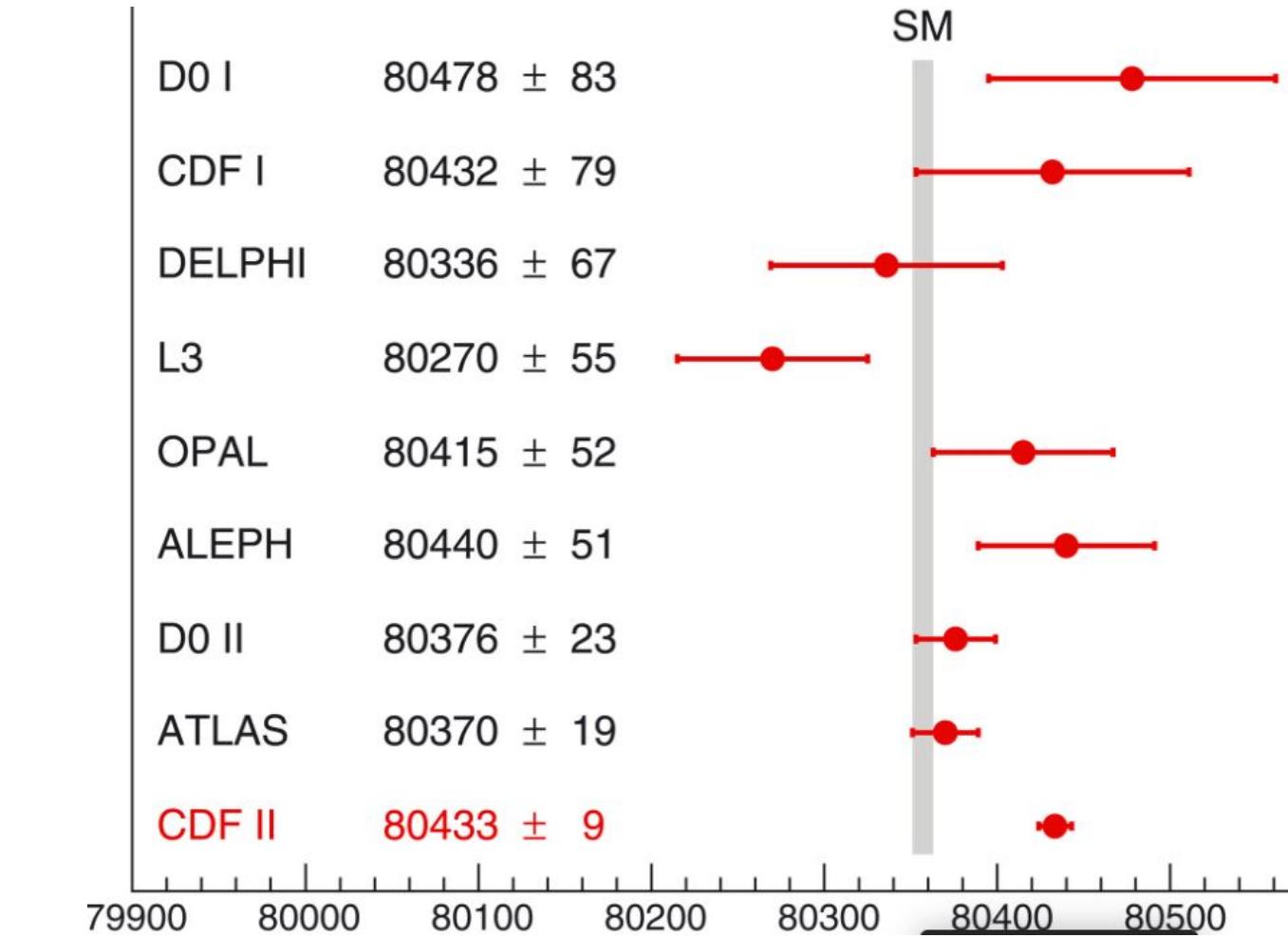
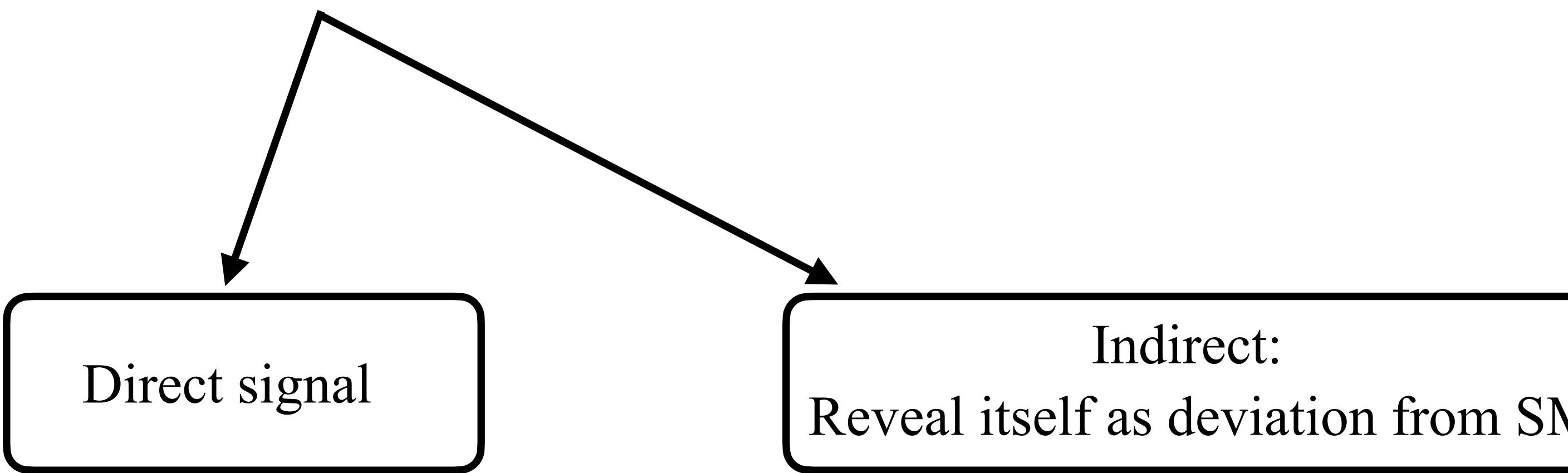
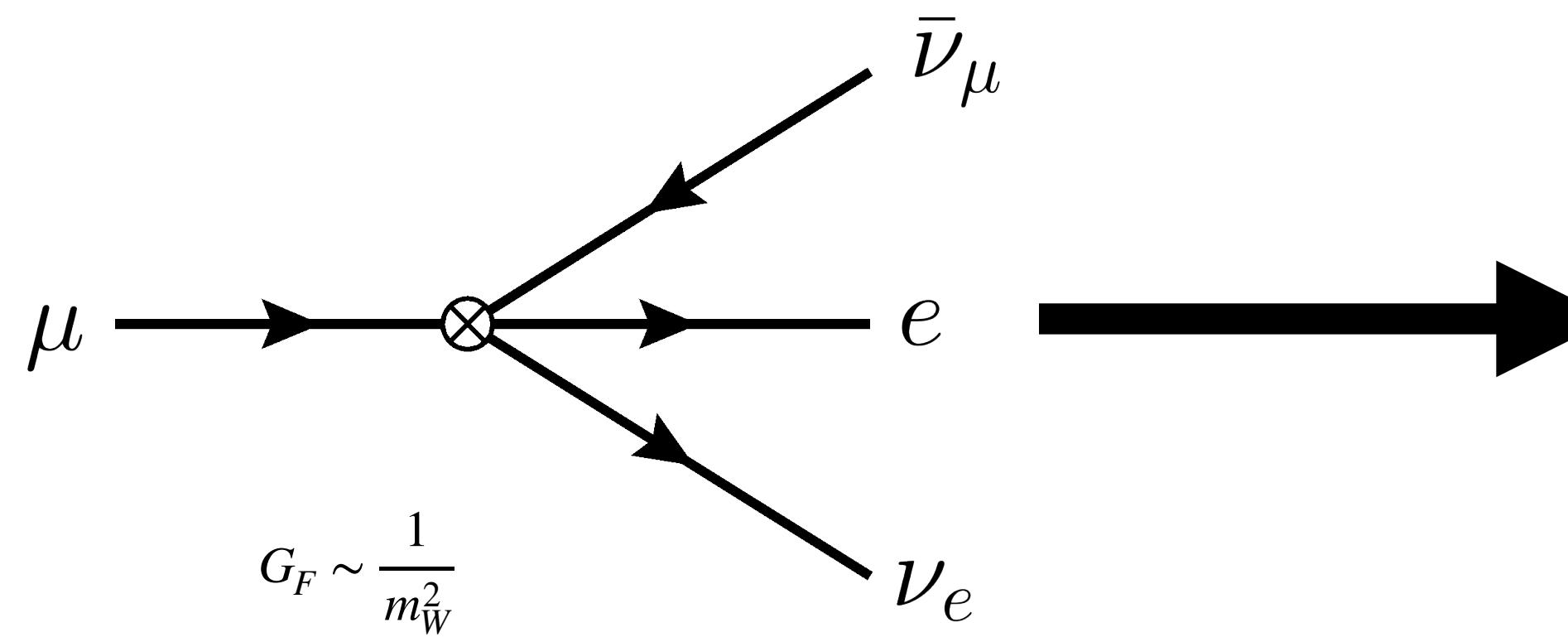


Image courtesy: science 2.0

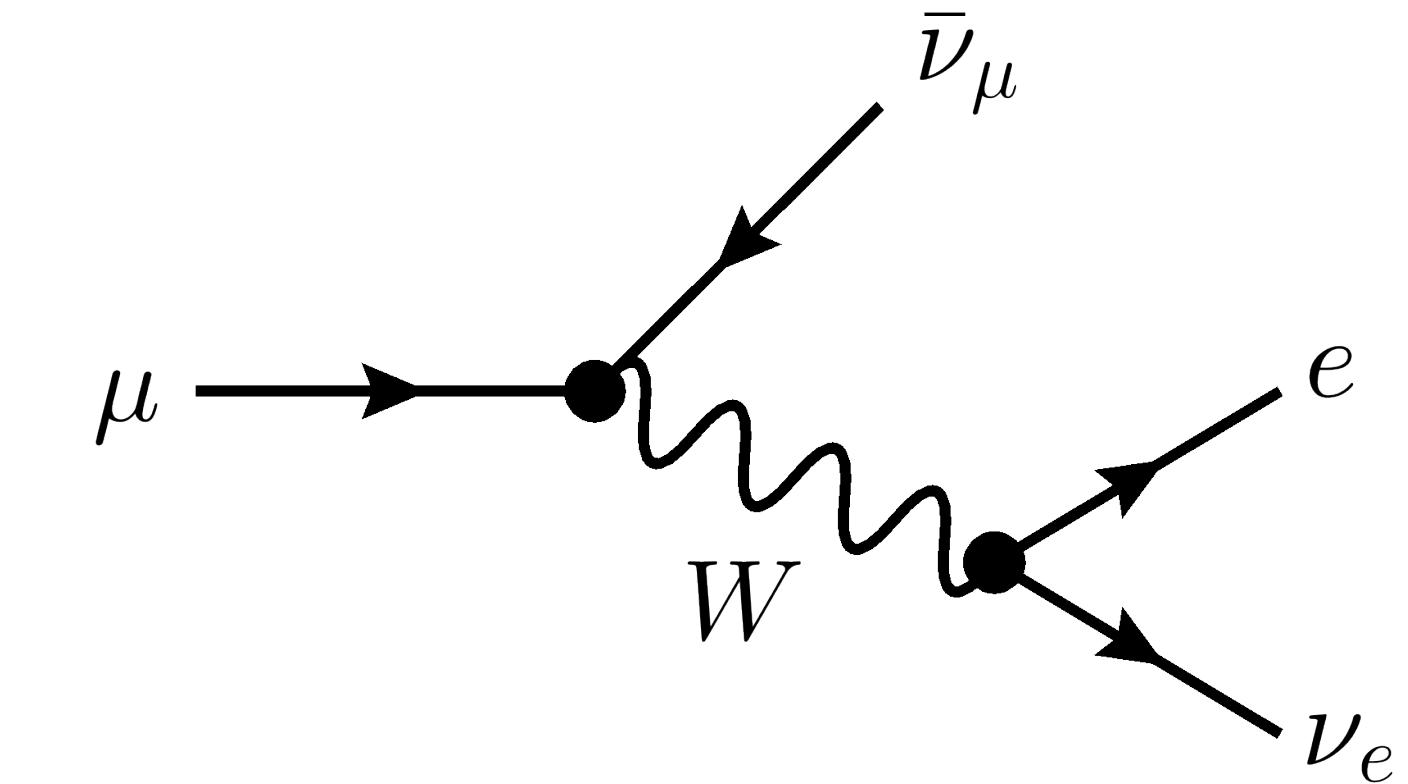
- Standard Model Effective Field Theory (SMEFT): Model-independent way to parametrize the deviation

