

Two-loop running in the SMEFT

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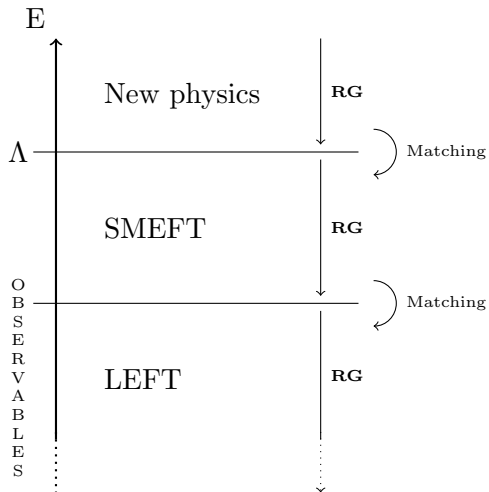
AEC
ALBERT EINSTEIN CENTER
FOR FUNDAMENTAL PHYSICS

with A. E. Thomsen, J. Fuentes-Martín,
and S. Kvedaraitė [2410.07320]



Introduction

- Top-down approach to EFTs



Introduction

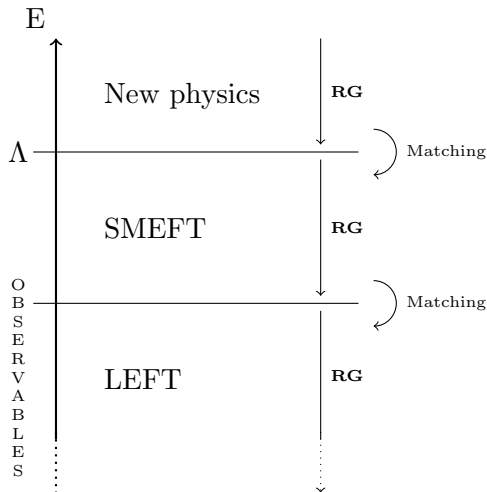
- Top-down approach to EFTs
- Why 2-loop?
 1. Theoretical precision required
 2. Scheme independence of one-loop matching

- Build on Matchete



Fuentes-Martín et al [2212.04510]

- Counterterms give β -functions



Effective action

$$\begin{aligned}\Gamma[\eta] = & S^{(0)} + \hbar S^{(1)} + \frac{i\hbar}{2} \text{STr} \{ \log Q \} + \hbar^2 S^{(2)} + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2} Q_{ij}^{-1} B_{ji}^{(1)} \\ & - \frac{\hbar^2}{8} D_{ijkl}^{(0)} Q_{ij}^{-1} Q_{kl}^{-1} + \frac{\hbar^2}{12} C_{ijk}^{(0)} Q_{il}^{-1} Q_{jm}^{-1} Q_{kn}^{-1} C_{lmn}^{(0)} + \mathcal{O}(\hbar^3)\end{aligned}$$

Effective action

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- Tree-level

Functional methods

Effective action

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- Tree-level
- One-loop

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- Tree-level
- One-loop
- Two-loop

Two-loop counterterms

$$\Gamma^{(2)}[\eta] = \hbar^2 S^{(2)} + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2} Q_{ij}^{-1} B_{ji}^{(1)} - \frac{\hbar^2}{8} D_{ijkl}^{(0)} Q_{ij}^{-1} Q_{kl}^{-1} + \frac{\hbar^2}{12} C_{ijk}^{(0)} Q_{il}^{-1} Q_{jm}^{-1} Q_{kn}^{-1} C_{lmn}^{(0)}$$

$$= \hbar^2 S^{(2)} + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2} \text{ (circle with vertex } B_{ji}^{(1)} \text{)} - \frac{\hbar^2}{8} \text{ (two touching circles with vertex } D_{ijkl}^{(0)} \text{)} + \frac{\hbar^2}{12} C_{ijk}^{(0)} \text{ (circle with two vertices } C_{lmn}^{(0)} \text{)}$$

