

High scale supersymmetry in field theory & string theory

'15 ... : Dreier, Schwann, Rühl, ..., Dudas, ... Tatsuta

BSM: GUT ($\Lambda_{\text{GUT}} \sim 10^{15} \text{ GeV}$), SUSY ($\Lambda_{\text{SB}} = ?$)

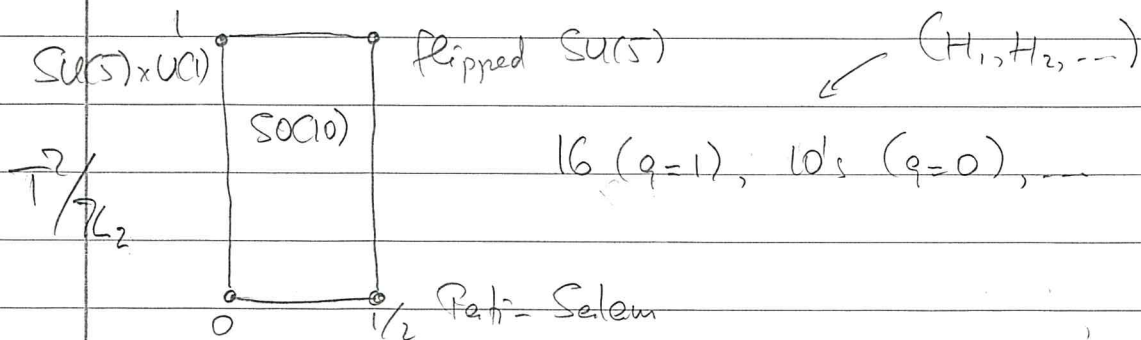
$$\rightarrow \Lambda_{\text{SB}} \sim \Lambda_{\text{GUT}} \sim R_c^{-1} \quad ?$$

(low energy consequences from matching at 'high scale' ?)

Becker '95: SUSY breaking from magnetic flux (higher dimensions)

$\rightarrow$ Blumenhagen, Lust, ..., Ibanez et al, Antoniadis et al ..., Seppälä, Dudas, ...
(Intersecting D-brane models, flux compactifications)

Example: 6D orbifold GUT, $\text{SO}(10) \times \text{U}(1)_A$



$\text{U}(1)$ flux: $\langle F_{56} \rangle = 2\pi N$
 $\uparrow$
 # generations

zero modes: N 16's $(q, l, u^c, e^c, d^c, \nu^c), \dots$

H_1, H_2, h_1, h_2 (Higgs, higgsinos)

heavy states: $m_{\tilde{q}}^2 = m_{\tilde{e}}^2 = \frac{4\pi N}{V_2} \sim (10^{15} \text{ GeV})^2, \dots$

→ 6d: GUT & SUSY

4d: SUSY broken (mattr sector) or
GUT broken (Higgs sector)

→ quantum corrections? (cancellations for UCI)

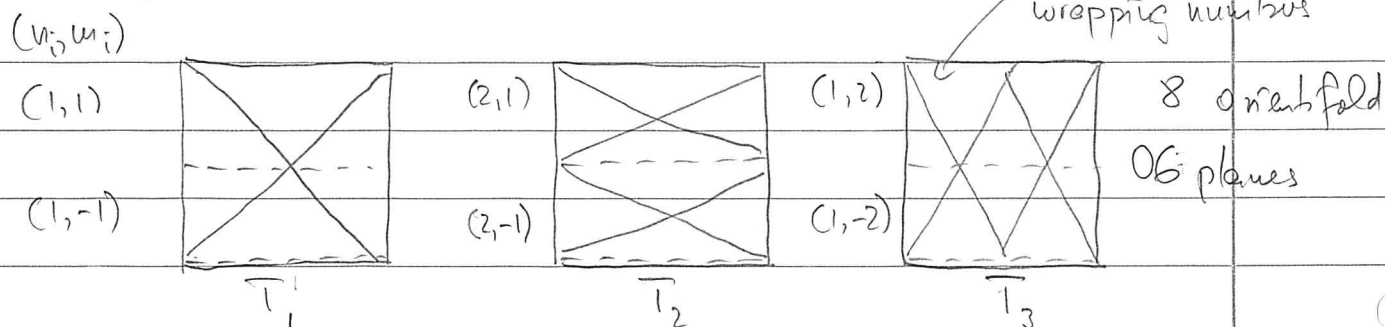
Wilson-line scalar $\varphi \sim A_6 + iA_5$