Motivation

Example: Muon decay ($\mu \rightarrow e\bar{\nu}_e\nu_\mu$)



Effective Fermi theory



UV theory(Standard Model)

G_F : hints about electroweak scale

Standard Model Effective Field Theory (SMEFT)

Standard Model Effective Field Theory

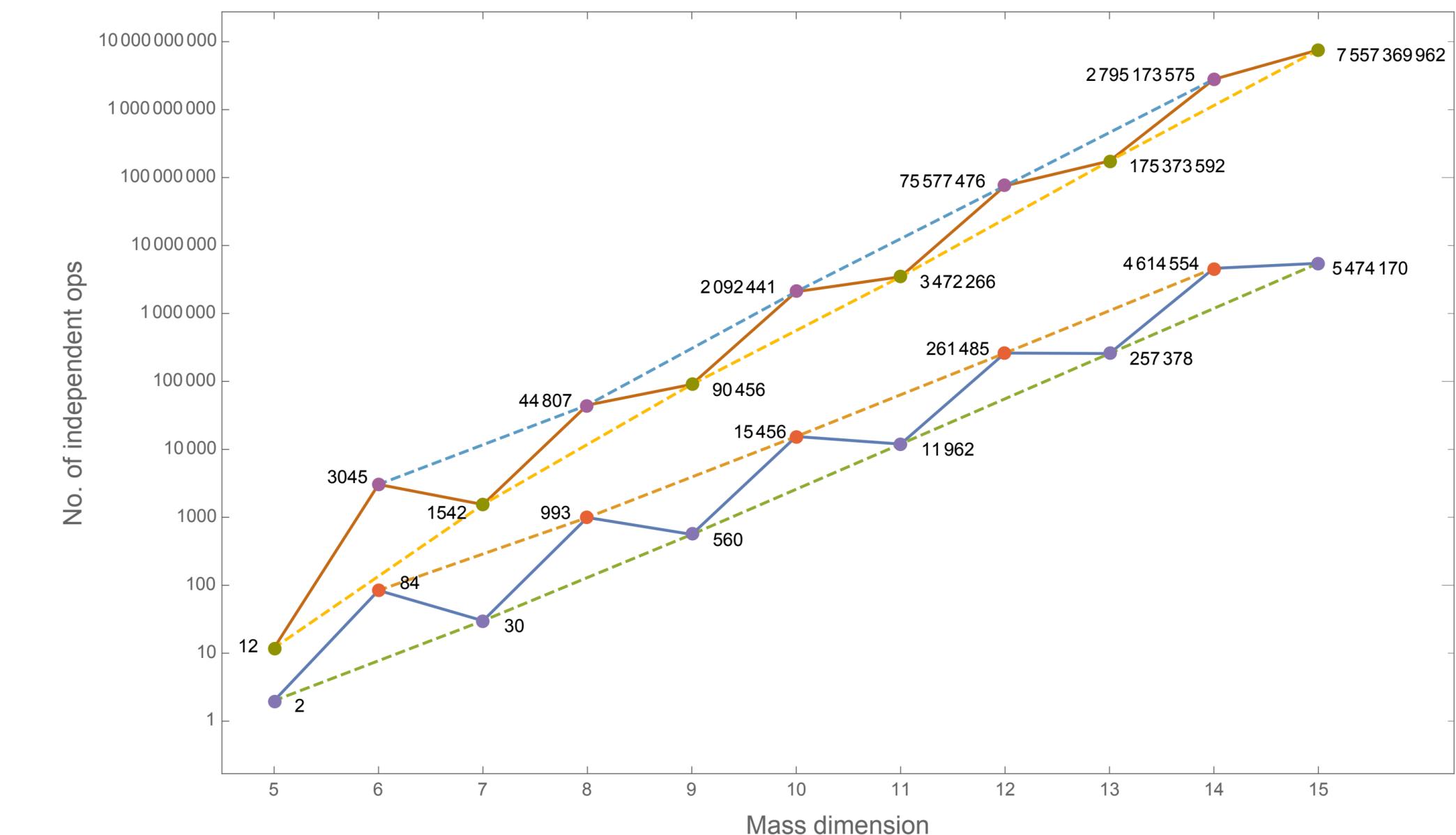
- Bottom-up EFT, UV physics is unknown
- No light BSM

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_{D>4} \frac{1}{\Lambda^{D-4}} \sum_i C_i^{(D)} \mathcal{O}_i^{(D)}$$

Λ - New physics scale ($v \gg \Lambda$)

$C_i^{(D)}$ - Wilson coefficients (constrained by measurements)

$\mathcal{O}_i^{(D)}$ -Operators (built out of SM field and gauge group)



Brian Henning et al, arXiv:1512.03433

Warsaw Basis

1) W. Buchmüller and D. Wyler, Nucl. Phys. B 268 (1986) 621
 2) B. Grzadkowski, M. Iskrzyński, M. Misiak and J. Rosiek [1008.4884]

Bosonic-15

X^3		φ^6 and $\varphi^4 D^2$	
Q_G	$f^{ABC} G_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$	Q_φ	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)^3$
$Q_{\tilde{G}}$	$f^{ABC} \tilde{G}_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi\square}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi) \square (\varphi^\dagger \varphi)$
Q_W	$\varepsilon^{IJK} W_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi D}$	$(\varphi^\dagger D^\mu \varphi)^* (\varphi^\dagger D_\mu \varphi)$
$Q_{\widetilde{W}}$	$\varepsilon^{IJK} \tilde{W}_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$		

Yukawa-54

$\psi^2 \varphi^3$	
$Q_{e\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi) (\bar{l}_p e_r \varphi)$
$Q_{u\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi) (\bar{q}_p u_r \tilde{\varphi})$
$Q_{d\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi) (\bar{q}_p d_r \varphi)$

$X^2 \varphi^2$		$\psi^2 X \varphi$		$\psi^2 \varphi^2 D$	
$Q_{\varphi G}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi G_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$	Q_{eW}	$(\bar{l}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r) \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$Q_{\varphi l}^{(1)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{l}_p \gamma^\mu l_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{G}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$	Q_{eB}	$(\bar{l}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r) \varphi B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi l}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I \varphi) (\bar{l}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu l_r)$
$Q_{\varphi W}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$	Q_{uG}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A u_r) \tilde{\varphi} G_{\mu\nu}^A$	$Q_{\varphi e}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{e}_p \gamma^\mu e_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \widetilde{W}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \widetilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$	Q_{uW}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r) \tau^I \tilde{\varphi} W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$Q_{\varphi q}^{(1)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{q}_p \gamma^\mu q_r)$
$Q_{\varphi B}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{uB}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r) \tilde{\varphi} B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi q}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I \varphi) (\bar{q}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu q_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{B}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{dG}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A d_r) \varphi G_{\mu\nu}^A$	$Q_{\varphi u}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{u}_p \gamma^\mu u_r)$
$Q_{\varphi WB}$	$\varphi^\dagger \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{dW}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r) \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$Q_{\varphi d}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{d}_p \gamma^\mu d_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \widetilde{WB}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \tau^I \varphi \widetilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{dB}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r) \varphi B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi ud}$	$i(\tilde{\varphi}^\dagger D_\mu \varphi) (\bar{u}_p \gamma^\mu d_r)$

dipole-144

Current-81

$(\bar{L}L)(\bar{L}L)$		$(\bar{R}R)(\bar{R}R)$		$(\bar{L}L)(\bar{R}R)$	
Q_{ll}	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r) (\bar{l}_s \gamma^\mu l_t)$	Q_{ee}	$(\bar{e}_p \gamma_\mu e_r) (\bar{e}_s \gamma^\mu e_t)$	Q_{le}	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r) (\bar{e}_s \gamma^\mu e_t)$
$Q_{qq}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu q_r) (\bar{q}_s \gamma^\mu q_t)$	Q_{uu}	$(\bar{u}_p \gamma_\mu u_r) (\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t)$	Q_{lu}	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r) (\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t)$
$Q_{qq}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu \tau^I q_r) (\bar{q}_s \gamma^\mu \tau^I q_t)$	Q_{dd}	$(\bar{d}_p \gamma_\mu d_r) (\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$	Q_{ld}	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r) (\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$
$Q_{lq}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r) (\bar{q}_s \gamma^\mu q_t)$	Q_{eu}	$(\bar{e}_p \gamma_\mu e_r) (\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t)$	Q_{qe}	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu q_r) (\bar{e}_s \gamma^\mu e_t)$
$Q_{lq}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu \tau^I l_r) (\bar{q}_s \gamma^\mu \tau^I q_t)$	Q_{ed}	$(\bar{e}_p \gamma_\mu e_r) (\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$	$Q_{qu}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu q_r) (\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t)$
		$Q_{ud}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{u}_p \gamma_\mu u_r) (\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$	$Q_{qu}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu T^A q_r) (\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu T^A u_t)$
		$Q_{ud}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{u}_p \gamma_\mu T^A u_r) (\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu T^A d_t)$	$Q_{qd}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu q_r) (\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t)$
				$Q_{qd}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu T^A q_r) (\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu T^A d_t)$

 $(\bar{L}R)(\bar{R}L)$ and $(\bar{L}R)(\bar{L}R)$

B-violating

Q_{ledq}	$(\bar{l}_p^j e_r) (\bar{d}_s q_t^j)$	Q_{duq}	$\varepsilon^{\alpha\beta\gamma} \varepsilon_{jk} [(d_p^\alpha)^T C u_r^\beta] [(q_s^\gamma)^T C l_t^k]$
$Q_{quqd}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_p^j u_r) \varepsilon_{jk} (\bar{q}_s^k d_t)$	Q_{qqu}	$\varepsilon^{\alpha\beta\gamma} \varepsilon_{jk} [(q_p^{\alpha j})^T C q_r^{\beta k}] [(u_s^\gamma)^T C e_t]$
$Q_{quqd}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{q}_p^j T^A u_r) \varepsilon_{jk} (\bar{q}_s^k T^A d_t)$	Q_{qqq}	$\varepsilon^{\alpha\beta\gamma} \varepsilon_{jn} \varepsilon_{km} [(q_p^{\alpha j})^T C q_r^{\beta k}] [(q_s^{\gamma m})^T C l_t^n]$
$Q_{lequ}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{l}_p^j e_r) \varepsilon_{jk} (\bar{q}_s^k u_t)$	Q_{duu}	$\varepsilon^{\alpha\beta\gamma} [(d_p^\alpha)^T C u_r^\beta] [(u_s^\gamma)^T C e_t]$
$Q_{lequ}^{(3)}$	$(\bar{l}_p^j \sigma_{\mu\nu} e_r) \varepsilon_{jk} (\bar{q}_s^k \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_t)$		

