# -Highlights of CMS physics during the EHC Run-1 53<sup>rd</sup> Intl Winter on Nuclear Physics Bormio 2015 28<sup>th</sup> January 2015 David d'Enterria (CERN)

CMS

#### **Standard Model of particles & interactions**

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) - \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) \qquad [\text{Gauge interactions: } \mathbf{U}_{\gamma}(1), \, \mathrm{SU}_{\mathsf{L}}(2), \, \mathrm{SU}_{\mathsf{c}}(3)] \\ + (\bar{\nu}_{L}, \bar{e}_{L}) \, \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{L} \\ e_{L} \end{pmatrix} + \bar{e}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} e_{R} + \bar{\nu}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \nu_{R} + (\mathrm{h.c.}) \qquad [\text{Lepton dynamics}] \\ - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( \bar{\nu}_{L}, \bar{e}_{L} \right) \phi M^{e} e_{R} + \bar{e}_{R} \bar{M}^{e} \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{L} \\ e_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( -\bar{e}_{L}, \bar{\nu}_{L} \right) \phi^{*} M^{\nu} \nu_{R} + \bar{\nu}_{R} \bar{M}^{\nu} \phi^{T} \begin{pmatrix} -e_{L} \\ \nu_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right] \quad [\text{Lepton masses}] \\ + (\bar{u}_{L}, \bar{d}_{L}) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} u_{L} \\ d_{L} \end{pmatrix} + \bar{u}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} u_{R} + \bar{d}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} d_{R} + (\mathrm{h.c.}) \qquad [\text{Quark dynamics}] \\ - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( \bar{u}_{L}, \bar{d}_{L} \right) \phi M^{d} d_{R} + \bar{d}_{R} \bar{M}^{d} \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} u_{L} \\ d_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( -\bar{d}_{L}, \bar{u}_{L} \right) \phi^{*} M^{u} u_{R} + \bar{u}_{R} \bar{M}^{u} \phi^{T} \begin{pmatrix} -d_{L} \\ u_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right] \quad [\text{Quark masses}] \\ - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( \bar{u}_{L}, \bar{d}_{L} \right) \phi M^{d} d_{R} + \bar{d}_{R} \bar{M}^{d} \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} u_{L} \\ d_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( -\bar{d}_{L}, \bar{u}_{L} \right) \phi^{*} M^{u} u_{R} + \bar{u}_{R} \bar{M}^{u} \phi^{T} \begin{pmatrix} -d_{L} \\ u_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right] \quad [\text{Quark masses}] \\ + \overline{(D_{\mu}\phi)} D^{\mu} \phi - m_{h}^{2} [\bar{\phi} - v^{2}/2]^{2} / 2v^{2}. \qquad [\text{Higgs dynamics & mass]} \\ \bullet \text{Gauge-fermion dynamics via covariant derivatives:} \\ D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{L} \\ e_{L} \end{pmatrix} = \left[ \partial_{\mu} - \frac{ig_{1}}{2} B_{\mu} + \frac{ig_{2}}{2} \mathbf{W}_{\mu} \right] \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{L} \\ e_{L} \end{pmatrix}, \quad D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} u_{L} \\ d_{L} \end{pmatrix} = \left[ \partial_{\mu} + \frac{ig_{1}}{3} B_{\mu} + ig\mathbf{G}_{\mu} \right] u_{R}, \quad D_{\mu} d_{R} = \left[ \partial_{\mu} - \frac{ig_{1}}{3} B_{\mu} + ig\mathbf{G}_{\mu} \right] d_{R}, \\ D_{\mu} \phi = \left[ \partial_{\mu} + \frac{ig_{1}}{2} B_{\mu} + \frac{ig_{2}}{2} \mathbf{W}_{\mu} \right] \phi. \end{aligned}$$

• Gauge-boson field strength tensors:

 $B_{\mu\nu} = \partial_{\mu}B_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu}B_{\mu}, \quad \mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} = \partial_{\mu}\mathbf{W}_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu}\mathbf{W}_{\mu} + ig_2(\mathbf{W}_{\mu}\mathbf{W}_{\nu} - \mathbf{W}_{\nu}\mathbf{W}_{\mu})/2, \quad \mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} = \partial_{\mu}\mathbf{G}_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu}\mathbf{G}_{\mu} + ig(\mathbf{G}_{\mu}\mathbf{G}_{\nu} - \mathbf{G}_{\nu}\mathbf{G}_{\mu}).$ O(20) parameters: gauge couplings, H mass&vev, H-f Yukawa coupl., CKM mix., CP phases

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#### **Standard Model of particles & interactions**

SM: Renormalizable QFT whose internal consistence & predictive power have been experimentally confirmed to great precision:



#### "Issues" with the Standard Model (1)

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu} \left( -\frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) - \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) \right) \quad [\text{Gauge interactions: } \mathbf{U}_{\mathsf{Y}}(1), \, \mathsf{SU}_{\mathsf{L}}(2), \, \mathsf{SU}_{\mathsf{c}}(3)] \\ + (\bar{\nu}_{L}, \bar{e}_{L}) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{L} \\ e_{L} \end{pmatrix} + \bar{e}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} e_{R} + \bar{\nu}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \nu_{R} + (\text{h.c.}) \quad [\text{Lepton dynamics}] \\ \left( -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (\bar{\nu}_{L}, \bar{e}_{L}) \phi M^{e} e_{R} + \bar{e}_{R} \bar{M}^{e} \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{L} \\ e_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (-\bar{e}_{L}, \bar{\nu}_{L}) \phi^{*} M^{\nu} \nu_{R} + \bar{\nu}_{R} \bar{M}^{\nu} \phi^{T} \begin{pmatrix} -e_{L} \\ \nu_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right] \left[ \text{Lepton masses} \right] \\ + (\bar{u}_{L}, \bar{d}_{L}) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} u_{L} \\ d_{L} \end{pmatrix} + \bar{u}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} u_{R} + \bar{d}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} d_{R} + (\text{h.c.}) \quad [\text{Quark dynamics}] \\ \left( -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (\bar{u}_{L}, \bar{d}_{L}) \phi M^{d} d_{R} + \bar{d}_{R} \bar{M}^{d} \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} u_{L} \\ d_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (-\bar{d}_{L}, \bar{u}_{L}) \phi^{*} M^{u} u_{R} + \bar{u}_{R} \bar{M}^{u} \phi^{T} \begin{pmatrix} -d_{L} \\ u_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right] \left[ \text{Quark masses} \right] \\ + (\bar{D}_{\mu} \phi) D^{\mu} \phi - m_{h}^{2} [\bar{\phi} \phi - v^{2}/2]^{2} / 2v^{2}. \quad [\text{Higgs dynamics \& mass]}$$

