




Thermal model interpretation of particle production in pp interactions around $s^{1/2} \approx 10$ GeV

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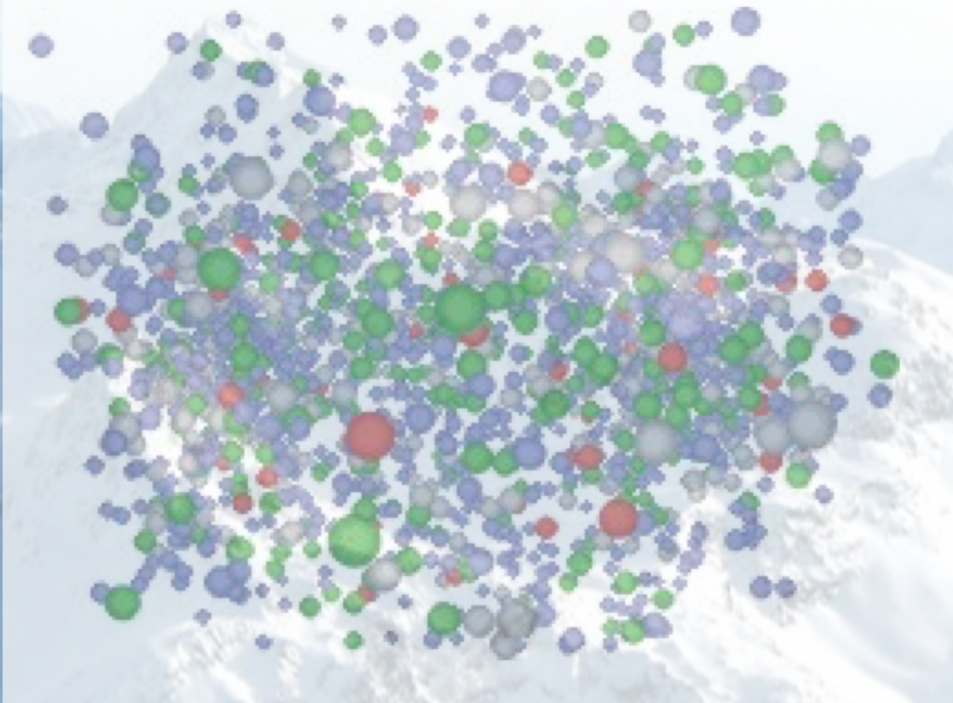
LX Bormio Meeting 2024

- **Thermal hadronization in AA and NN systems**
- **pp results from NA61/SHINE (and NA49): numerous particle yields in 4π**
- **Low-probability GCE+SC fit...**
- **Improvement by independent volume for strange particles?**
- **Hints from femtoscopy and conclusions**