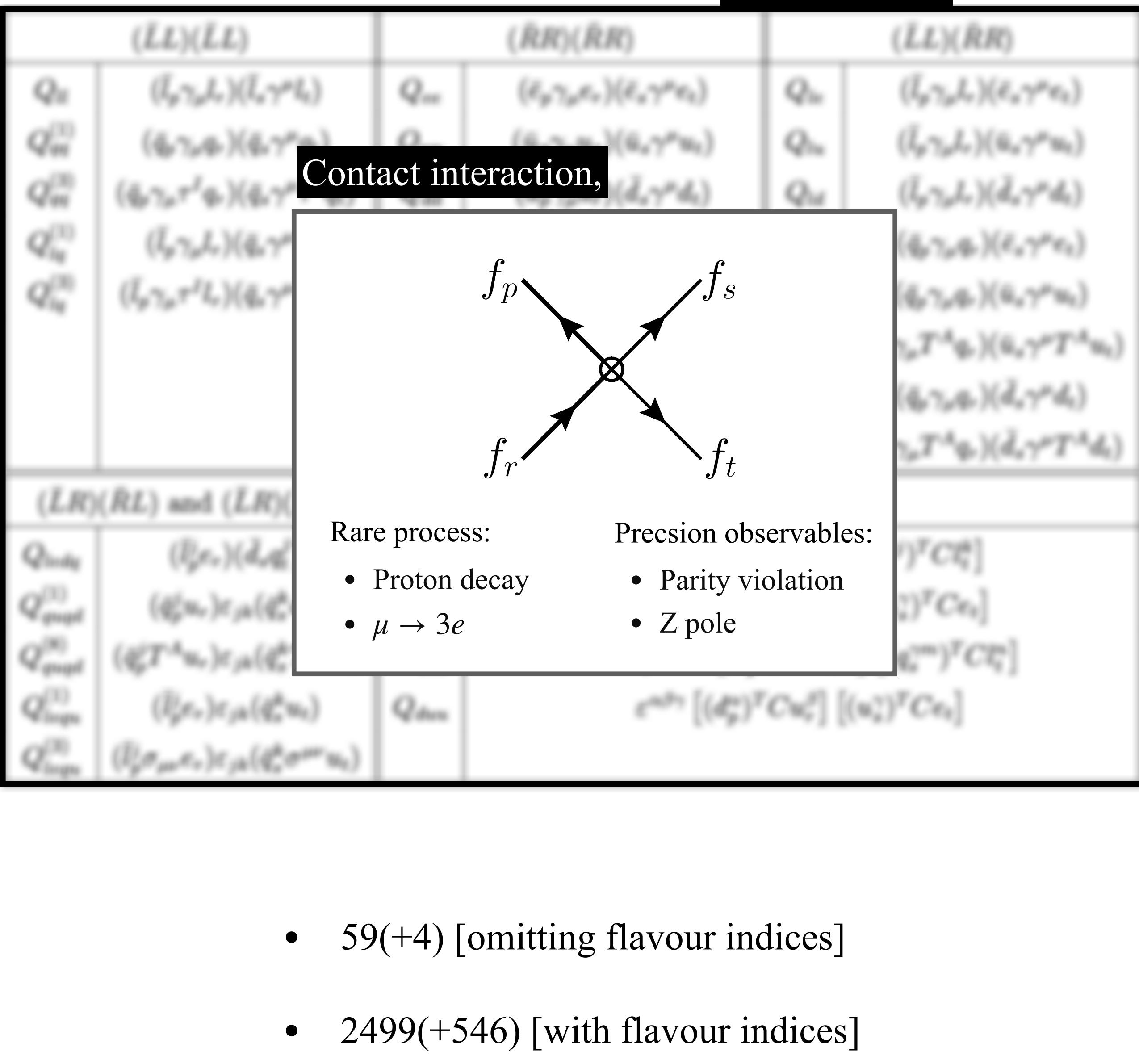
- 59(+4) [omitting flavour indices]

- 2499(+546) [with flavour indices]

Warsaw Basis

1) W. Buchmüller and D. Wyler, Nucl. Phys. B 268 (1986) 621
 2) B. Grzadkowski, M. Iskrzyński, M. Misiak and J. Rosiek [1008.4884]

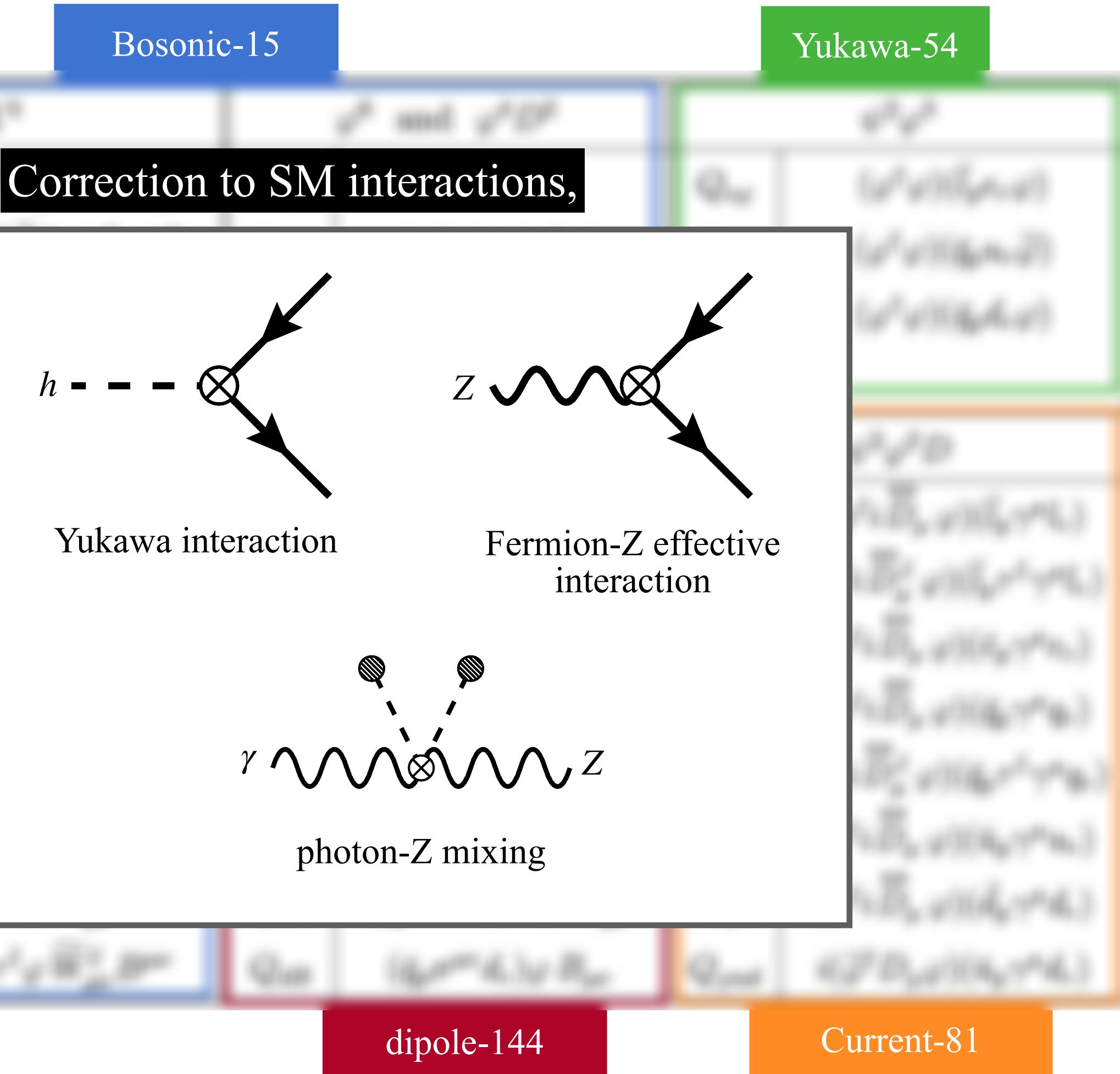
Bosonic-15		Yukawa-54	
X^3		φ^6 and $\varphi^4 D^2$	
Q_G	$f^{ABC} G_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$	Q_φ	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)^3$
$Q_{\tilde{G}}$	$f^{ABC} \tilde{G}_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi\square}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi) \square (\varphi^\dagger \varphi)$
Q_W	$\varepsilon^{IJK} W_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi D}$	$(\varphi^\dagger D^\mu \varphi)^* (\varphi^\dagger D_\mu \varphi)$
$Q_{\widetilde{W}}$	$\varepsilon^{IJK} \tilde{W}_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$	$\psi^2 \varphi^3$	
$X^2 \varphi^2$		$\psi^2 X \varphi$	
$Q_{\varphi G}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi G_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$	Q_{eW}	$(\bar{l}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r) \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{G}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$	Q_{eB}	$(\bar{l}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r) \varphi B_{\mu\nu}$
$Q_{\varphi W}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$	Q_{uG}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A u_r) \tilde{\varphi} G_{\mu\nu}^A$
$Q_{\varphi \widetilde{W}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$	Q_{uW}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r) \tau^I \tilde{\varphi} W_{\mu\nu}^I$
$Q_{\varphi B}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{uB}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r) \tilde{\varphi} B_{\mu\nu}$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{B}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{dG}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A d_r) \varphi G_{\mu\nu}^A$
$Q_{\varphi WB}$	$\varphi^\dagger \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{dW}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r) \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I$
$Q_{\varphi \widetilde{WB}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \tau^I \varphi \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	Q_{dB}	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r) \varphi B_{\mu\nu}$
dipole-144		Current-81	



Warsaw Basis

4 fermion-2751

1)W. Buchmüller and D. Wyler, Nucl. Phys. B 268 (1986) 621W. Buchmüller and D. Wyler, Nucl. Phys. B 268 (1986) 62
 2)B. Grzadkowski, M. Iskrzyński, M. Misiak and J. Rosiek[1008.4884]



- 59(+4) [omitting flavour indices]
 - 2499(+546) [with flavour indices]

Leading effect from D=6 operator

$$\mathcal{O} \sim \left| \mathcal{M}_{SM}^{(4)} + \sum_k \mathcal{M}_{k,LO}^{(6)} \right|^2 = \boxed{\mathcal{M}_{SM}^{(4)}} + \boxed{2Re \left(\sum_k \mathcal{M}_{SM}^{(4)*} \mathcal{M}_{k,LO}^{(6)} \right)} + \boxed{\mathcal{M}_{k,LO}^{(6)}} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{Precision} \\ \text{observable} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{O}(\Lambda^{-2}) \\ \mathcal{O}(\Lambda^{-4}) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{SM forbidden} \\ \text{process} \end{array}$$

Semi-leptonic/leptonic observables : Crucial for precision physics

Example:

- High energy: Hadronic cross-section (LEP), Drell-Yan process (Tevatron, LHC)
- Low energy: Parity violating process (PVES, PVDIS), β decay, CE ν NS

