

First results from Belle II.

Torben Ferber (torben.ferber@desy.de)
on behalf of the Belle II collaboration

January 20 2020, 58. International Winter Meeting on Nuclear Physics

HELMHOLTZ RESEARCH FOR
GRAND CHALLENGES

CLUSTER OF EXCELLENCE
QUANTUM UNIVERSE



Overview

- B-factories
- SuperKEKB
- Belle II
- First results: 2018, 2019
- Outlook 2020

First Results and Prospects for τ lepton physics at Belle II

Thomas Kraetzschmar

Wednesday 18:40

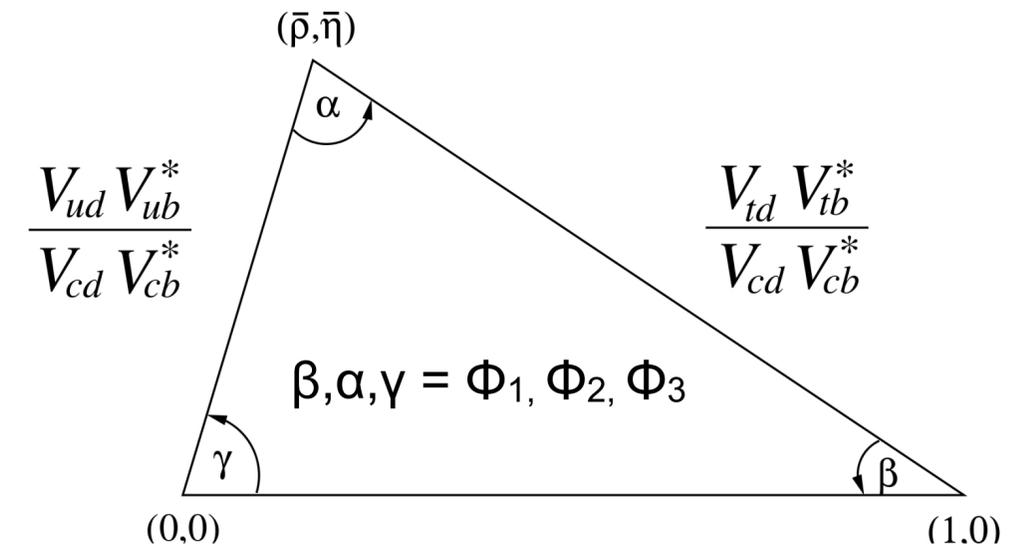
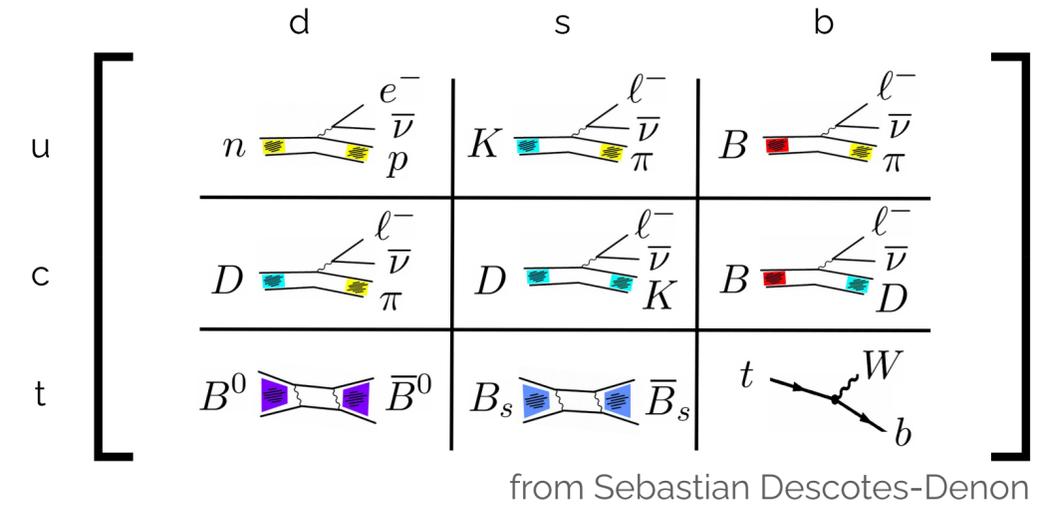
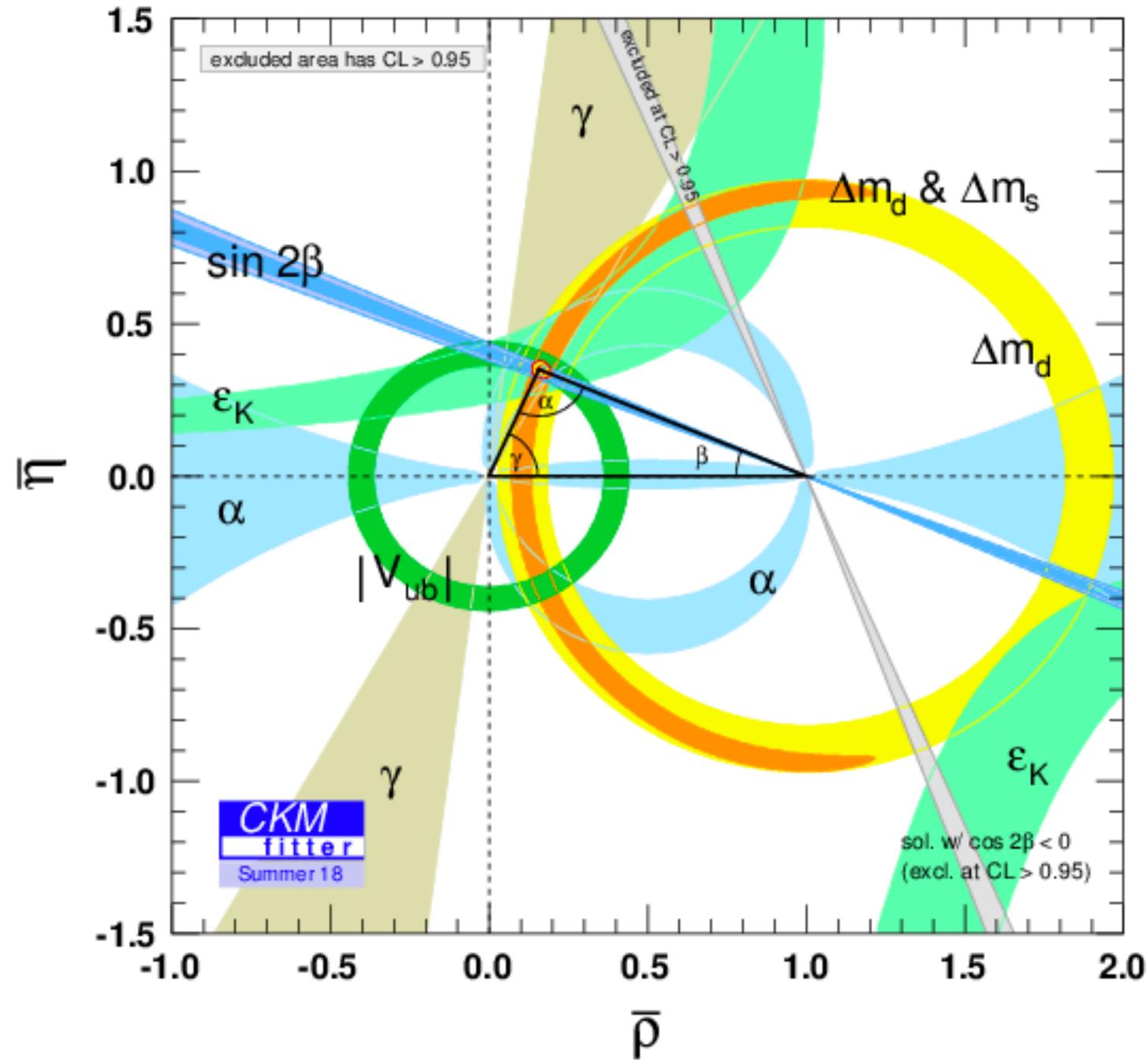
Lepton Flavour Universality Violation (LFV) search $\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu$ at Belle II

Alberto Martini

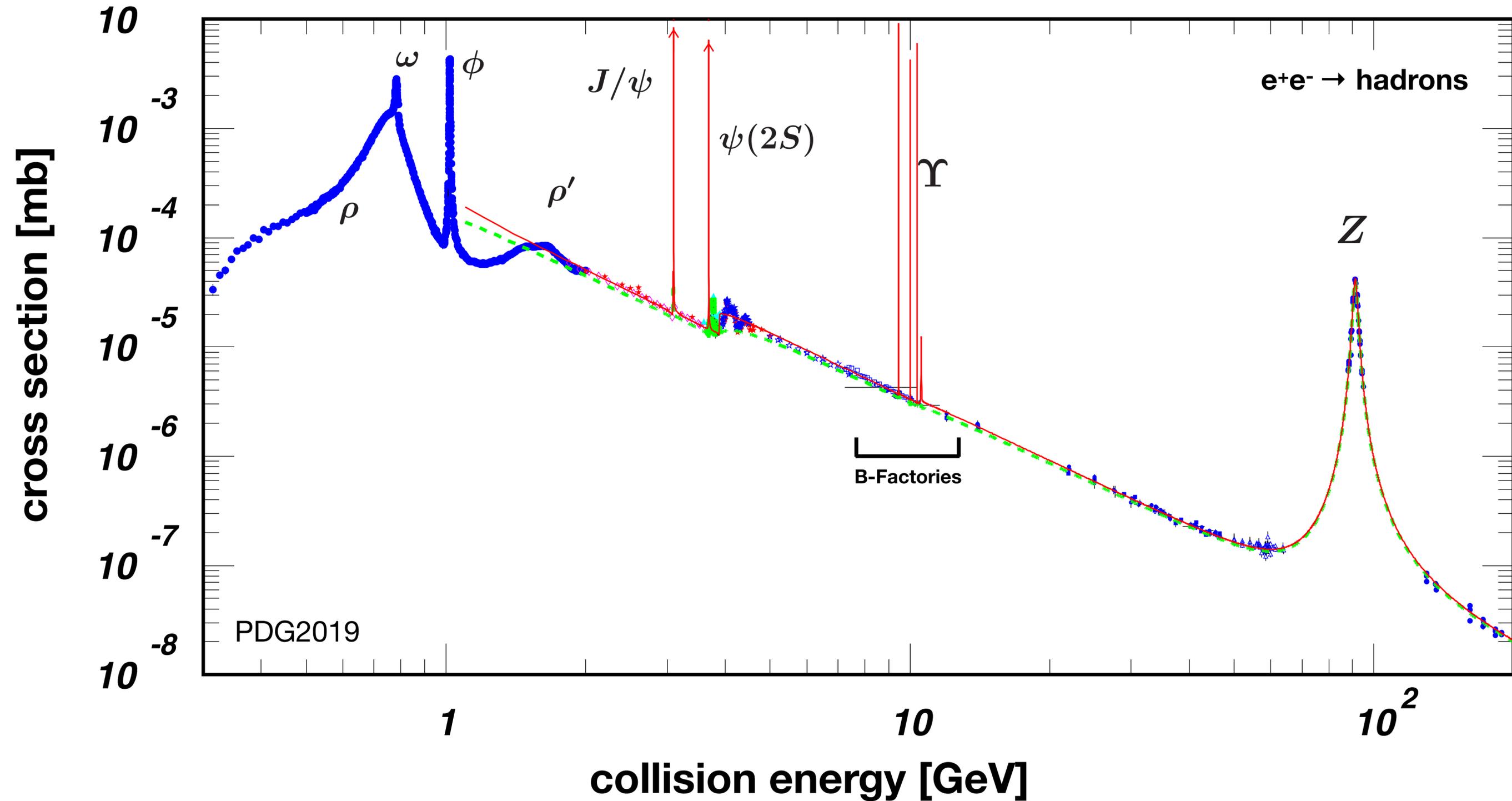
Friday 17:40

B-Factories.

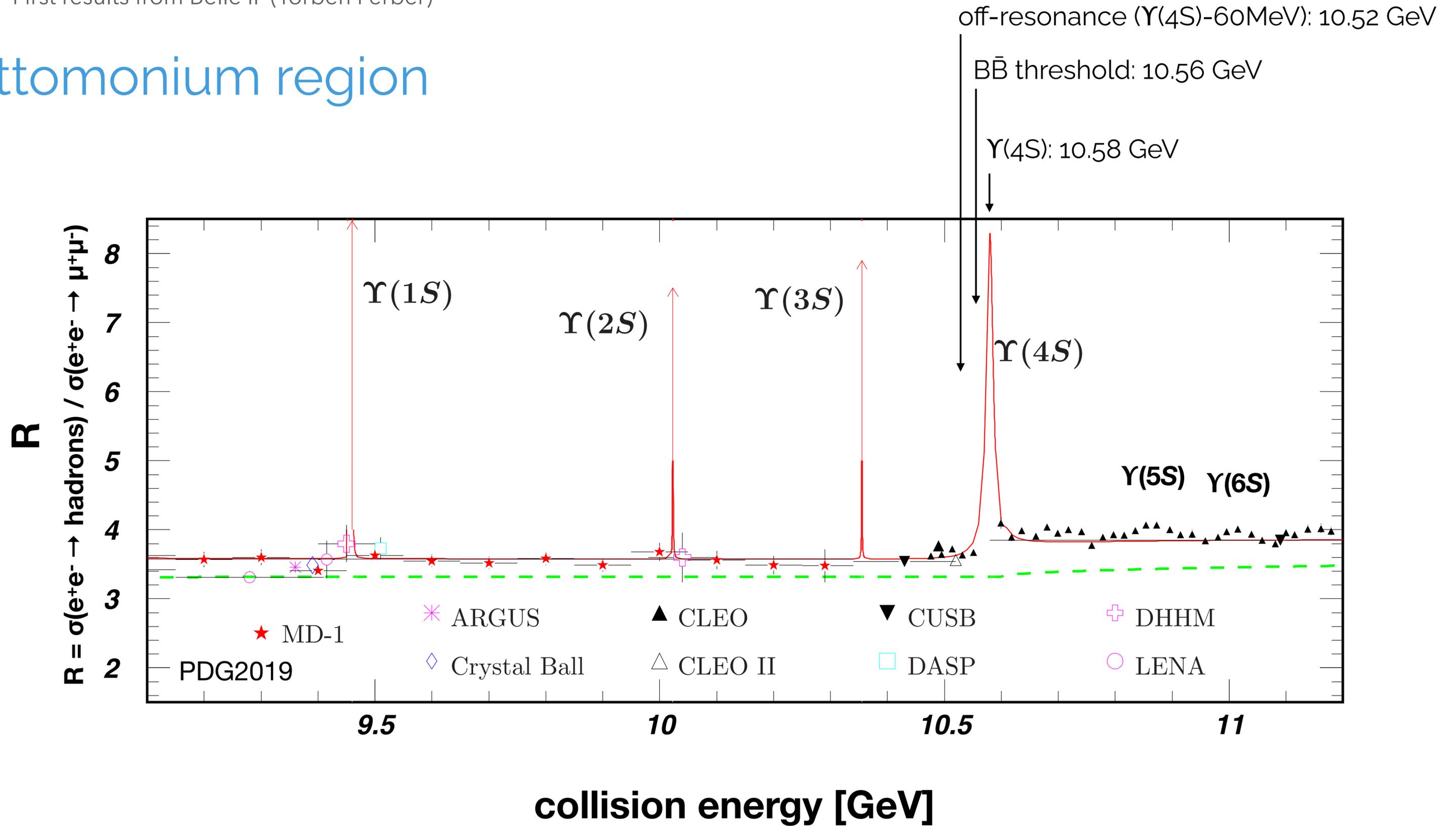
CKM Metrology



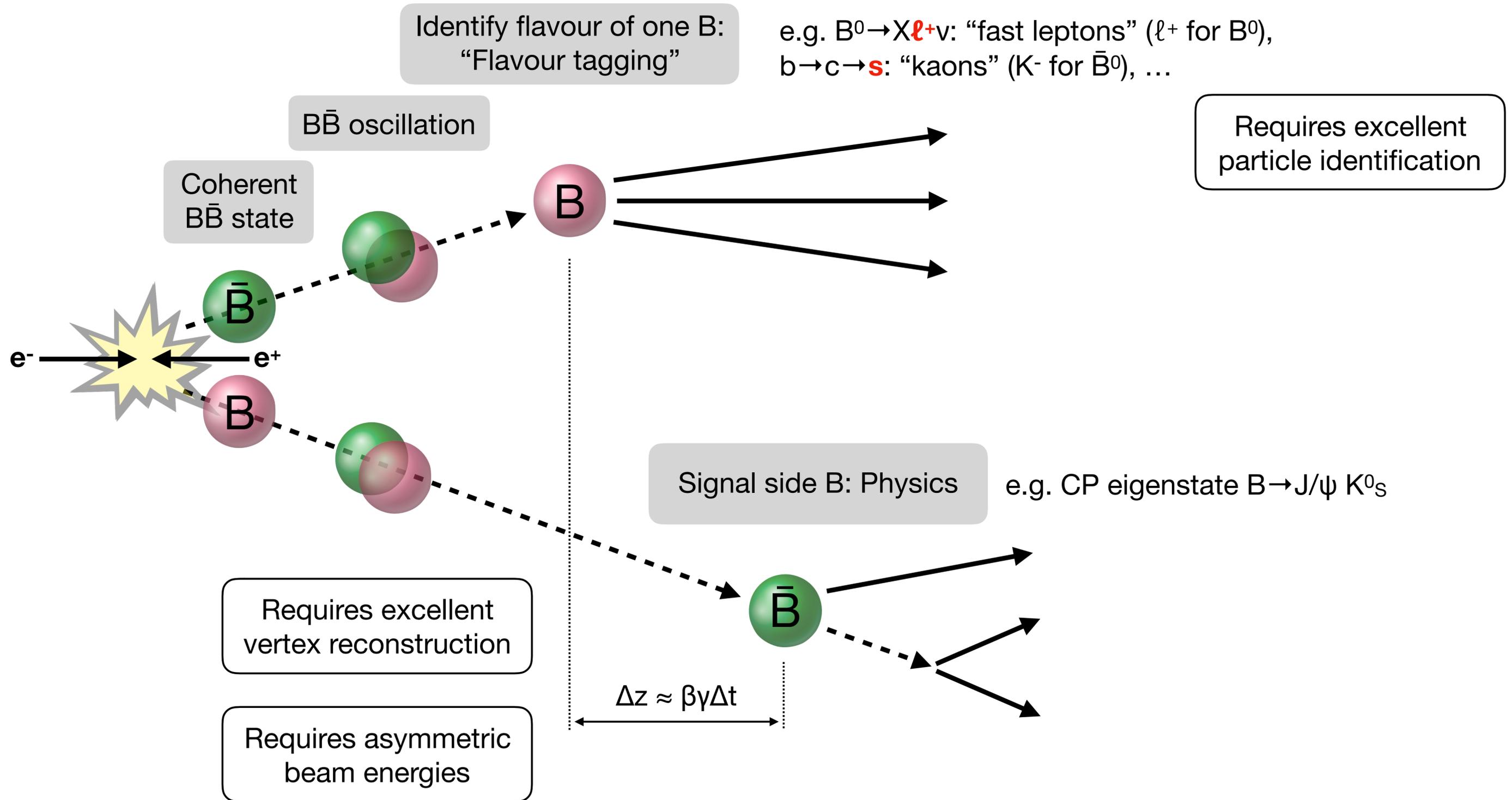
Hadronic cross section in e^+e^- collisions