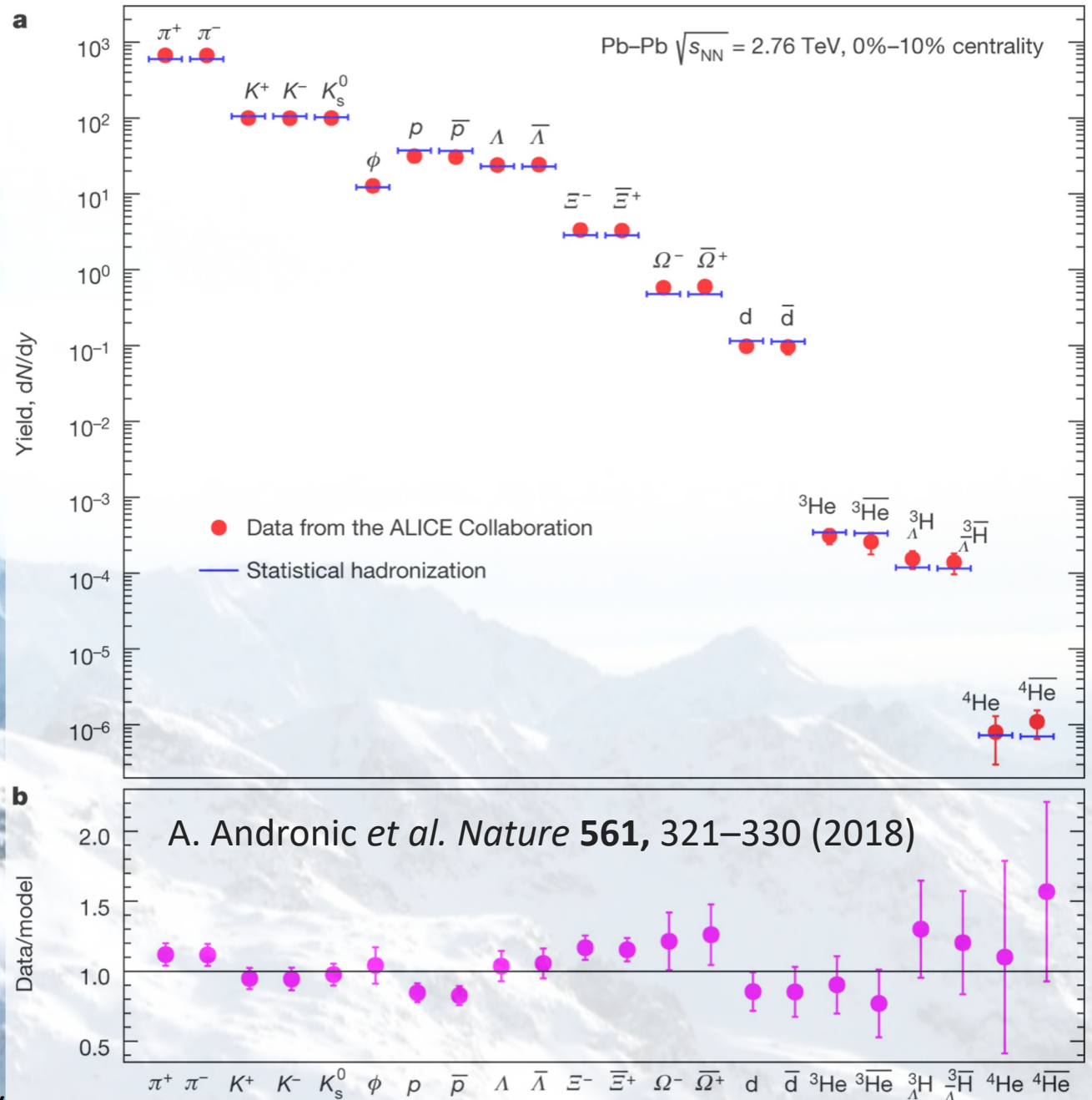
Thermal model in AA

$$\frac{N_{\bar{X}}}{N_X} \cong \exp\left(-\frac{2\mu}{T}\right)$$

**hadronic phase
and freeze-out**

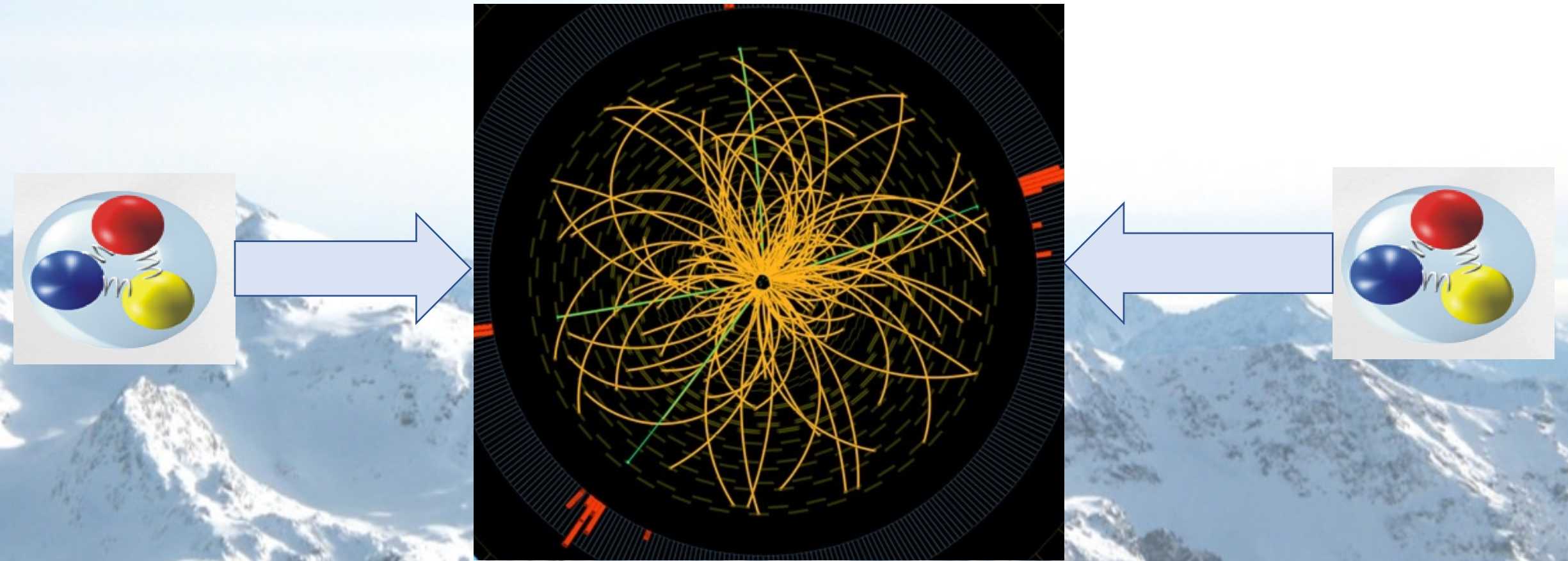


Mentioned in the talks by Norbert Herrmann (Monday morning) and Maximiliano Puccio (yesterday morning)