Two-loop counterterms

$$\Gamma^{(2)}[\eta] = \hbar^2 S^{(2)} + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2} Q_{ij}^{-1} B_{ji}^{(1)} - \frac{\hbar^2}{8} D_{ijkl}^{(0)} Q_{ij}^{-1} Q_{kl}^{-1} + \frac{\hbar^2}{12} C_{ijk}^{(0)} Q_{il}^{-1} Q_{jm}^{-1} Q_{kn}^{-1} C_{lmn}^{(0)}$$

$$= \hbar^2 S^{(2)} + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2} \text{ (circle with } B_{ji}^{(1)} \text{)} - \frac{\hbar^2}{8} \text{ (two circles with } D_{ijkl}^{(0)} \text{)} + \frac{\hbar^2}{12} C_{ijk}^{(0)} \text{ (circle with } C_{lmn}^{(0)} \text{)}$$

Background field method:

$$\Phi \rightarrow \phi + \phi$$

Two-loop counterterms: Simple example

B

C

D

Q^{-1}

$$\mathcal{L}(\Phi) = \partial_\mu \Phi^\dagger \partial^\mu \Phi - m^2 \Phi^\dagger \Phi - \frac{\lambda}{4} (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^2 - \frac{\eta}{36} (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^3 + \dots$$

$B_{ji}^{(1)}$: One-loop counterterm insertions



Two-loop counterterms: Simple example

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$$\mathcal{L}(\Phi) = \partial_\mu \Phi^\dagger \partial^\mu \Phi - m^2 \Phi^\dagger \Phi - \frac{\lambda}{4} (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^2 - \frac{\eta}{36} (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)^3 + \dots$$

$$C_{\phi^\dagger \phi \phi^\dagger}^{(0)}(\phi, x) = \left. \frac{\delta^3 S^{(0)}[\phi + \phi]}{\delta \phi^\dagger \delta \phi \delta \phi^\dagger} \right|_{\phi=0} = -\lambda \phi - \frac{\eta}{2} \phi \phi^\dagger \phi + \dots$$

$$C_{\phi \phi \phi}^{(0)}(\phi, x) = -\frac{\eta}{6} \phi^\dagger \phi^\dagger \phi^\dagger + \dots$$

$\vdots$

Two-loop counterterms: Simple example

B

C

D

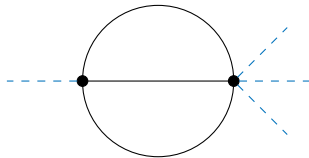
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$$D_{\phi \phi \phi \phi}^{(0)}(\phi, x) = 0$$

$\vdots$

Two-loop counterterms: Simple example

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C

D

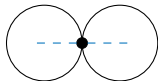
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$$Q^{-1}(\phi, x, k) = \frac{1}{(k + i\partial)^2 - X(\phi, x)} = \frac{1}{k^2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{X(\phi, x) + \partial^2 - 2ik_\mu \partial^\mu}{k^2} \right)^n$$

Two-loop counterterms: Simple example

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$$Q_{\phi^\dagger \phi}^{-1}(\phi, x, k) \supset \text{---} \overset{X_{\phi\phi^\dagger}}{\bullet} \overset{\partial^2}{\bullet} \overset{X_{\phi\phi^\dagger}}{\bullet} \text{---} = \frac{X_{\phi\phi^\dagger} \partial^2 X_{\phi\phi^\dagger}}{k^8}$$

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$$X_{\phi\phi^\dagger}(\phi, x) = m^2 + \lambda \phi^\dagger \phi + \frac{\eta}{4} (\phi^\dagger \phi)^2 + \dots$$

Two-loop counterterms: Simple example

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$$Q_{\phi^\dagger \phi}^{-1}(\phi, x, k) \supset \text{---} \bullet \text{---} \overset{\partial^2}{\text{---}} \bullet \text{---} \bullet \text{---} = \lambda^2 \frac{(\phi^\dagger \phi) \partial^2 (\phi^\dagger \phi)}{k^8}$$

$$X_{\phi \phi^\dagger}(\phi, x) = m^2 + \lambda \phi^\dagger \phi + \frac{\eta}{4} (\phi^\dagger \phi)^2 + \dots$$

Two-loop counterterms: Simple example

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$$G_{\text{f8}} = \text{Diagram} = \int_x \int_{kl} D_{ijkl}^{(0)}(\phi, x) Q_{ij}^{-1}(\phi, x, k) Q_{kl}^{-1}(\phi, x, l)$$

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$$G_{\text{f8}} \supset \int_x \int_{kl} D_{\phi^\dagger \phi \phi^\dagger \phi}^{(0)}(\phi, x) \left(\frac{1}{(k + i\partial)^2 - X(\phi, x)} \right)_{\phi^\dagger \phi} \left(\frac{1}{(l + i\partial)^2 - X(\phi, x)} \right)_{\phi^\dagger \phi}$$