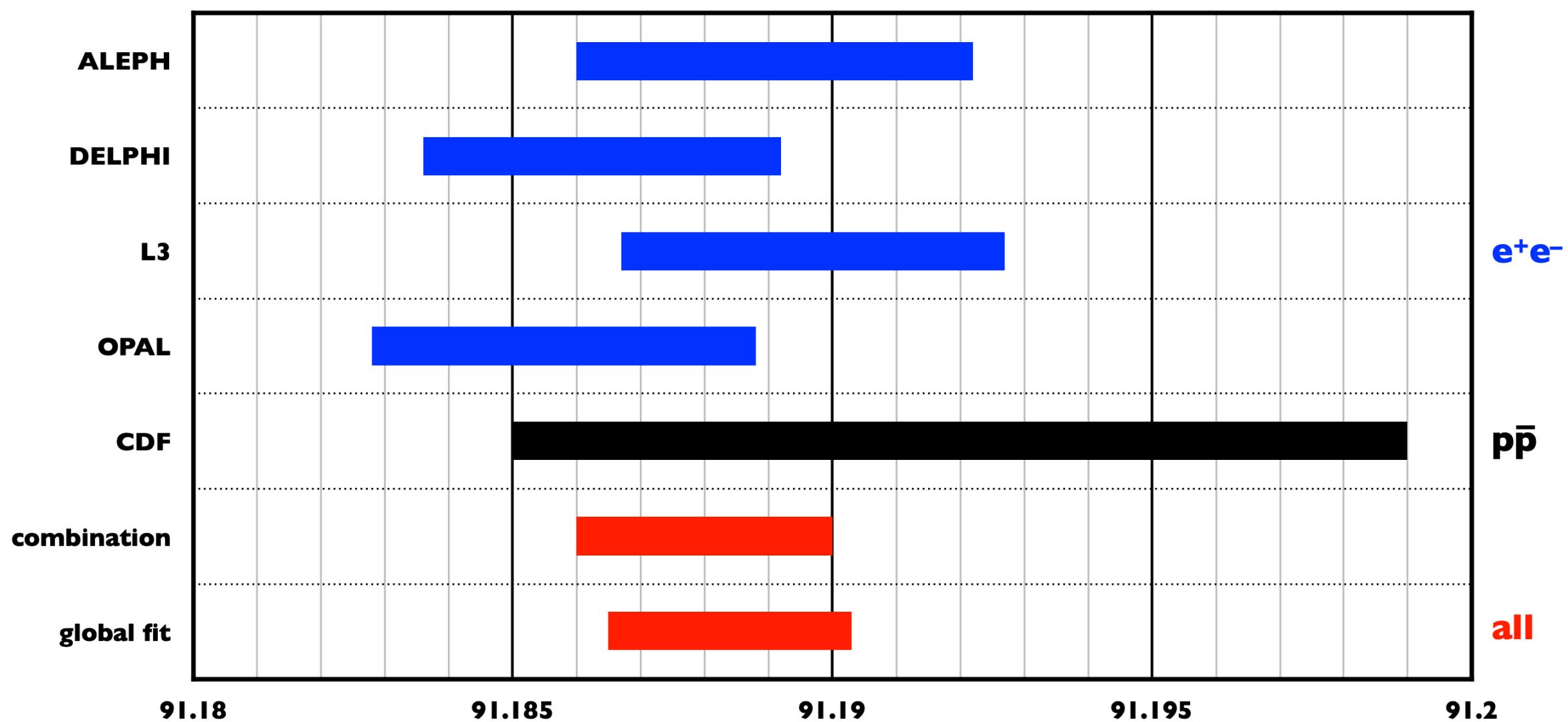
Z pole observables

LEP-1

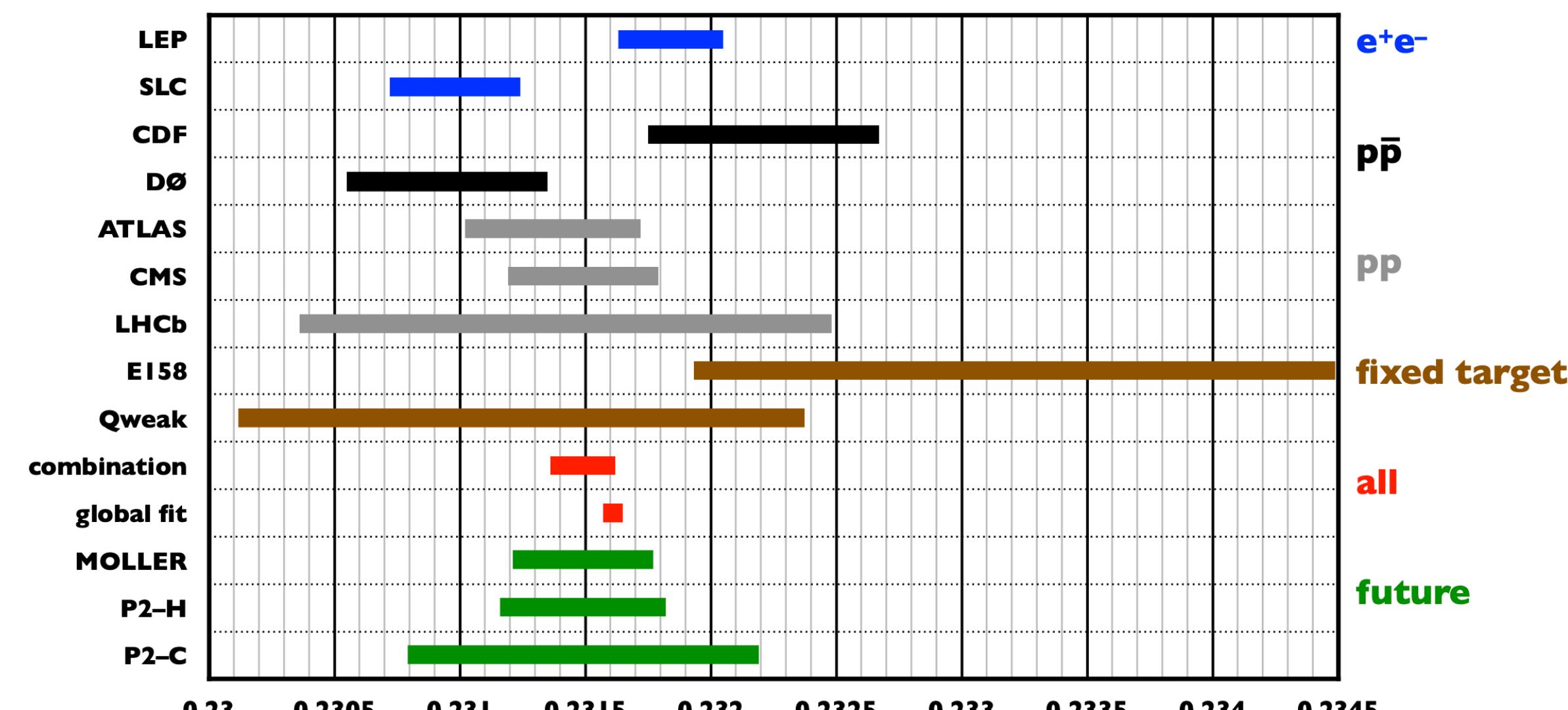
- Electron-positron collider to study Z pole observable ($E_{cm} \sim M_Z$)
- Observed 17 Million Z decays
- Precisely measured the Z parameters (M_Z , Γ_Z , g_{Xf} , $\sin^2 \theta_W$)

Jens Erler [arXiv: 2505.03457]

Mass of Z boson



$\sin^2 \theta_W$



Note: M_Z acts as a fixed point in SM

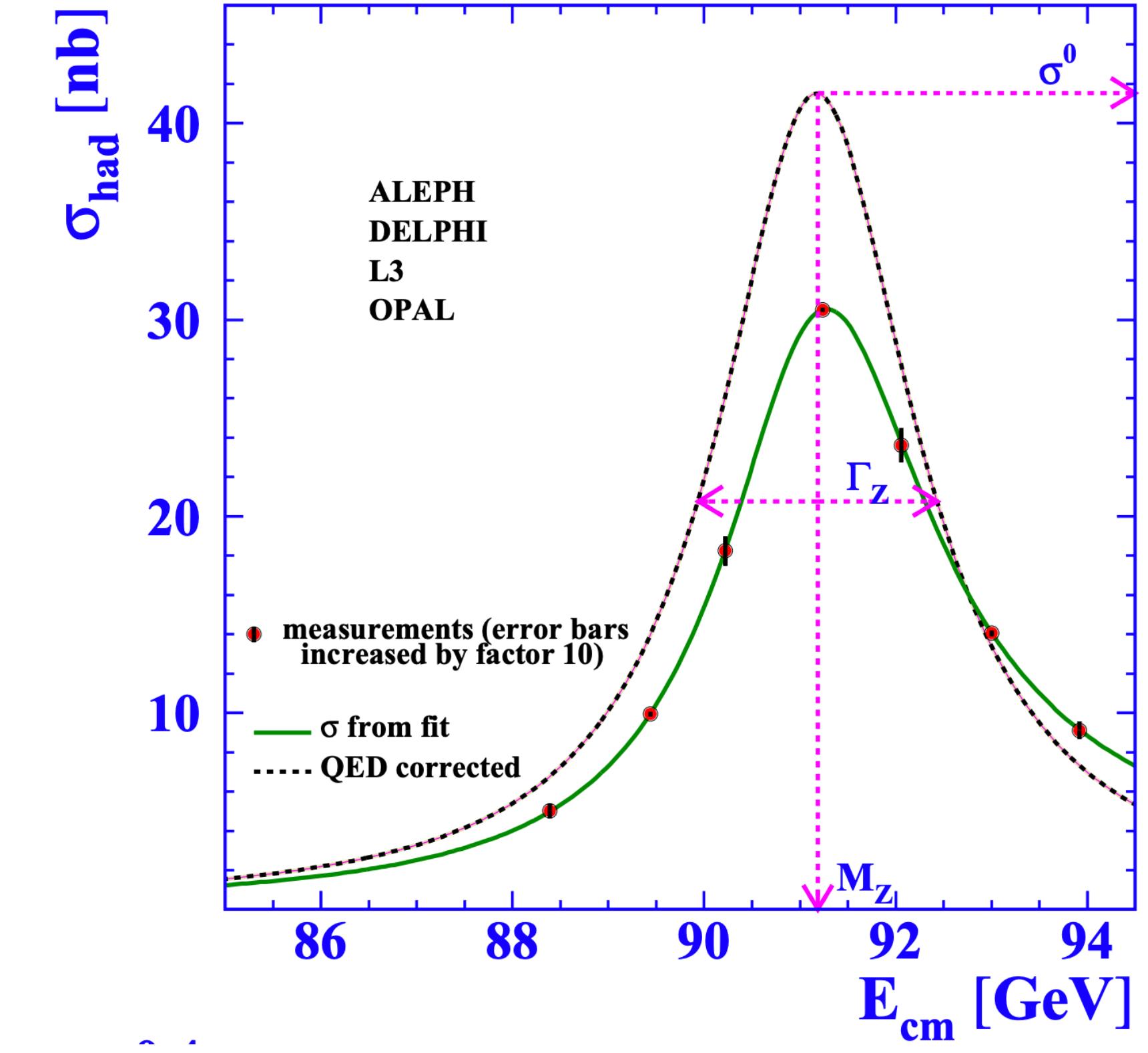
LEP measurements

LEP Report: Phys.Rept.427:257-454,2006

- LEP measures σ_{had} , $\sigma_{e,\mu,\tau}$ and $A_{FB}^{e,\mu,\tau}$
- The measured cross-section/ asymmetry around the Z-pole,

$$\sigma(s) = \int_{4m_f^2/s}^1 dz H_{QED}^{\text{tot}}(z, s) \underbrace{\sigma_{ew}(z, s)}_{\text{Electroweak kernel}}$$

QED deconvoluted,
o 36% larger
o 100 MeV shift in peak position



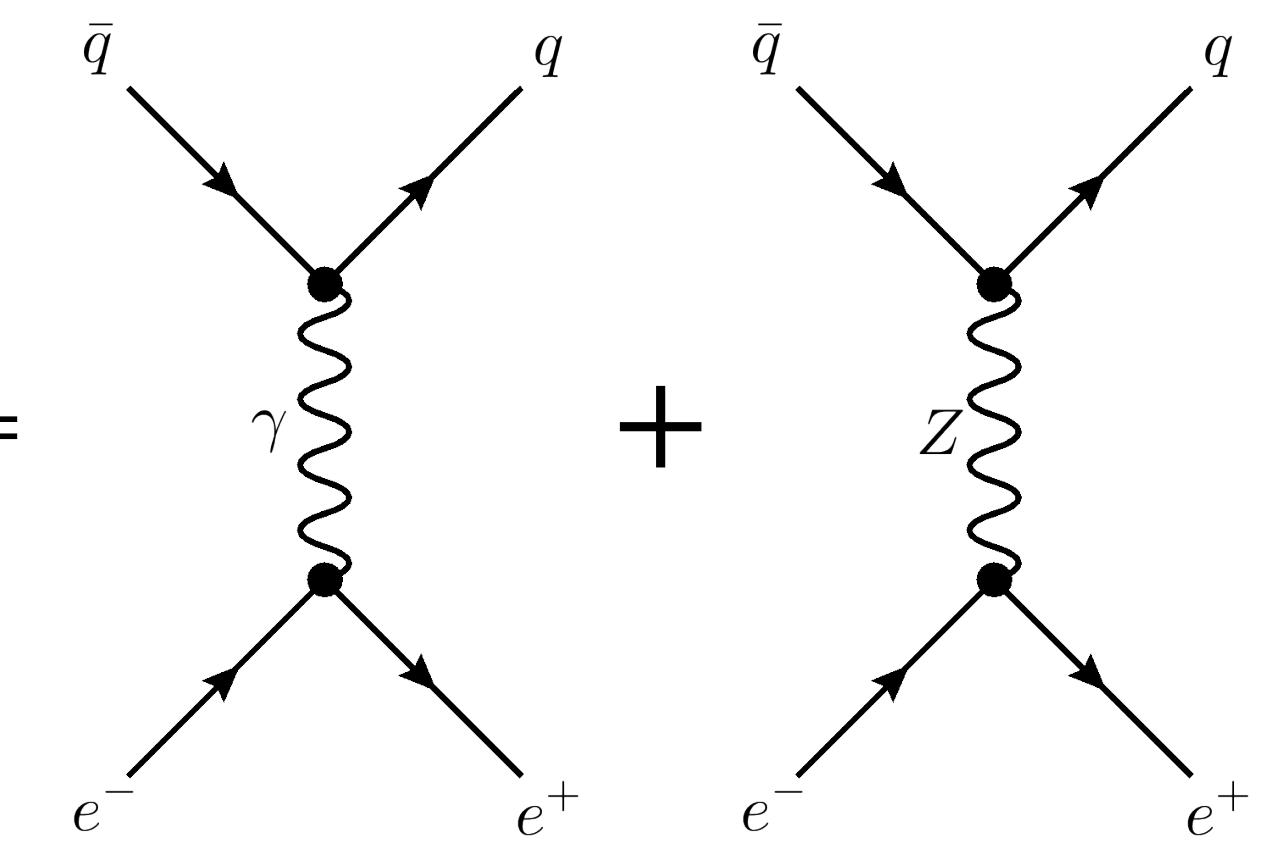
- Z resonance parameters are extracted after correcting for the QED effects

$$\sigma_{had} = \sum_{q \neq t} \sigma_{ew}^{q\bar{q}}$$

Electroweak Kernel σ_{ew}

- In SM, electroweak cross-section, $\sigma_{\text{ew}} \sim |\mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}}^{(4)}|^2$
- Cross-section is parametrised based on a **Breit-Wigner shape**,

$$\mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}}^{(4)} = \mathcal{M}_\gamma + \mathcal{M}_Z =$$