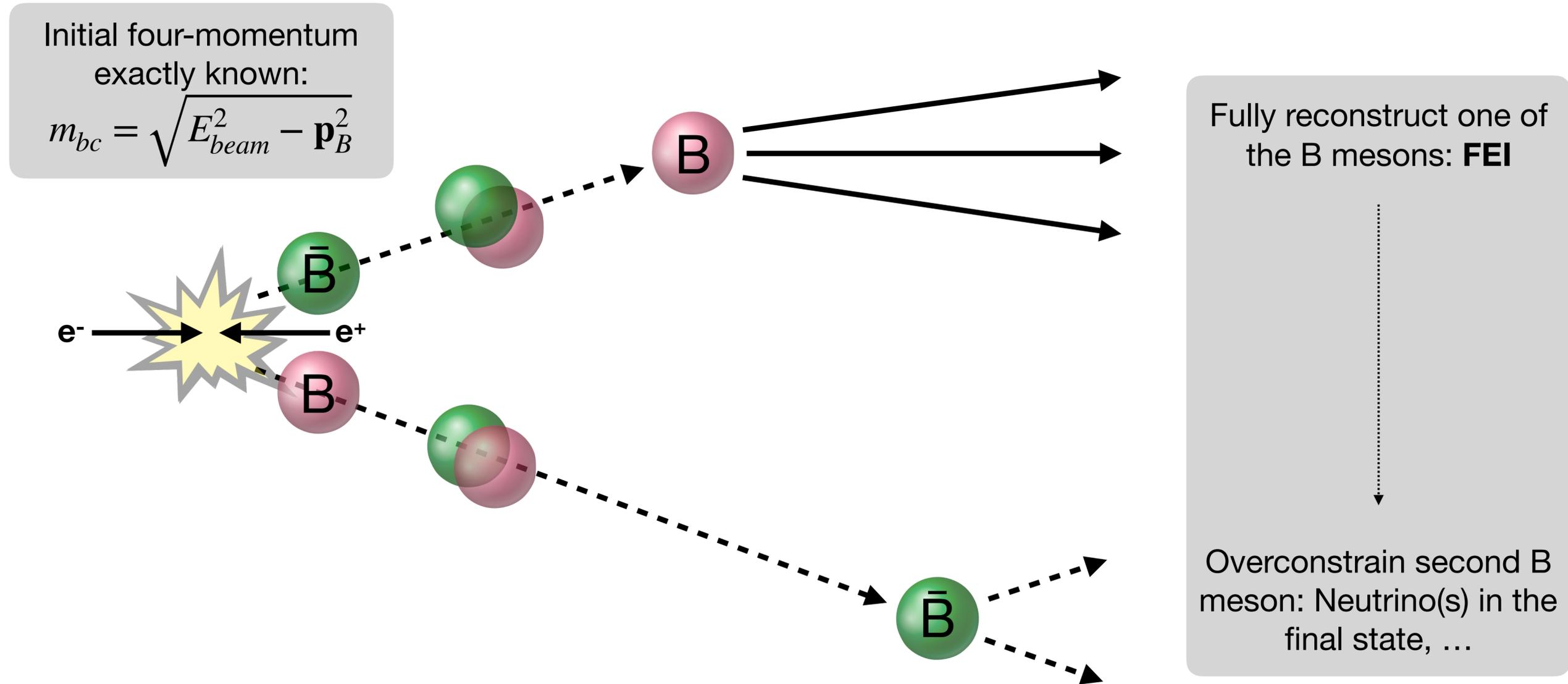
Bottomonium region



Time-dependent CP violation



Full event interpretation (FEI) and beam-constraint mass m_{bc}



Cross section in e^+e^- collisions at 10.58 GeV

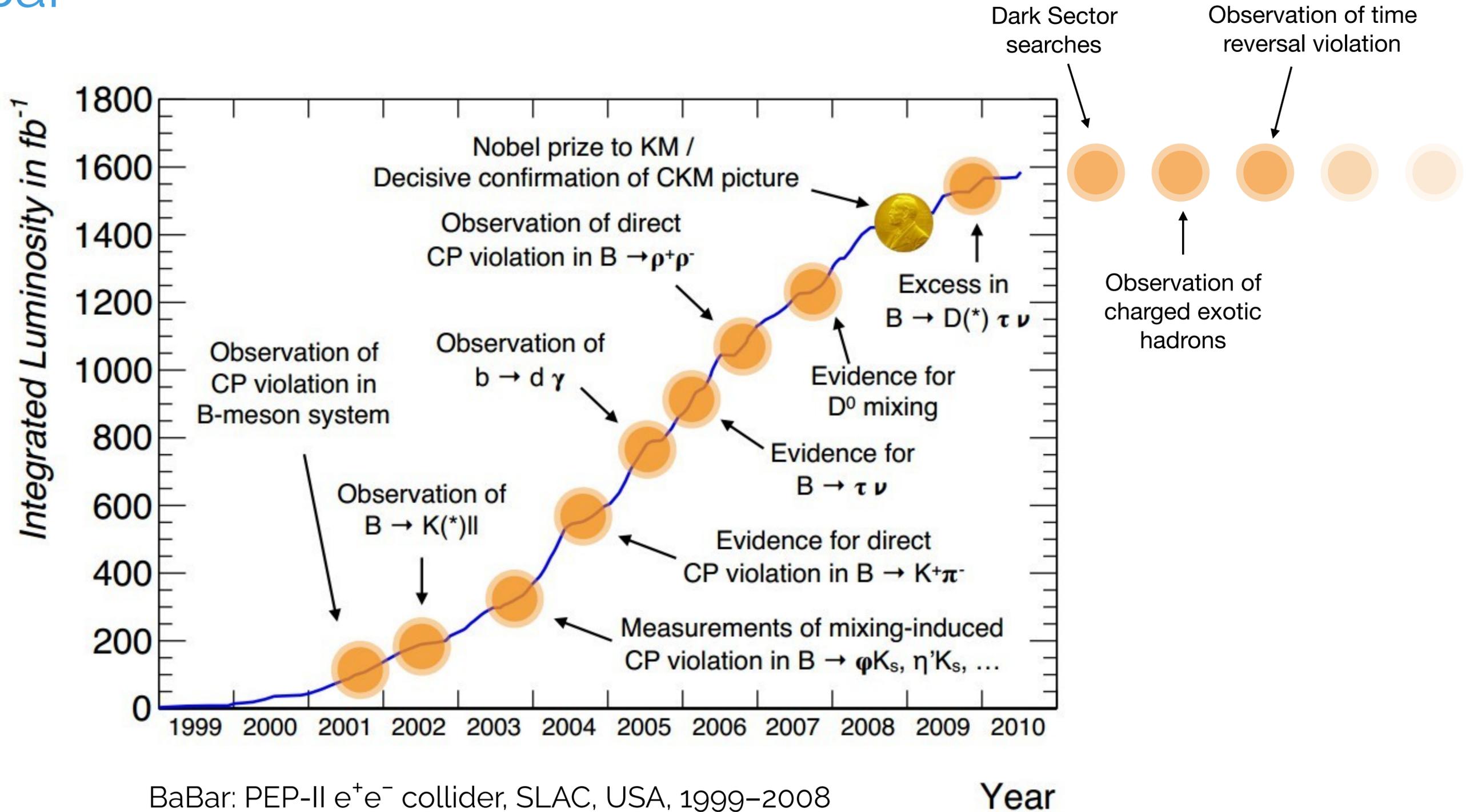
1 nb cross section
 → 10^6 events per
 1 fb⁻¹ integrated
 luminosity

Physics process	Cross section [nb]	Cuts
$\Upsilon(4S)$	1.05 ± 0.10	-
$u\bar{u}(\gamma)$	1.61	-
$d\bar{d}(\gamma)$	0.40	-
$s\bar{s}(\gamma)$	0.38	-
$c\bar{c}(\gamma)$	1.30	-
$e^+e^-(\gamma)$	300 ± 3 (MC stat.)	$10^\circ < \theta_{e's}^* < 170^\circ,$ $E_{e's}^* > 0.15$ GeV
$e^+e^-(\gamma)$	74.4	$e's (p > 0.5\text{GeV})$ in ECL
$\gamma\gamma(\gamma)$	4.99 ± 0.05 (MC stat.)	$10^\circ < \theta_{\gamma's}^* < 170^\circ,$ $E_{\gamma's}^* > 0.15$ GeV
$\gamma\gamma(\gamma)$	3.30	$\gamma's (p > 0.5\text{GeV})$ in ECL
$\mu^+\mu^-(\gamma)$	1.148	-
$\mu^+\mu^-(\gamma)$	0.831	$\mu's (p > 0.5\text{GeV})$ in CDC
$\mu^+\mu^-\gamma(\gamma)$	0.242	$\mu's (p > 0.5\text{GeV})$ in CDC, $\geq 1 \gamma (E_\gamma > 0.5\text{GeV})$ in ECL
$\tau^+\tau^-(\gamma)$	0.919	-
$\nu\bar{\nu}(\gamma)$	0.25×10^{-3}	-

QED backgrounds
 are huge

B-factories are also
 τ -factories

Belle and BaBar



BaBar: PEP-II e^+e^- collider, SLAC, USA, 1999–2008
 Belle: KEKB e^+e^- collider, KEK, Tsukuba, Japan, 1999–2010

SuperKEKB.

KEK in Tsukuba (Japan)

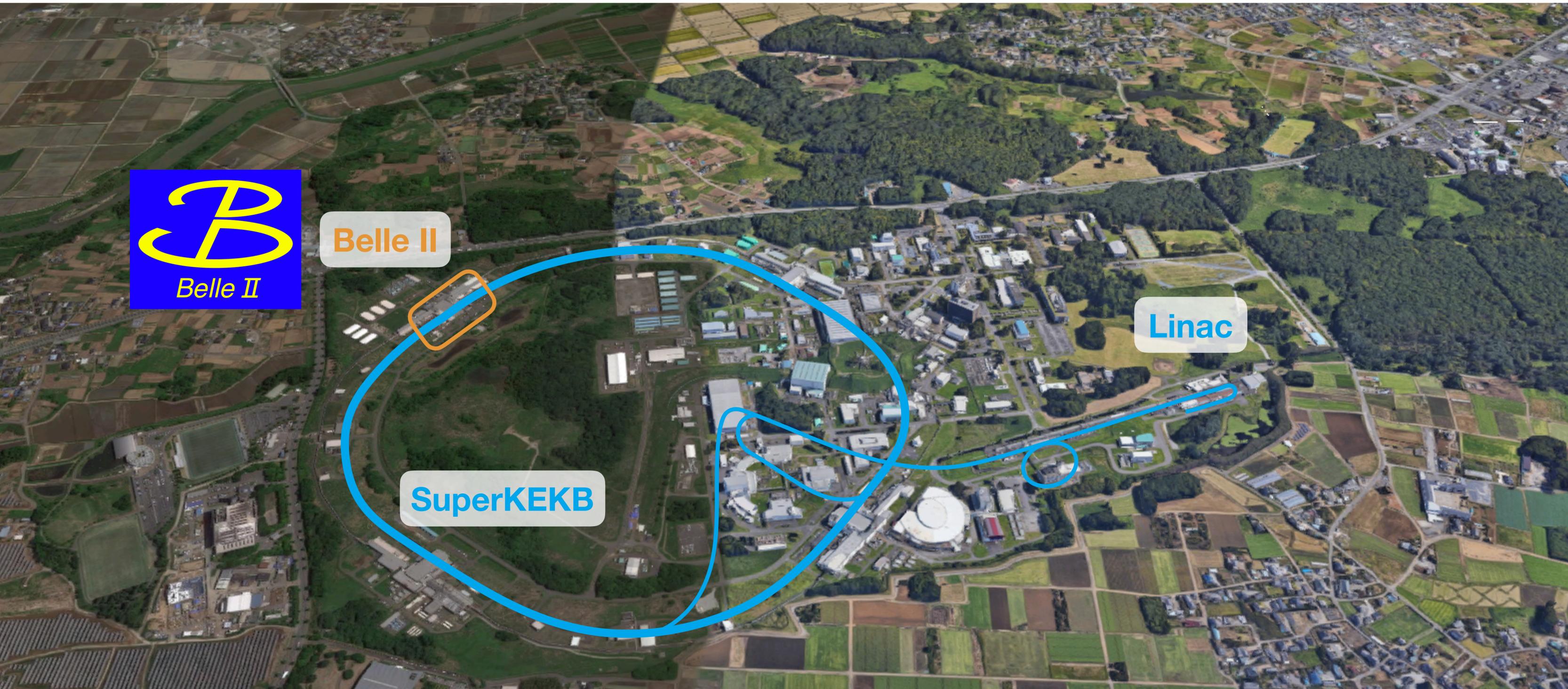
Bormio (~7000km)



Belle II

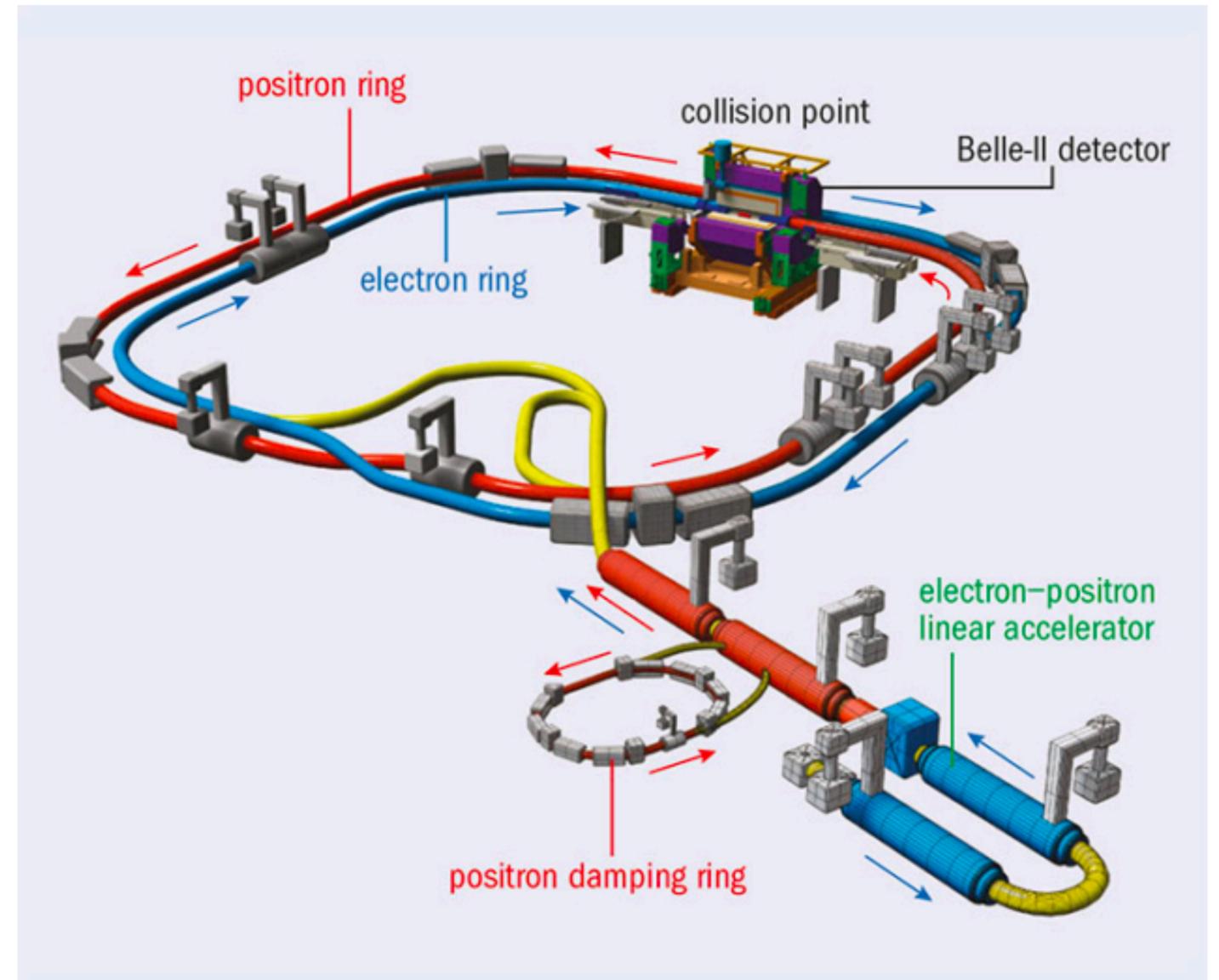
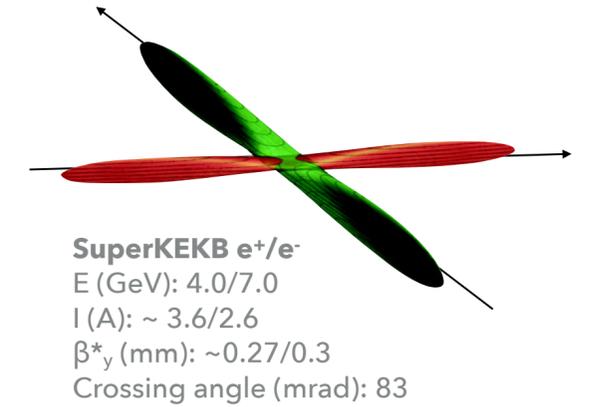
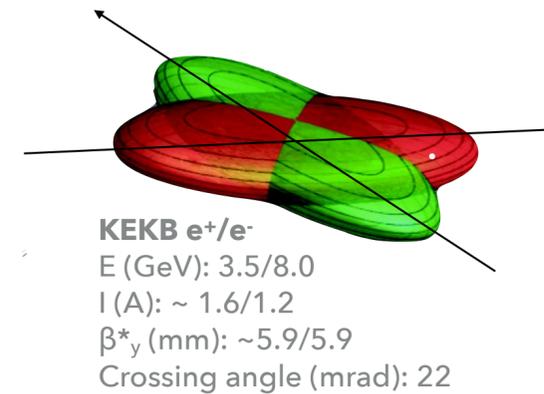
SuperKEKB

Linac

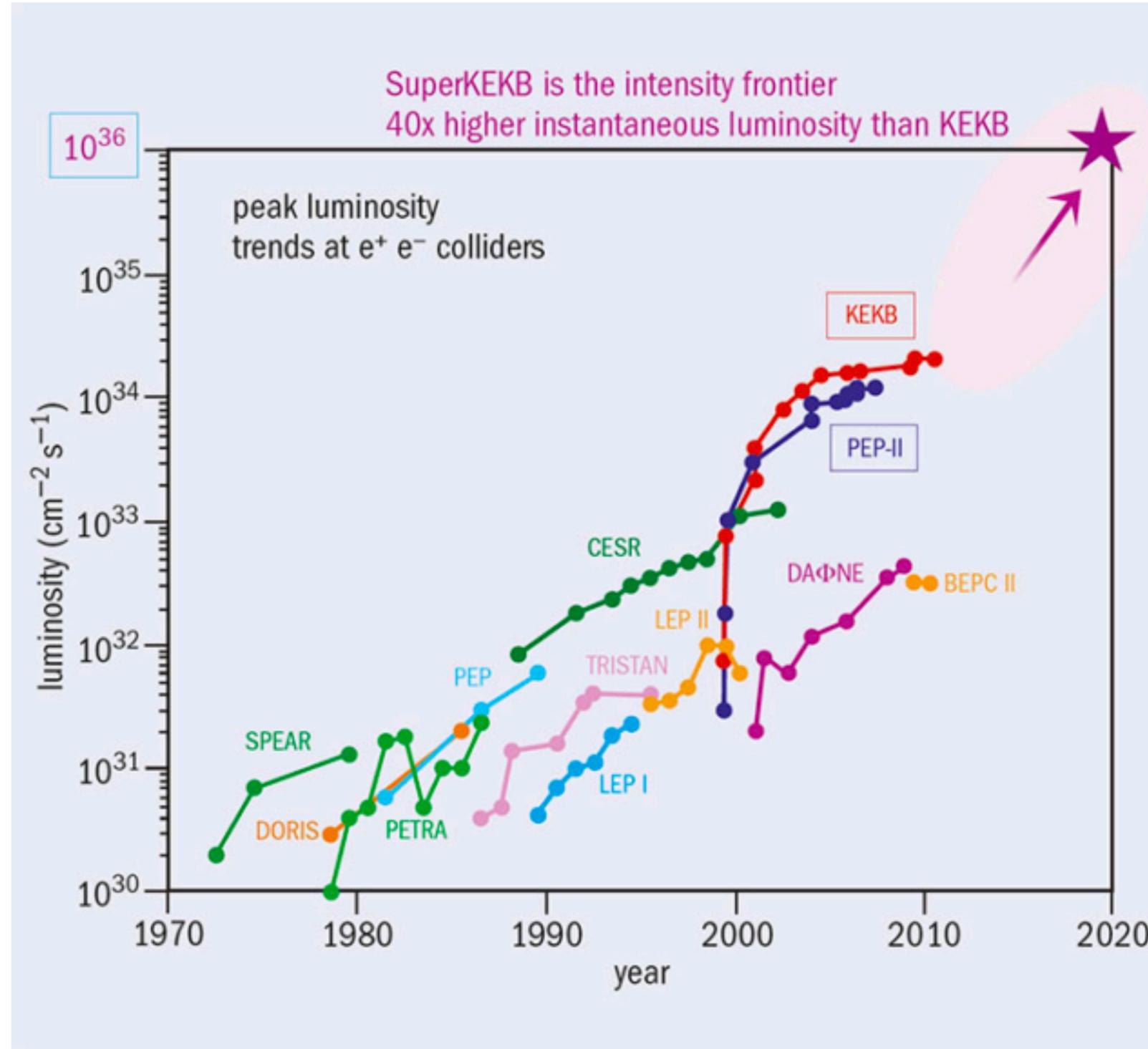


SuperKEKB

- Asymmetric (4.0 GeV/7.0 GeV) e^+e^- collider, $\sqrt{s} = 10.58$ GeV
- Large crossing angle of 83mrad
- Major upgrade to the accelerator with 40× the KEKB design luminosity ($8 \times 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$)
 - 2× higher beam currents
 - 20× smaller beam spot ($\sigma_y = 50$ nm): "Nano-beam scheme"
- Ultimate goal: 50 ab^{-1} (50× Belle)

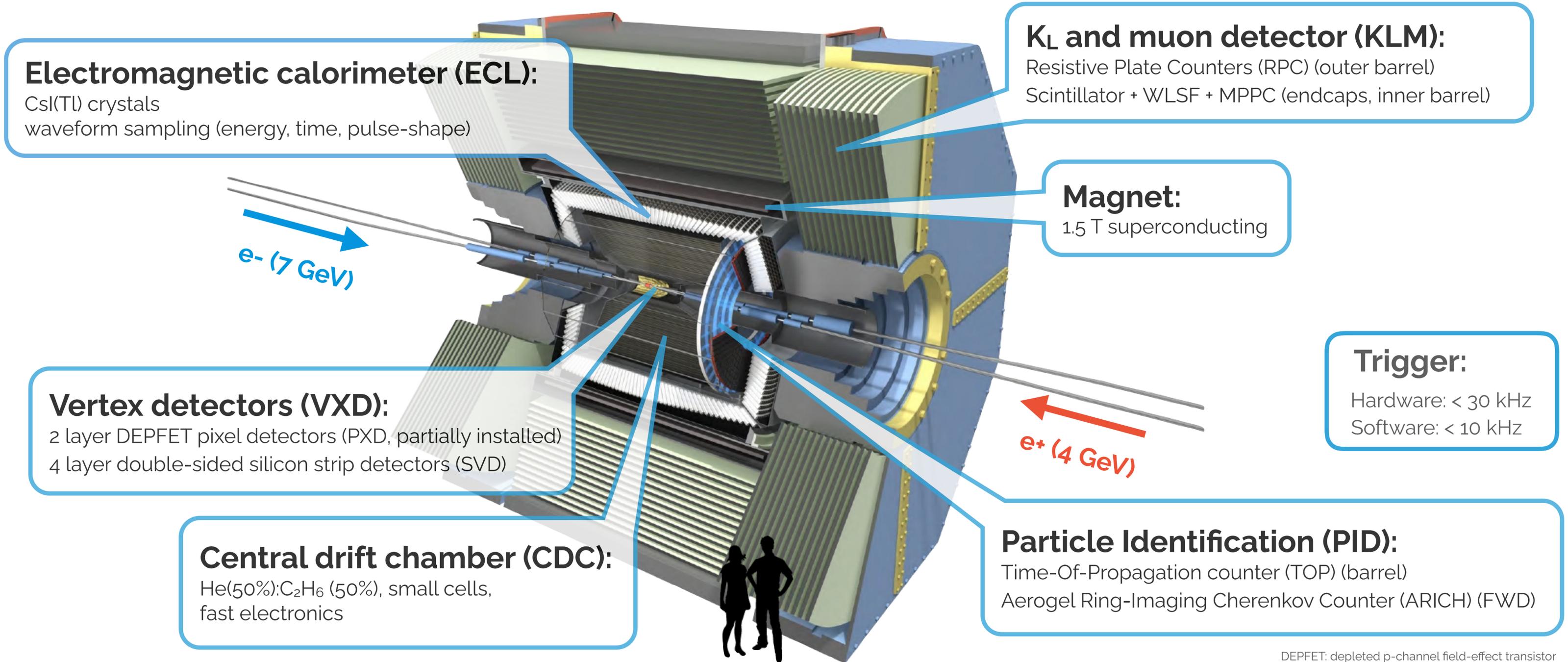


SuperKEKB



Belle II.