Two-loop counterterms: Integrals

$$\int_x \int_{kl} D_{\phi^\dagger \phi \phi^\dagger \phi}^{(0)}(\phi, x) \left(\frac{1}{(k + i\partial)^2 - X(\phi, x)} \right)_{\phi^\dagger \phi} \left(\frac{1}{(l + i\partial)^2 - X(\phi, x)} \right)_{\phi^\dagger \phi}$$

- Subdivergences
- Spurious IR divergences

Two-loop counterterms: Integrals

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- Subdivergences
- Spurious IR divergences

Solution: R^* -method

Two-loop counterterms: R^* -method

R^* -method:

$$\overline{\text{MS}} \text{ counterterm} \quad \swarrow \quad \searrow \text{Extracts } \epsilon \text{ poles}$$
$$\Delta_{\text{UV}}(G) = -K \bar{R}^* \mathcal{T}^{(n)} G$$

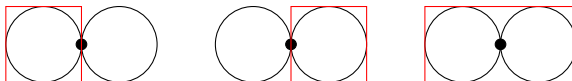
$$\bar{R}^* = \sum_{S, S'} \Delta_{\text{IR}}(S') * \Delta_{\text{UV}}(S) * G/S \setminus S'$$

Two-loop counterterms: R^* -method

R^* -method:

$$\overline{\text{MS}} \text{ counterterm} \quad \text{Extracts } \epsilon \text{ poles}$$
$$\Delta_{\text{UV}}(G) = -K \bar{R}^* \mathcal{T}^{(n)} G$$

$$\bar{R}^* = \sum_{S, S'} \Delta_{\text{IR}}(S') * \Delta_{\text{UV}}(\textcolor{red}{S}) * G / \textcolor{red}{S} \setminus S'$$



Two-loop counterterms: Integrals

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta_{\text{UV}}(G_{\text{f8}}) &\supset -K\bar{R}^*\mathcal{T}^{(4)} \int_x \int_{kl} D_{\phi^\dagger\phi\phi^\dagger\phi}(\phi, x) \left(\frac{1}{(k+i\partial)^2 - X(\phi, x)} \right)_{\phi^\dagger\phi} \left(\frac{1}{(l+i\partial)^2 - X(\phi, x)} \right)_{\phi^\dagger\phi} \\ &\supset -K\bar{R}^* \int_x \int_{kl} D_{\phi^\dagger\phi\phi^\dagger\phi}(\phi, x) \frac{X_{\phi^\dagger\phi}(\phi, x)}{k^4} \frac{X_{\phi^\dagger\phi}(\phi, x)}{l^4}\end{aligned}$$

Two-loop counterterms: Integrals

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta_{\text{UV}}(G_{\text{f8}}) &\supset -K\bar{R}^*\mathcal{T}^{(4)} \int_x \int_{kl} D_{\phi^\dagger\phi\phi^\dagger\phi}(\phi, x) \left(\frac{1}{(k+i\partial)^2 - X(\phi, x)} \right)_{\phi^\dagger\phi} \left(\frac{1}{(l+i\partial)^2 - X(\phi, x)} \right)_{\phi^\dagger\phi} \\ &\supset -K\bar{R}^* \int_x \int_{kl} D_{\phi^\dagger\phi\phi^\dagger\phi}(\phi, x) \frac{X_{\phi^\dagger\phi}(\phi, x)}{k^4} \frac{X_{\phi^\dagger\phi}(\phi, x)}{l^4} \propto -K\bar{R}^* \int_{kl} \frac{1}{(k^2 - \textcolor{red}{a})^2} \frac{1}{(l^2 - \textcolor{red}{a})^2}\end{aligned}$$