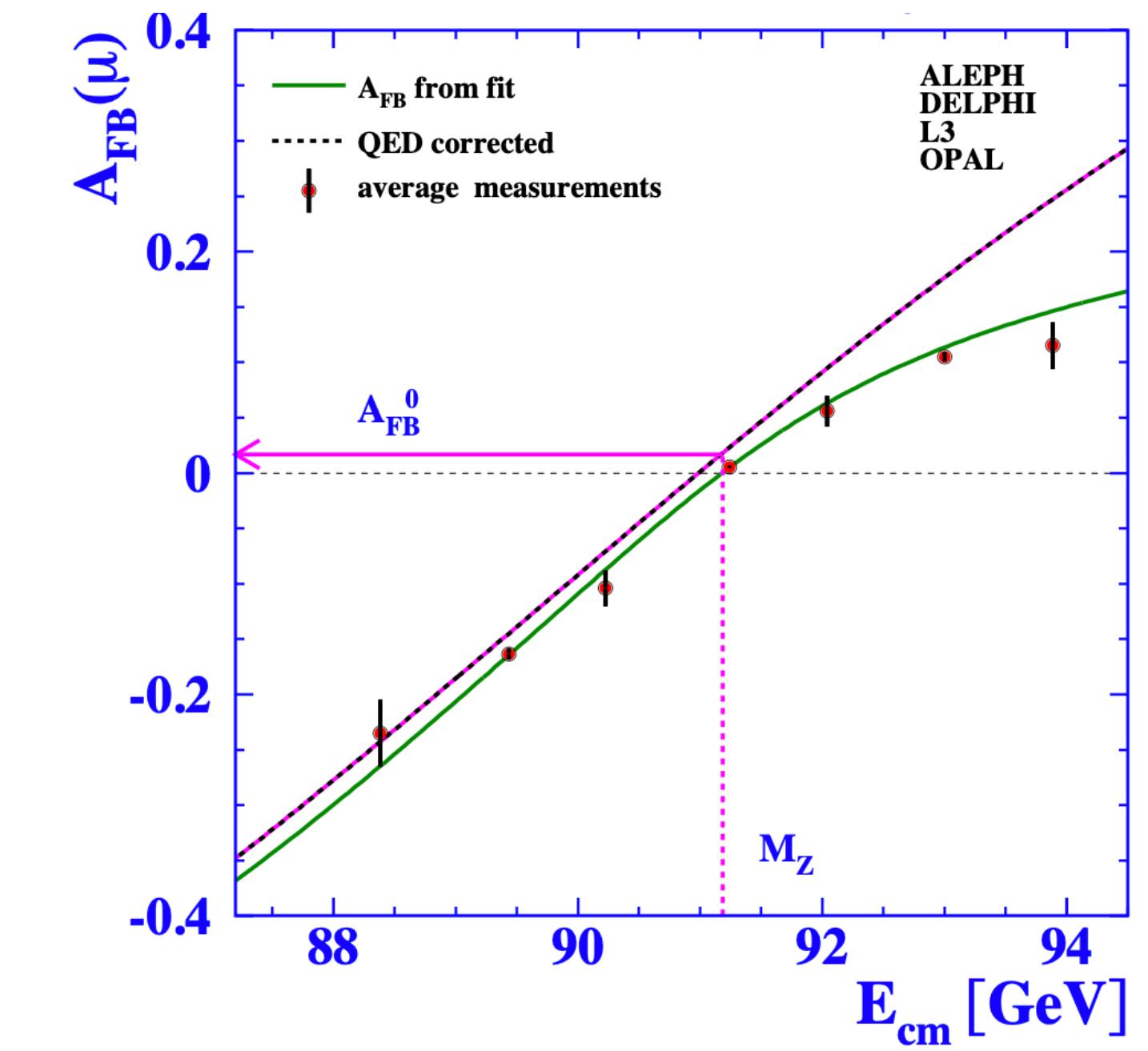


$$\sigma_Z = \sigma_{\text{ew}}^{\text{ff}}(s) = \sigma_0^{\text{ff}} \frac{1}{1 + \delta_{\text{QED}}} \frac{s\Gamma_Z^2}{(s - M_Z^2)^2 + \frac{s^2\Gamma_Z^2}{M_Z^2}} + \sigma_\gamma + \sigma_{\gamma Z}$$

Dominated at LEP 1

$< 1\% \text{ in SM}$

- Similarly forward-backward asymmetry, $A_{FB} = \frac{\sigma_F - \sigma_B}{\sigma_F + \sigma_B} = A_{FB}^Z + A_{FB}^{\gamma Z}$



LEP Report: Phys.Rept.427:257-454,2006

Electroweak Pseudo Observables (EWPO)

From Z pole measurements

$$\sigma_{\text{had}}, \sigma_{e,\mu,\tau}, A_{\text{FB}}^{e,\mu,\tau}$$

radiator function
+
fixing γ and γZ

9 EWPO's are extracted

Z parameters, M_Z , Γ_Z , σ_{had}^0

$$\text{Peak cross-section ratio, } R_1^0 = \frac{\sigma_{\text{had}}^0}{\sigma_1^0}$$

$$\text{Peak asymmetry, } A_{\text{FB}}^{0,1} = \frac{\sigma_F - \sigma_B}{\sigma_F + \sigma_B}$$

Without lepton universality

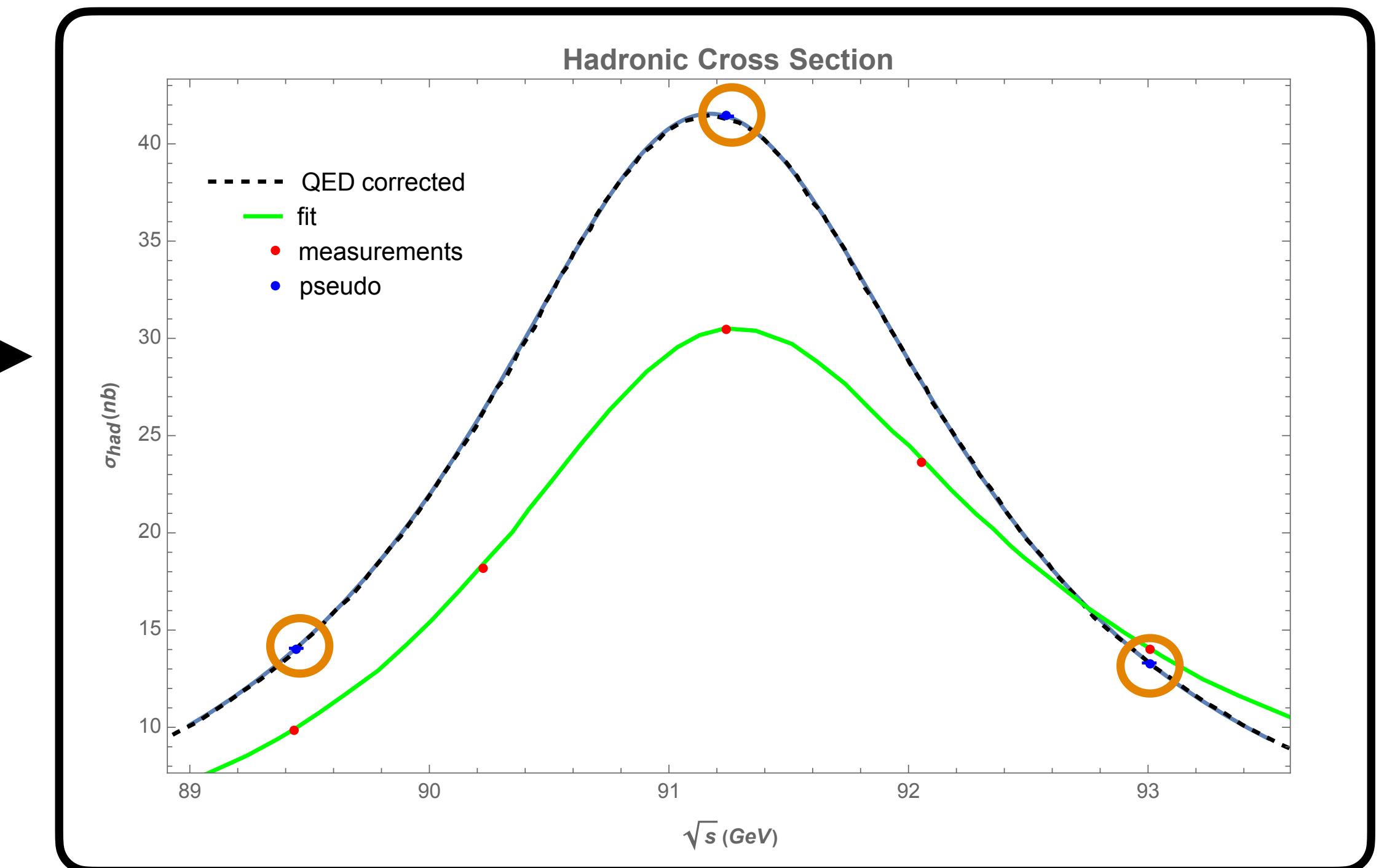
$\chi^2/\text{dof} = 32.6/27$	
m_Z [GeV]	91.1876 ± 0.0021
Γ_Z [GeV]	2.4952 ± 0.0023
σ_{had}^0 [nb]	41.541 ± 0.037
R_e^0	20.804 ± 0.050
R_μ^0	20.785 ± 0.033
R_τ^0	20.764 ± 0.045
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,e}$	0.0145 ± 0.0025
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,\mu}$	0.0169 ± 0.0013
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,\tau}$	0.0188 ± 0.0017