Belle II



Electromagnetic calorimeter (ECL):
CsI(Tl) crystals
waveform sampling (energy, time, pulse-shape)

K_L and muon detector (KLM):
Resistive Plate Counters (RPC) (outer barrel)
Scintillator + WLSF + MPPC (endcaps, inner barrel)

Magnet:
1.5 T superconducting

Trigger:
Hardware: < 30 kHz
Software: < 10 kHz

Vertex detectors (VXD):
2 layer DEPFET pixel detectors (PXD, partially installed)
4 layer double-sided silicon strip detectors (SVD)

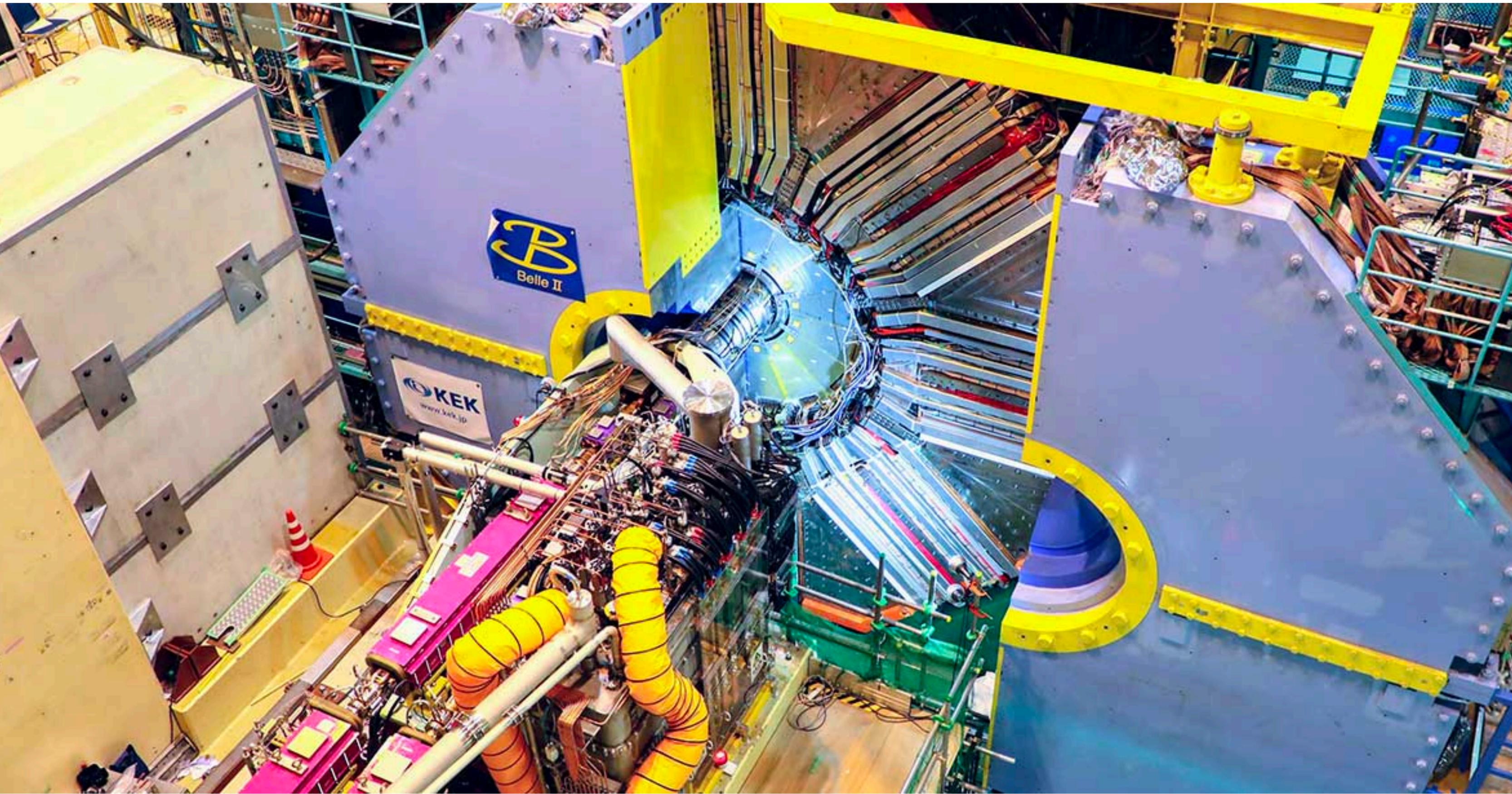
Central drift chamber (CDC):
He(50%):C₂H₆ (50%), small cells,
fast electronics

Particle Identification (PID):
Time-Of-Propagation counter (TOP) (barrel)
Aerogel Ring-Imaging Cherenkov Counter (ARICH) (FWD)

DEPFET: depleted p-channel field-effect transistor
WLSF: wavelength-shifting fiber
MPPC: multi-pixel photon counter

Belle II: Challenges

- **Reduced boost** $\beta\gamma=0.42@KEKB \rightarrow \beta\gamma=0.28@SuperKEKB$ requires better vertex resolution for the same B mixing performance
 - Much **higher backgrounds** require faster electronics and radiation hardness
 - Much **higher event rates** require new DAQ and multi-level trigger system
 - Much **higher data rates** require new software and computing design
- **Belle II is a new experiment** with many Belle and BaBar members



First results.

2018

Beam commissioning

No vertex detectors

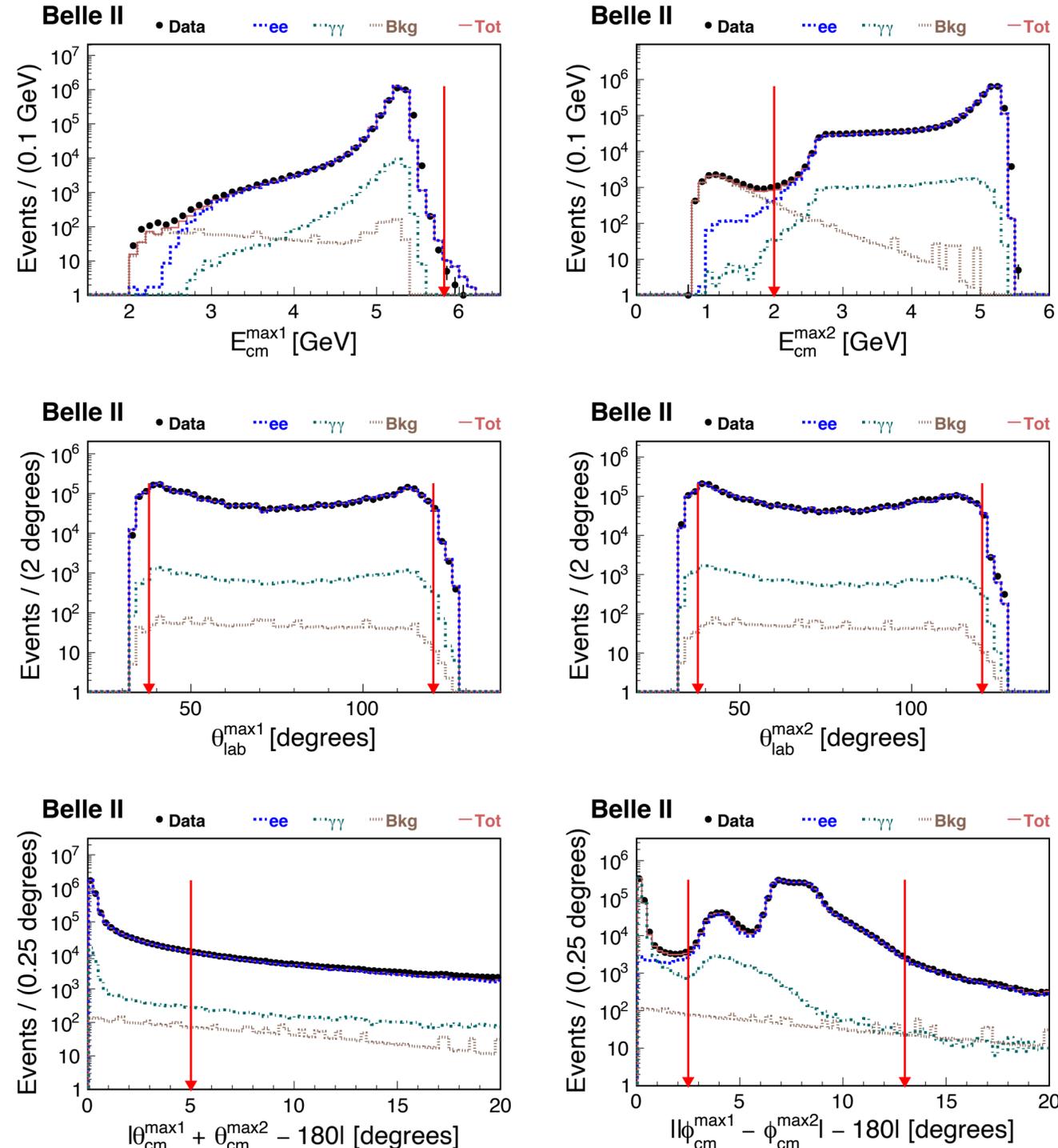
No muon system

Very loose triggers

$$L = (496.3 \pm 0.3 \pm 3.0) \text{ pb}^{-1}$$

(0.001% of final dataset)

Luminosity measurement

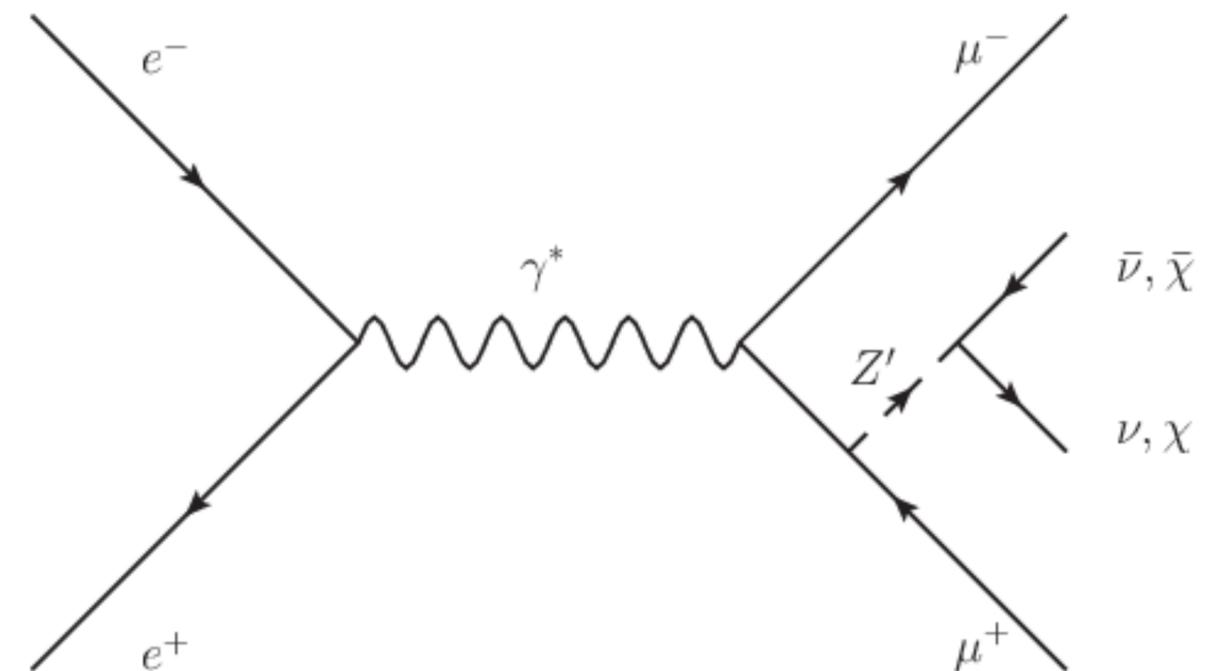


- Calorimeter-only selection of large angle Bhabha events

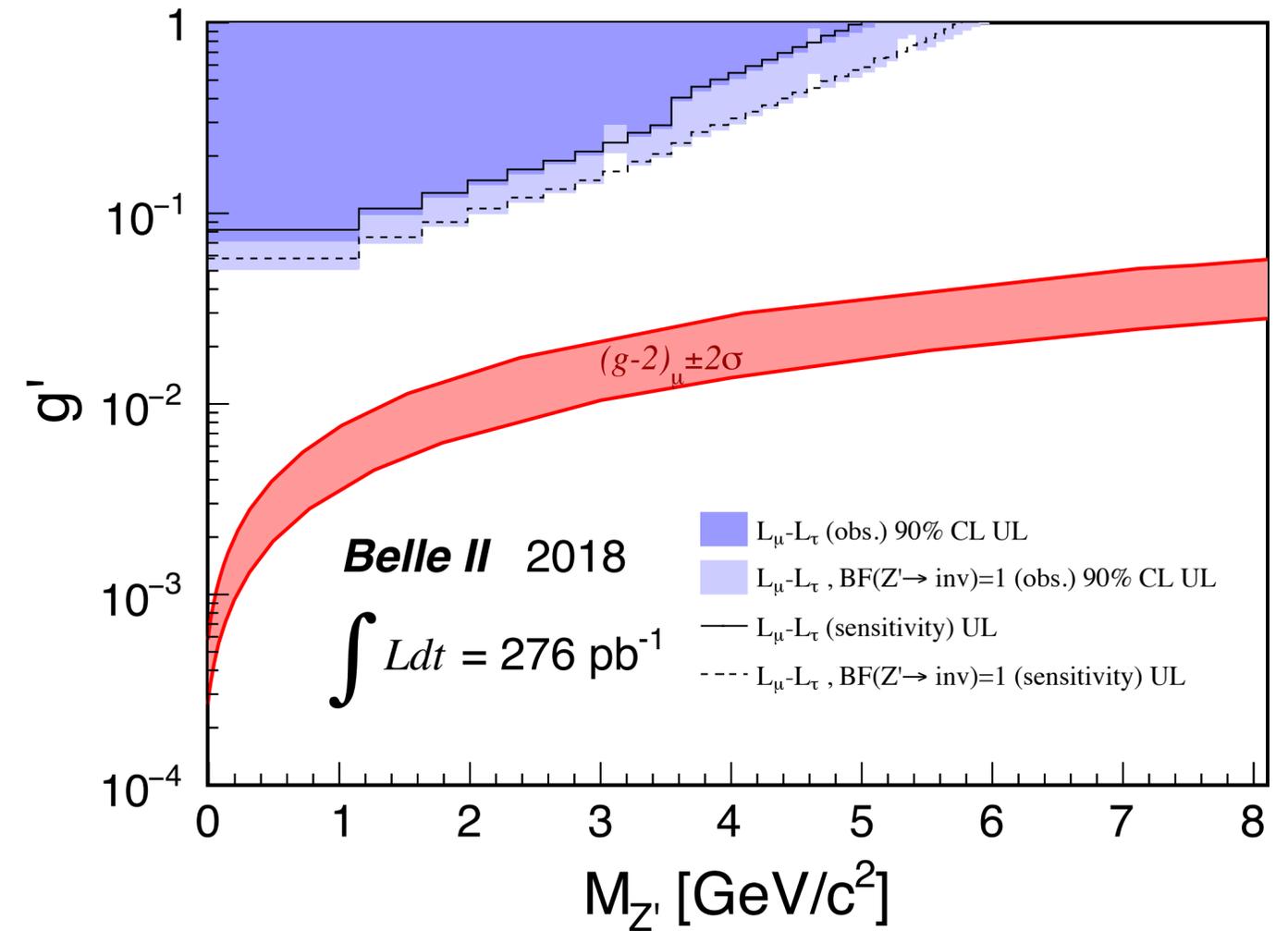
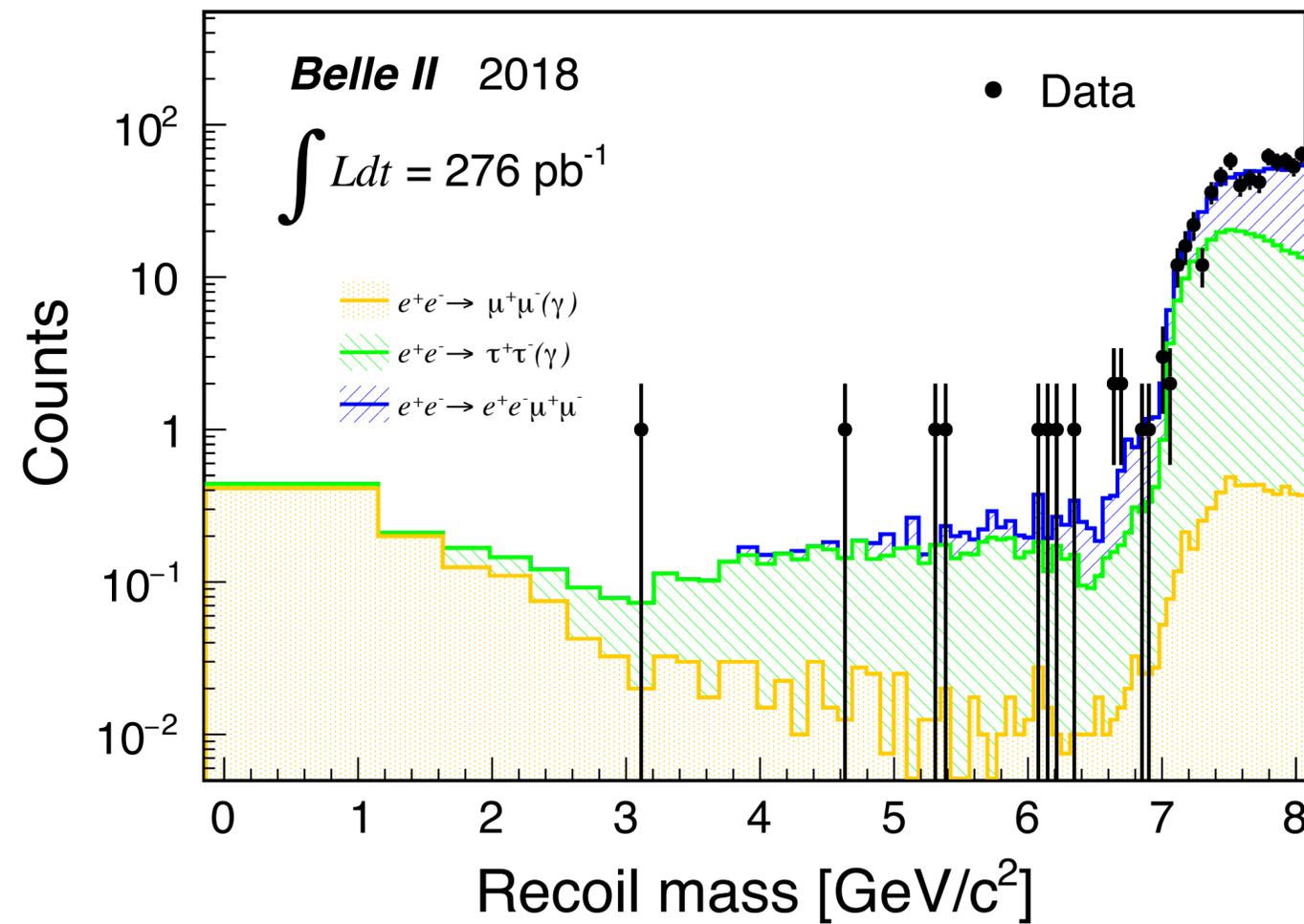
Source	ee (%)	$\gamma\gamma$ (%)	ee + $\gamma\gamma$ (%)
Cross section	± 0.1	± 0.1	± 0.1
CM energy	± 0.2	± 0.2	± 0.2
θ_{cm} range	± 0.0	± 0.4	± 0.1
IP position	± 0.2	± 0.1	± 0.1
ECL location	± 0.2	± 0.2	± 0.2
MC statistics	± 0.1	± 0.1	± 0.1
Beam backgrounds	± 0.1	± 0.1	± 0.1
Cluster reconstruction	± 0.2	± 0.2	± 0.2
E_{cm} distributions	± 0.1	± 0.1	± 0.1
θ_{lab} distributions	± 0.1	± 0.2	± 0.1
θ_{cm} distributions	± 0.3	± 0.3	± 0.3
ϕ_{cm} distributions	± 0.1	± 0.3	–
Material effects	–0.1	+0.7	+0.1
Overlapping clusters	± 0.1	± 0.1	± 0.1
Colliding backgrounds	± 0.1	± 0.3	± 0.1
Quadrature sum	± 0.6	+1.1 –0.8	± 0.6