- IR rearrangement removes spurious IR divergences

Two-loop counterterms: Integrals

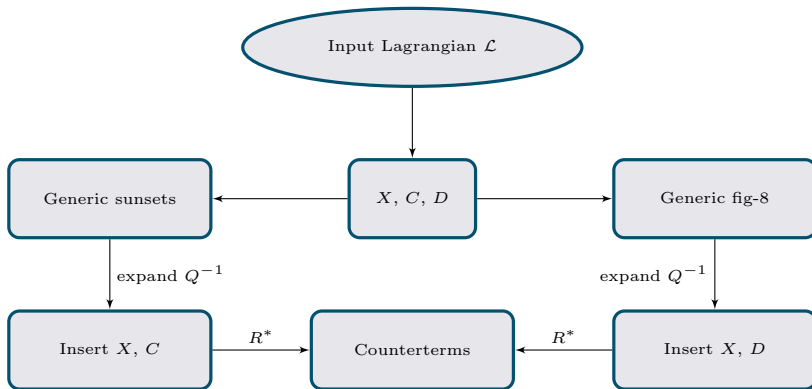
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- IR rearrangement removes spurious IR divergences
- UV subdivergences: $\int_k \frac{1}{(k^2-a)^2}$ and $\int_l \frac{1}{(l^2-a)^2}$

$$\Delta_{\text{UV}} \left(\text{Diagram 1} \right) = -K \left(\text{Diagram 2} + 2\Delta_{\text{UV}} \left(\text{Diagram 3} \right) * \text{Diagram 4} \right)$$

Diagram 1: Two circles joined at a single vertex (a figure-eight shape).
 Diagram 2: Two circles joined at two vertices, with an external vertex on the right.
 Diagram 3: Two separate circles, each with an external vertex.
 Diagram 4: A single circle with an external vertex.

Code structure



Code structure

Lag // NiceForm

$$-\frac{1}{4} B^{\mu\nu 2} - \frac{1}{4} G^{\mu\nu A 2} - \frac{1}{4} W^{\mu\nu I 2} + D_\mu H_i D_\mu H^i + \mu^2 H_i H^i - \frac{1}{2} \lambda H_i H_j H^i H^j + c H H_i H_j H_k H^i H^j H^k$$

CountertermLagrangian[Lag, EFTOrder → 6] // NiceForm

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{1}{24} h \frac{1}{e} g Y^2 + \frac{1}{16} h^2 \frac{1}{e} (3 g L^2 g Y^2 + g Y^4) \right) B^{\mu\nu 2} + \left(-\frac{7}{2} h \frac{1}{e} g S^2 - \frac{183}{16} h^2 \frac{1}{e} g S^4 \right) G^{\mu\nu A 2} + \left(-\frac{55}{24} h \frac{1}{e} g L^2 + \frac{1}{16} h^2 \frac{1}{e} (-77 g L^4 + g L^2 g Y^2) \right) W^{\mu\nu I 2} - \\ & \left(\frac{1}{2} h \frac{1}{e} (-3 g L^2 - g Y^2) + h^2 \left(\frac{3}{16} \frac{1}{e^2} (29 g L^4 - 4 g L^2 g Y^2 - g Y^4) + \frac{1}{192} \frac{1}{e} (-1179 g L^4 + 54 g L^2 g Y^2 + 31 g Y^4 + 144 \lambda^2) \right) \right) D_\mu H_i D_\mu H^i + \\ & \left(-\frac{1}{4} h \frac{1}{e} \mu^2 (3 g L^2 + g Y^2 - 12 \lambda) + h^2 \left(\frac{3}{32} \frac{1}{e} \mu^2 (5 g L^4 + 7 g Y^4 + 32 \lambda g Y^2 - 48 \lambda^2 + 2 g L^2 (g Y^2 + 48 \lambda)) + \frac{1}{32} \frac{1}{e^2} \mu^2 (185 g L^4 + 19 g Y^4 + 6 g L^2 (7 g Y^2 - 48 \lambda) - 96 \lambda g Y^2 + 144 (3 \lambda^2 + 8 c H \mu^2)) \right) \right) H_i H^i + \\ & \left(\frac{1}{16} h \frac{1}{e} (-9 g L^4 - 3 g Y^4 - 6 g L^2 (g Y^2 - 2 \lambda) + 4 \lambda g Y^2 - 48 (\lambda^2 + 4 c H \mu^2)) + h^2 \left(\frac{1}{64} \frac{1}{e^2} (225 g L^6 - 5 g Y^6 + g L^4 (57 g Y^2 - 336 \lambda) - 76 \lambda g Y^4 + 240 g Y^2 (\lambda^2 + 4 c H \mu^2) - 1152 (\lambda^3 + 14 \lambda c H \mu^2) + g L^2 (-17 g Y^4 - 168 \lambda g Y^2 + 720 (\lambda^2 + 4 c H \mu^2))) \right) \right) H_i H_j H^i H^j + \\ & \frac{1}{192} \frac{1}{e} (-1449 g L^6 + 59 g Y^6 + 3 g L^4 (37 g Y^2 - 102 \lambda) - 198 \lambda g Y^4 - 144 g Y^2 (3 \lambda^2 + 16 c H \mu^2) + 288 (7 \lambda^3 + 48 \lambda c H \mu^2) + g L^2 (239 g Y^4 - 180 \lambda g Y^2 - 432 (3 \lambda^2 + 16 c H \mu^2))) H_i H_j H^i H^j + \\ & \left(-\frac{3}{4} h \frac{1}{e} c H (3 g L^2 + g Y^2 - 36 \lambda) + h^2 \left(\frac{9}{32} \frac{1}{e} c H (77 g L^4 + 19 g Y^4 + 6 g L^2 (7 g Y^2 - 72 \lambda) - 144 \lambda g Y^2 + 1584 \lambda^2) + \frac{9}{32} \frac{1}{e} c H (29 g L^4 + 15 g Y^4 + 64 \lambda g Y^2 - 816 \lambda^2 + 6 g L^2 (3 g Y^2 + 32 \lambda)) \right) \right) H_i H_j H_k H^i H^j H^k - \\ & 6 h^2 \frac{1}{e} \lambda c H (H_i D^2 H_j H^i H^j + H_i H_j D^2 H^i H^j) \end{aligned}$$

