

# Audible Axions, the Sound of Saxions, and Reverb from Relations

- GWs from ALP dark-photon systems -

[Axions: Machado, Ratzinger, Schwaller, Stefanach - 1811.01050, 1912.01007  
 (Lattice: " " " - 2012.71584)]

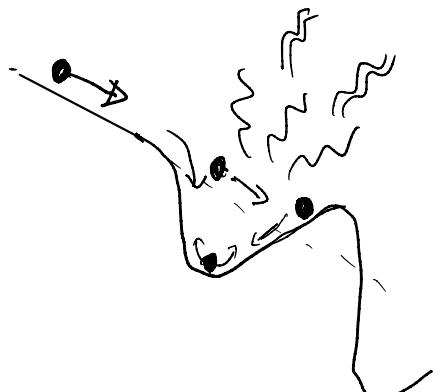
kin. Misalignment: EM, Ratzinger, Schmitt, Schwaller - 2111.12730

Relation: Banerjee, EM, Perez, Ratzinger, Schwaller - 2105.12135

## Gravitational Wave Echo from Relation Trapping

• Relation + dark photon:  $\mathcal{L} \supset -V(H, \phi) - \frac{r_x}{4} \frac{\phi}{f_\phi} X_\mu \tilde{X}^\mu$

$$V(H, \phi) \supset \underbrace{(1 - g \Lambda \phi)}_{f_\phi^2(\phi)} |H|^2 - \underbrace{g \Lambda^3 \phi}_{\langle H \rangle \sim V_H} - \Lambda_{br}^4 \frac{|H|^2}{V_H^2} \cos \frac{\phi}{f_\phi}$$



• EoM:

$$\ddot{\phi} + 3H\dot{\phi} - \frac{\Lambda_{br}^4}{f_\phi^4} + \frac{r_x}{f_\phi} \frac{\langle \tilde{X}_\mu X^\mu \rangle}{4a^4} = 0$$

$$\tilde{X}_\lambda(z, k) + \underbrace{\left( k^2 - \lambda k \frac{r_x \phi'(z)}{f_\phi} \right)}_{w(k)} X_\lambda(z, k) = 0$$

• tachyonic modes:  $k < r_x \Theta'$

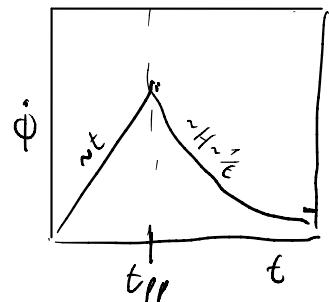
• largest growth:  $\tilde{k} = \frac{r_x \Theta'}{2}, \tilde{\omega} = \tilde{k}$

• initially:  $\langle \tilde{X} \tilde{X} \rangle \sim 0 \Rightarrow \phi \sim t$

• particle production:  $\langle \tilde{X} \tilde{X} \rangle \sim \Lambda_{br}^4$

WKB:  $\langle \tilde{X} \tilde{X} \rangle \sim e^{\int_x \Theta'/aH}$

$$\Rightarrow \Theta' = \frac{\xi}{r_x} aH, \xi \sim O(10-100)$$



• DP spectrum:  $X_+(z, k) = \begin{cases} A_k \cos(kc - \xi), & \tilde{k}(z) < k < k_{pp} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

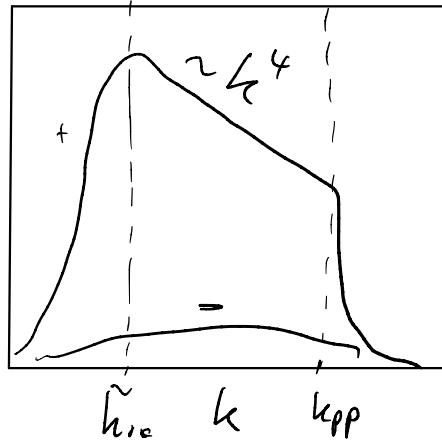
$$\Delta S_x \sim \frac{k^4}{a^4} |A_k|^2 \Delta k \sim \frac{\tilde{a}_k^4}{a^4} \Delta \sqrt{a} \frac{\tilde{a}_k^4}{a^4} \Lambda_{br}^4 \Delta \theta$$

$$\sim \frac{\tilde{a}_k^4}{a^4} \Lambda_{br}^4 \frac{\xi}{r_x} \frac{\Delta \tilde{k}}{\tilde{c}} \sim \frac{\tilde{a}_k^4}{a^4} \Lambda_{br}^4 \frac{\xi}{r_x} \frac{\Delta k}{k}, \quad \tilde{a}_k \sim \frac{1}{k}$$

$$\Rightarrow A_k \sim \Lambda_{br}^2 \sqrt{\frac{\xi}{a}} k^{-3/2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dS_x}{d \log k} \sim k^{-4}$$

$$\frac{dS_x}{d \log k}$$



• GW spectrum:

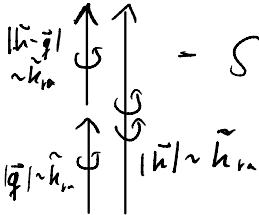
$$(\partial_z^2 + k^2) \alpha(z) h_{ij}(z, \tilde{k}) = \frac{2 \alpha^{(0)}}{M_{pe}^2} \bar{\Pi}_{ij}(z, \tilde{k})$$

$$\bar{\Pi}_{ij}(z, k) = - \frac{N_b}{a^2} \int \frac{d^3 \vec{q}}{(2\pi)^3} \left[ E_h(\vec{q}, z) E_e(\tilde{k} - \vec{q}, z) + (e \rightarrow B) \right]$$

$$S_{\text{GW}} = \frac{M_{pe}^2}{4 \alpha^2} \langle h_{ij} h^{ij} \rangle = \int d \log k \frac{M_{pe}^2 k^3}{8 \pi^2 a^2} P_h(k, z)$$

• production at  $T_{ra}$ :

$$\text{peak: } - f_p \sim \frac{\tilde{k}_{ra}}{a_0} \sim \frac{a_{ra}}{a_0} \xi H_{ra} \sim 1 \mu\text{Hz} \left(\frac{9}{25}\right) \left(\frac{T_{ra}}{1\text{GeV}}\right)$$



LR:  $f \ll f_p$

$$\begin{aligned} & - \Omega_{in} \sim \Omega_p \xi^2 \left(\frac{f}{f_p}\right)^3 \\ & - \text{unpolarized} \quad \frac{d\Omega_{ov}}{d\Omega_{in}} \end{aligned}$$

UV:  $f \gg f_p$

$$\begin{aligned} & - \Omega_{uv} \sim \Omega_p \left(\frac{f}{f_p}\right)^{-4} \\ & - \text{polarized} \end{aligned}$$