→ 10d → string theory

D-brane model with broken supersymmetry

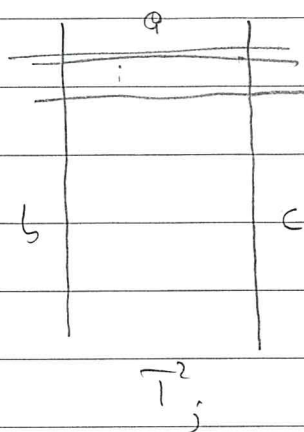
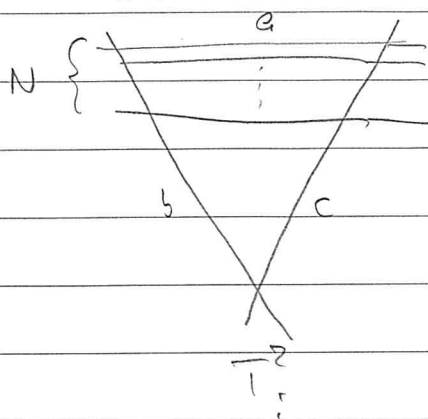
(cf. Schomerus, Ibanez & Uranga, Sagnotti et al)

type IIA on orientifold $(\bar{T}^6/\mathbb{Z}_2)$: D6-branes with wrapping numbers



$$z_i = x_{3+2i} + i x_{4+2i}, \quad \mathcal{R}: (z_1, z_2, z_3) \rightarrow (\bar{z}_1, \bar{z}_2, \bar{z}_3)$$

D-brane model:



minor branes: a', b', c'

torus T^2 , integers

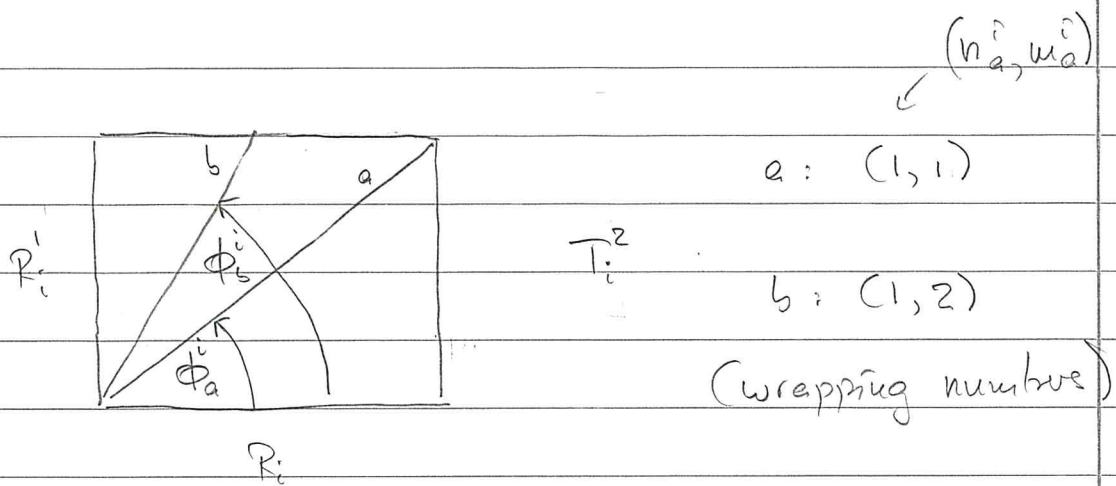
model: specify wrapping numbers (n_a^i, m_a^i) . chiral fermions from intersection numbers

$$I_{ab} = \otimes_i (n_a^i m_b^i - n_b^i m_a^i) \quad (\text{bifundamental})$$

example: $G = U(N) \times U(1) \times U(1)$

brane sector	intersection #	rep	name	spectrum
ab	$-3(l-2)$	$\overline{N}_{1,0}$	d^c	chiral, no SUSY
ab'	$l+2$	$N_{1,0}$	u	
ac	$-(l+2)$	$\overline{N}_{0,1}$	u^c	
ac'	$3(l-2)$	$N_{0,1}$	d	
bc	0	$1_{1,-1}, 1_{-1,1}$	h_1, h_1'	vectorlike, N=2 SUSY
bc'	0	$1_{1,1}, 1_{-1,-1}$	h_2, h_2'	

RR tadpole cancellations: $N=14, l=7$



ϕ_a^i : angles w.r.t orientifold

$\Theta_{ab}^i = |\phi_a^i - \phi_b^i|$ relative angles, determine
scalar mass spectrum, tachyons?

$\tan \phi_a^i \simeq \phi_a^i \simeq u_a^i \frac{R_i}{T_i^2} \ll 1$, 3 "light" scalars

structure of couplings: (for simplicity superpotential):

$$W_Y = \sum_{\alpha, \beta=1}^{3(l-2)} y_{\alpha\beta}^d d_\alpha^c d_\beta^c H_2^1 + \sum_{\alpha, \beta=1}^{l+2} y_{\alpha\beta}^u u_\alpha^c u_\beta^c H_2^1$$

calculation in dual picture

uplift of tachyonic Higgs (ξ : modulus, brane separation):

$$W_{\xi, \xi^1} = \lambda_1 \xi_1 H_1 H_1^1 + \lambda_2 \xi_2 H_2 H_2^1$$

moduli

stable vacuum?