Bosonic SMEFT

15 effective operators in the bosonic SMEFT:

	$X^2 H^2$		X^3
C_{HB}	$H^\dagger H B^{\mu\nu} B_{\mu\nu}$	C_W	$f^{IJK} W_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$
C_{HW}	$H^\dagger H W^{I\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^I$	C_G	$f^{ABC} G_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$
C_{HG}	$H^\dagger H G^{A\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A$	$C_{\widetilde{W}}$	$f^{IJK} \widetilde{W}_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$
$C_{H\widetilde{B}}$	$H^\dagger H B^{\mu\nu} \widetilde{B}_{\mu\nu}$	$C_{\widetilde{G}}$	$f^{ABC} \widetilde{G}_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$
$C_{H\widetilde{W}}$	$H^\dagger H W^{I\mu\nu} \widetilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I$		$H^4 D^2$ and H^6
$C_{H\widetilde{G}}$	$H^\dagger H G^{A\mu\nu} \widetilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^A$	C_H	$(H^\dagger H)^3$
C_{HWPB}	$H^\dagger H \tau^I B^{\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$C_{H\Box}$	$H^\dagger H \Box (H^\dagger H)$
$C_{H\widetilde{W}B}$	$H^\dagger H \tau^I B^{\mu\nu} \widetilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I$	C_{HD}	$(H^\dagger D_\mu H)^\dagger (H^\dagger D^\mu H)$

Bosonic SMEFT

15 effective operators in the bosonic SMEFT:

	Runtime [s]
C_{HB}	1100
C_{HW}	2300
C_{HG}	1200
$C_{H\tilde{B}}$	1100
$C_{H\tilde{W}}$	1800
$C_{H\tilde{G}}$	1500
C_{HWB}	1800
$C_{H\tilde{W}B}$	1700

	Runtime [s]
C_W	10000
C_G	6500
$C_{\tilde{W}}$	24800
$C_{\tilde{G}}$	13700
	Runtime [s]
C_H	940
$C_{H\Box}$	1300
C_{HD}	2700

Validation

- (i) Yang-Mills + Weinberg operator¹
- (ii) SMEFT scalar sector²
- (iii) Scalar $O(N)$ model²

Consistency relation:

Loop-counting operator

$$\zeta \delta g_2^I = \beta_J \partial^J \delta g_1^I$$

¹de Vries, Falcioni, Herzog, Ruijl [1907.04923]

²Jenkins, Manohar, Naterop, Pagès [2310.19883]

In total: 2499 baryon number conserving operators in the Warsaw basis

Challenges (compared to bosonic part):

- Dirac algebra $\rightarrow$ Good foundation in **Matchete**
- Be careful when to contract chains of γ -matrices in R^*
- NDR scheme + reading point ambiguities
- Evanescent operators

Conclusion & outlook

- Functional formalism works well for computers.
- So far: Able to reproduce the two-loop running of the full SM.
- Next: Running of the SMEFT dim. 6 operators.