<u>Higgs</u>: Generation of masses\* via BEH mechanism not confirmed (up to 2012)
 (\*) Plus unitarization of WW scattering at high energies

#### "Issues" with the Standard Model (2)

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) - \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu})$$
 [Gauge interactions:  $\mathbf{U}_{\mathsf{Y}}(1)$ ,  $\mathbf{SU}_{\mathsf{L}}(2)$ ,  $\mathbf{SU}_{\mathsf{c}}(3)$ ]  
  $+ (\bar{\nu}_{L}, \bar{e}_{L}) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{L} \\ e_{L} \end{pmatrix} + \bar{e}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} e_{R} + \bar{\nu}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \nu_{R} + (\mathrm{h.c.})$  [Lepton dynamics]  
  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( \bar{\nu}_{L}, \bar{e}_{L} \right) \phi M^{e} e_{R} + \bar{e}_{R} \bar{M}^{e} \phi \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{L} \\ e_{L} \end{pmatrix} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( -\bar{e}_{L}, \bar{\nu}_{L} \right) \phi^{*} M^{\nu} \nu_{R} + \bar{\nu}_{R} \bar{M}^{\nu} \phi^{T} \begin{pmatrix} -e_{L} \\ \nu_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right]$  [Lepton masses]  
  $+ (\bar{u}_{L}, \bar{d}_{L}) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} u_{L} \\ d_{L} \end{pmatrix} + \bar{u}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} u_{R} + \bar{d}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} d_{R} + (\mathrm{h.c.})$  [Quark dynamics]  
  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( \bar{u}_{L}, \bar{d}_{L} \right) \phi M^{d} d_{R} + \bar{d}_{R} \bar{M}^{d} \phi \begin{pmatrix} u_{L} \\ d_{L} \end{pmatrix} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( -\bar{d}_{L}, \bar{u}_{L} \right) \phi^{*} M^{u} u_{R} + \bar{u}_{R} \bar{M}^{u} \phi^{T} \begin{pmatrix} -d_{L} \\ u_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right]$ [Quark masses]  
  $+ (\bar{D}_{\mu} \phi) D^{\mu} \phi - m_{h}^{2} [\bar{\phi} \phi - v^{2}/2]^{2} / 2v^{2}.$  [Higgs dynamics & mass]

<u>Higgs</u>: Generation of masses via BEH mechanism not confirmed (up to 2012)
 <u>Flavour</u>: SM cannot generate observed matter-antimatter imbalance

#### "Issues" with the Standard Model (3)

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) - \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu})$$
 [Gauge interactions:  $\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{Y}}(1)$ ,  $\mathbf{SU}_{\mathbf{L}}(2)$ ,  $\mathbf{SU}_{\mathbf{c}}(3)$ ]  
  $+ (\bar{\nu}_{L}, \bar{e}_{L}) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{L} \\ e_{L} \end{pmatrix} + \bar{e}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} e_{R} + \bar{\nu}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \nu_{R} + (h.c.)$  [Lepton dynamics]  
  $- \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (\bar{\nu}_{L}, \bar{e}_{L}) \phi M^{e} e_{R} + \bar{e}_{R} \bar{M}^{e} \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{L} \\ e_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (-\bar{e}_{L}, \bar{\nu}_{L}) \phi^{*} M^{\nu} \nu_{R} + \bar{\nu}_{R} \bar{M}^{\nu} \phi^{T} \begin{pmatrix} -e_{L} \\ \nu_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right]$  [Lepton masses]  
  $+ (\bar{u}_{L}, \bar{d}_{L}) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} u_{L} \\ d_{L} \end{pmatrix} + \bar{u}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} u_{R} + \bar{d}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} d_{R} + (h.c.)$  [Quark dynamics]  
  $- \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (\bar{u}_{L}, \bar{d}_{L}) \phi M^{d} d_{R} + \bar{d}_{R} \bar{M}^{d} \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} u_{L} \\ d_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (-\bar{d}_{L}, \bar{u}_{L}) \phi^{*} M^{u} u_{R} + \bar{u}_{R} \bar{M}^{u} \phi^{T} \begin{pmatrix} -d_{L} \\ u_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right]$ [Quark masses]  
  $+ (\bar{D}_{\mu} \phi) D^{\mu} \phi \left[ -\frac{m_{h}^{2} [\bar{\phi} \phi - v^{2}/2]^{2}/2v^{2}} \right]$  [Higgs dyn. & mass] + new particles/symmetries ?

<u>Higgs</u>: Generation of masses via BEH mechanism not confirmed (up to 2012)
 <u>Flavour</u>: SM cannot generate observed matter-antimatter imbalance
 <u>Fine-tuning</u>: Higgs mass virtual corrections «uncontrolled» up to Planck scale

#### "Issues" with the Standard Model (4)

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) - \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu})$$
 [Gauge interactions:  $\mathbf{U}_{\mathsf{Y}}(\mathsf{1})$ ,  $\mathbf{SU}_{\mathsf{L}}(2)$ ,  $\mathbf{SU}_{\mathsf{c}}(3)$ ]  
  $+ (\bar{\nu}_L, \bar{e}_L) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix} + \bar{e}_R \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} e_R + \bar{\nu}_R \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \nu_R + (\mathrm{h.c.})$  [Lepton dynamics]  
  $- \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (\bar{\nu}_L, \bar{e}_L) \phi M^e e_R + \bar{e}_R \bar{M}^e \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (-\bar{e}_L, \bar{\nu}_L) \phi^* M^\nu \nu_R + \bar{\nu}_R \bar{M}^\nu \phi^T \begin{pmatrix} -e_L \\ \nu_L \end{pmatrix} \right]$  [Lepton masses]  
  $+ (\bar{u}_L, \bar{d}_L) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} + \bar{u}_R \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} u_R + \bar{d}_R \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} d_R + (\mathrm{h.c.})$  [Quark dynamics]  
  $- \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (\bar{u}_L, \bar{d}_L) \phi M^d d_R + \bar{d}_R \bar{M}^d \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (-\bar{d}_L, \bar{u}_L) \phi^* M^u u_R + \bar{u}_R \bar{M}^u \phi^T \begin{pmatrix} -d_L \\ u_L \end{pmatrix} \right]$ [Quark masses]  
  $+ \overline{(D_\mu \phi)} D^\mu \phi - m_h^2 [\bar{\phi} \phi - v^2/2]^2 / 2v^2.$  [Higgs dyn. & mass] + new particles/symmetries ?