LEP Report: Phys.Rept.427:257-454,2006

Z-line shape

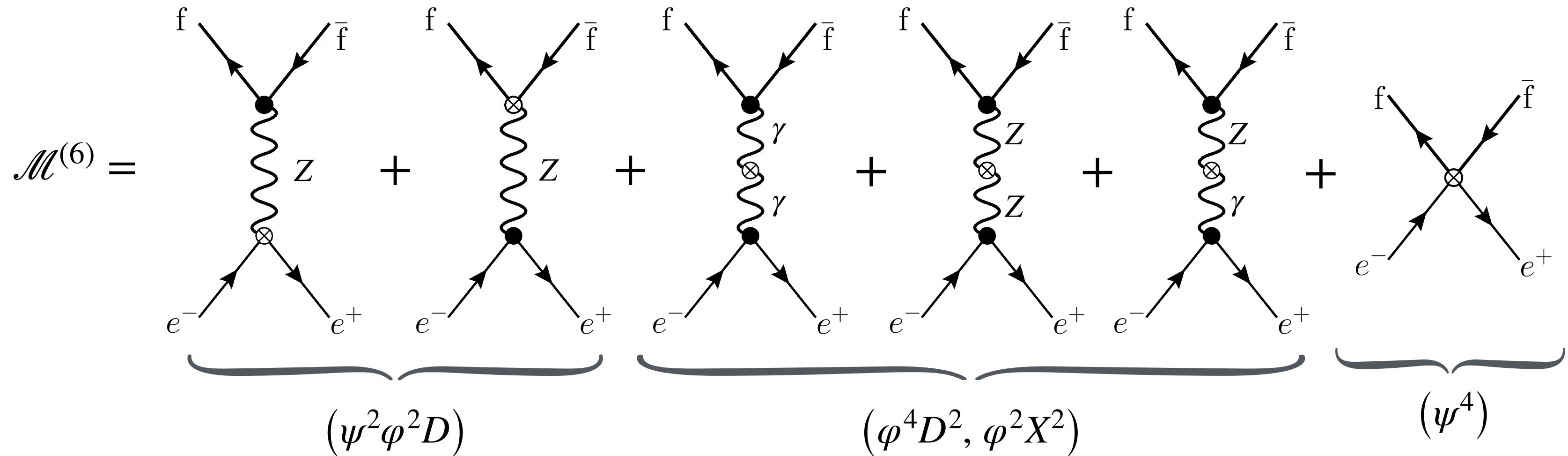
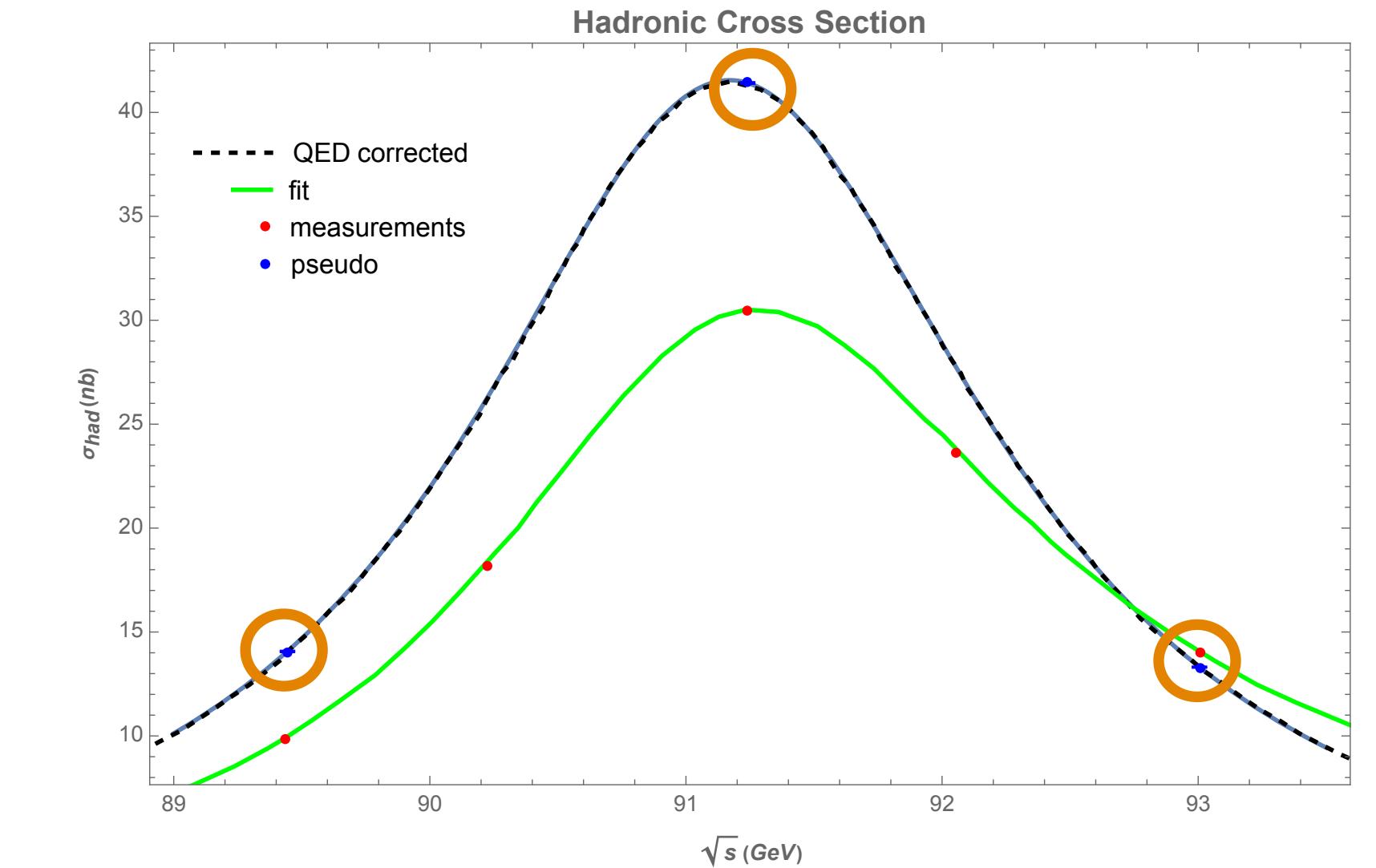
- Z line shape → determines M_Z and Γ_Z
- Branching fraction for Z to hadrons, neutrinos and leptons are 70%, 20% and 10%
- Hadronic cross-section at 89.4, 91.2 and 93.0 GeV

	Values	Correlations		
		M_Z	Γ_Z	σ_{had}^0
M_Z [GeV]	91.1876 ± 0.0021	1		
Γ_Z [GeV]	2.4952 ± 0.0023	-0.024	1	
σ_{had}^0 [nb]	41.541 ± 0.037	-0.044	-0.297	1



Hadronic cross-section

- Cross-section upto $\mathcal{O}(1/\Lambda^2)$, $\sigma_{\text{ew}} \sim \left| \mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}}^{(4)} \right|^2 + 2\text{Re} \left(\sum_k \mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}}^{(4)*} \mathcal{M}_{k,\text{LO}}^{(6)} \right)$
- Amplitudes from dim.6 operator,



- Total: 37 operators
- Family universal: 18 operators

Hadronic cross-section in SMEFT

$$\sigma_{ew}^{had}(s) = \sigma_0^{had} \frac{1}{1 + \delta_{QED}} \frac{s\Gamma_Z^2}{(s - M_Z^2)^2 + \frac{s^2\Gamma_Z^2}{M_Z^2}} + \sigma_\gamma^{had} + \sigma_{\gamma Z}^{had} + \sigma_{(6)}^{had}$$

SM input values

$$\begin{aligned}\sin^2 \hat{\theta}_W(\mu = M_Z) &= 0.23129 \\ M_Z &= 91.1876 \pm 0.0021 \text{ GeV} \\ \Gamma_Z &= 2.4952 \pm 0.0023 \text{ GeV} \\ \alpha_{em} &= 1/127.951 \\ G_F &= 1.1663788 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ GeV}^{-2}\end{aligned}$$

Linear combination of Wilson coefficient constrained by σ_{ew}^{had} ,

$$\sigma_{had}^{SM,89.4} + \frac{10^6}{\Lambda^2} \left(-12.86 C_{\varphi B} + \dots \right) + \frac{10^6}{\Lambda^2} \left(1.68 \left[C_{\varphi l}^{(1)} \right]_{11} + \dots \right) + \frac{10^3}{\Lambda^2} \left(3.46 \left[C_{lq}^{(1)} \right]_{1111} + \dots \right) = 14.065(30) \text{ nb}$$

$$\sigma_{had}^{SM,91.2} + \frac{10^6}{\Lambda^2} \left(+1.76 C_{\varphi B} + \dots \right) + \frac{10^6}{\Lambda^2} \left(5.19 \left[C_{\varphi l}^{(1)} \right]_{11} + \dots \right) + \frac{10^3}{\Lambda^2} \left(0.23 \left[C_{lq}^{(1)} \right]_{1111} + \dots \right) = 41.417(37) \text{ nb}$$

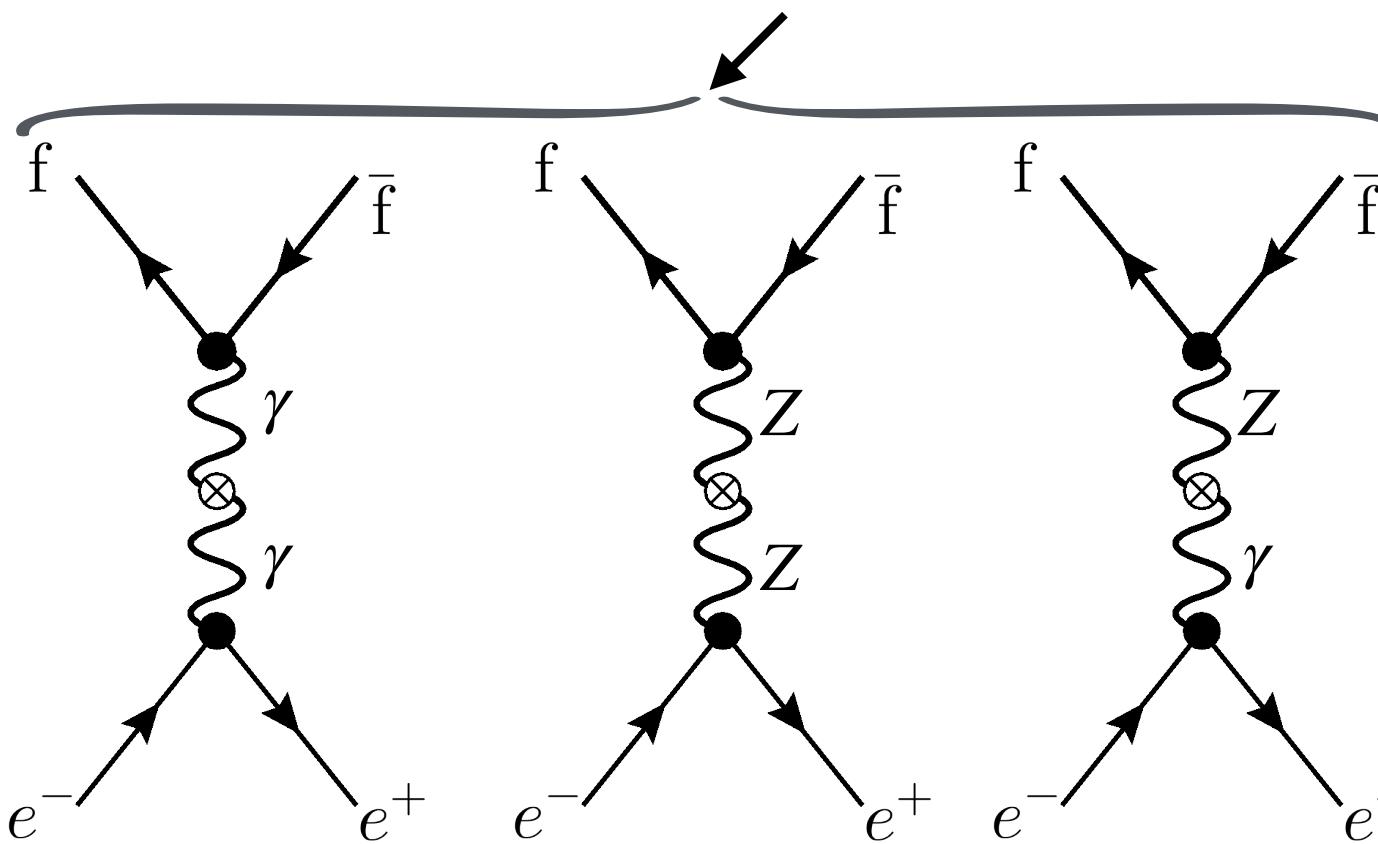
$$\sigma_{had}^{SM,93.0} + \frac{10^6}{\Lambda^2} \left(+12.45 C_{\varphi B} + \dots \right) + \frac{10^6}{\Lambda^2} \left(1.74 \left[C_{\varphi l}^{(1)} \right]_{11} + \dots \right) + \frac{10^3}{\Lambda^2} \left(-2.62 \left[C_{lq}^{(1)} \right]_{1111} + \dots \right) = 13.310(26) \text{ nb}$$