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Thermal model in elementary collisions: YES



Here: proton-proton collision registered by CMS @LHC

	NA61@SPS				NA49@SPS NA61@SPS	STAR@RHIC
	Energy $s^{1/2}$ (GeV)					
Particle	6.3	7.7	8.8	12.3	17.3	200
π^0						●
π^+	●	●	●	●	●	●
π^-	●	●	●	●	●	●
p	●	●	●	●	●	●
p-bar	●	●	●	●	●	●
n					●	
ϕ			●	●	●	●
K^+	●	●	●	●	●	●
K^-	●	●	●	●	●	●
K^0_s			●	●	●	●
$K(892)^0$			●	●	●	
$K(892)^0$ -bar					●	
Λ			●		●	●
Λ -bar						●
$\Lambda(1520)$					●	
Ξ^-					●	●
Ξ^+					●	●
$\Xi(1530)^0$					●	
$\Xi(1530)^0$ -bar					●	
Ω						●
Ω -bar						●

- **NA61/SHINE** **new** **proton+proton**
Eur. Phys. J. C (2017) 77:671 etc
 K^0_s @80GeV/c and 40GeV/c
NA61/SHINE Status Report 2023
- **NA49**
- **merged NA49&NA61/SHINE**
J. Phys. G 48 (2021) 085004
- **PHENIX**
Phys.Rev.Lett.91:241803,2003
- **STAR**
Phys. Rev. C 75, 064901 (2007)
Phys. Lett. 612B, 181 (2005)

Results at $s^{1/2}=17.3$ GeV are complete

	Initial	Reconstructed
Charge	2	1.86 ± 0.22
Baryon number	2	1.92 ± 0.11
Strangeness	0	-0.014 ± 0.023

Merging NA49 & NA61/SHINE experimental results

- How to merge yields from two experiments: $Y_{49} \pm \Delta Y_{49}$ and $Y_{61} \pm \Delta Y_{61}$, as they are correlated (partly inherited experimental setup)?
- **The method: M. Schmelling, Phys. Scr. 51, 676 (1995).**
- Reconstruction of the correlation matrix \mathbf{C}_{ij} (determination of the factor f) by requesting $\chi^2 = \text{NDF}$ and using this matrix for averaging and error determination.

$$C_{ij} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1^2 & f \sigma_1 \sigma_2 \\ f \sigma_1 \sigma_2 & \sigma_2^2 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\sum_{i,j=1}^2 (Y_i - Y) C_{ij}^{-1} (Y_j - Y) = \text{NDF}$$

Factor f found to be ~ 0.9

TM & KP, J.Phys. G 48, 085006 (2021)