<u>Higgs</u>: Generation of masses via BEH mechanism not confirmed (up to 2012)
 <u>Flavour</u>: SM cannot generate observed matter-antimatter imbalance
 <u>Fine-tuning</u>: Higgs mass virtual corrections «uncontrolled» up to Planck scale
 <u>Dark matter</u>: SM describes only 4% of Universe (visible fermions+bosons)
 <u>Others</u>: v's masses, quark confinement, gauge-gravity unification, cosmological constant, dark energy,...

#### **Tools: high-energy proton & ion collisions**



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**CMS: the detector Total weight** 14000 t 76k scintillating **ECAL** PbWO<sub>4</sub> crystals MUON 15 m Diameter **ENDCAPS** Length 28.7 m **HCAL** Scintillator/brass 473 Cathode Strip Chambers (CSC) Interleaved ~7k ch 432 Resistive Plate Chambers (RPC) **IRON YOKE** 3.8T Solenoid Preshower Si Strips ~16 m<sup>2</sup> ~137k ch YE1.3 Foward Cal Έn Steel + quartz YB1-Fibers ~2k ch Pixel Pixels & Tracker Tracker • Pixels (100x150 μm<sup>2</sup>) **ECAL** ~ 1 m<sup>2</sup> ~66M ch **HCAL** •Si Strips (80-180 µm) ~200 m<sup>2</sup> ~9.6M ch Muons **MUON BARREL** Solenoid coil 250 Drift Tubes (DT) and 480 Resistive Plate Chambers (RPC) 9

# **CMS: the people**



# ~3300 scientists & engineers (including ~900 students) from 193 institutes in 40 countries

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# **CMS: the physics objects**



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#### LHC Run-1: March 2010 – Feb. 2013

#### August 2008





#### David d'Enterria (CERN)

## CMS: integrated luminosities (2010-13)

#### CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp



## CMS: L1 & high-level triggers

Level-1 & HLT menus reduce # of p-p interactions from:  $2 \cdot 10^7$  Hz (input) down to ~350 Hz (recorded), ~300 Hz ("parked" for later analysis)



 $B_e \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^$ low p\_ double muon high p\_ double muon 103 10<sup>2</sup> 10 10<sup>-1</sup> 10<sup>2</sup> 10 dimuon mass [GeV]

trigger paths

**Example:** dimuon mass distribution from several double-µ trigger paths: calibration,  $B_{s}(\mu\mu)$ , quarkonia, DY/Z

J/w

2011 Run, L = 1.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>

CMS \s = 7 TeV

## CMS: p-p pileup & triggering



Highly-flexible HLT system allows CMS to keep a constant-rate cross section with varying pile-up conditions without sacrificing physics:

CMS Average Pileup, pp, 2012,  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV 45 45 <µ> = 21 Recorded Luminosity ( $\mathrm{pb}^{-1}$ /0.04) 40 40 35 35 30 30 25 25 20 20 15 15 10 10 5 5 20 15 5 20 25 30 35 00 Mean number of interactions per crossing Total HLT 200 "core" 180 "parked" 160 **Cross Section** 140 120 100 80 60 HH PU=14 PU=30 40 20 instantaneous luminosity [Hz/r 0 2.5 3.5 5.5 6.5 3.0 6.0

## **CMS: publications & preliminary results**

360 papers submitted + few hundreds preliminary notes as of Jan'15



https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResults

## **CMS: publications & preliminary results**

360 papers submitted + few hundreds preliminary notes as of Jan'15



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#### **Quantum Chromodynamics**

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4}B_{\mu\nu}B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8}tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu}\mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) - \frac{1}{2}tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu}\mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) \qquad \text{[Gauge interactions: } SU_{c}(3)\text{]} \\ + (\bar{\nu}_{L}, \bar{e}_{L})\tilde{\sigma}^{\mu}iD_{\mu}\begin{pmatrix}\nu_{L}\\e_{L}\end{pmatrix} + \bar{e}_{R}\sigma^{\mu}iD_{\mu}e_{R} + \bar{\nu}_{R}\sigma^{\mu}iD_{\mu}\nu_{R} + (\text{h.c.}) \\ - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v}\left[\left(\bar{\nu}_{L}, \bar{e}_{L}\right)\phi M^{e}e_{R} + \bar{e}_{R}\bar{M}^{e}\bar{\phi}\begin{pmatrix}\nu_{L}\\e_{L}\end{pmatrix}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v}\left[\left(-\bar{e}_{L}, \bar{\nu}_{L}\right)\phi^{*}M^{\nu}\nu_{R} + \bar{\nu}_{R}\bar{M}^{\nu}\phi^{T}\begin{pmatrix}-e_{L}\\\nu_{L}\end{pmatrix}\right] \\ + (\bar{u}_{L}, \bar{d}_{L})\tilde{\sigma}^{\mu}iD_{\mu}\begin{pmatrix}u_{L}\\d_{L}\end{pmatrix} + \bar{u}_{R}\sigma^{\mu}iD_{\mu}u_{R} + \bar{d}_{R}\sigma^{\mu}iD_{\mu}d_{R} + (\text{h.c.}) \qquad \text{[Quark dynamics]} \\ - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v}\left[\left(\bar{u}_{L}, \bar{d}_{L}\right)\phi M^{d}d_{R} + \bar{d}_{R}\bar{M}^{d}\bar{\phi}\begin{pmatrix}u_{L}\\d_{L}\end{pmatrix}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v}\left[\left(-\bar{d}_{L}, \bar{u}_{L}\right)\phi^{*}M^{u}u_{R} + \bar{u}_{R}\bar{M}^{u}\phi^{T}\begin{pmatrix}-d_{L}\\u_{L}\end{pmatrix}\right] \\ + (\overline{D_{\mu}\phi})D^{\mu}\phi - m_{h}^{2}[\bar{\phi}\phi - v^{2}/2]^{2}/2v^{2}.$$

