

Meson-Baryon interaction in the Fock-Tani Formalism

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We are interest in Meson-Baryon cross section scattering

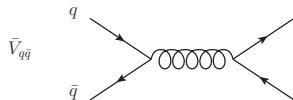
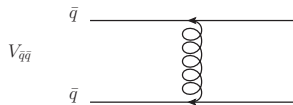
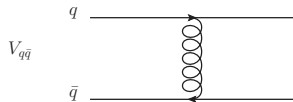
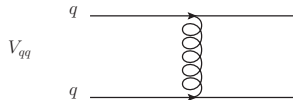
$$K^- + p \rightarrow K^- + p$$

$$\bar{K}^0 + p \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 + p$$

$$\eta + p \rightarrow \eta + p$$

$$D^+ + p \rightarrow D^+ + p$$

$$D^0 + p \rightarrow D^0 + p$$



Fock-Tani Formalism

Consists in a change of representation using an unitary operator U , such that the operators associated with composite particles could be rewritten in operators who satisfy the canonical anticommutation relations.

$$\begin{aligned} |\Omega\rangle &\longrightarrow |\Omega\rangle = U^{-1}|\Omega\rangle, \\ O &\longrightarrow O_{\text{FT}} = U^{-1}OU. \end{aligned}$$

Starting with the microscopic quark-antiquark Hamiltonian

$$H_{2q} \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_{FT} = U^{-1} H_{2q} U$$

Where

$$\mathcal{H}_{FT} = \mathcal{H}_q + \mathcal{H}_m + \mathcal{H}_b + \mathcal{H}_{mq} + \mathcal{H}_{bq} + \mathcal{H}_{mb}.$$

And so obtain the meson-baryon potentials V_{qq} , $V_{q\bar{q}}$ and $V_{\bar{q}\bar{q}}$ with quark and gluon exchange to calculate the cross section scattering.