The case of the ϕ -meson

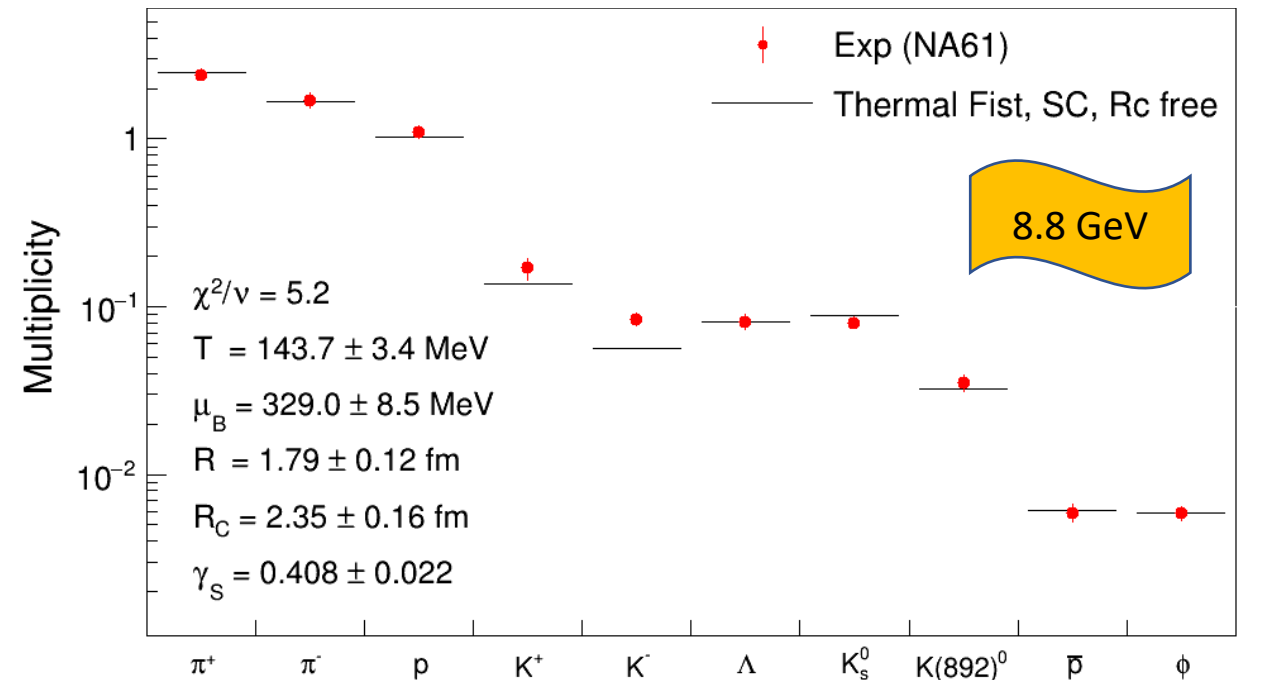
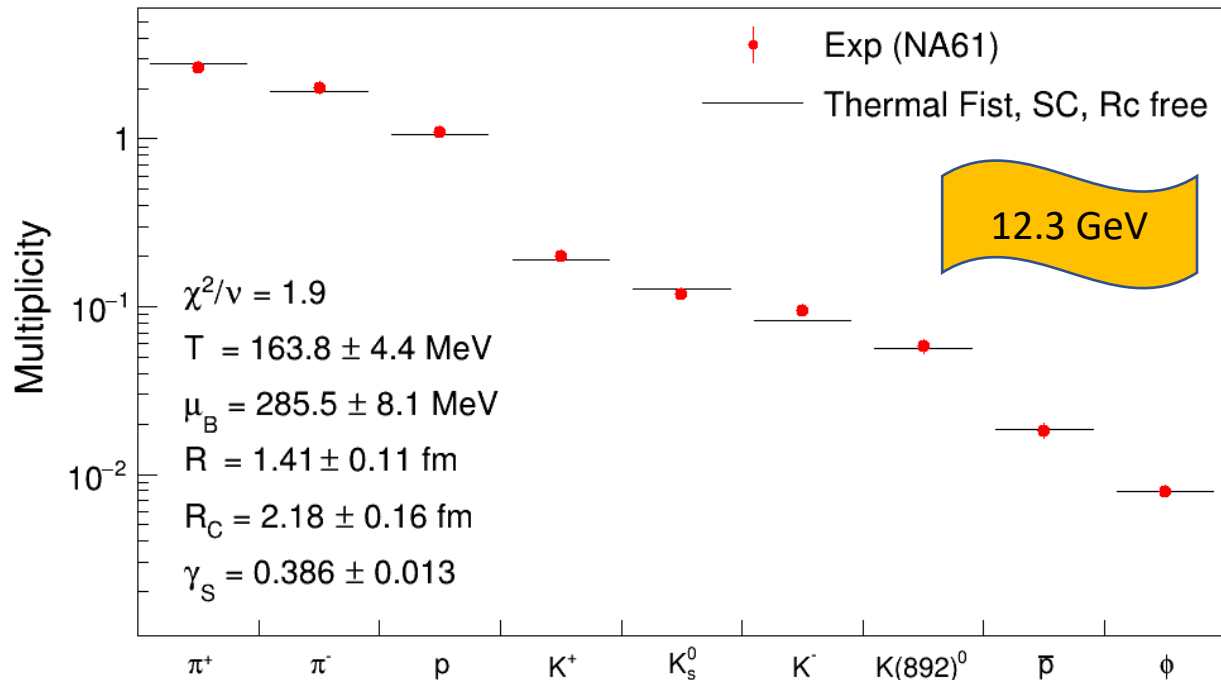
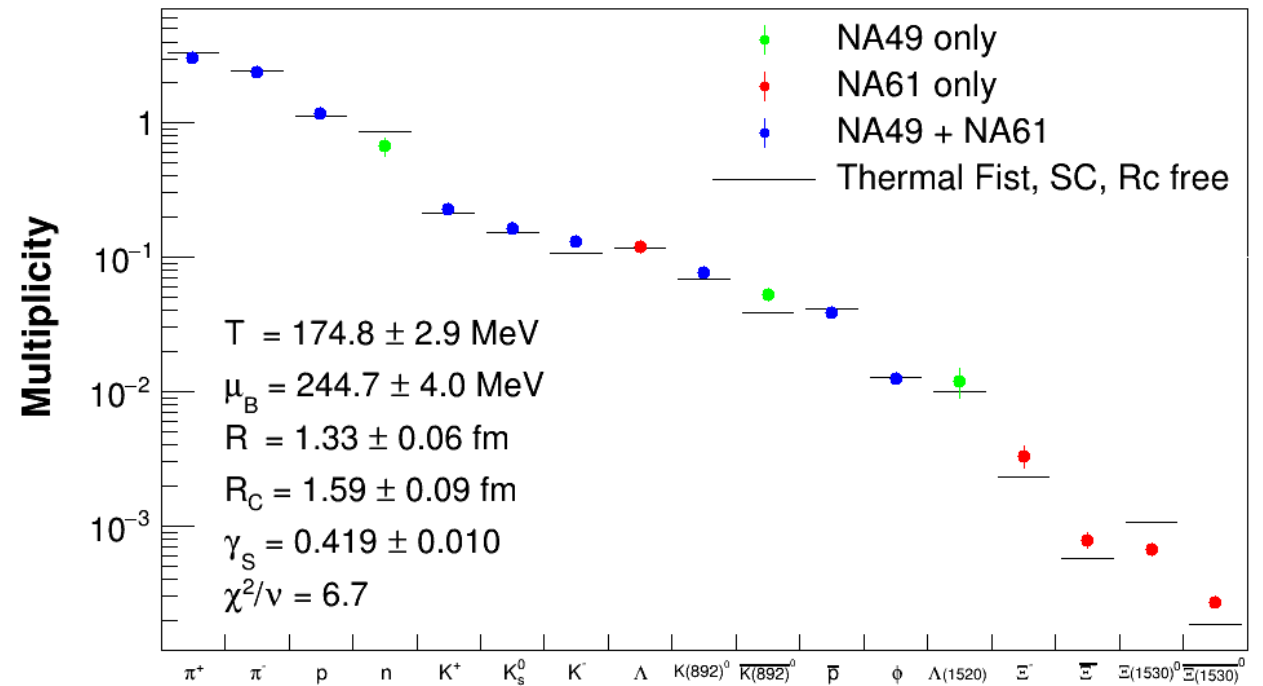
- Excluding the ϕ -meson improves the fit quality (the same is observed), but why a well measured particle should be excluded?
- In all following analyses the yield of the ϕ -meson is always included
- Extended Breit-Wigner (eBW) shape for broad resonances
- High χ^2 values 😞 → free volume for strange particles 😊