• Gauge-fermion dynamics via covariant derivatives:

$$\begin{split} D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix} &= \left[ \partial_{\mu} - \frac{ig_1}{2} B_{\mu} + \frac{ig_2}{2} \mathbf{W}_{\mu} \right] \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix}, \quad D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} &= \left[ \partial_{\mu} + \frac{ig_1}{6} B_{\mu} + \frac{ig_2}{2} \mathbf{W}_{\mu} + ig \mathbf{G}_{\mu} \right] \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} \\ D_{\mu} \nu_R &= \partial_{\mu} \nu_R, \quad D_{\mu} e_R = \left[ \partial_{\mu} - ig_1 B_{\mu} \right] e_R, \quad D_{\mu} u_R = \left[ \partial_{\mu} + \frac{i2g_1}{3} B_{\mu} + ig \mathbf{G}_{\mu} \right] u_R \quad D_{\mu} d_R = \left[ \partial_{\mu} - \frac{ig_1}{3} B_{\mu} + ig \mathbf{G}_{\mu} \right] d_R, \\ D_{\mu} \phi &= \left[ \partial_{\mu} + \frac{ig_1}{2} B_{\mu} + \frac{ig_2}{2} \mathbf{W}_{\mu} \right] \phi. \end{split}$$

• Gauge-boson field strength tensors:

 $B_{\mu\nu} = \partial_{\mu}B_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu}B_{\mu}, \quad \mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} = \partial_{\mu}\mathbf{W}_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu}\mathbf{W}_{\mu} + ig_2(\mathbf{W}_{\mu}\mathbf{W}_{\nu} - \mathbf{W}_{\nu}\mathbf{W}_{\mu})/2, \quad \mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} = \partial_{\mu}\mathbf{G}_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu}\mathbf{G}_{\mu} + ig(\mathbf{G}_{\mu}\mathbf{G}_{\nu} - \mathbf{G}_{\nu}\mathbf{G}_{\mu}).$ 

#### David d'Enterria (CERN)

#### **QCD: Inelastic p-p cross section**

- Only ~60% of total p-p x-section at LHC directly computable with QCD Lagrangian (perturbative parton scatterings) ...
- Diffractive (15%) +elastic (25%) x-sections require: Data + Regge-Gribov approaches (QM constraints: Froissart bound, optical th., dispersion relations)



#### **QCD: Inelastic p-p cross section**



Total inel. x-section σ<sub>CMS</sub>~ 73 mb
 Visible inel. x-section σ<sub>CMS</sub>~ 60 mb
 measured in CMS via:
 (i) pileup-events counting,
 (ii) hadronic activity in single-sided triggers

PLB 722 (2013) 5

Most hadronic models over(under)estimate high(low)-mass diffraction.

■ Mixed p-Fe UHECRs at GZK-cutoff after including LHC data (E<sub>lab</sub> ~ 10<sup>17</sup> eV):





David d'Enterria (CERN)

#### **QCD: x-sections of light-quark & gluons jets**

CMS-FSQ-12-031



#### **QCD: Strong coupling from jets x-sections**

Ratio of 3-jets of 2-jets, 3-jet mass, and incl.jets x-sections constrain α<sub>s</sub> up to so-far unprobed scales Q ~ 1.4 TeV:



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#### David d'Enterria (CERN)

#### "Collective" QCD: "ridge" of correlated hadrons

Observation of long-range (over Δη~8 !) near-side hadron correlations "ridge" in "central" (high multiplicity) collisions:



## QCD plasma: $q,g,Q\overline{Q}$ suppression in Pb-Pb

Yields of strongly-interacting particles suppressed in Pb-Pb compared to p-p. Weakly probes (γ,W,Z) unmodified by medium:
PLB715(12)66, EPJC 72(12)1945



#### **Electroweak sector (LHC)**

$$\mathcal{L} = \left[ -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) - \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) \right]$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) - \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) \right]$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) + \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) \right]$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) + \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) \right]$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) + \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) \right]$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) + \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) \right]$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) + \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) \right]$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) + \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) \right]$$

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$$= \left[ -\frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) + \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) + \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) \right]$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) + \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) + \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) \right]$$

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$$= \left[ -\frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) + \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu}) +$$

• Gauge-fermion dynamics via covariant derivatives:

$$\begin{split} D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix} &= \left[ \partial_{\mu} - \frac{ig_1}{2} B_{\mu} + \frac{ig_2}{2} \mathbf{W}_{\mu} \right] \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix}, \quad D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} &= \left[ \partial_{\mu} + \frac{ig_1}{6} B_{\mu} + \frac{ig_2}{2} \mathbf{W}_{\mu} \right] \cdot ig \mathbf{G}_{\mu} \right] \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix}, \\ D_{\mu} \nu_R &= \partial_{\mu} \nu_R, \quad D_{\mu} e_R = \left[ \partial_{\mu} - ig_1 B_{\mu} \right] e_R, \quad D_{\mu} u_R = \left[ \partial_{\mu} + \frac{i2g_1}{3} B_{\mu} \right] \cdot ig \mathbf{G}_{\mu} \right] u_R, \quad D_{\mu} d_R = \left[ \partial_{\mu} - \frac{ig_1}{3} B_{\mu} \right] \cdot ig \mathbf{G}_{\mu} d_R, \\ D_{\mu} \phi &= \left[ \partial_{\mu} + \frac{ig_1}{2} B_{\mu} + \frac{ig_2}{2} \mathbf{W}_{\mu} \right] \phi. \end{split}$$

• Gauge-boson field strength tensors:

 $B_{\mu\nu} = \partial_{\mu}B_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu}B_{\mu}, \quad \mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} = \partial_{\mu}\mathbf{W}_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu}\mathbf{W}_{\mu} + ig_2(\mathbf{W}_{\mu}\mathbf{W}_{\nu} - \mathbf{W}_{\nu}\mathbf{W}_{\mu})/2, \quad \mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} = \partial_{\mu}\mathbf{G}_{\nu} - \partial_{\nu}\mathbf{G}_{\mu} + ig(\mathbf{G}_{\mu}\mathbf{G}_{\nu} - \mathbf{G}_{\nu}\mathbf{G}_{\mu}).$ 

