



#### Measurements of Open-charm Hadrons in Heavy-ion Collisions by the STAR experiment

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# ENERGY LOSS OF CHARM QUARKS IN THE QGP



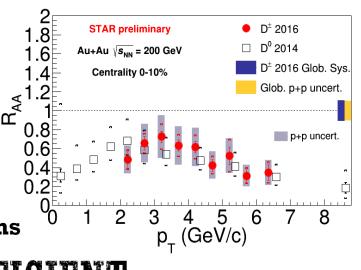
- At RHIC energies, charm quarks are produced predominantly through partonic hard scatterings
- They experience the whole evolution of the system
- Energy loss in the medium can be quantified using s<sup>1</sup>
  the nuclear modification factor:

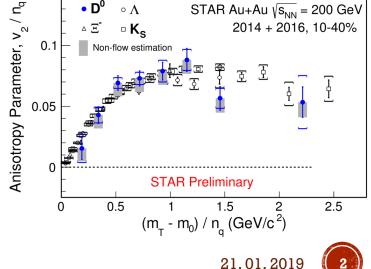
$$R_{\rm AA}(p_{\rm T}) = \frac{{\rm d}N_{\rm D}^{\rm AA}/{\rm d}p_{\rm T}}{\langle N_{\rm coll}\rangle\,{\rm d}N_{\rm D}^{\rm pp}/{\rm d}p_{\rm T}}$$

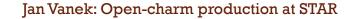
D<sup>0</sup> and D<sup>±</sup> suppressed in central Au+Au collisions

### CHARM QUARK DIFFUSION COEFFICIENT

- More information about charm quark interaction with the QGP can be accessed by measurement of elliptic flow  $(v_2)$  of open-charm mesons
  - Interactions of charm quark with the QGP (transport coefficient)
  - Level of thermalization of charm quarks in the QGP
- Suggests strong interactions of the charm quarks with the QGP and that charm quarks acquire similar flow as light flavor quarks

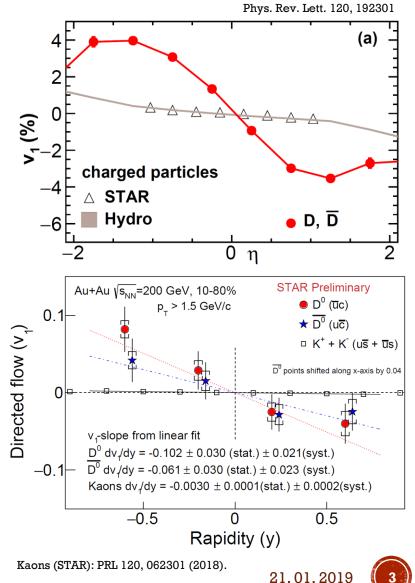






#### INITIAL TILT OF THE BULK AND INITIAL EM FIELD

- Directed flow (v<sub>1</sub>) of open charm mesons probes:
  - The mismatch between the initial longitudinal density profiles of the bulk and heavy flavor quark production
    - Larger v<sub>1</sub> slope with respect to rapidity predicted for open-charm hadrons than for light flavor hadrons
  - EM field induced by the passing spectators
    - Opposite slopes for c and c̄ containing hadrons
- Insufficient precision to conclude about the EM induced splitting
- Approximately 20 times larger v<sub>1</sub> for D<sup>0</sup> than for kaons.

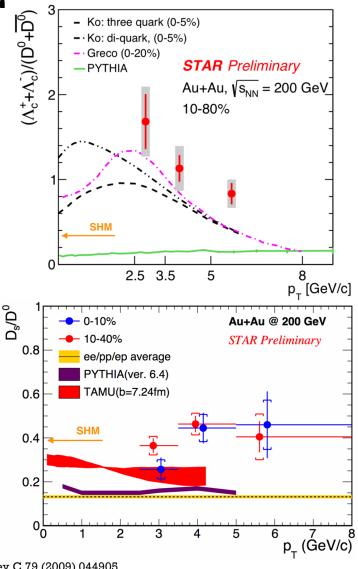






# CHARM QUARK HADRONIZATION

- Measurement of various open-charm hadron species can help with understanding the hadronization process
- Production of  $\Lambda_c$ 
  - Baryon/meson ratio for heavy quarks
  - Coalescence vs. fragmentation hadronization
- Production of D<sub>s</sub>
  - Strangeness enhancement
  - Coalescence vs. fragmentation hadronization
- Λ<sub>c</sub>/D<sup>0</sup> ratio shows significant enhancement in Au+Au collisions with respect to PYTHIA
- D<sub>s</sub>/D<sup>0</sup> is enhanced in Au+Au collisions possibly due to strangeness enhancement with respect to PYTHIA and elementary collisions, and due to coalescence hadronization



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Ko: Phys.Rev.C 79 (2009) 044905 Greco: Eur.Phys.J.C (2018) 78:348 SHM: Phys.Rev.C 79 (2009) 044905 ep/pp/ep avg: EPJ C 76, 397 (2016) TAMU: PRL 110, 112301 (2013)



### THANK YOU FOR ATTENTION, MORE ON DETAILS ON MY POSTER



Jan Vanek: Open-charm production at STAR