Search for an invisibly decaying Z' boson

- Search for vector boson Z' that couples to 2nd and 3rd generation only
 - No coupling to electrons avoids strong existing Dark Photon bounds
- Visible decays lead to four muon final state (“Muonic force”) search (BaBar)
- Invisible decays to Dark Matter or neutrinos
- Possible explanation for $g-2$ anomaly
- First physics paper targeting publication



Search for an invisibly decaying Z' boson



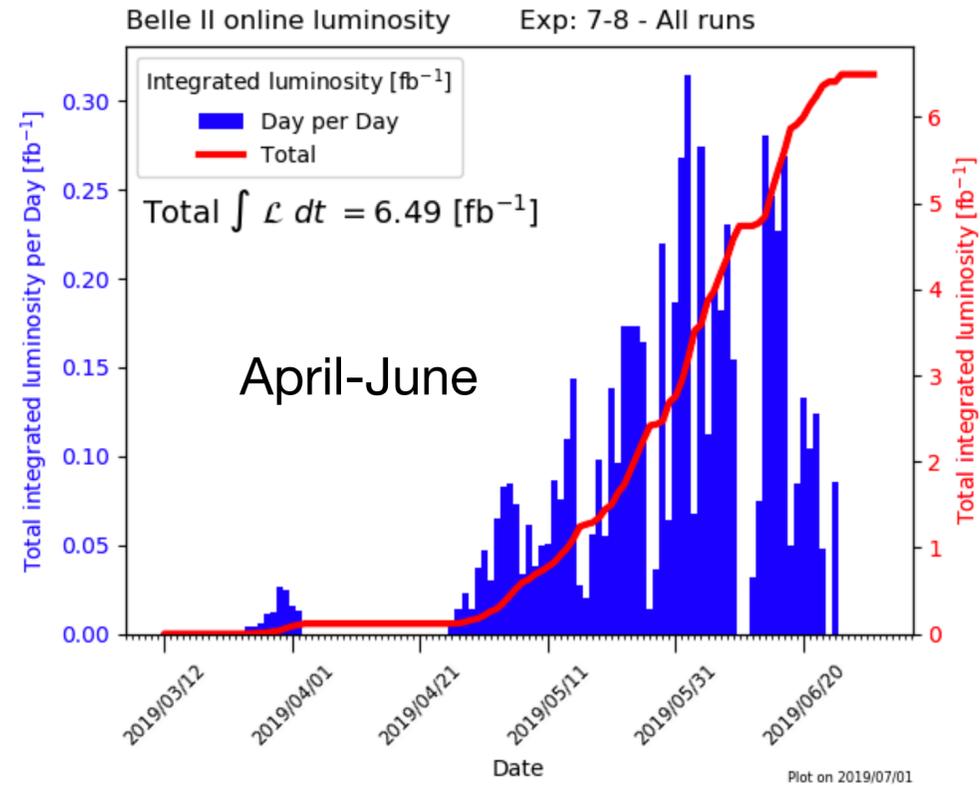
2019

Physics runs

Vertex detector

Muon system

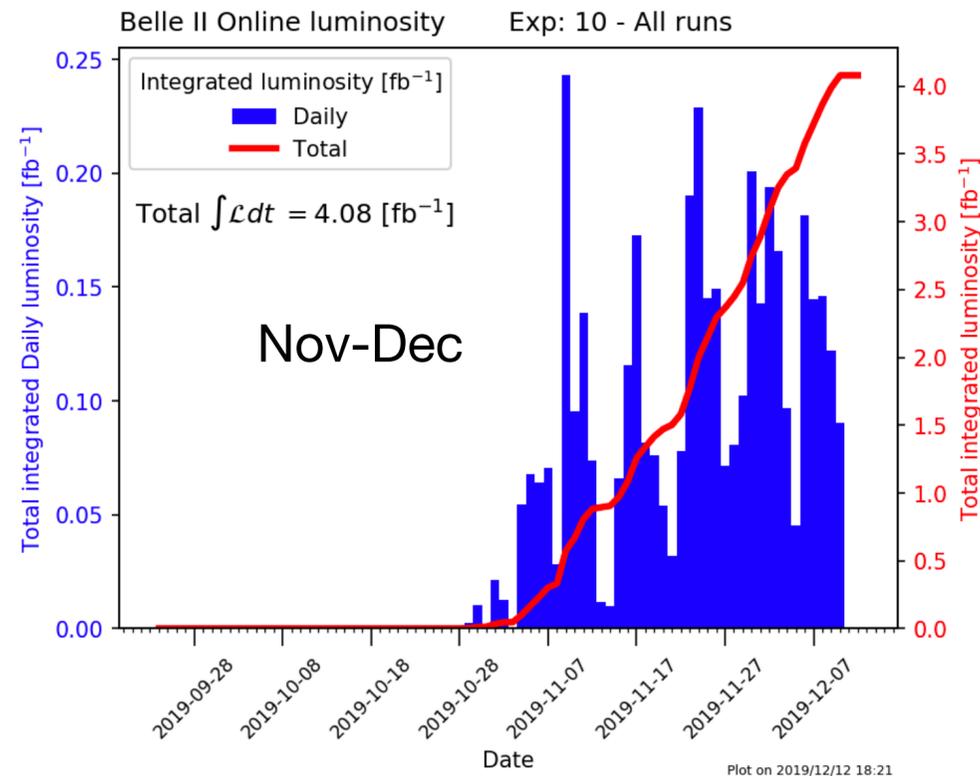
Loose trigger



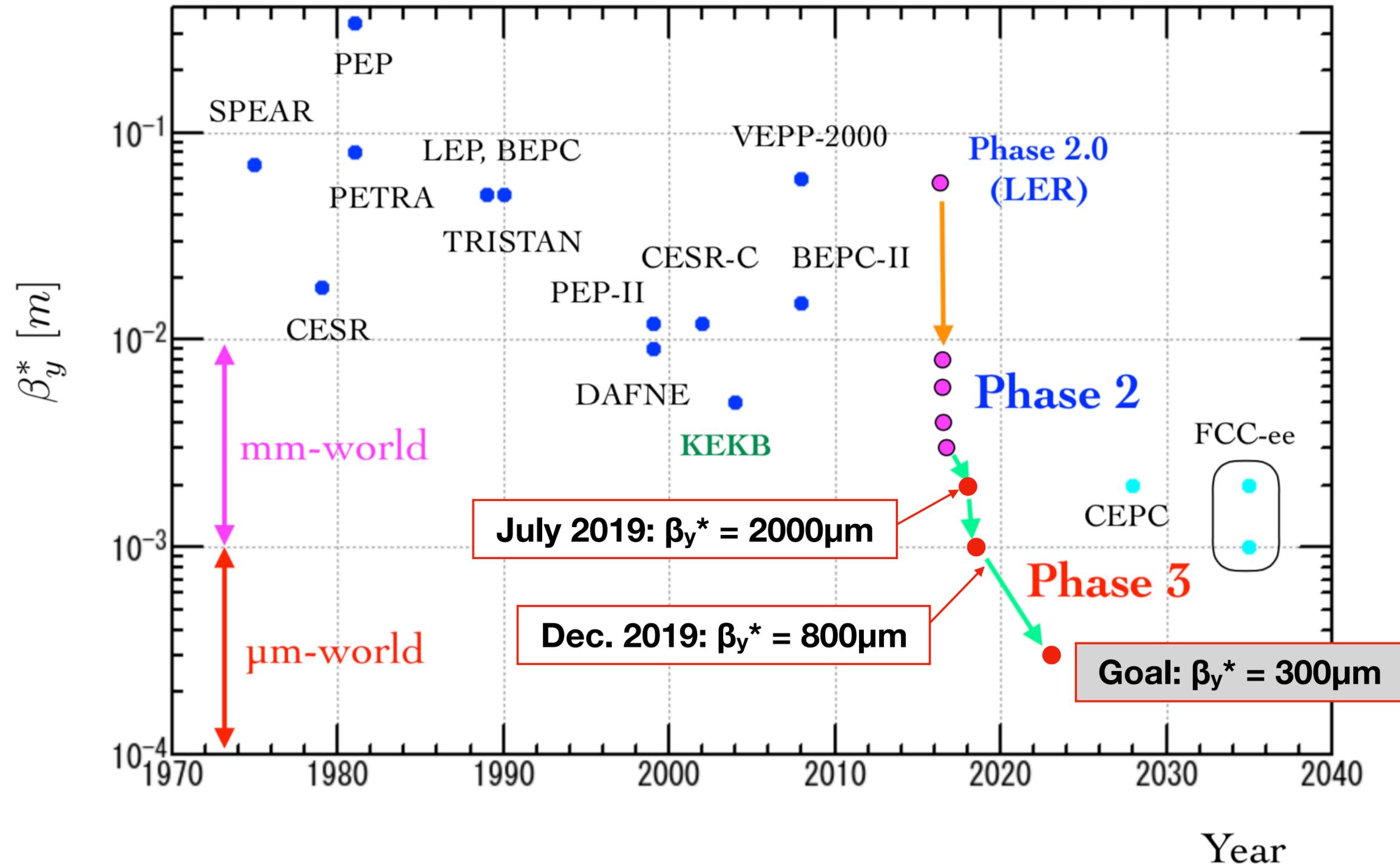
$$L = 10.57 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

(0.021% of final dataset)

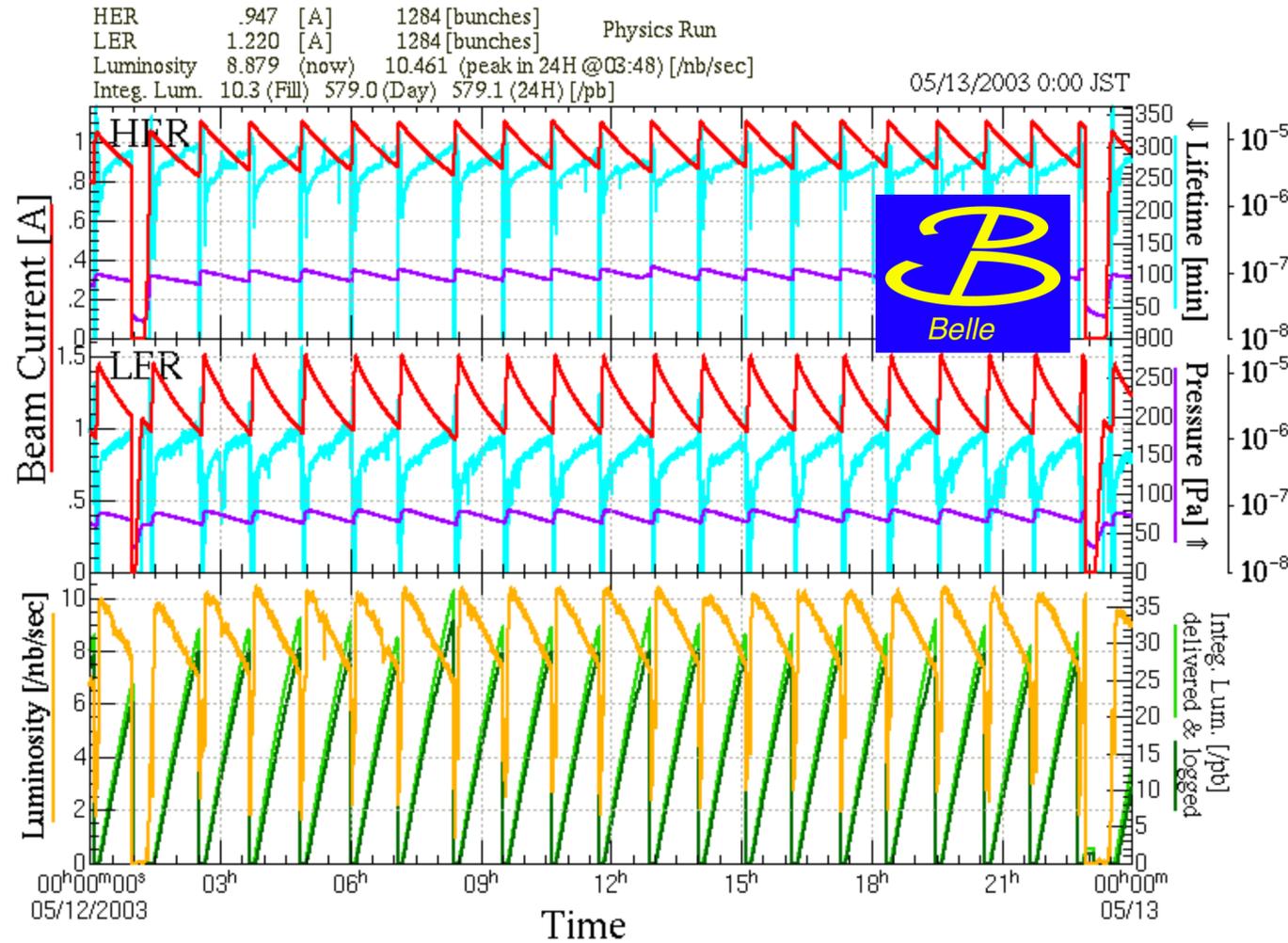
(20× more than 2018)



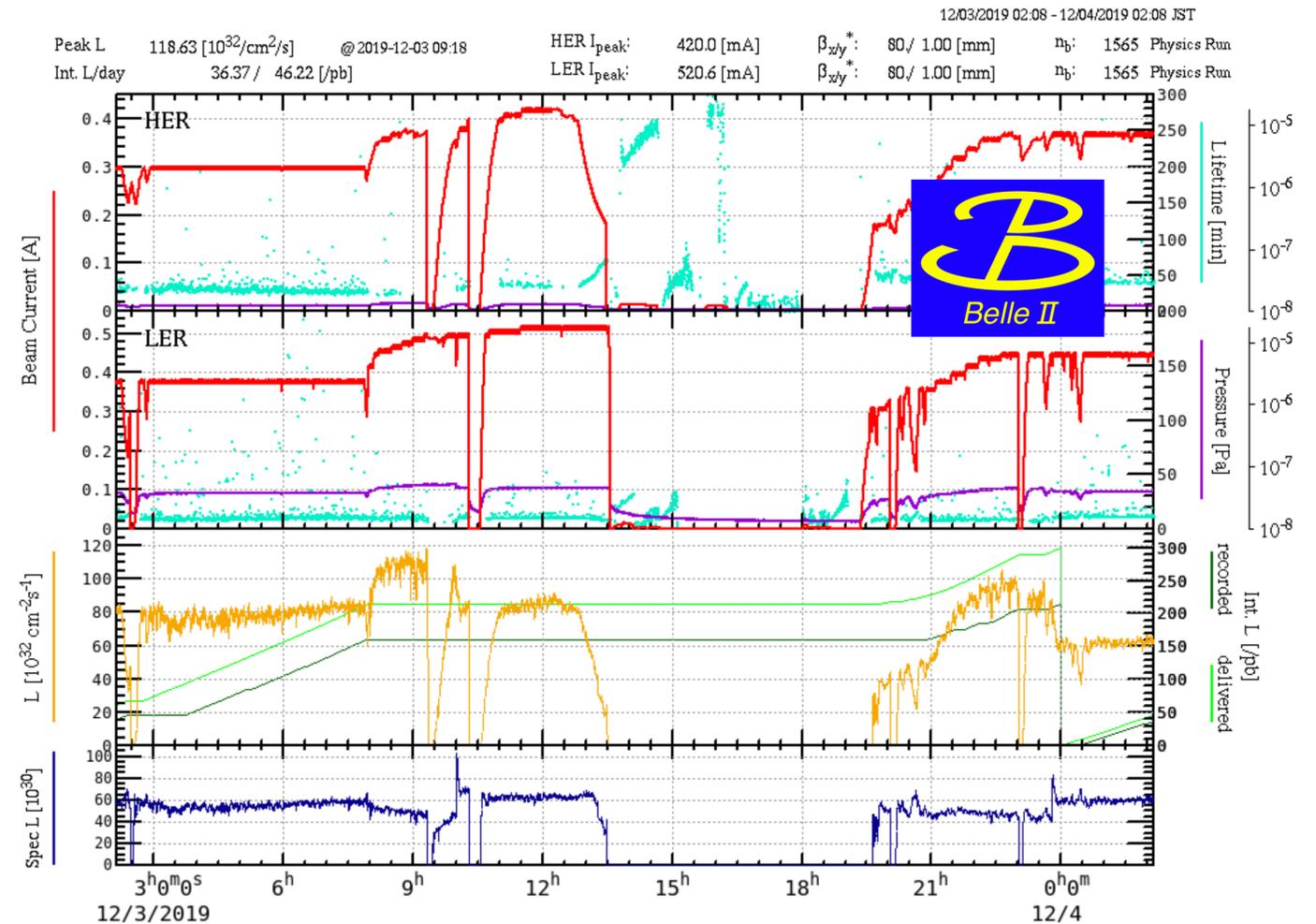
Towards nano-beams



Nano-beams at SuperKEKB: $L > 1 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$