#### **EW: Cross sections summary**

#### Many stringent tests of EWK sector at the TeV scale:



■ Very good agreement with NLO (or approx. NNLO) predictions at 7,8 TeV ■ First-ever measured: t-W, tt-Z,  $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow$  WW, vector-boson-fusion Z

#### EW: W,Z "standard candles" for PDFs

Differential Z,W x-sections in agreement w/ NNLO at 7,8 TeV: PDF constraints



#### EW: $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow$ WW & anomalous QGCs

Exclusive opposite-sign  $\mu$ -e events: 2 evts in 5 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 7 TeV:

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No high- $p_{\tau}$  evts = Strong constraints on anomalous quartic gauge couplings:



## **Higgs sector**

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) - \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu})$$

$$+ (\bar{\nu}_L, \bar{e}_L) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} iD_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix} + \bar{e}_R \sigma^{\mu} iD_{\mu} e_R + \bar{\nu}_R \sigma^{\mu} iD_{\mu} \nu_R + (h.c.)$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (\bar{\nu}_L, \bar{e}_L) \phi \mathbf{M}^e e_R + \bar{e}_R \bar{M}^e \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (-\bar{e}_L, \bar{\nu}_L) \phi^* M^{\nu} \nu_R + \bar{\nu}_R \bar{M}^{\nu} \phi^T \begin{pmatrix} -e_L \\ \nu_L \end{pmatrix} \right]$$

$$+ (\bar{u}_L, \bar{d}_L) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} iD_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} + \bar{u}_R \sigma^{\mu} iD_{\mu} u_R + \bar{d}_R \sigma^{\mu} iD_{\mu} d_R + (h.c.)$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (\bar{u}_L, \bar{d}_L) \phi M^d d_R + \bar{d}_R \bar{M}^d \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (-\bar{d}_L, \bar{u}_L) \phi^* M^u u_R + \bar{u}_R \bar{M}^u \phi^T \begin{pmatrix} -d_L \\ u_L \end{pmatrix} \right]$$

$$+ (\bar{D}_\mu \phi) D^\mu \phi - m_h^2 [\bar{\phi} \phi - v^2/2]^2/2v^2.$$

$$+ (\bar{U}_\mu \phi) D^\mu \phi - m_h^2 [\bar{\phi} \phi - v^2/2]^2/2v^2.$$

$$+ (\bar{U}_\mu \phi) D^\mu \phi - m_h^2 [\bar{\phi} \phi - v^2/2]^2/2v^2.$$

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$$+ (\bar{U}_\mu \phi) D^\mu \phi - m_h^2 [\bar{\phi} \phi - v^2/2]^2/2v^2.$$

$$+ (\bar{U}_\mu \phi) D^\mu \phi - m_h$$

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#### **SM Higgs boson: LHC production & decays**



VBF & associated prod.: harder H, more jets

#### Discovery of Higgs boson: $\gamma\gamma$ , ZZ channels



#### **Discovery of Higgs boson: "all" channels**

**Signal strength** for all channels fully consistent with the SM Higgs:



#### **Properties of the Higgs boson**



#### **Higgs mass & top-quark mass**



#### **Top-quark mass**



Common likelihood fit to jet-energy-scale & m<sub>top</sub>

JHEP12(2012)105

7 different methods used at 7,8 TeV Good consistency among all:

25

20

15

10

5

174

175 m,[GeV]

CMS average: m<sub>top</sub> = 173.49 ± 0.36 ± 0.91 GeV Dominant syst. uncertainties: EXP: 0.36 GeV (JES) TH: 0.45 GeV (color reconnection)

(Universe meta-stable at  $2\sigma$ ?)

David d'Enterria (CERN)

#### "Issues" with the Standard Model (2)

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) - \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu})$$
 [Gauge interactions:  $\mathbf{U}_{\mathsf{Y}}(1)$ ,  $\mathbf{SU}_{\mathsf{L}}(2)$ ,  $\mathbf{SU}_{\mathsf{c}}(3)$ ]  
  $+ (\bar{\nu}_{L}, \bar{e}_{L}) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{L} \\ e_{L} \end{pmatrix} + \bar{e}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} e_{R} + \bar{\nu}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \nu_{R} + (\mathrm{h.c.})$  [Lepton dynamics]  
  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( \bar{\nu}_{L}, \bar{e}_{L} \right) \phi M^{e} e_{R} + \bar{e}_{R} \bar{M}^{e} \phi \begin{pmatrix} \nu_{L} \\ e_{L} \end{pmatrix} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( -\bar{e}_{L}, \bar{\nu}_{L} \right) \phi^{*} M^{\nu} \nu_{R} + \bar{\nu}_{R} \bar{M}^{\nu} \phi^{T} \begin{pmatrix} -e_{L} \\ \nu_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right]$  [Lepton masses]  
  $+ (\bar{u}_{L}, \bar{d}_{L}) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} u_{L} \\ d_{L} \end{pmatrix} + \bar{u}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} u_{R} + \bar{d}_{R} \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} d_{R} + (\mathrm{h.c.})$  [Quark dynamics]  
  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( \bar{u}_{L}, \bar{d}_{L} \right) \phi M^{d} d_{R} + \bar{d}_{R} \bar{M}^{d} \phi \begin{pmatrix} u_{L} \\ d_{L} \end{pmatrix} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ \left( -\bar{d}_{L}, \bar{u}_{L} \right) \phi^{*} M^{u} u_{R} + \bar{u}_{R} \bar{M}^{u} \phi^{T} \begin{pmatrix} -d_{L} \\ u_{L} \end{pmatrix} \right]$ [Quark masses]  
  $+ \overline{(D_{\mu}\phi)} D^{\mu}\phi - m_{h}^{2} [\bar{\phi}\phi - v^{2}/2]^{2} / 2v^{2}.$  [Higgs dynamics & mass]

<u>Higgs</u>: Generation of masses via BEH mechanism now confirmed (2012!)
 <u>Flavour</u>: SM cannot generate observed matter-antimatter imbalance.

