

The Social Network of F-theory fibrations: From torsion to discrete symmetries

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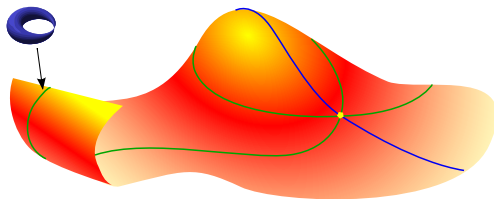
Based on [arXiv:1408.4808](https://arxiv.org/abs/1408.4808)

In collaboration with: D. Klevers, D. Mayorga, H. Piragua and J. Reuter

The String Theory Universe 2014, Mainz
September 25th 2014



What is F-theory?



Identify the complex structure τ of an **auxiliary torus** to be the Type IIB axio-dilaton $\tau = C_0 + ie^{-\phi}$ that is fibered over the physical **physical base space**.

Information of the elliptic fiber

- 1 The gauge group:
 - Codimension 1 singularities: non-Abelian factors
 - Freely acting Mordell-Weil group: Abelian factors [Morrison, Park'12; Braun, Grimm, Keitel'13]
 - Mordell-Weil torsion: Quotient groups [Morrison, Palti, Till, Weigand'14]
 - Discrete \mathbb{Z}_n symmetries: n-sections [Morrison, Taylor'14]
- 2 Charged Matter: Codimension 2 singularities
- 3 Yukawa Couplings: Codimension 3 singularities

Why F-theory

- Non-perturbative formulation of Type IIB strings with D7 branes fully back-reacted on the geometry New possibilities for Model building:
 - **GUT** ($SU(5)$ or E_6) gauge groups that are **localized** + add $U(1)$'s to forbid couplings
 - Generate top-quark Yukawa couplings that are pert. forbidden in Type IIB settings [Aparicio,Font,Ibanez,Regalado,Marchesano,Zoccarato '11-'13]

Geometric engineering of gauge groups: non-Abelian part easy but the Abelian usually hard

- Global GUTS with additional $U(1)$'s using Tops

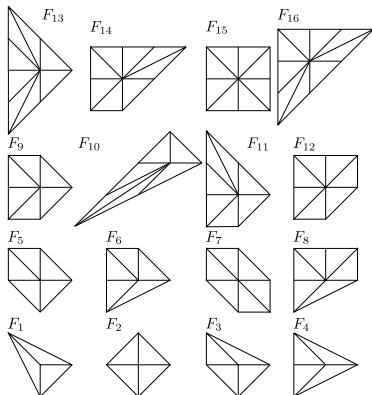
[Grimm,Braun,Keitel,Cvetic,Grassi,,Klevers,Piragua,Borchmann,Weigand,Mayerhofer,Palti '13-'14]

$$\underbrace{U(1)^2}_{\subset dP^2} \times \underbrace{SU(5)}_{\text{Coef. Restriction}}$$

Describe $U(1)$'s parts as hypersurfaces in toric varieties a fruitful approach.

Extend this toolbox to all 2D varieties.

16 Polyhedra



The set

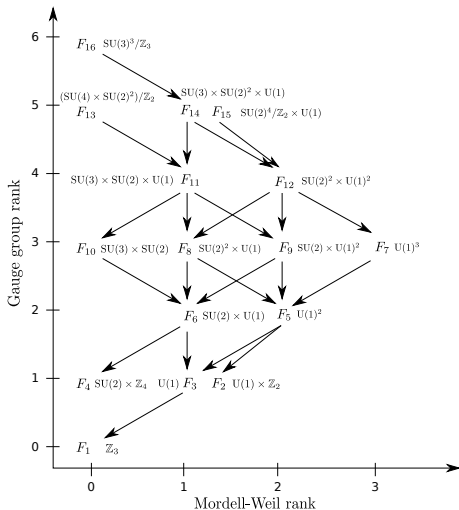
- All 16, 2D toric varieties
- Genus-one fiber as hypersurface in F_i
- F_{17-i} and F_i are dual

The Program:

General genus-one fibered
Calabi-Yau threefolds
→ 6D $\mathcal{N} = 1$ theories

- computed gauge group
- compute matter & multiplicity
- check full 6D gauge & gravity anomaly cancellation
- **compute all transitions**