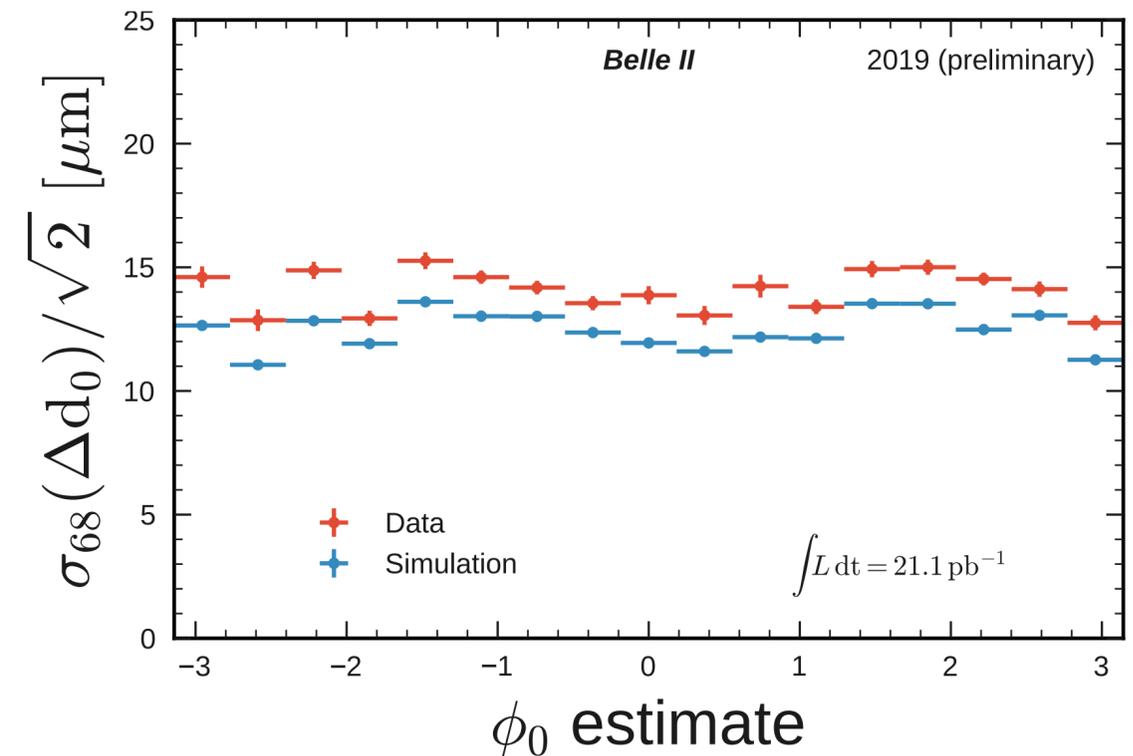
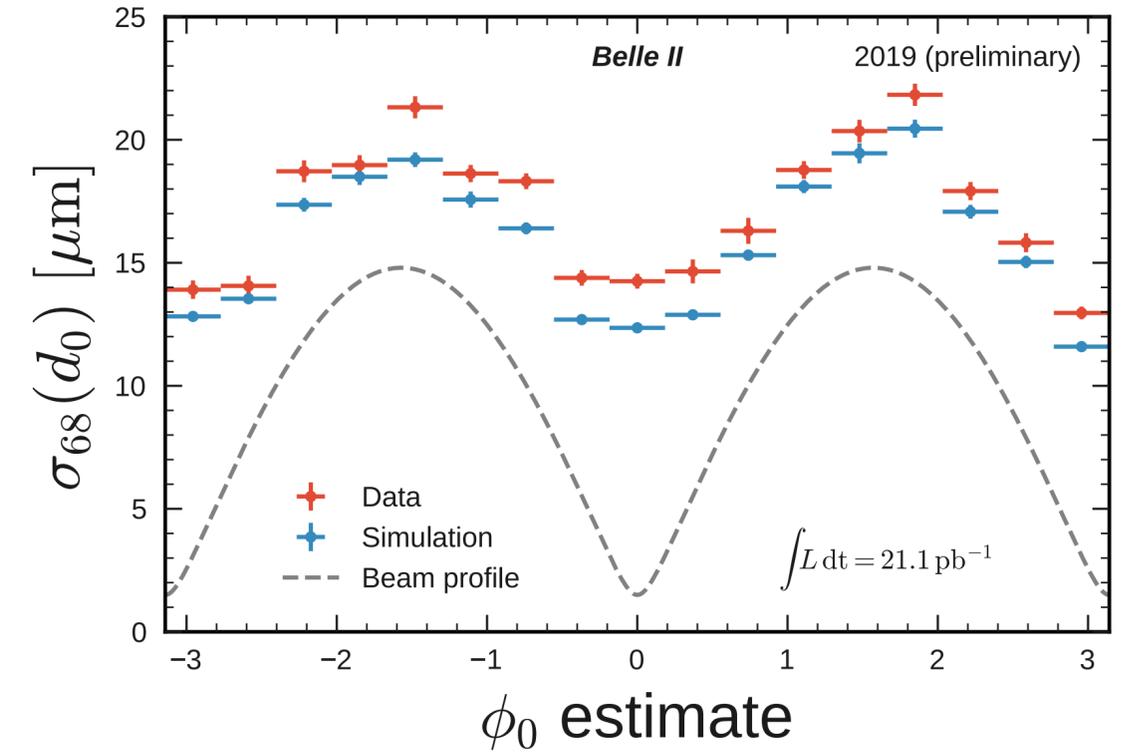
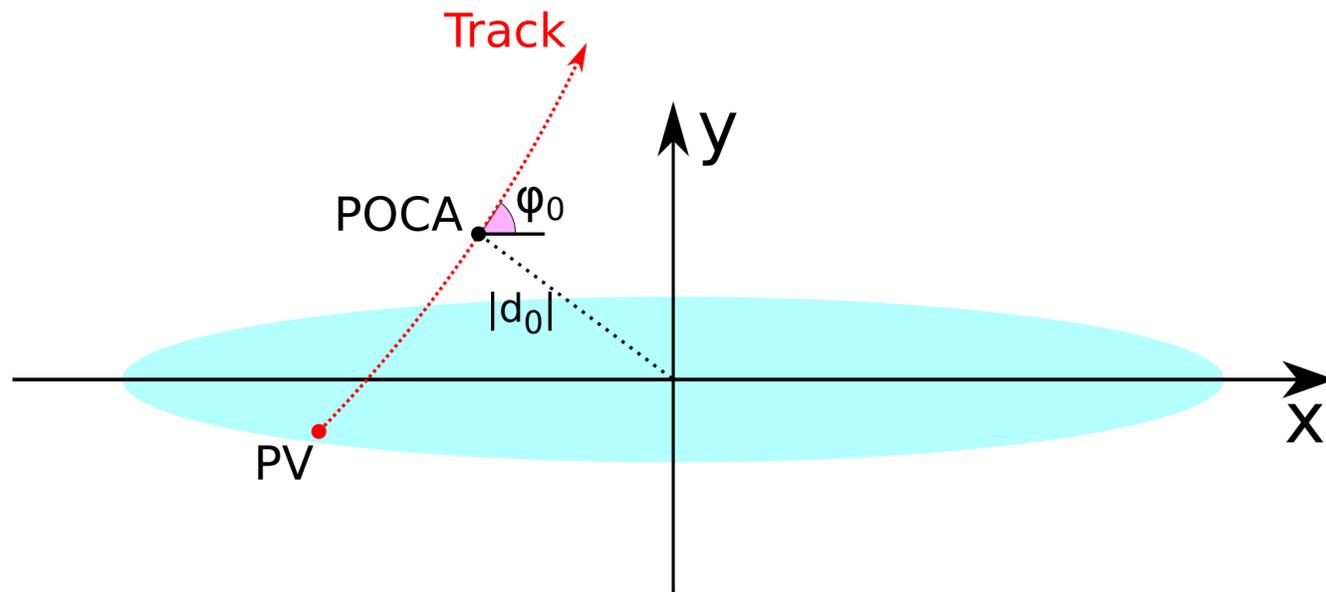
13.05.2003: $\beta_y^* = 5.0 \text{ mm}$
 $I_{\text{LER}} = 1.2 \text{ A}, I_{\text{HER}} = 0.95 \text{ A}$



03.12.2019: $\beta_y^* = 0.8 \text{ mm}$
 $I_{\text{LER}} = 0.52 \text{ A}, I_{\text{HER}} = 0.42 \text{ A}$

Vertex resolution

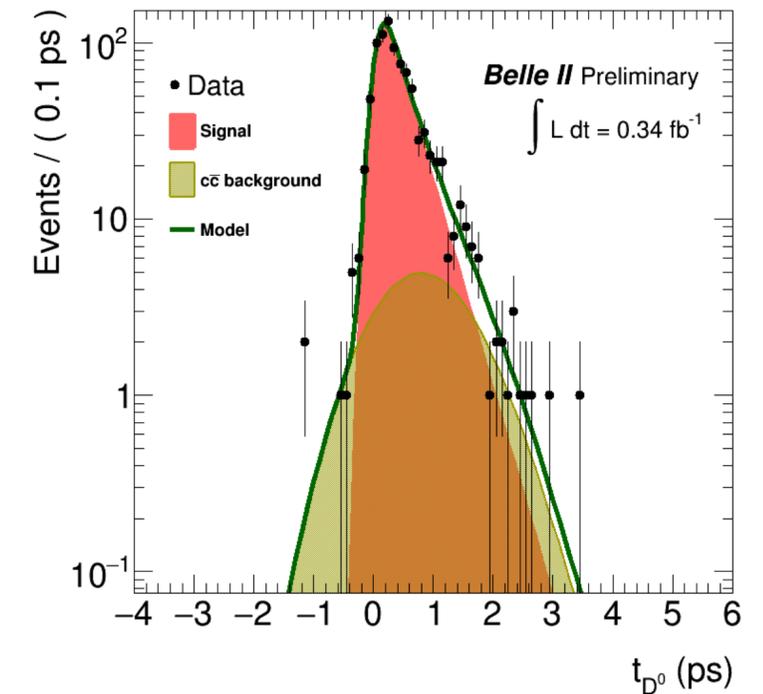
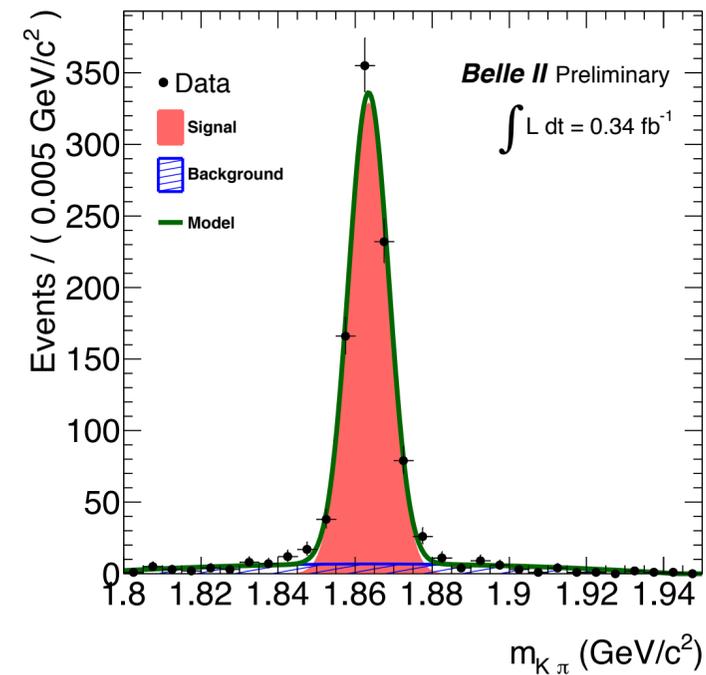
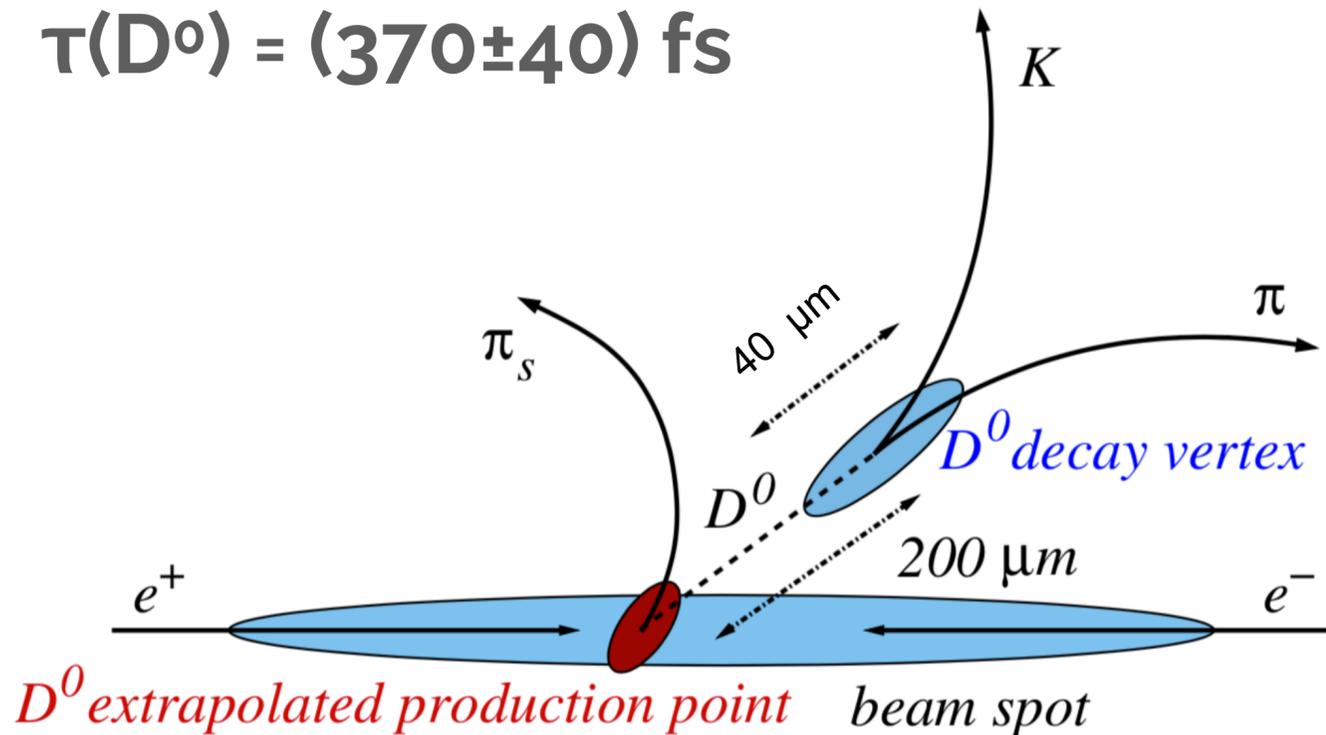
- Vertex fit of 2-track events (~Bhabha) selecting "good" tracks with PXD, SVD and CDC hits
- **14.1±0.1 (stat) μm** resolution (×2 better than Belle)



D⁰ lifetime

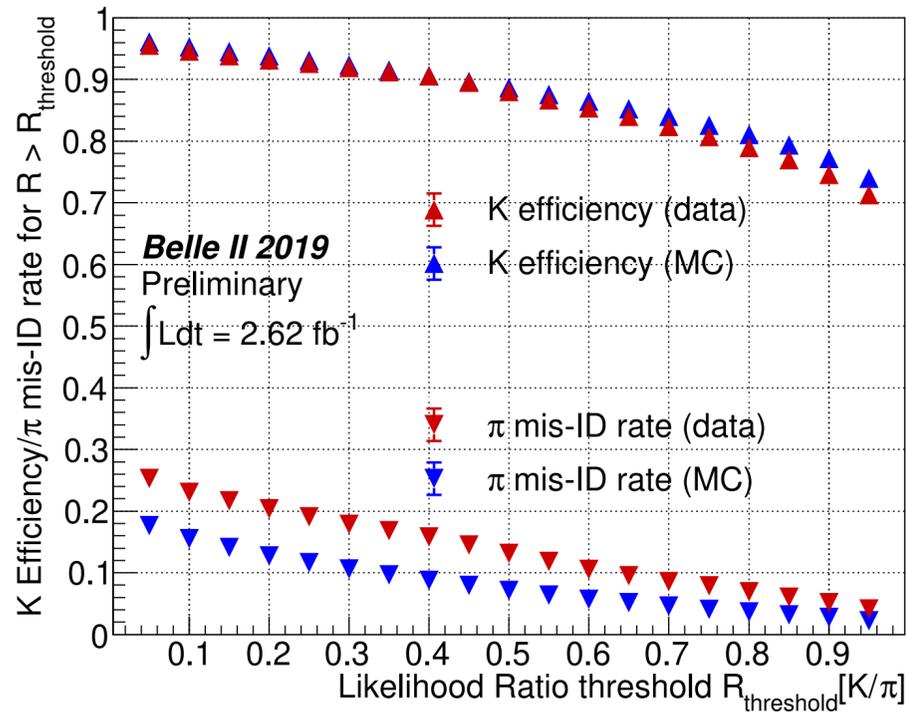
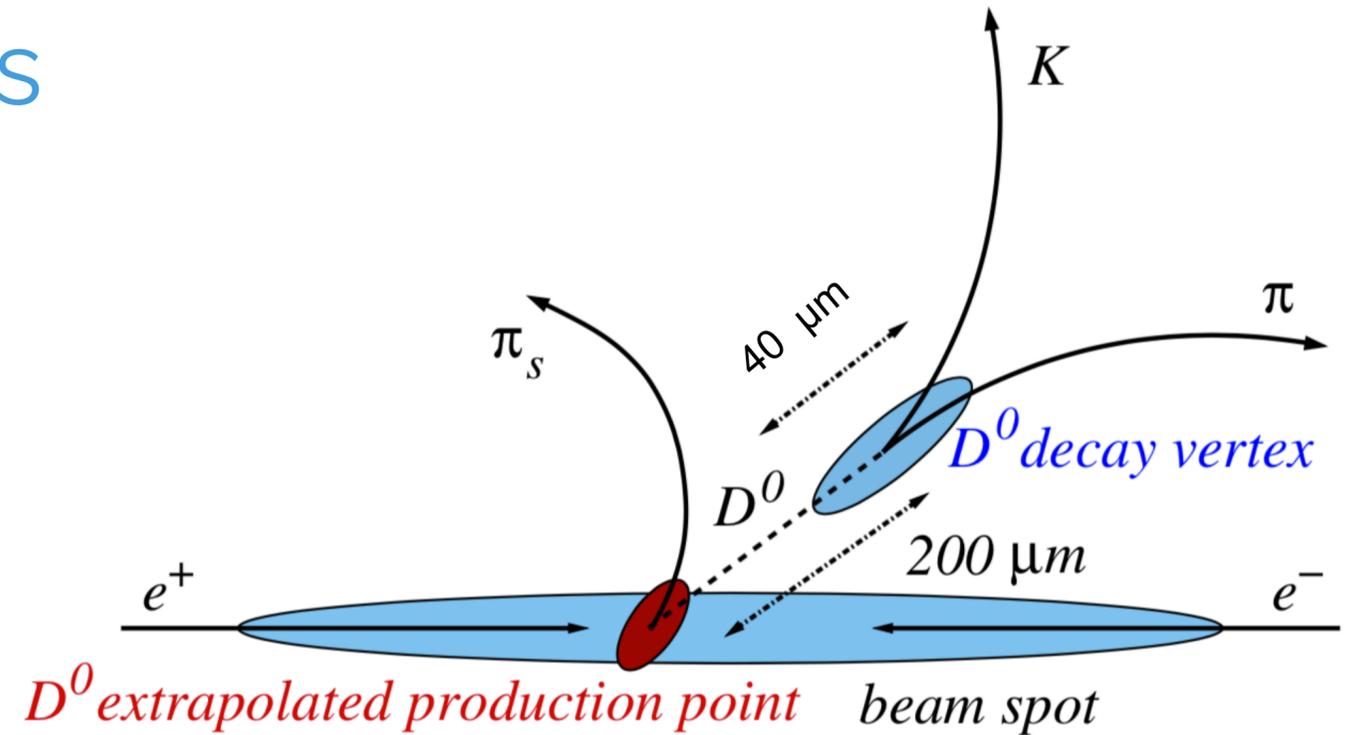
- Powerful test of Belle II vertex fitting performance
- TreeFitter algorithm for full decay chain fitting (arXiv:1901.11198)
- D^{*} (shortlived) constrained to beam spot region

- $\tau(D^0) = (370 \pm 40) \text{ fs}$

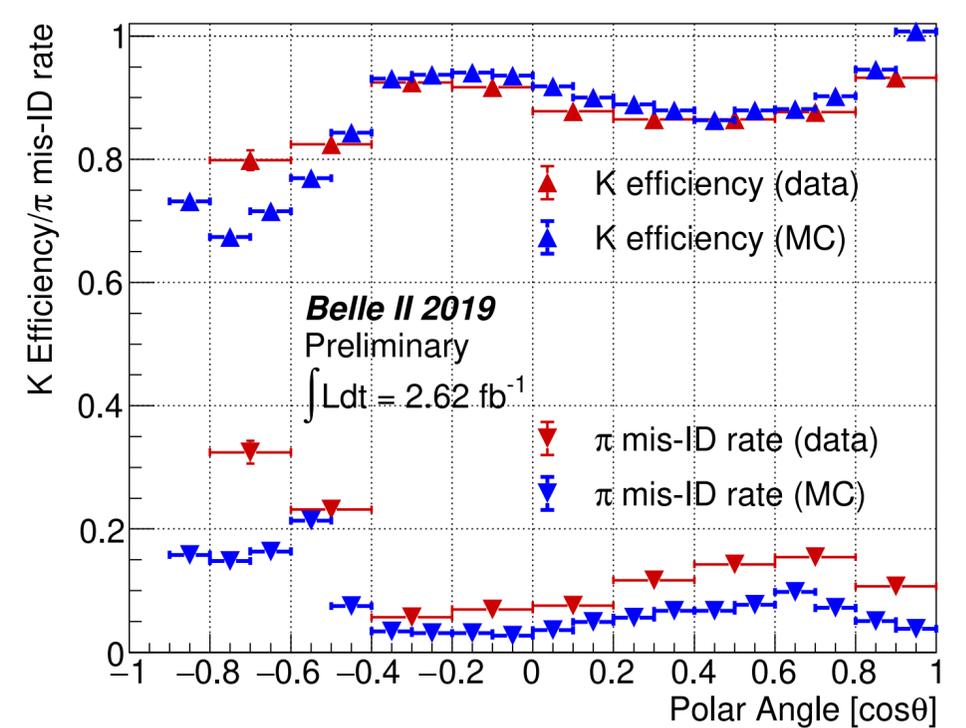
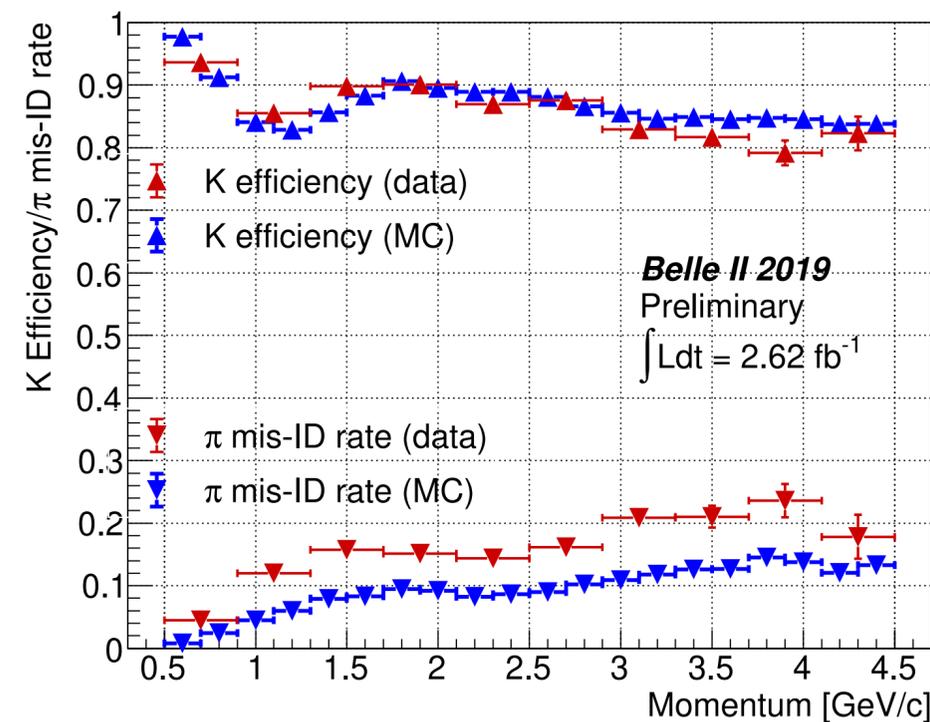