## **Origin of matter-antimatter asymmetry?**

- Differences between particles-antiparticles (CP-violation in SM) way too small (10<sup>-16</sup>) to explain matter-antimatter imbalance in Universe.
   New particles/CP-phases needed to explain baryogenesis
- Indirect search of New Physics via virtual particles in loops:
  - Detailed B-mesons studies:
    - Rare decay rates
    - Branching ratios
    - Asymmetries in decays
  - Oscillation frequencies
  - Lifetimes



 $BR(B_{s}, B_{0} \rightarrow \mu\mu) \sim 4.10^{-9}, 1.10^{-10}$ 



David d'Enterria (CERN)

## **Observation of B**<sub>s</sub> $\rightarrow$ µµ



#### "Issues" with the Standard Model (3)

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) - \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu})$$
 [Gauge interactions:  $\mathbf{U}_{\mathsf{Y}}(1)$ ,  $\mathbf{SU}_{\mathsf{L}}(2)$ ,  $\mathbf{SU}_{\mathsf{c}}(3)$ ]  
  $+ (\bar{\nu}_L, \bar{e}_L) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix} + \bar{e}_R \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} e_R + \bar{\nu}_R \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \nu_R + (\mathrm{h.c.})$  [Lepton dynamics]  
  $- \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (\bar{\nu}_L, \bar{e}_L) \phi M^e e_R + \bar{e}_R \bar{M}^e \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (-\bar{e}_L, \bar{\nu}_L) \phi^* M^\nu \nu_R + \bar{\nu}_R \bar{M}^\nu \phi^T \begin{pmatrix} -e_L \\ \nu_L \end{pmatrix} \right]$  [Lepton masses]  
  $+ (\bar{u}_L, \bar{d}_L) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} + \bar{u}_R \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} u_R + \bar{d}_R \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} d_R + (\mathrm{h.c.})$  [Quark dynamics]  
  $- \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (\bar{u}_L, \bar{d}_L) \phi M^d d_R + \bar{d}_R \bar{M}^d \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (-\bar{d}_L, \bar{u}_L) \phi^* M^u u_R + \bar{u}_R \bar{M}^u \phi^T \begin{pmatrix} -d_L \\ u_L \end{pmatrix} \right]$ [Quark masses]  
  $+ (\bar{D}_{\mu} \phi) D^{\mu} \phi \left[ -\frac{m_h^2 [\bar{\phi} \phi - v^2/2]^2/2v^2}{v} \right]$ [Higgs dyn. & mass] + new particles/symmetries ?

<u>Higgs</u>: Generation of masses via BEH mechanism now confirmed (2012!)
 <u>Flavour</u>: SM cannot generate observed matter-antimatter imbalance
 <u>Fine-tuning</u>: Higgs mass runs up «uncontrolled» up to Planck scale

#### **BSM searches: SM fine-tuning problem**

- Higgs boson is the only SM particle with mass:
  - $m_{\rm H}$  not "protected" by any internal symmetry
  - Scalar  $m_{H}$  has radiative corrections up to next phys. scale  $m_{h}^{2} = m_{tree}^{2} + (\Delta m_{H}^{2})_{top} + (\Delta m_{H}^{2})_{gauge} + (\Delta m_{H}^{2})_{higgs}$
  - $m_{H}$  from symmetry at Planck scale: fine-tuned to 10<sup>-16</sup>!
- 3 general theoretical solutions:
  - (1) Supersymmetry SUSY: → SM superpartners
     Extra "svirtual" contributions stabilize Higgs potential.
  - (2) Higgs not elementary (Golds. boson of new gauge group): Technicolor, composite-Higgs, ..., (little-Higgs), ...
    - $\rightarrow$  techni-mesons/baryons, heavy- $\rho$ , ..., (heavy-top, Z'), ...
  - (3) Quantum gravity sets in at ~TeV:
     Effects from hidden dims (0.1 mm to 10<sup>-19</sup> m). → KK-towers, radion, mini-BH, ...
- All solutions imply <u>new particles at TeV scale</u>

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#### **Constrained SUSY searches**

• cMSSM or mSUGRA = minimal SUSY SM extension with least # of params  $(m_0, m_{1/2}, \tan\beta, A, sign\mu)$ , defined at GUT-scale & evolved down in energy.

Many searches w/ multiple observables (mostly with MET). Spartner masses pushed to increasingly heavier masses. No signal of «simple» SUSY so far ...

Summary of CMS SUSY Results\* in SMS framework

**ICHEP 2014** 



#### "Issues" with the Standard Model (4)

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{8} tr(\mathbf{W}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{W}^{\mu\nu}) - \frac{1}{2} tr(\mathbf{G}_{\mu\nu} \mathbf{G}^{\mu\nu})$$
 [Gauge interactions:  $\mathbf{U}_{\mathsf{Y}}(\mathsf{1})$ ,  $\mathbf{SU}_{\mathsf{L}}(2)$ ,  $\mathbf{SU}_{\mathsf{c}}(3)$ ]  
  $+ (\bar{\nu}_L, \bar{e}_L) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix} + \bar{e}_R \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} e_R + \bar{\nu}_R \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \nu_R + (\mathrm{h.c.})$  [Lepton dynamics]  
  $- \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (\bar{\nu}_L, \bar{e}_L) \phi M^e e_R + \bar{e}_R \bar{M}^e \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_L \\ e_L \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (-\bar{e}_L, \bar{\nu}_L) \phi^* M^\nu \nu_R + \bar{\nu}_R \bar{M}^\nu \phi^T \begin{pmatrix} -e_L \\ \nu_L \end{pmatrix} \right]$  [Lepton masses]  
  $+ (\bar{u}_L, \bar{d}_L) \tilde{\sigma}^{\mu} i D_{\mu} \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} + \bar{u}_R \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} u_R + \bar{d}_R \sigma^{\mu} i D_{\mu} d_R + (\mathrm{h.c.})$  [Quark dynamics]  
  $- \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (\bar{u}_L, \bar{d}_L) \phi M^d d_R + \bar{d}_R \bar{M}^d \bar{\phi} \begin{pmatrix} u_L \\ d_L \end{pmatrix} \right] - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{v} \left[ (-\bar{d}_L, \bar{u}_L) \phi^* M^u u_R + \bar{u}_R \bar{M}^u \phi^T \begin{pmatrix} -d_L \\ u_L \end{pmatrix} \right]$ [Quark masses]  
  $+ \overline{(D_\mu \phi)} D^\mu \phi - m_h^2 [\bar{\phi} \phi - v^2/2]^2 / 2v^2$ . [Higgs dyn. & mass] + new particles/symmetries ?