Description of particle yields within GCE+SC free volume for strangeness

published:

J.Phys. G 48, 085006 (2021) first attempt

Acta Phys. Pol. B54, 12-A1 (2023) extension to 3 energies (December 2023)

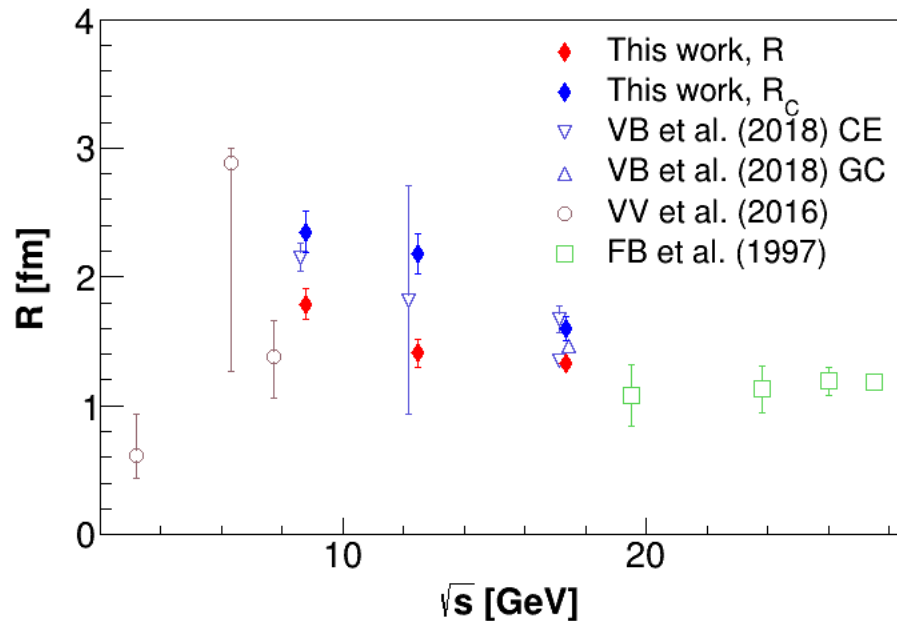
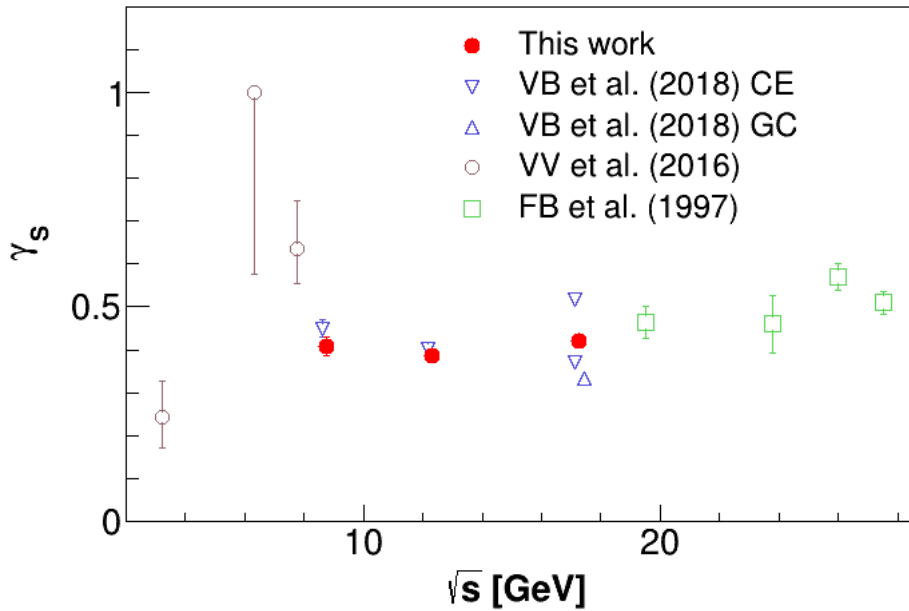