Hadronic cross-section in SMEFT

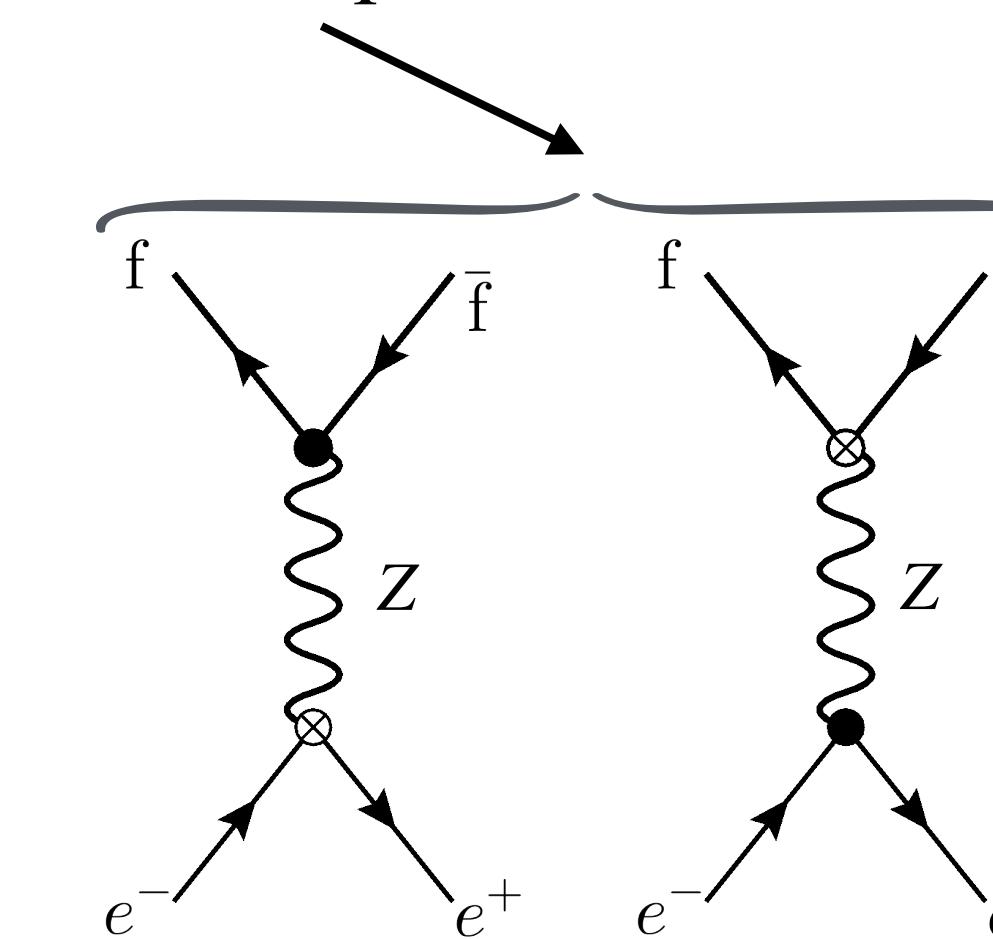
Linear combination of Wilson coefficient constrained by σ_{ew}^{had} ,

$\sigma_{had}^{SM,89.4}$	$+ \frac{10^6}{\Lambda^2} (-12.86 C_{\varphi B} + \dots)$	$+ \frac{10^6}{\Lambda^2} (1.68 [C_{\varphi l}^{(1)}]_{11} + \dots)$	$+ \frac{10^3}{\Lambda^2} (3.46 [C_{lq}^{(1)}]_{1111} + \dots)$	$= 14.065(30)\text{nb}$
$\sigma_{had}^{SM,91.2}$	$+ \frac{10^6}{\Lambda^2} (+1.76 C_{\varphi B} + \dots)$	$+ \frac{10^6}{\Lambda^2} (5.19 [C_{\varphi l}^{(1)}]_{11} + \dots)$	$+ \frac{10^3}{\Lambda^2} (0.23 [C_{lq}^{(1)}]_{1111} + \dots)$	$= 41.417(37)\text{nb}$
$\sigma_{had}^{SM,93.0}$	$+ \frac{10^6}{\Lambda^2} (+12.45 C_{\varphi B} + \dots)$	$+ \frac{10^6}{\Lambda^2} (1.74 [C_{\varphi l}^{(1)}]_{11} + \dots)$	$+ \frac{10^3}{\Lambda^2} (-2.62 [C_{lq}^{(1)}]_{1111} + \dots)$	$= 13.310(26)\text{nb}$

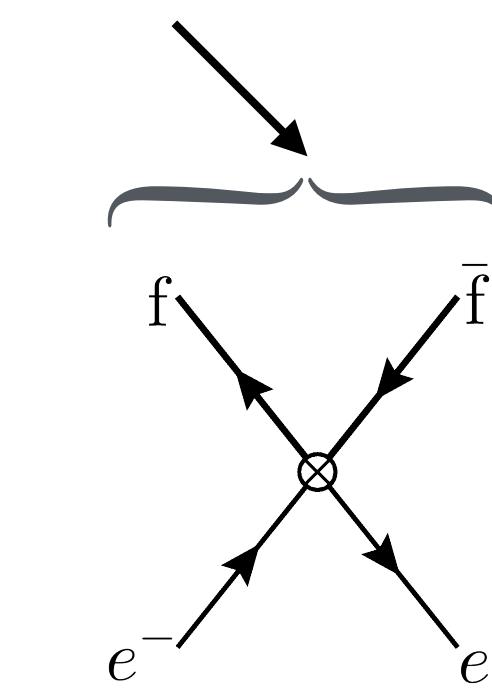
Bosonic opearator



Current opearator



Four fermion



Interference effect (Preliminary)

Current precision Future Z pole

	LEP1	CEPC & FCCee
$\Delta M_Z [\text{MeV}]$	2.1	0.1
$\Delta \Gamma_Z [\text{MeV}]$	2.3	0.025
$\Delta \sigma_{had}^0 [\text{nb}]$	0.37	0.002

arXiv: 1811.10545

$$\sigma_{ew}^{had}(s) = \sigma_0^{had} \frac{1}{1 + \delta_{QED}} \frac{s\Gamma_Z^2}{(s - M_Z^2)^2 + \frac{s^2\Gamma_Z^2}{M_Z^2}} + \underbrace{\sigma_\gamma^{had} + \sigma_{\gamma Z}^{had} + \sigma_{(6)}^{had}}$$

In presence of the four fermion operator

- $C_{lq}^{(3)} = \mathcal{O}(1), \Lambda = 5 \text{ TeV}$

EWPO	LEP 1	FCCee
Z mass [GeV]	0.13σ	2.8σ
Z decay width[GeV]	0.03σ	2.5σ
Pole cross-section [nb]	0.02σ	0.4σ

EWPO are blind to these non-resonant effects

Summary

- EWPO don't capture all BSM effects around the Z pole
- Interference effect can affect the extracted Z parameters
- Without flavour assumption 37 operators contribute to the hadronic cross-section
- Study the significance of dim.6 operators on off peak leptonic cross-section in Z pole
- Include Low energy PV observables (sensitive to four fermion operators)

Thank you.

Back up

Four fermion operator effects on EWPO

Assumption:

- $U(3)^5$ symmetry: $\left[C_{lq}^{(3)}\right]_{1111} = \left[C_{lq}^{(3)}\right]_{1122} = \left[C_{lq}^{(3)}\right]_{1133} = C_{lq}^{(3)}$
- $C_{lq}^{(3)} = \mathcal{O}(1)$
- $\Lambda = 1 \text{ TeV}, 5 \text{ TeV}$

EWPO	C=0(SM)	$\Lambda=1\text{TeV}$	$\Lambda=5\text{TeV}$
Z mass [GeV]	91.1876 ± 0.0021	91.1951 ± 0.0021 (2.5σ)	91.1879 ± 0.0021 (0.1σ)
Z decay width[GeV]	2.4952 ± 0.0023	2.4969 ± 0.0023 (0.5σ)	2.4953 ± 0.0023 (0.03σ)
Pole cross-section [nb]	41.541 ± 0.037	41.525 ± 0.037 (0.3σ)	41.540 ± 0.037 (0.02σ)

Future projection CEPC & FCCee

ΔM_Z	0.1 MeV
$\Delta \Gamma_Z$	0.025 MeV
$\Delta \sigma_{had}^0$	0.002 nb

arXiv: 1811.10545

Four fermion operator effects on EWPO

EWPO	SM	C3Hq	C3lq
Mz [GeV]	91.1876(21)	91.1876(21) (0 σ)	91.1879 \pm 0.0021 GeV (0.1 σ)
Z decay width[GeV]	2.4952(23)	2.4952(23) (0 σ)	2.4953 \pm 0.0023 GeV (0.03 σ)
Pole Cross section [nb]	41.541(37)	41.452(37) (1.7 σ)	41.540 \pm 0.037 GeV (0.02 σ)

Future projection CEPC & FCCee

ΔM_z	0.1 MeV
$\Delta \Gamma_z$	0.025 MeV
$\Delta \sigma_{\text{had}0}$	0.002 nb

Parity Violating Electron Scattering

Dominik Becker et.al. [1802.04759v2]

e-P scattering	
Parity asymmetry	$A_{PV} = -\frac{G_F Q^2}{4\pi\alpha_{em}\sqrt{2}} [Q_W(P) - F(E_i, Q^2)]$
Weak charge	$Q_W(P) = 2(2C_{1u} + C_{1d}) = 1 - 4s_W^2$
Hadronic/ Nuclear	$F(E_i, Q^2) = F^{EM}(E_i, Q^2) + F^A(E_i, Q^2) + F^S(E_i, Q^2)$

e-C scattering	
Parity asymmetry	$A_{PV} = -\frac{G_F Q^2}{4\pi\alpha_{em}\sqrt{2}} \frac{Q_W(^{12}C)}{Z} (1 + \Delta)$
Weak charge	$Q_W(^{12}C) = 36(C_{1u} + C_{1d}) = -24s_W^2$
Hadronic/ Nuclear	$\Delta = \frac{F_{wk}(Q^2)}{F_{ch}(Q^2)} - 1$

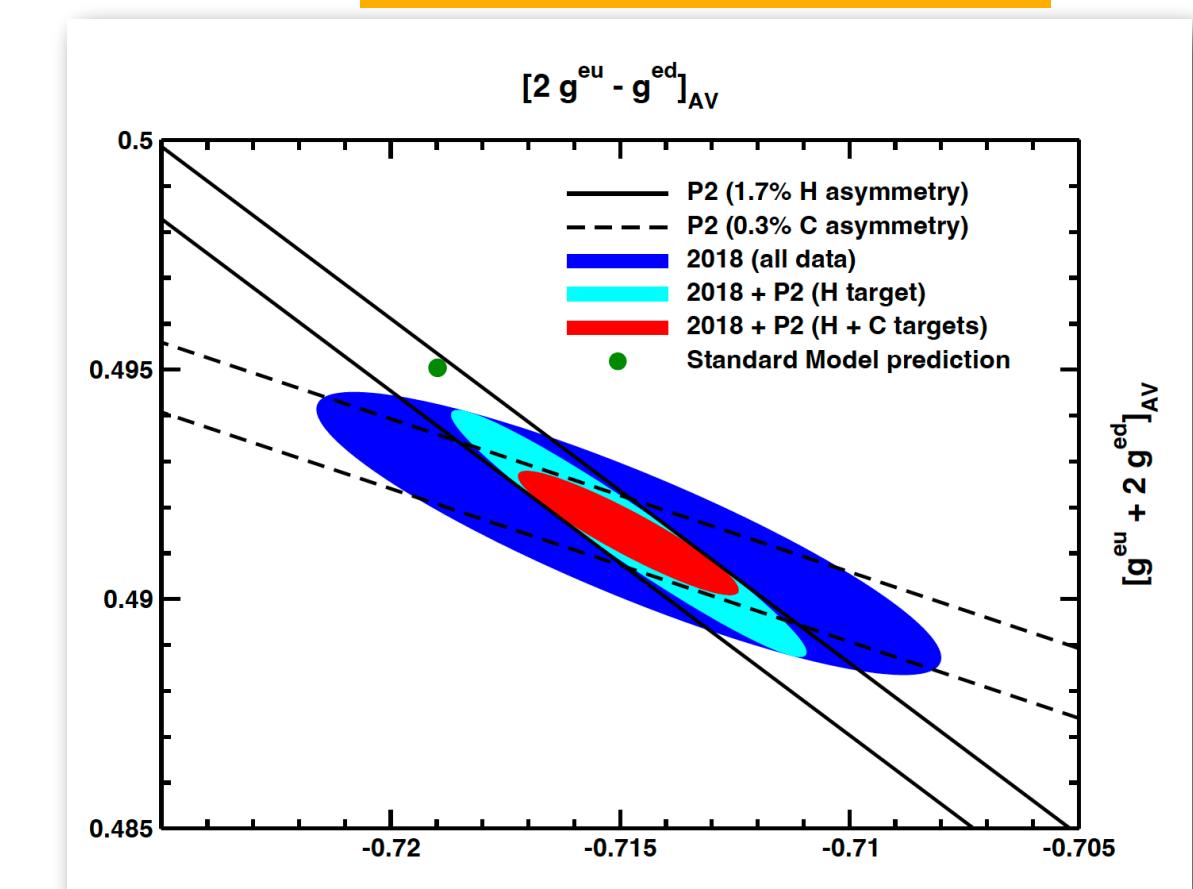
Oleksandr Koshchii et.al. [2005.00479v2]