Wilson line in $U(2)$ sector:

10d SUSY Yang Mills action $S_{10}[V, \phi^a, \bar{\phi}^a]$

vech supfield $\nearrow$ $\nwarrow$ chiral supfields

$$V = V_a H_a + V_- \bar{T}_+ + V_+ \bar{T}_-$$

$\uparrow$ $\nwarrow$ $\nearrow$
Cartan step generators

($N=4$ SUSY)

$$\phi^i = \chi_a^i H_a + \phi_-^i \bar{T}_+ + \phi_+^i \bar{T}_-, \dots$$

flux and Wilson line background:

$$\chi_a^i = \frac{f^i}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{z}_a + \bar{\zeta}_a^i + \varphi_i$$

mode expansion, e.g.

$$\phi_+^i(x_1^*, z_1, z_2, z_3) = \sum_{n_j m_l m'_l} \phi_{+n_j m_l m'_l}^i(x) \underbrace{g_{n_j}(z_1)}_{\text{harm. oscillators}} \underbrace{\gamma_{m_l}(z_2) \gamma_{m'_l}(z_3)}_{\text{KK modes}}$$

$$M^2(\xi) = (gf(n+1) + |2\bar{u}(n+1\ell)| + \sqrt{2}g|\xi_2|^2 + |2\bar{u}(n+1\ell')| + \sqrt{2}g|\xi_3|^2)$$

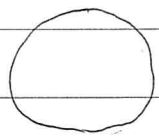
potential tachyon: $M_0^2(\xi) = -gf + 2g^2(|\xi_2|^2 + |\xi_3|^2) < 0$

$$\text{for } |\xi_2|^2 + |\xi_3|^2 < \frac{f}{2g}$$

one-loop potential:

$$V = \frac{1}{2} \sum_i (-)^{F_2} \int \frac{d^4 k}{(2\pi)^4} \ln(k^2 + M_i^2)$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{-\frac{1}{16\pi^2} \int \frac{d^4 t}{t^3} e^{-M_i^2/t}}$

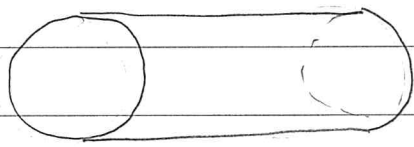


$$= -\frac{N}{16\pi^2} \int \frac{d^4 t}{t^3} \frac{1}{2\sinh(qft)} \sinh^4\left(\frac{qft}{2}\right) \sum_{w, w', l} \dots$$

N : # of flux quanta (breaks SUSY)

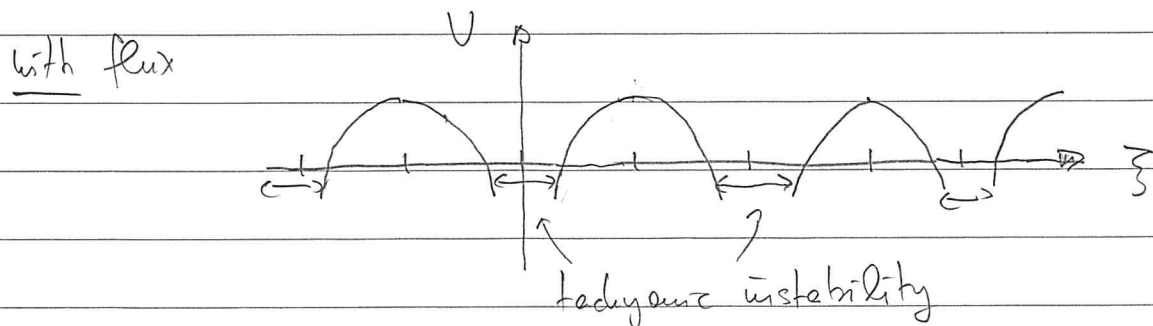
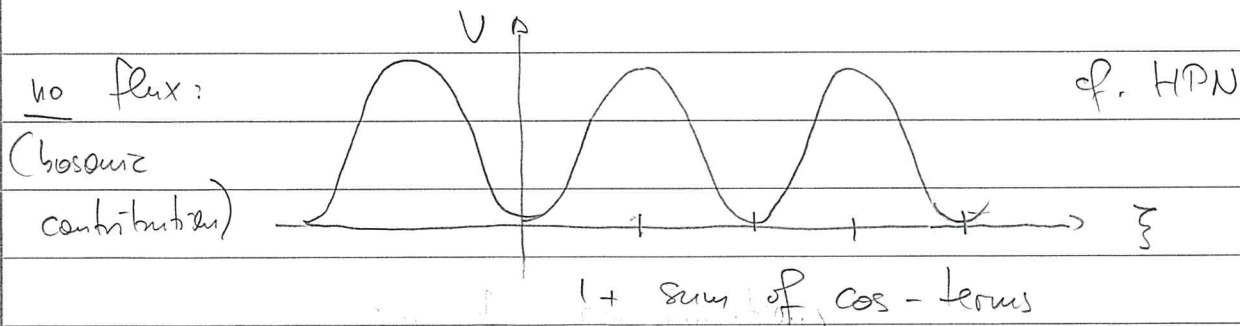
one-loop string:

$V \sim$ annulus amplitude



$$= \dots \int_0^\infty \frac{dt_2}{t_2^3} \text{Jacobi-theta functions}$$

decouple osc. modes $\rightarrow$ field theory result



only saddle points! no stable ground state?!