Relative accuracy of pp HRG $\sim 20\%$

- Relative difference between experimental yields Y_{exp} and the results of hadronic thermalization Y_{stat} (36 multiplicities, 3 energies)

$$\left\langle \frac{Y_{\text{stat}} - Y_{\text{exp}}}{Y_{\text{exp}}} \right\rangle = (-4 \pm 17)\%$$

- Precision of HRG predictions $\sim 20\%$
- Expected yields from pp published (December 2023)

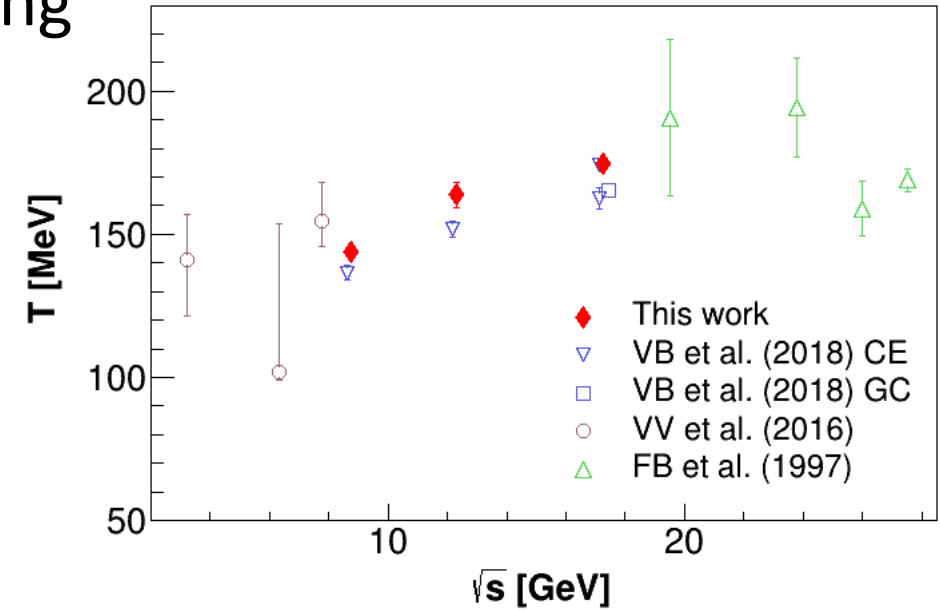


The effects of adding K_0^S yields

V. Begun et al.,
PRC98 (2018)

V. Vovchenko et al.,
PRC93 (2016)

F. Beccatini & U. Heinz,
ZPhys C76 (1997)



- The χ^2 values in „acceptable” range for analyses with ϕ
- Strangeness undersaturation factor $\gamma_s \cong 0.4$
- Temperature (& baryochemical potential) similar to previous analyses
- Decrease of canonical volume with increasing energy

• R_c above R !