Current Experimental constraints

Process	$Q^2[\text{GeV}^2]$	$A_{PV}[\text{ppm}]$	Combination	Exp.	SM
e-P	0.0248	-0.2265 $\pm 0.0073(\text{st})$ $\pm 0.0058(\text{sy})$	$2C_{1u} + C_{1d}$	0.0719 ± 0.0045	0.0711 ± 0.0002
e-C	0.0225	-0.60 $\pm 0.14(\text{st})$ $\pm 0.02(\text{sy})$	$C_{1u} + C_{1d}$	0.138 ± 0.034	0.1528

$C_{1q} = C_{1q}^{\text{SM}} + \delta C_{1q}$

- C_{1q}^{SM} is SM contribution
- δC_{1q} is leading BSM contribution from dim.6 operators



1) Weak collaboration[1905.08283]

2) P.A. Souder, R. Holmes, D.H. Kim, Krishna S. Kumar et.al.

Deep inelastic scattering process

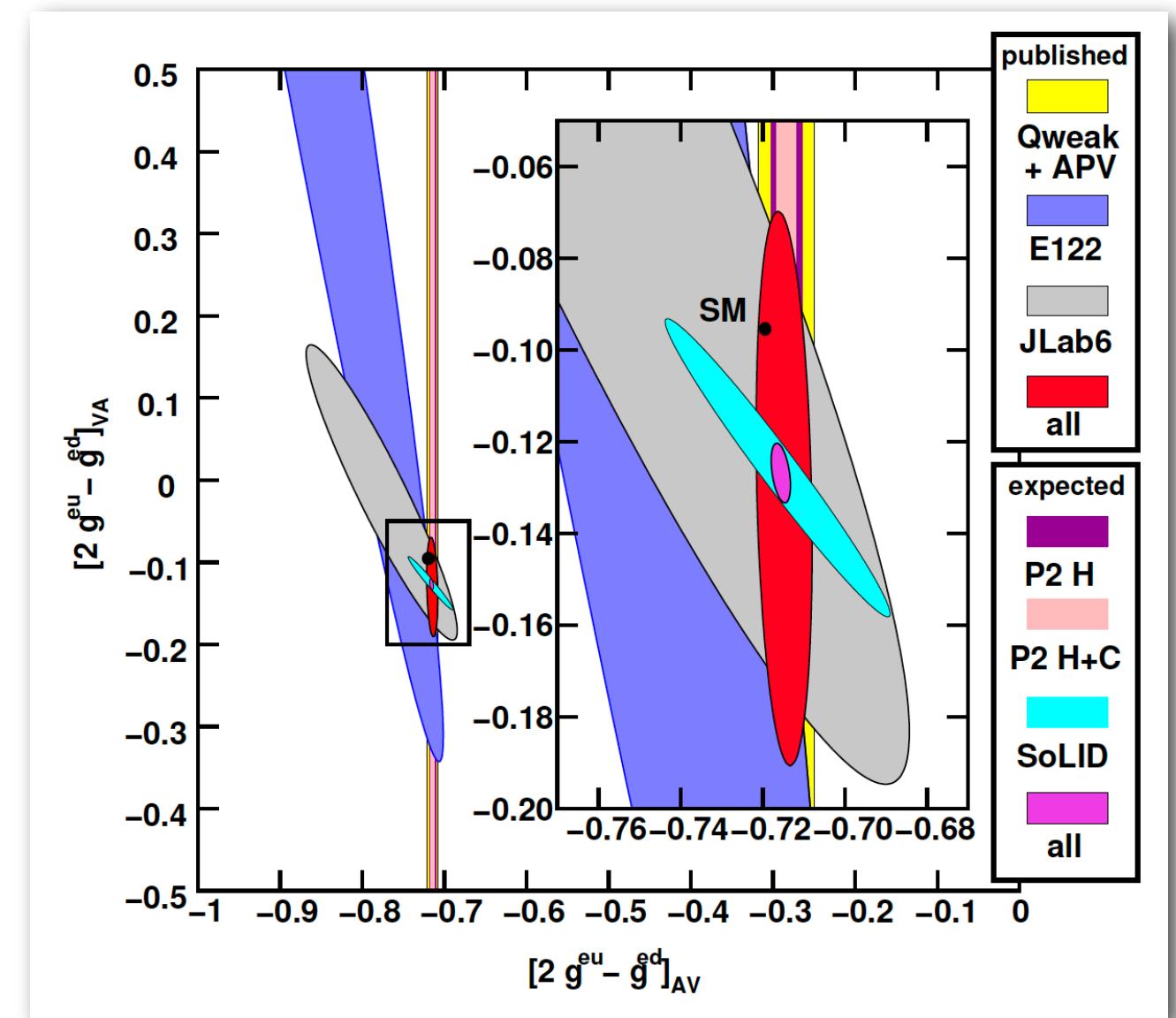
J. Arrington et.al.[2209.13357v1]

$$A_{PV} = A_{PV} \left(1 + \beta_{HT} \frac{1}{(1-x)^3 Q^2} + \beta_{CSV} x^2 \right)$$

Parity asymmetry	$A_{PV}^{SM} = -\frac{G_F Q^2}{4\pi\alpha_{em}\sqrt{2}} \left[a_1 + a_3 \frac{1-(1-y)^2}{1+(1-y)^2} \right]$	
	Axial-vector	Vector-axial
SM contribution	$a_1 = \frac{6}{5} (2C_{1u} - C_{1d})$	$a_3 = \frac{6}{5} (2C_{2u} - C_{2d})$

$$y = \frac{Q^2}{2M_N x E_1}$$

x is Bjorken scale
 M_N is mass of nucleons



Current Experimental constraints

The Jefferson Lab PVDIS Collaboration [doi:10.1038/nature12964]

	$Q^2[\text{GeV}^2]$	x	$A_{PV}[\text{ppm}]$	Combination	Exp.	SM
e-D	1.085	0.241	$-91.1 \pm 3.1(\text{st}) \pm 3.0(\text{sy})$	$2C_{1u} - C_{1d}$	-0.7165 ± 0.0068	-0.7193
	1.901	0.295	$-160.8 \pm 6.4(\text{st}) \pm 3.1(\text{sy})$	$2C_{2u} - C_{2d}$	-0.13 ± 0.06	-0.0950

Linear combinations

Process	Linear combination
e-P	$2\delta C_{1u} + \delta C_{1d} = 0.01 \pm 0.0045$
e-C	$\delta C_{1u} + \delta C_{1d} = 0.015 \pm 0.034$
e-D	$2\delta C_{1u} - \delta C_{1d} = 0.0028 \pm 0.006$
	$2\delta C_{2u} - \delta C_{2d} = -0.035 \pm 0.06$

Correction to fermion-Z vertices

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{l}_p \gamma^\mu l_r) \\
 & (\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I \varphi) (\bar{l}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu l_r) \\
 & (\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{e}_p \gamma^\mu e_r) \\
 & (\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{q}_p \gamma^\mu q_r) \\
 & (\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I \varphi) (\bar{q}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu q_r) \\
 & (\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{u}_p \gamma^\mu u_r) \\
 & (\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{d}_p \gamma^\mu d_r)
 \end{aligned}$$

4 fermione operators

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r) (\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t) \\
 & (\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r) (\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t) \\
 & (\bar{q}_p \gamma_\mu q_r) (\bar{e}_s \gamma^\mu e_t) \\
 & (\bar{e}_p \gamma_\mu e_r) (\bar{u}_s \gamma^\mu u_t) \\
 & (\bar{e}_p \gamma_\mu e_r) (\bar{d}_s \gamma^\mu d_t) \\
 & (\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu l_r) (\bar{q}_s \gamma^\mu q_t) \\
 & (\bar{l}_p \gamma_\mu \tau^I l_r) (\bar{q}_s \gamma^\mu \tau^I q_t)
 \end{aligned}$$

$l1 = \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix}$	$e1 = e_R$
$q1 = \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix}$	$d1 = d_R$
$u1 = u_R$	

In total 14 dim.6 operators contribute to the Parity violating process

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta C_{1u} &= \hat{g}_A^e \left[-C_{\varphi u 1} + \left(-C_{\varphi q 1}^{(1)} + C_{\varphi q 1}^{(3)} \right) \right] \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} + \hat{g}_V^u \left[-C_{\varphi e 1} - \left(-C_{\varphi l 1}^{(1)} - C_{\varphi l 1}^{(3)} \right) \right] \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} + \boxed{\left[C_{e1u1} + C_{q1e1} - C_{l1u1} - \left(C_{l1q1}^{(1)} - C_{l1q1}^{(3)} \right) \right] \frac{v^2}{2\Lambda^2}} \\
 \delta C_{1d} &= \hat{g}_A^e \left[-C_{\varphi d 1} + \left(-C_{\varphi q 1}^{(1)} - C_{\varphi q 1}^{(3)} \right) \right] \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} + \hat{g}_V^d \left[-C_{\varphi e 1} - \left(-C_{\varphi l 1}^{(1)} - C_{\varphi l 1}^{(3)} \right) \right] \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} + \boxed{\left[C_{e1d1} + C_{q1e1} - C_{l1d1} - \left(C_{l1q1}^{(1)} + C_{l1q1}^{(3)} \right) \right] \frac{v^2}{2\Lambda^2}} \\
 \delta C_{2u} &= \hat{g}_V^e \left[-C_{\varphi u 1} - \left(-C_{\varphi q 1}^{(1)} + C_{\varphi q 1}^{(3)} \right) \right] \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} + \hat{g}_A^u \left[-C_{\varphi e 1} + \left(-C_{\varphi l 1}^{(1)} - C_{\varphi l 1}^{(3)} \right) \right] \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} + \boxed{\left[C_{e1u1} - C_{q1e1} + C_{l1u1} - \left(C_{l1q1}^{(1)} - C_{l1q1}^{(3)} \right) \right] \frac{v^2}{2\Lambda^2}} \\
 \delta C_{2d} &= \hat{g}_V^e \left[-C_{\varphi d 1} - \left(-C_{\varphi q 1}^{(1)} - C_{\varphi q 1}^{(3)} \right) \right] \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} + \hat{g}_A^d \left[-C_{\varphi e 1} + \left(-C_{\varphi l 1}^{(1)} - C_{\varphi l 1}^{(3)} \right) \right] \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} + \boxed{\left[C_{e1d1} - C_{q1e1} + C_{l1d1} - \left(C_{l1q1}^{(1)} + C_{l1q1}^{(3)} \right) \right] \frac{v^2}{2\Lambda^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$