<u>Higgs</u>: Generation of masses via BEH mechanism now confirmed (2012!)
 <u>Flavour</u>: SM cannot generate observed matter-antimatter imbalance
 <u>Fine-tuning</u>: Higgs mass runs up «uncontrolled» up to Planck scale
 <u>Dark matter</u>: SM describes only 4% of Universe (visible fermions-bosons)
 <u>Others</u>: v's masses, gauge-gravity unification, cosmological const., dark energy,...

#### **BSM searches: Dark matter = new heavy particle?**

#### Dark matter evidences:

- Galactic rotation curves
- Collision of cluster galaxies
- CMB background T fluctuations
- Large-scale structure universe

#### Properties:

- Sensitive to gravitation, stable, massive, early Universe relic
- $\rightarrow$  Weakly Interacting Massive Particle (WIMP) ?

m\_{\_{DM}} \sim 10~GeV - 1~TeV,~\sigma\_{\_{DM-SM}} \sim \sigma\_{\_{weak}},~\Omega\_{\_{DM}} \sim O(10\%)

- Beyond-SM candidate DM particles:
  - Lightest SUSY Particle (LSP): neutralino, ...
  - Extra-Dims: lightest Kaluza-Klein tower, ...
  - Heavy R-handed or sterile neutrinos.
  - Axions.
  - Unknown hidden sector.

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# Bullet cluster





#### **Dark matter: Collider searches**

DM produced in p-p final-state observable via large missing transverse energy (MET) from:

→ Lightest Particle ( $\chi^0$ ) in RP-conserving SUSY:

Prominent WIMP candidate. Decay cascade with large MET, many jets & leptons

→ Generic DM-pair searches:

Large MET plus initial-state QCD or QED radiation:







→ Higgs decay to DM-pair:



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#### Dark matter: Collider searches (generic DM pair)

- (1) Search mono-jet,mono-photon excess above SM background: Z(vv)+j,γ (~70%), W(vl<sub>escape</sub>)+j,γ (~30%). Remove other EWK&QCD backgds: veto iso-leptons & Δφ cut
- (2) Interpret (no) excess within generic effective field theory (EFT) for contact SM-DM interaction, characterized by 2 parameters:





 $\Lambda = M_{\star} / \sqrt{g_{\chi} g_q}$  : Scale of effective interaction

M<sub>v</sub>: mass of DM particle (Dirac fermion)

for various types of DM-SM couplings, e.g.:

 $M_{\gamma N}$  = reduced mass of DM-nucleon system

Name	Initial state	Type	Operator	
D5	qq	vector	$rac{1}{M_\star^2}ar\chi\gamma^\mu\chiar q\gamma_\mu q$	(spin-independent: SI)
D8	qq	axial-vector	$rac{1}{M_\star^2}ar\chi\gamma^\mu\gamma^5\chiar q\gamma_\mu\gamma^5 q$	(spin-dependent: SD)

(3) Set limits in DM mass vs. interaction-strength for SI & SD couplings:

$$\sigma(\chi N \to \chi N) \sim \frac{g_q^2 g_\chi^2}{M_\star^4} \mu_{\chi N}^2$$

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#### Dark matter searches: monojets/monophotons

#### **MET**, $p_{\tau}^{\gamma}$ distributions after cuts for SM backgrounds & DM signal:



CMS-PAS-EXO-12-048 JHEP09(2012)094 PRL 108 (2012)261803

Best limits for low DM mass!  $M_{\chi} \sim 1 - 10 \text{ GeV}$  $\sigma_{\chi N} \sim 10^{-39} \text{ (SI)}$  $\sigma_{\chi N} \sim 10^{-41} \text{ (SD)}$ 

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#### Summary beyond-SM (non-SUSY) searches



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#### David d'Enterria (CERN)

#### **LHC Outlook**

Run-2 [2015-2018]: p-p @ 13-14 TeV,L<sub>int</sub> ~ 200 fb<sup>-1</sup> (Pb-Pb@5-5.5 TeV, p-Pb@8-8.8 TeV) Run-3 [2020-2022]: p-p @ 14 TeV, L<sub>int</sub> ~ 300 fb<sup>-1</sup> (Pb-Pb @ 5.5 TeV, p-Pb @ 8.8 TeV) Run-4 [2026-2028] High-luminosity LHC: p-p @ 14 TeV, L<sub>int</sub> = 3000 fb<sup>-1</sup>

18 months + 3months BC (Beam Commissioning)



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LS2

starting in 2018 (July)

#### Summary



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# **Back up slides**

#### **Goals of the Large Hadron Collider**

- Solve 6 basic open questions in HEP with 7 experiments:
  - **1.** <u>Mass generation problem</u>: What is the origin of the SM elementary particle masses ? Higgs boson ? other mechanism ?
  - 2. <u>Hierarchy / fine-tuning</u> problem: What stabilizes m<sub>Higgs</sub> up to m<sub>Planck</sub> (10<sup>16</sup> orders-of-magnitude!?) ? SUSY ? extra-D ? ... ?
  - **3.** <u>Dark matter problem</u>:  $\sim 1/4$  universe = invisible matter. SUSY ? Other particles ?
  - **4.** <u>Flavour problem</u>: Origin of matter-antimatter asymmetry in the Universe ? Why so many types of matter particles ?
  - 5. <u>QCD</u> in non-perturbative regime: Why quark confinement ? Total hadronic x-sections ? Gauge-String duality (AdS/CFT) ?