• *Acta Phys. Pol. B54, 12-A1 (2023)*

Could $R_C > R$? Hints not only from femtoscopy

pp collisions @ $\sqrt{s} = 27.4 \text{ GeV}$

M. Aguilar-Benitez et al. (NA27 Collaboration), Z. Phys. C54, 21 (1992)

For $\pi^\pm \pi^\pm$ pairs, $R = 1.71 \pm 0.04 \text{ fm}$

For $K^\pm K^\pm$ pairs, $R = 1.87 \pm 0.33 \text{ fm}$

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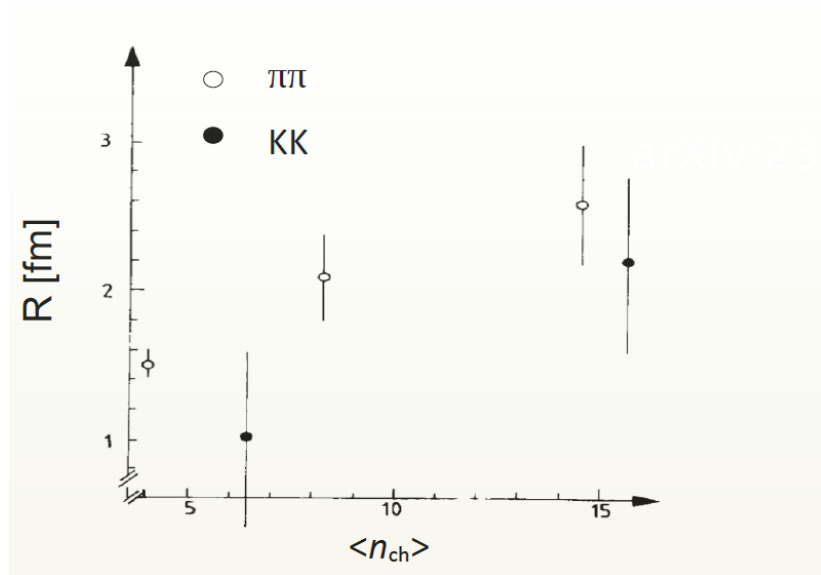
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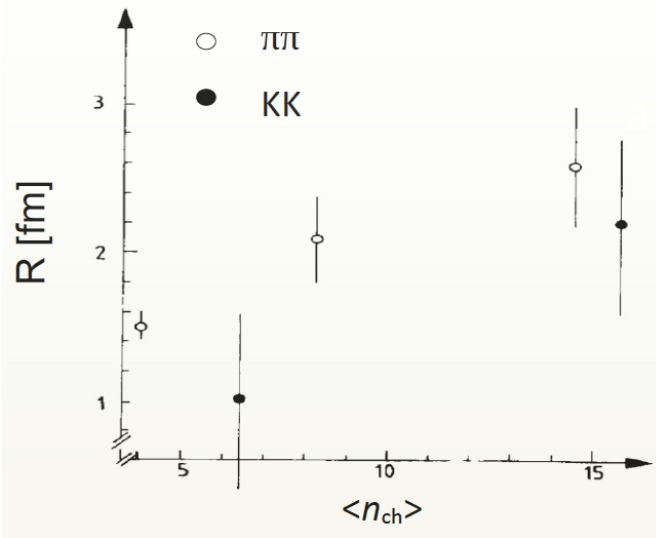
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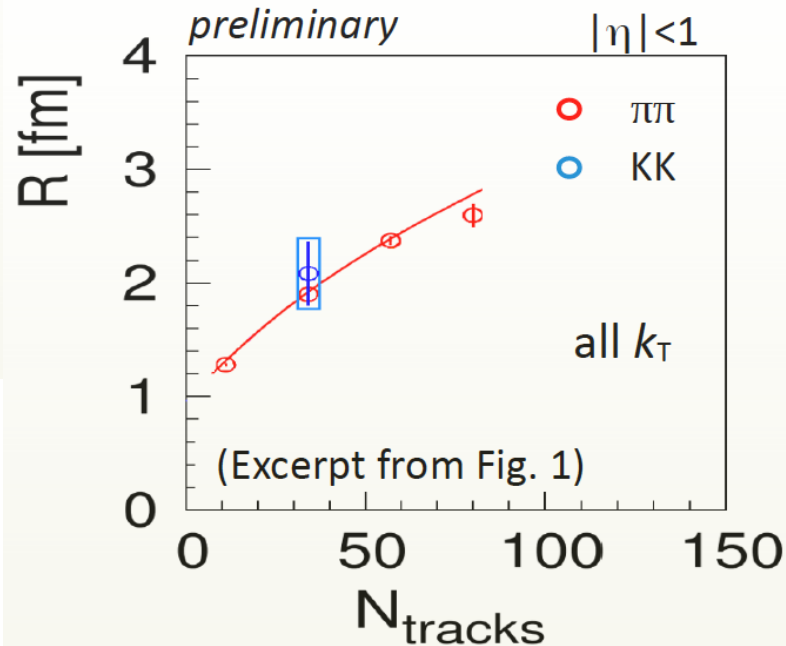
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pp collisions @ $\sqrt{s} = 900$ GeV

S.M. Doga (CMS Collaboration), NP A931, 1061 (2014)