Hadron Identification: Kaons and pions

- CDC, TOP (barrel) and ARICH (endcap)
- Select $D^* \rightarrow D^0(K\pi) \pi_s$
- Tag $(K\pi)$ charge via slow pion charge

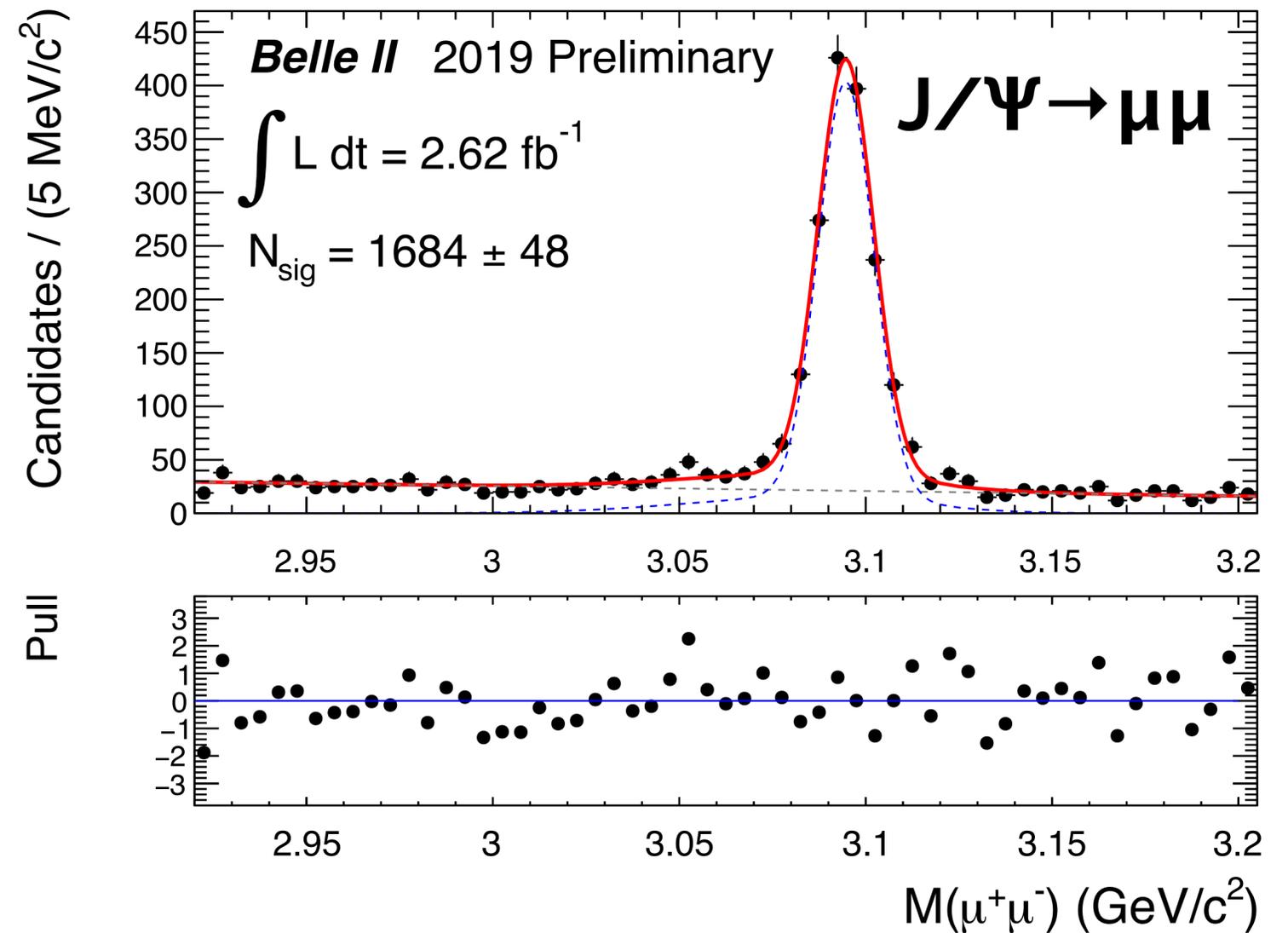
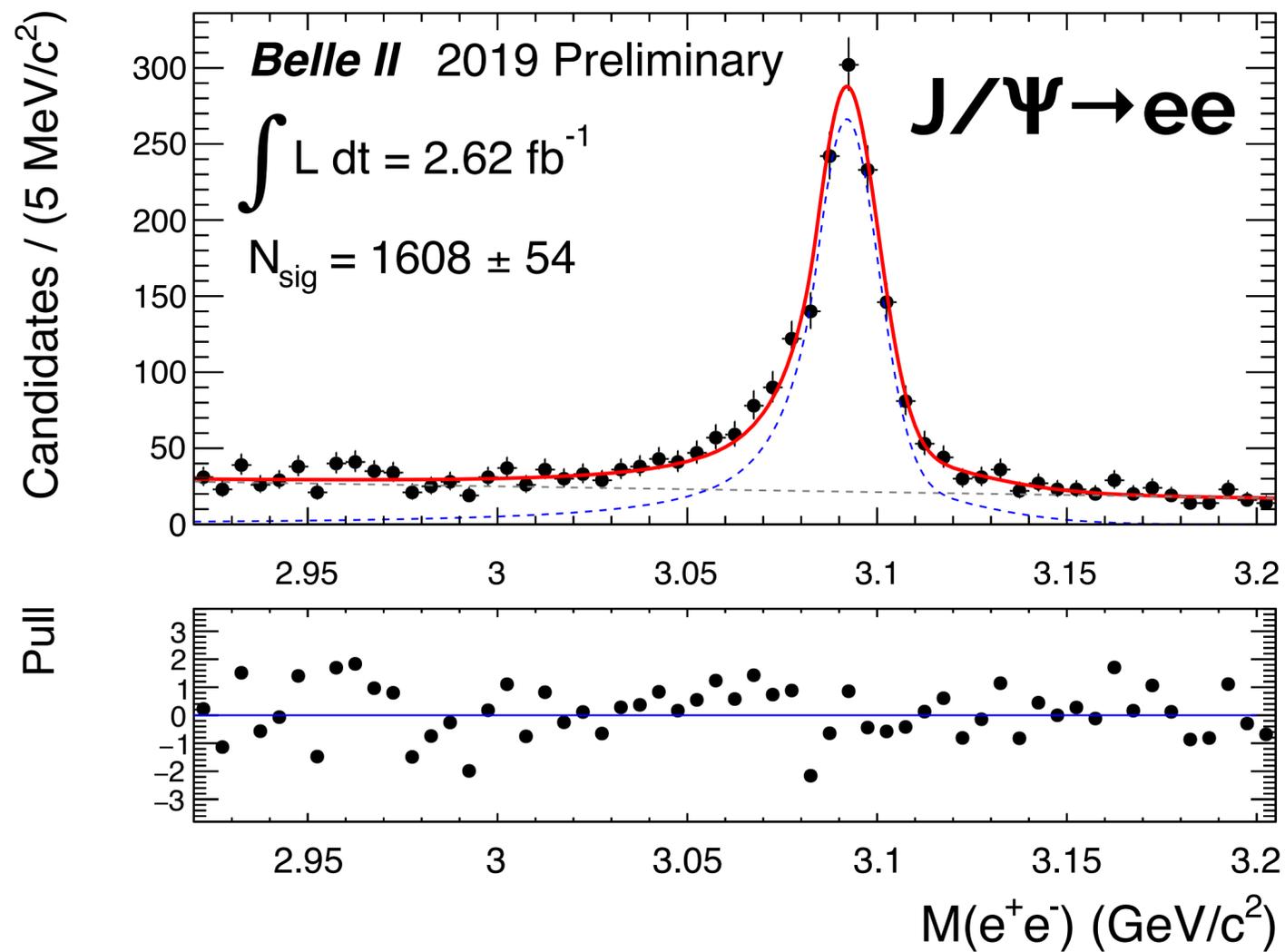


$R > 0.5$
 \longrightarrow

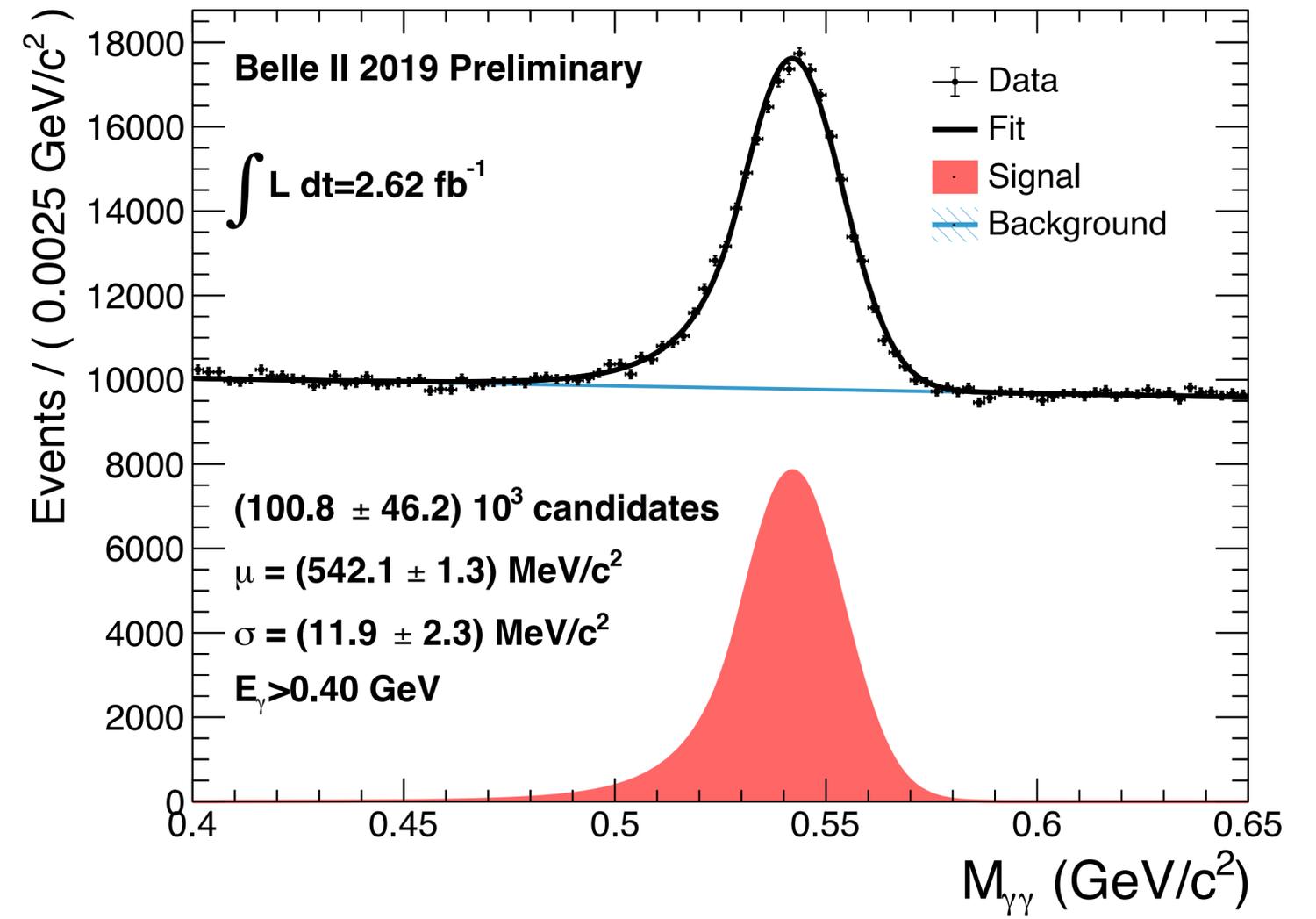
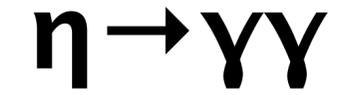
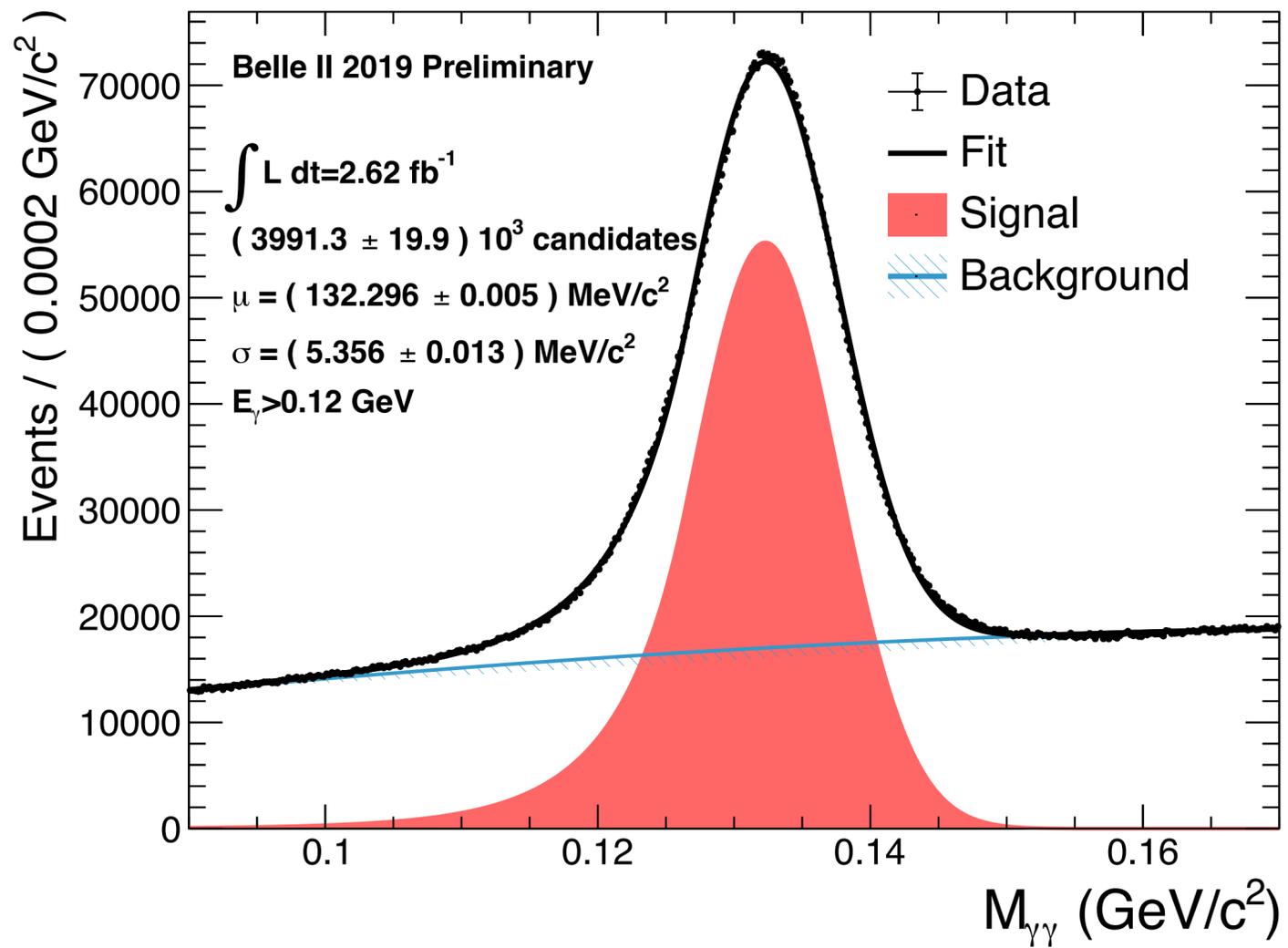
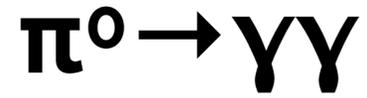


Lepton Identification: Muons and electrons

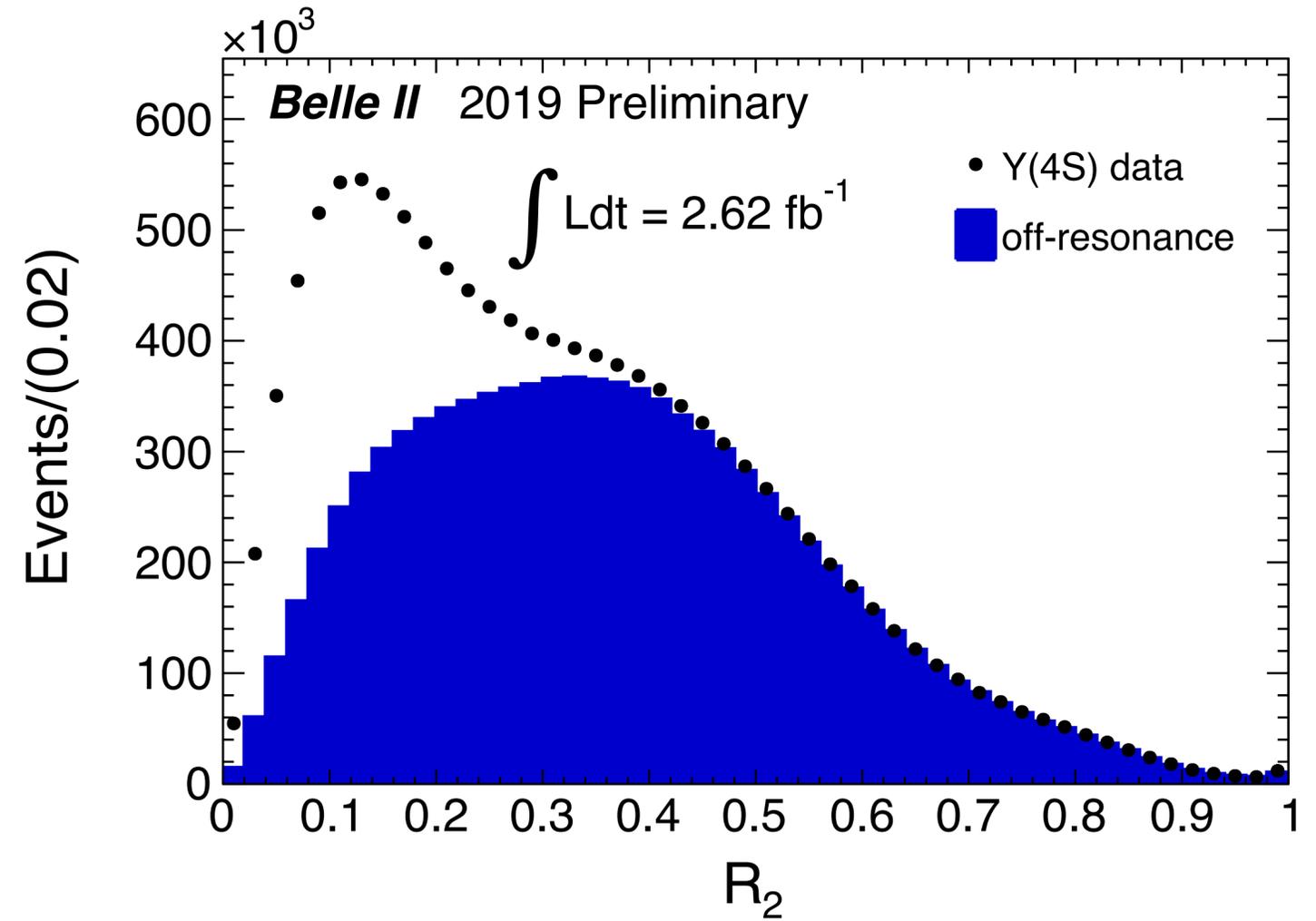
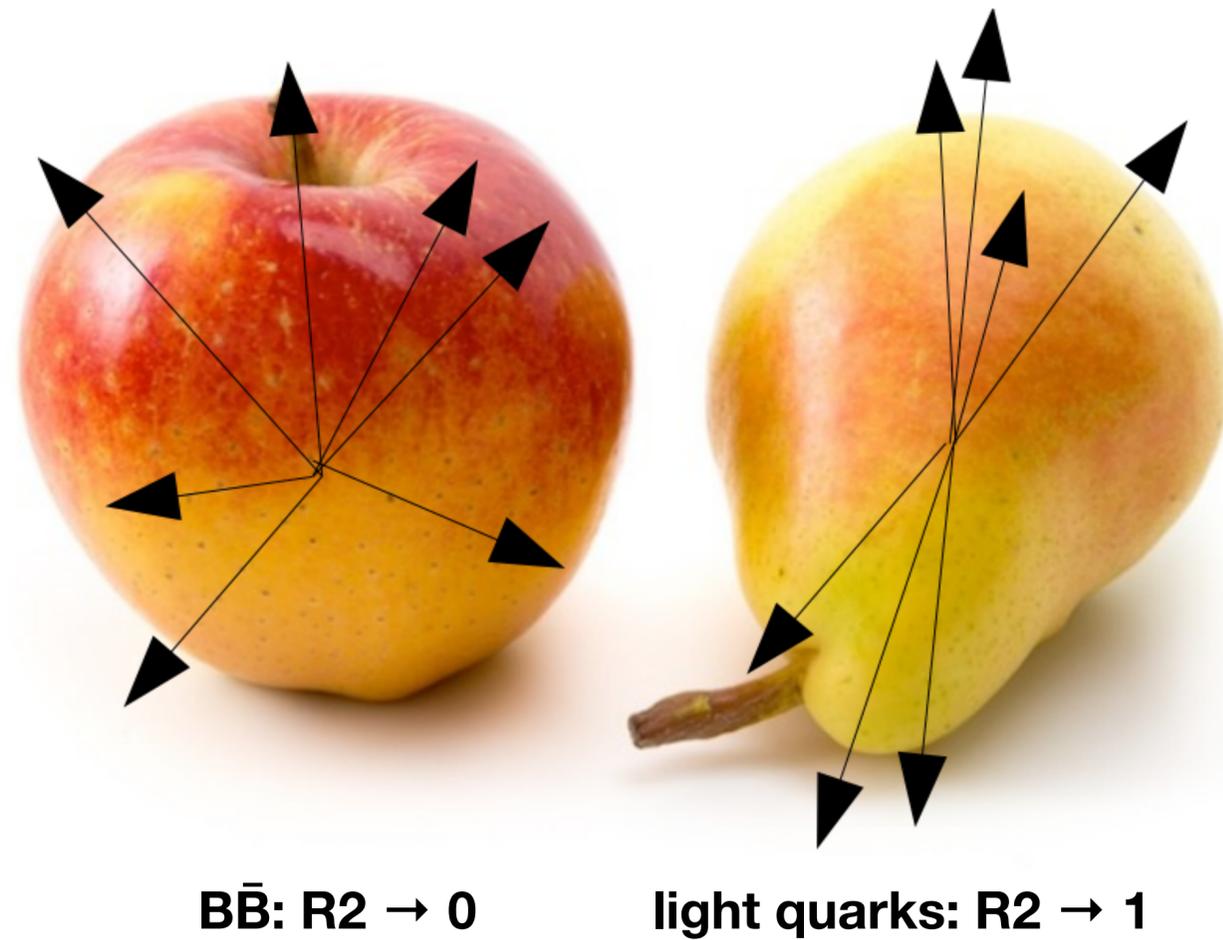
- Mostly ECL (calorimeter) and KLM (muon system)