6. Highest-energy cosmic-rays: Nature of CRs at 10<sup>20</sup> eV ? 🛶 🐺 🧖







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## QCD: heavy-Q cross-sections (& $Q\overline{Q}$ polarization)

(luminosity)

 $(1900 \, \text{pb}^{-1})$ 

 $(6 \, \text{pb}^{-1})$ 

 $(40 \text{ pb}^{-1})$ 

 $(40 \ pb^{-1})$ 

50

B Hadron Production Cross Section [µb]

Spring 2012

value ± stat. ± syst. ± lum. error

 $11.6 \pm 0.6 \pm 1.2 \pm 2.0$ 

 $28.1 \pm 2.4 \pm 2.0 \pm 3.1$ 

 $33.3 \pm 2.5 \pm 3.1 \pm 3.6$ 

 $6.9 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.3$ 

(qd)

σ(t<del>Ī</del>)

10<sup>2</sup>

10

**CMS** Preliminary

○ CDF
 □ D0

CMS combined 7 TeV (1.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>)

CMS combined 8 TeV (2.8 fb<sup>-1</sup>)

CMS Preliminary,√s=7 TeV

 $pp \rightarrow \Lambda_{h} X \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda X$ 

 $pp \rightarrow B^+ X$ 

 $pp \rightarrow B^0 X$ 

HX frame. |v| < 0.6

Y(3S)

45

p<sub>\_</sub> [GeV]

P<sub>T</sub>>5 GeV, lyl<2.4

P<sub>T</sub>>5 GeV, lyl<2.2

 $pp \rightarrow B_{c} X \rightarrow J/\psi \phi X$ 

8<p\_<50 GeV, lyl<2.4 (x1000)

Theory: MC@NLO / POWHEG

CTEQ6M PDF,  $\mu = (m^2 + p_-^2)^{1/2}$ , m, =4.75 GeV

PRL 110 (2013) 081802

P<sub>T</sub>>10 GeV, lyl<2.0 (x10000)

Bottom & top x-sections in good agreement with NLO (approx. NNLO) predictions:

Although quarkonia polarization

→ CDF PRL 108, 151802 (2012), tot. uncert., 68.3% CL NLO NRQCD at √s = 1.96 TeV, PRD83, 114021 (2011)

NNLO\* CSM at  $\sqrt{s}$  = 1.8 TeV. PRL101, 152001 (2008)

■ Quality of differential top x-sections can constrain gluon (N)NLO PDF:



Approx. NNLO QCD (pp)

Approx. NNLO QCD (pp)

Scale ⊗ PDF uncertainty

Scale uncertainty Scale  $\otimes$  PDF uncertainty

Scale uncertainty

still a puzzle ...

CDF pp √s = 1.96 TeV

1.5

0.5

-0.5

-1-

-1.5

 $\lambda_{\vartheta}$ 

CMS pp  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV L = 4.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>

— CMS, tot. uncert., 68.3% CL

15



## EW: WW, ZZ and VBF-Z production



## Discovery of Higgs boson: $\tau\tau$ , bb channels

BEH mechanism proposed to give mass to W&Z bosons. Does it give mass to fermions? Does it couple to (down-type) fermions?



#### **Higgs searches in other channels**



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## **Higgs discovery/searches in other channels**

#### About 30 Higgs production-decay channels available:

	gluon fusion g t H g t	vector boson fusion (VBF) q W,Z <sup>L</sup> 22 H W,Z,U <sup>N</sup> q	associated prod. with W/Z q W,Z W,Z q H	associated prod. with tt g g t t t H g composition t t	
Channel	ggF	VBF	VH	ttH	Dataset 7+8 TeV (fb <sup>-1</sup> )
Н→үү					5.1+19.6
H→ZZ→4l					5.1+19.6
H→WW→lvlv					4.9+19.5
Η→ττ					4.9+19.6
H→bb					5.0+19 <mark>.</mark> 0
Н→µµ					
$H \rightarrow invisible$					5.0+19.6
H→Zγ					

Released In progress

#### **Discovery of Higgs boson: mass, spin-parity**



ZZ leptons kinematics sensitive to resonance spin-parity (H prod. & decay):



Studied pseudo-scalar, spin-1 and spin-2 models excluded at 95% CL or higher

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#### **Less constrained searches: natural-SUSY**

 Natural SUSY: m<sub>H</sub> regularized by m<sub>stop</sub>, squarks can be heavy, gluinos less.
 ~10% fine-tuning: squarks>TeV, stops<0.6 TeV, gluinos<1.4 TeV Gluinos decays into 3<sup>rd</sup> generation:



 $6.00 \pm 2.40$  (2.23)

 $1.37 \pm 1.19$  (1.12)

 $0.0 \pm 0.66 (0.66)$ 

 $3.83 \pm 1.84$  (1.75)

 $2.74 \pm 2.02$  (1.86)

 $0.0 \pm 0.42 (0.42)$ 

 $1.92 \pm 0.95 (0.84)$ 

 $0.57 \pm 0.58$  (0.52)

 $0.0 \pm 0.22 (0.22)$ 

 $1.89 \pm 1.03 (0.94)$ 

 $0.85 \pm 0.80 \ (0.70)$ 

 $0.0 \pm 0.08 (0.08)$ 



 $\begin{array}{c} P_2 \\ \tilde{g} \\ P_1 \\ \tilde{g} \\ P_1 \\ \tilde{g} \\ t \end{array} \begin{array}{c} t \\ \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \\ \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \\ t \end{array}$ 

Muons

Electr.

Muons

 $N_{\rm b}=2$ 

N N

Nb Electr. [250,350]

[350,450]

>450

[250,350]

[350,450]

>450

[250,350]

[350,450]

>450

[250,350]

[350,450]

>450

141

24

9

112

28

9

28

13

2

45

7

0

4 b-jets, 4W, MET

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#### **BSM searches: High-mass resonances**

«Simple» generic procedure:

(i) Reconstruct pairs of high- $p_{T}$  objects: jets, leptons, bosons, ...

(ii) Look at inv. mass tails for deviations from smooth SM backgrounds.(iii) Interpret (lack of) excess within (simplified) BSM models: Set limits for NP



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#### **BSM searches: Extra-Dimensions via high-mass γγ**





(spin-2 G\* s-wave decay into diphoton)

- Warped ED (RS):
  - G\* resonance (Kaluza-Klein modes)
  - 2 parameters:
    - $M_1$  (1<sup>st</sup> excitation)
    - k/M<sub>Pl</sub> (dimensionless coupling to SM fields)
- Large ED (AAD):
  - Non-resonant enhancement at high m<sub>yy</sub>
  - 2 parameters:
    - n<sub>ED</sub> (num. extra-dims),
    - $M_s$  (effective Planck scale)



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