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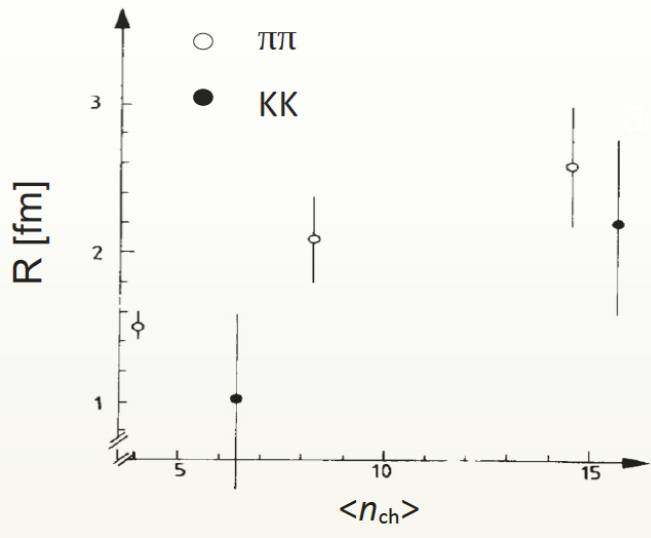
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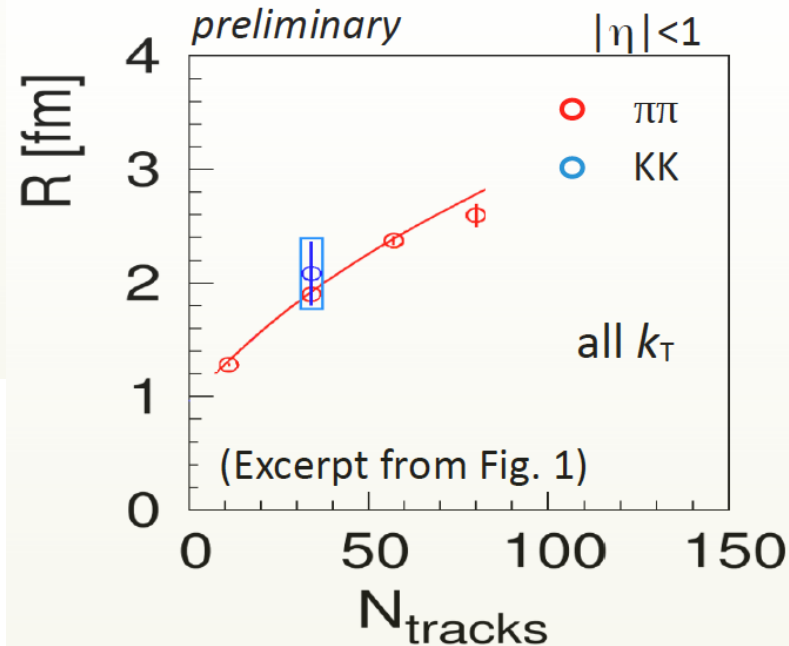
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PHYSICAL REVIEW C **103**, 014904 (2021)
J. Cleymans, P.M. Lo, K. Redlich, N. Sharma

The resulting yields (the SCE model fit to ALICE data) exhibit much better agreement with data by decreasing strangeness suppression at lower multiplicities due to larger value of V_C than V_A .

Femtoscopic results inconclusive

→ more precise determination of the HBT radius of kaon pairs from pp interactions welcome!

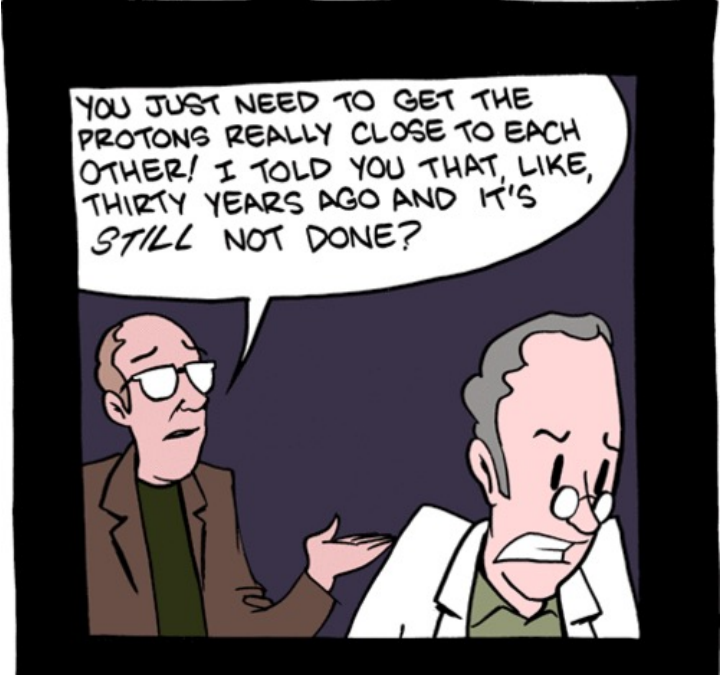
Poster of Georgios Mantzaridis

ALICE: arxiv:2311.14527

K+p femtoscopy in pp 13TeV

Conclusions

- Reasonable description of particle yields from pp interactions at $s^{1/2}=8.8, 12.3$ and 17.3 GeV within thermal hadron gas model in Grand Canonical+Strangeness Canonical scenario (ThermalFist)
- The well-measured yield of the ϕ -meson is always included
- The new results on K_0^S production well described
- The strangeness canonical volume parameter R_C larger than the fireball R
- Analysis at $s^{1/2}=7.7$ GeV – not conclusive, as the yields of ϕ -meson and Λ baryon not yet determined from experiments
- *Femtoscopy analysis of kaon pairs not precise enough*



more precise
determination of HBT
radius of kaon pairs
from pp interactions
welcome!



strangeness