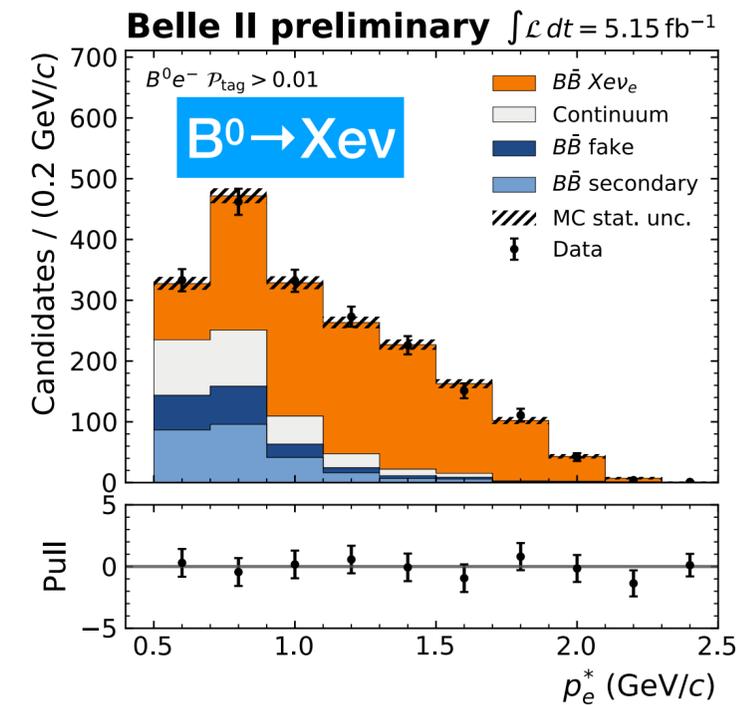
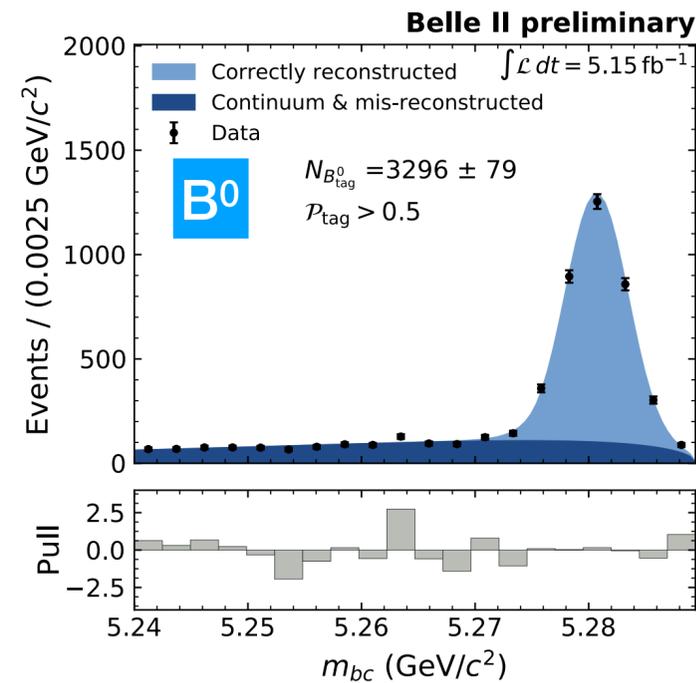
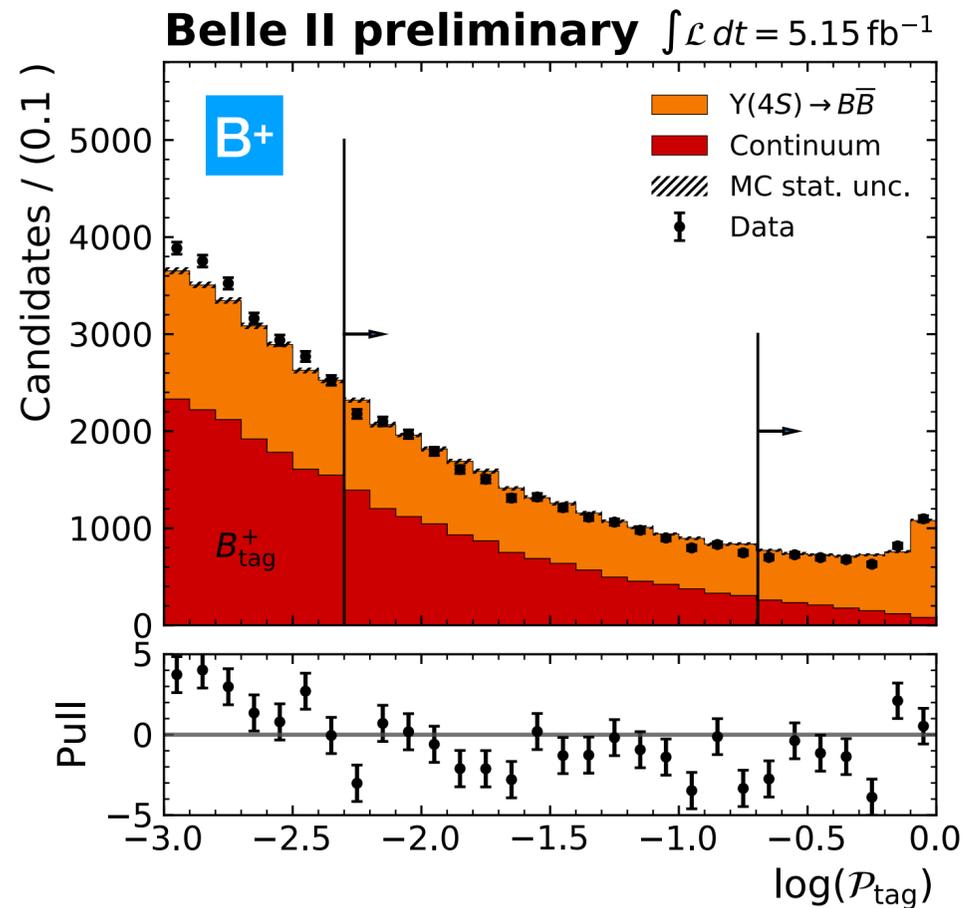
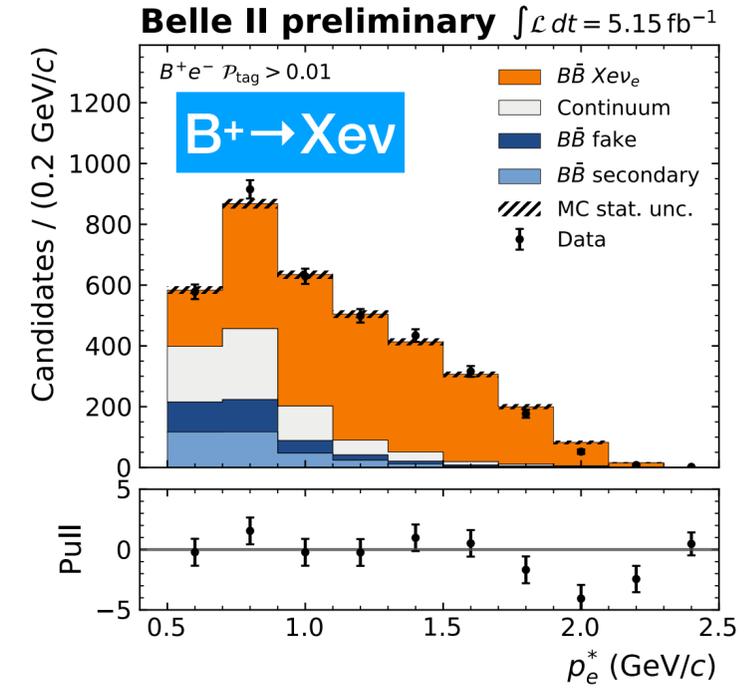
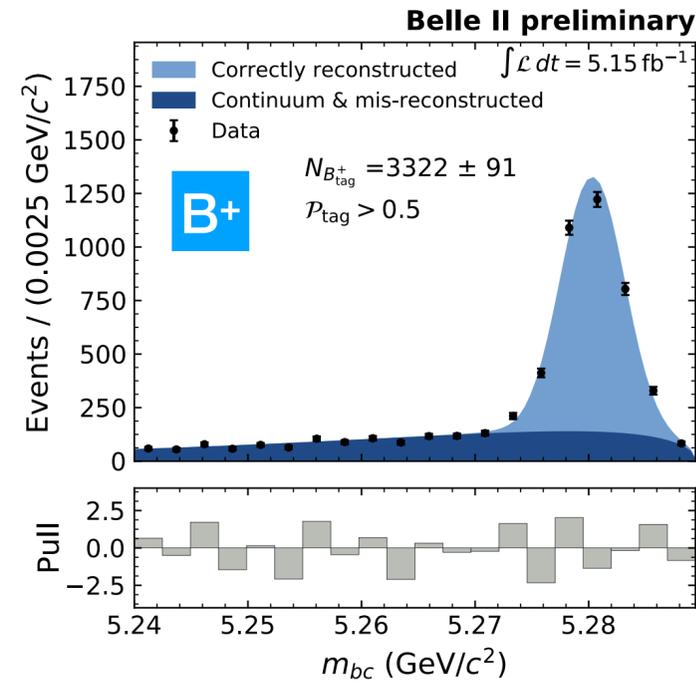
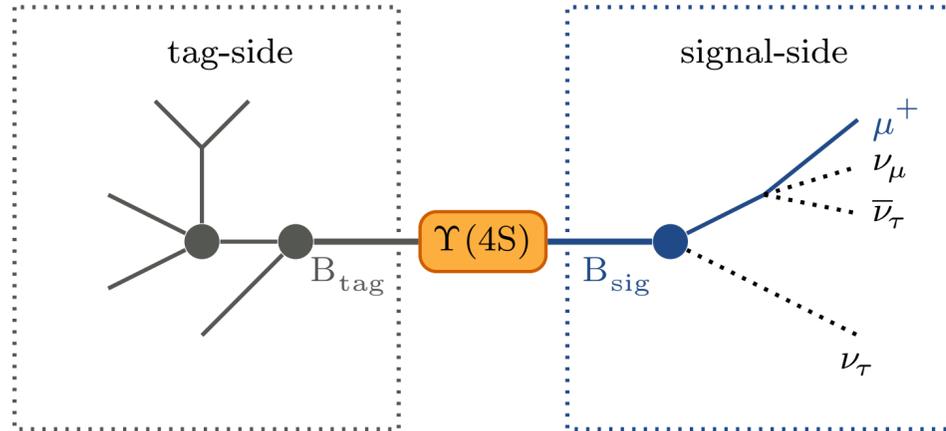
Neutral reconstruction



B-counting

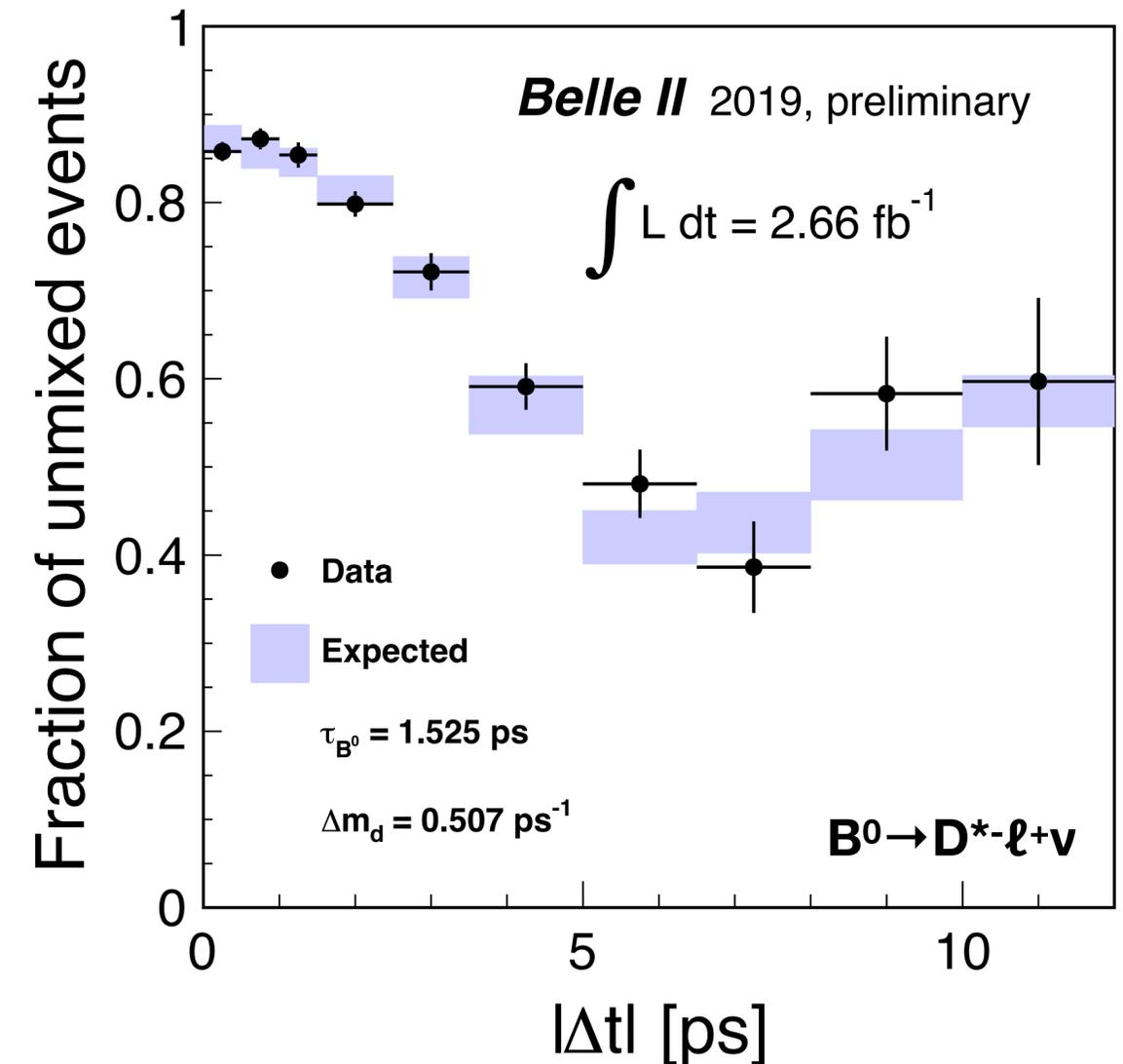


Full event interpretation (FEI)



Physics with $O(10\text{fb}^{-1})$

- $B \rightarrow X\ell\nu$, $B \rightarrow D^*\ell\nu$, semi-leptonic FEI
- Rediscovery of $B \rightarrow \eta'K_S$, ΦK_S , $J/\Psi K_L$
- Rediscovery of **time-dependent CP asymmetry** in $B \rightarrow J/\Psi K_S$
- Rediscovery of Φ_3 "golden modes": $B \rightarrow D_s^* D$ and $B \rightarrow D_s^* \pi^0$
- Rediscovery of $B \rightarrow hh'$ and charm-less three body decays
- Rediscovery of **$X(3872)$**
- Branching fractions in **τ decays** and measurement of the τ mass
- **$Z' \rightarrow$ Invisible** with more data (and smaller systematics)



Outlook.

Physics with $O(200\text{fb}^{-1})$

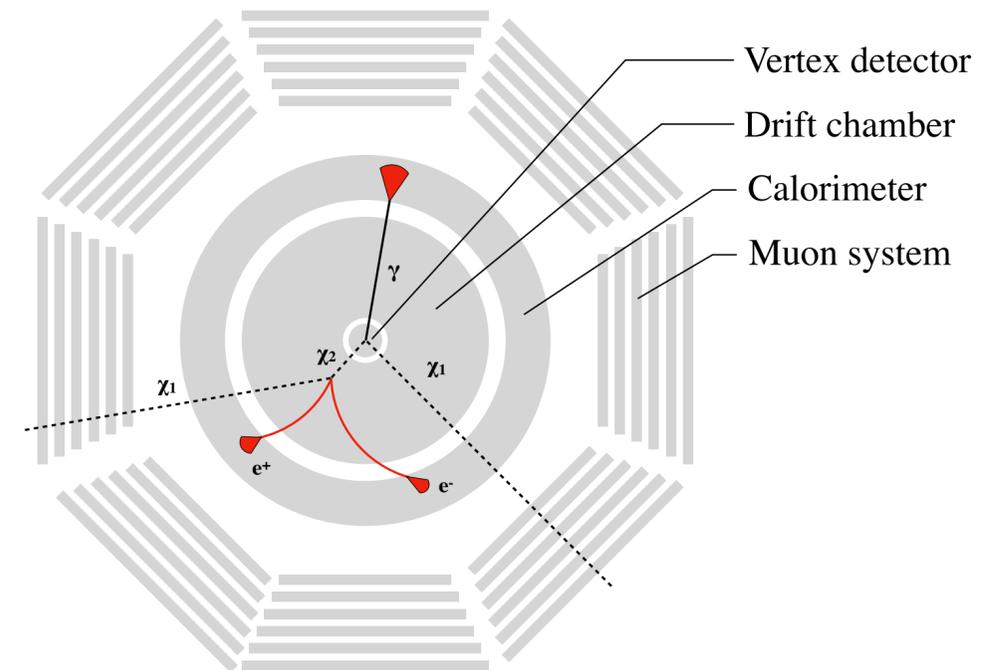
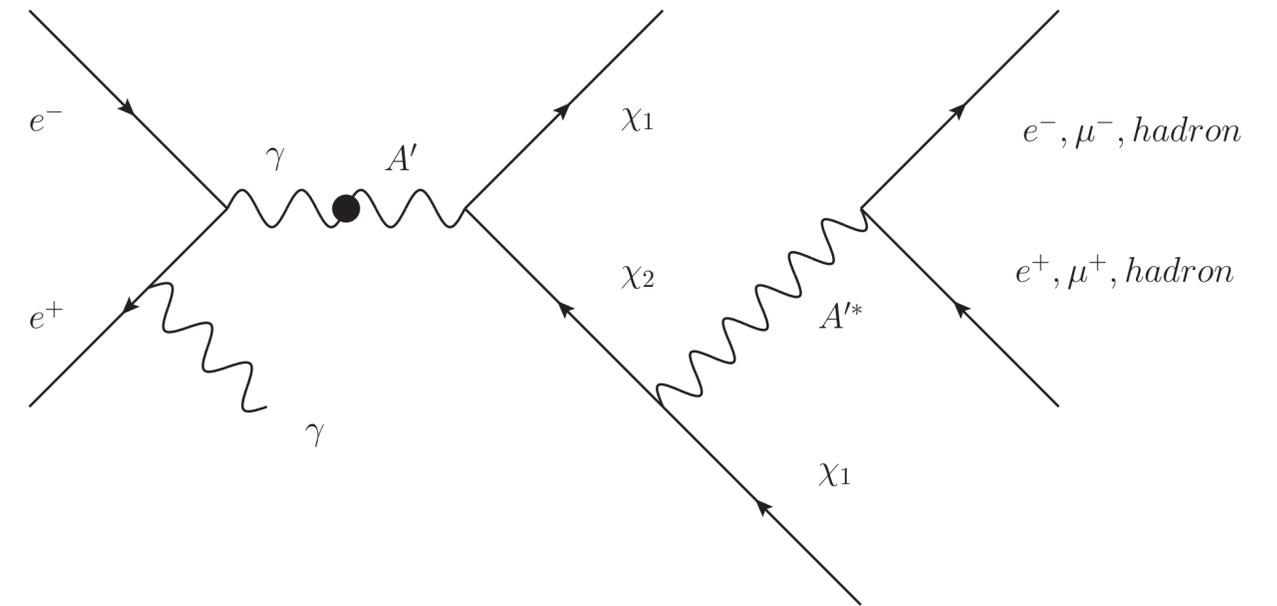
- **Exclusive V_{ub}** via $B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu$, **V_{cb}** via $B \rightarrow D^* \ell \nu$
- Rediscovery **$b \rightarrow s \ell \ell$** and inclusive **$b \rightarrow s \gamma$**
- **Time-dependent CP Asymmetry** in $B \rightarrow J/\Psi K$
- Rediscovery **$B \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$**
- Charged **Z**-States, **$\Upsilon(nS)$** via ISR
- **$\tau \rightarrow h \omega \nu$** and search for BSM, e.g **$\tau \rightarrow \ell \alpha$**

- Search for **Long-lived particles (LLPs)**
- Search for **invisible Dark Photons and invisible ALPs**

Search for inelastic Dark Matter (iDM)

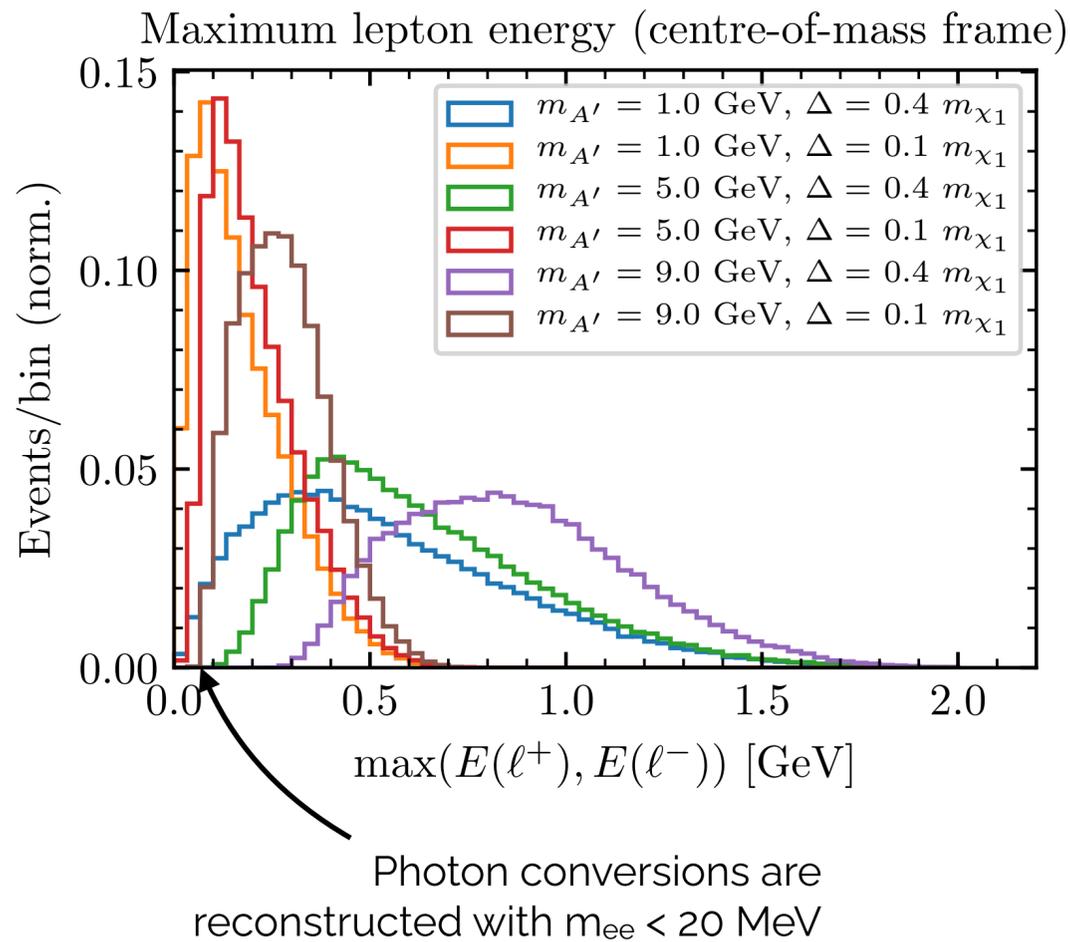
- Search for heavy DM χ_2 decaying into light DM χ_1 via Dark Photon mediator (5 free parameters)
- **Single photon** state if χ_2 long lived or fermion pair is low mass
- **Displaced** e^+e^- vertex otherwise
- Kinematically forbidden in direct-detection searches
- Background from photon conversions
- Displaced vertex trigger needed for highest masses

arXiv:1911.03176, to appear in JHEP
 M. Duerr, **TF**, C. Hearty, F. Kahlhoefer, K. Schmidt-Hoberg, P. Tunney



Search for inelastic Dark Matter (iDM)

arXiv:1911.03176, to appear in JHEP
 M. Duerr, **TF**, C. Hearty, F. Kahlhoefer, K. Schmidt-Hoberg, P. Tunney



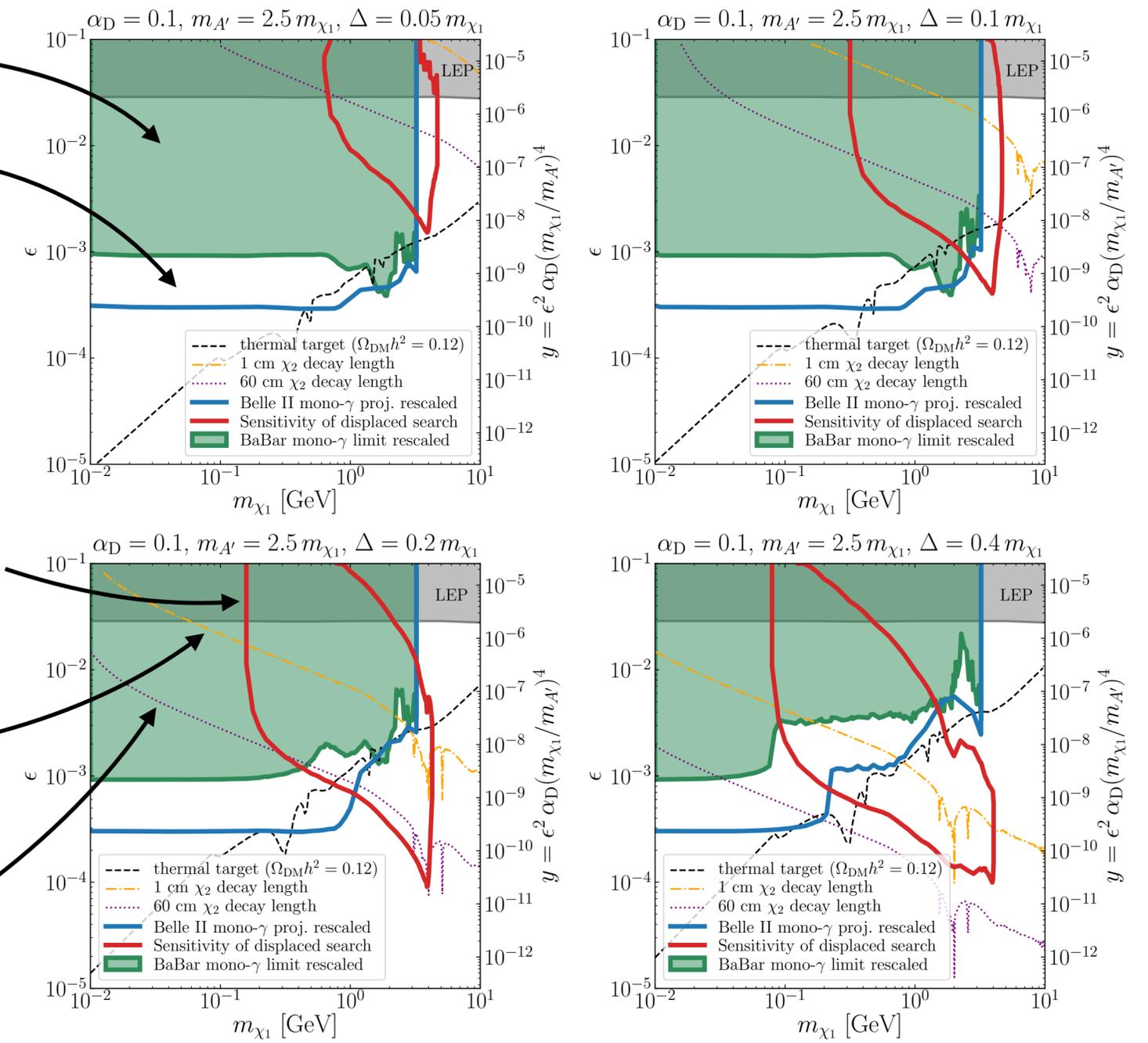
BaBar single photon search

Belle II single photon reach (20fb-1)

Belle II displaced reach (20fb-1)

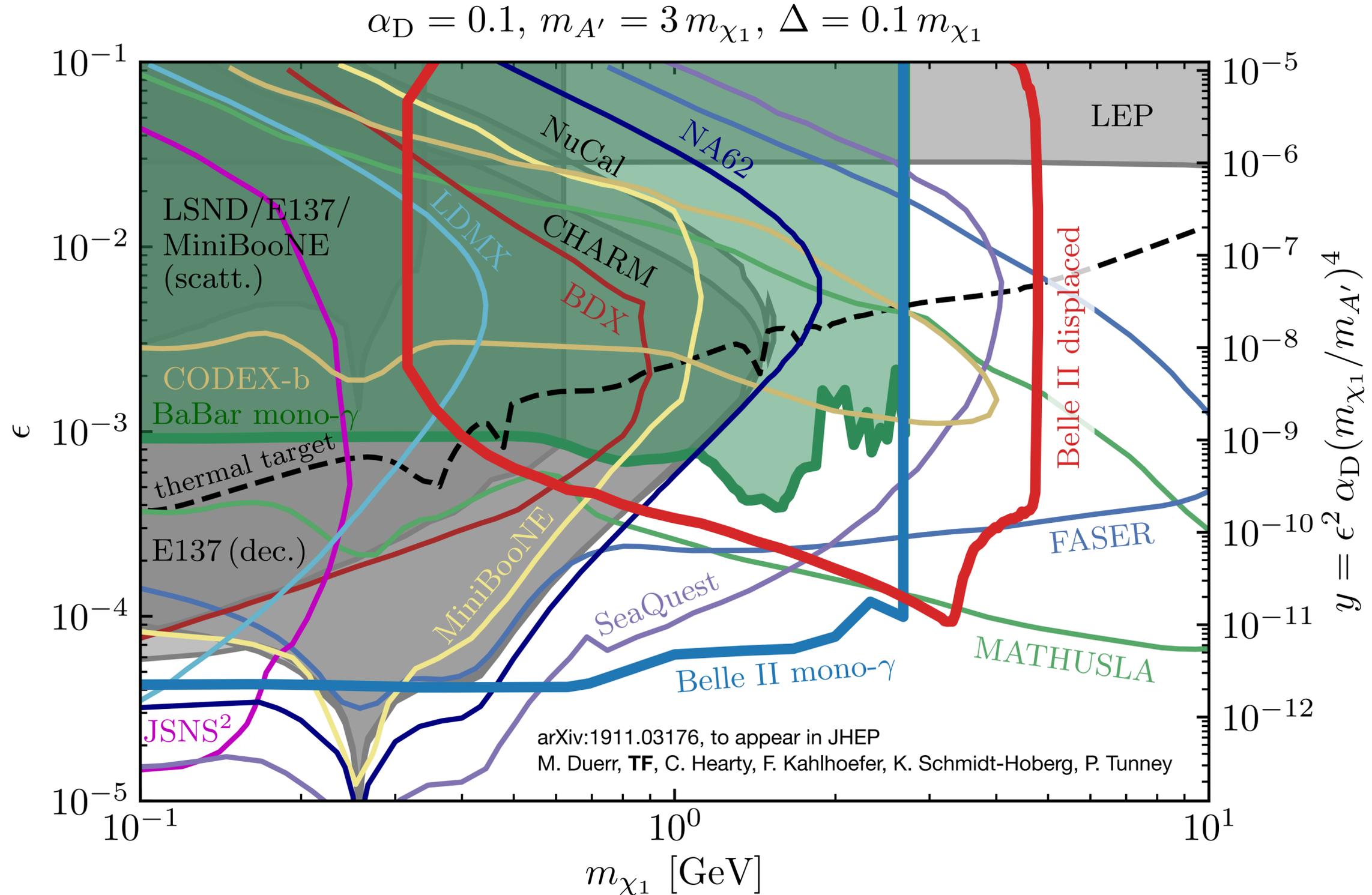
χ_2 decay length 1cm

χ_2 decay length 60cm



Search for inelastic Dark Matter (iDM)

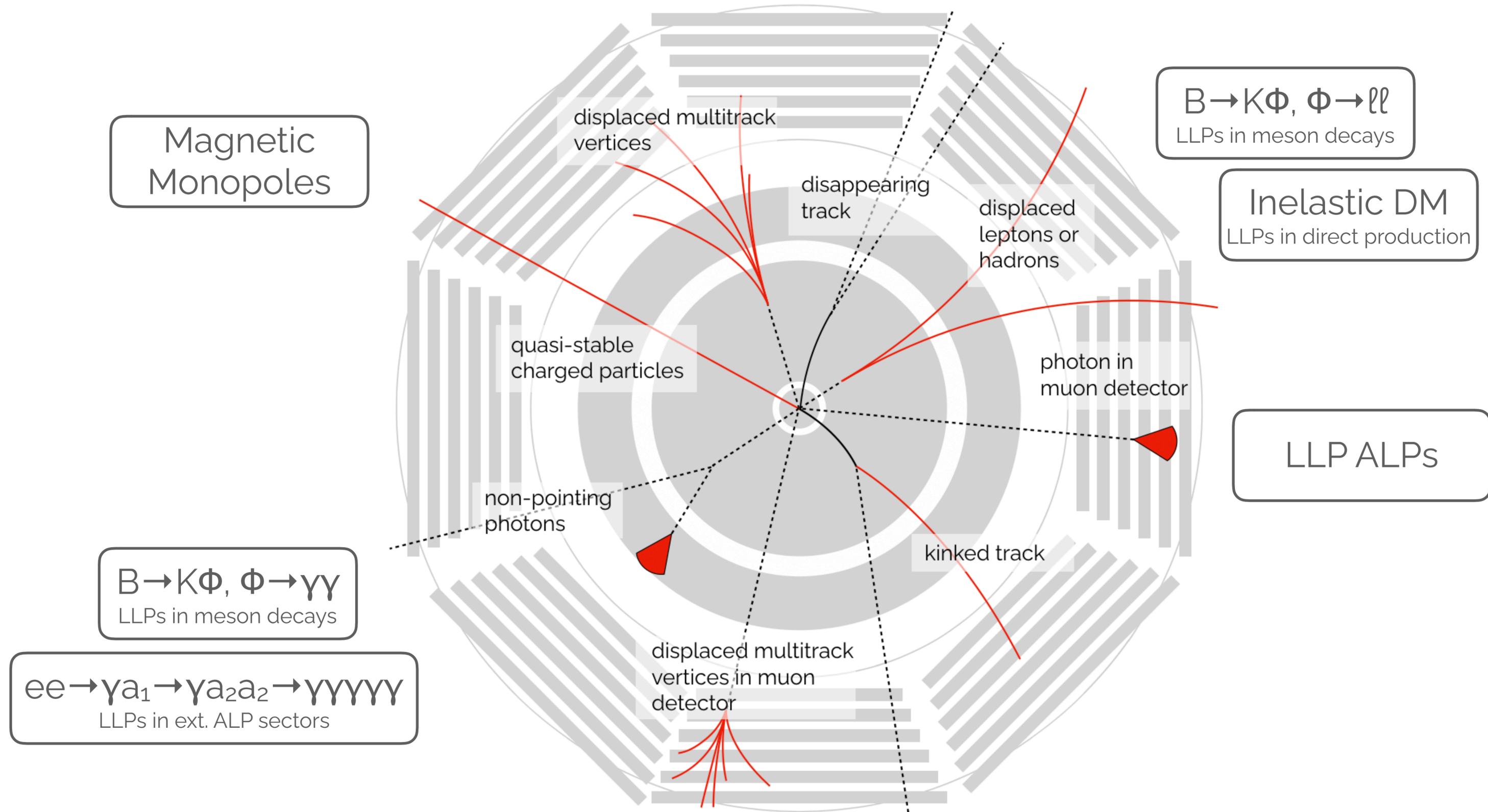
Belle II reach (50ab⁻¹)



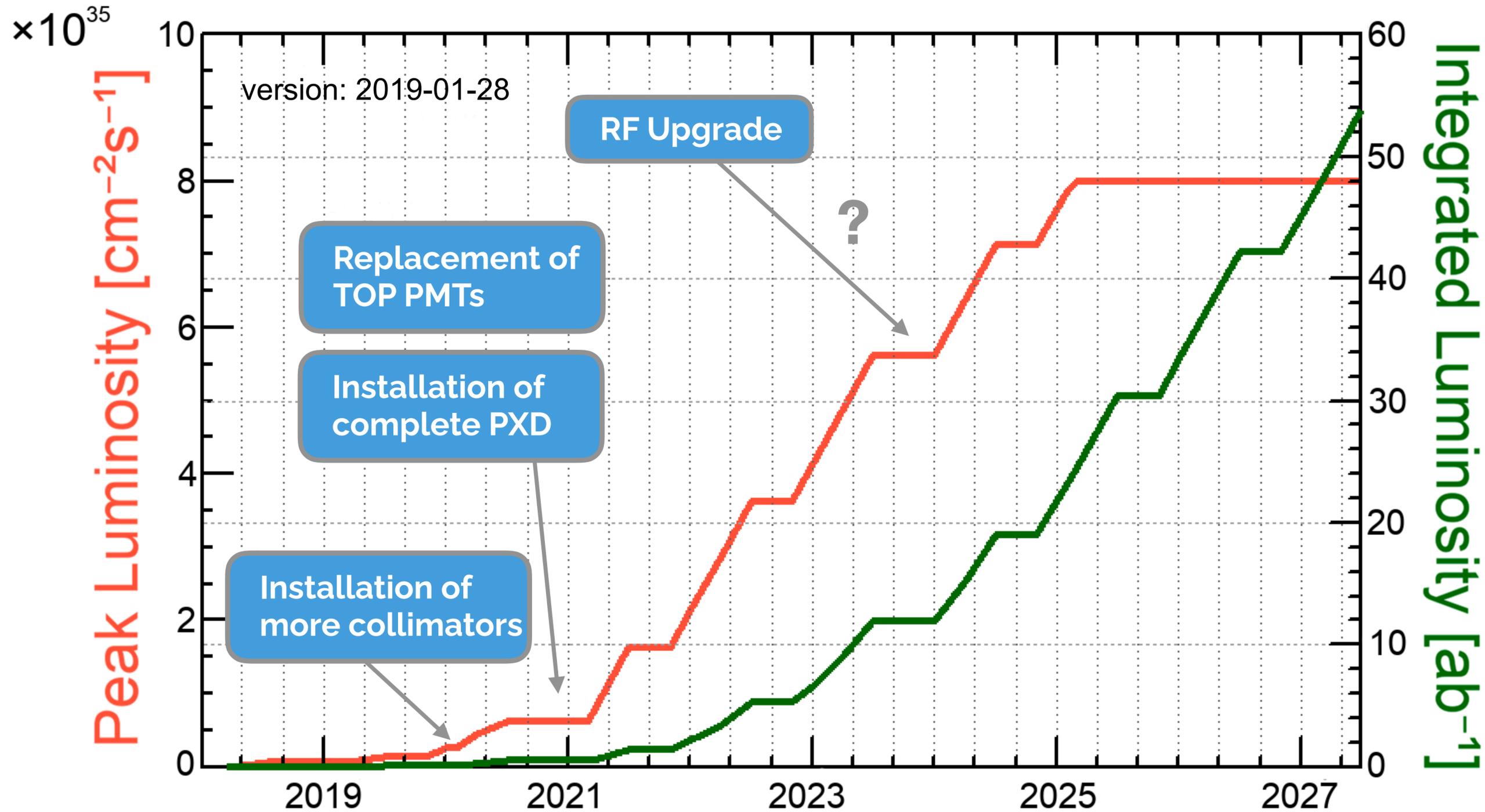
Summary

- Belle II established nano-beam scheme in 2019 and takes physics runs with $L > 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- Detector performance generally as expected, but beam background levels are higher than expected
- Long shutdown 2021 to install full PXD and replace TOP PMTs
- Searches for the direct production of low-mass new particles are a priority for the early running period of Belle II
- 10 fb^{-1} done. 49990 fb^{-1} to go.

Backup.



Timeline



Belle II goal:
50 ab^{-1}

BaBar: $\sim 0.5 \text{ ab}^{-1}$
Belle: $\sim 1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$

Contact

DESY.

Deutsches Elektronen Synchrotron
www.desy.de

Torben Ferber
torben.ferber@desy.de
ORCID: 0000-0002-6849-0427