The Network



Toric Higgs Effect

The Geometry Side

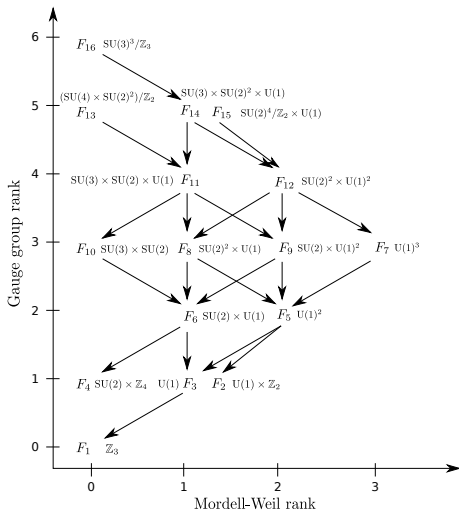
Extremal transitions of the polyhedra used for fiber i.e. blow-ups

The Field Theory Side

The 6D Higgs effect

→ Another powerful cross-check for geometry and field theory properties

The Network



The Highlights

1 Mordell-Weil torsion

[Mayrhofer, Morrison, Till, Weigand '14]

- F_{16} : Trinification
- F_{13} : Pati-Salam

2 F_{11} : The Standard Model

3 F_3 : $q = 3$ $U(1)$ charged matter

4 Multi sections:

- discrete symmetries

[Anderson, Garcia-Etxebarria, Grimm, Keitel '14]

[Mayrhofer, Palti, Till, Weigand '14]

5 Mirror-Symmetry

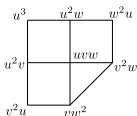
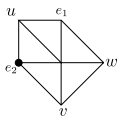
→ torsion $\overset{\text{mirrodual}}{\longleftrightarrow}$ discrete symmetries?

6 The Sum Rule:

$$\text{Rank}(F_{17-i}) + \text{Rank}(F_i) = 6$$

Toric Higgs Effect

The Higgsing of F_5 : $U(1)^2$



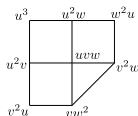
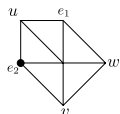
Describe F_5 fiber by hyperplane equation:

$$\begin{aligned} p_{F_5} = & s_1 e_2^2 e_1^2 u^3 + s_2 e_2^2 e_1 u^2 v + s_3 e_2^2 uv^2 \\ & + s_5 e_2 e_1^2 u^2 w + s_6 e_2 e_1 uvw + s_7 e_2 v^2 w \\ & + s_8 e_1^2 uw^2 + s_9 e_1 vw^2 \end{aligned}$$

- s_i are sections of the base
- Three rational points
→ $U(1)^2$ gauge symmetry

Toric Higgs Effect

The Higgsing of F_5 : $U(1)^2$



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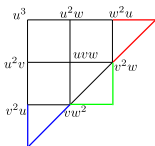
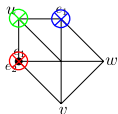
- s_i are sections of the base
- Three rational points
 $\rightarrow U(1)^2$ gauge symmetry

The charged matter: Fiber factorization into an I_2 fiber at codim. 2:

F_5 States	$\mathbf{1}_{(-1,1)}$	$\mathbf{1}_{(-1,-2)}$	$\mathbf{1}_{(0,2)}$	...
location	$s_3 = s_7 = 0$	$s_8 = s_9 = 0$	$s_7 = s_9 = 0$	...
multiplicity	$S_7([K_B^{-1}] + S_7 - S_9)$	$S_9([K_B^{-1}] - S_7 + S_9)$	$S_7 S_9$...

Toric Higgs Effect

The Higgsing of F_5 : $U(1)^2$



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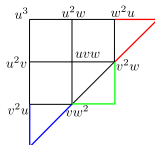
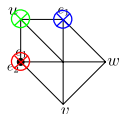
- s_i are sections of the base
- Three rational points
 $\rightarrow U(1)^2$ gauge symmetry

Choose a Higgs

F_5 States	$\mathbf{1}_{(-1,1)}$	$\mathbf{1}_{(-1,-2)}$	$\mathbf{1}_{(0,2)}$	...
location	$s_3 = s_7 = 0$	$s_8 = s_9 = 0$	$s_7 = s_9 = 0$	...
multiplicity	$S_7([K_B^{-1}] + S_7 - S_9)$	$S_9([K_B^{-1}] - S_7 + S_9)$	$S_7 S_9$	...

Toric Higgs Effect

The Higgsing of F_5 : $U(1)^2$



Describe F_5 fiber by hyperplane equation:

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 & + s_8 e_1^2 uw^2 + s_9 e_1 vw^2
 \end{aligned}$$

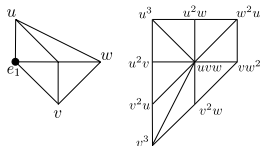
- s_i are sections of the base
- Three rational points
 $\rightarrow U(1)^2$ gauge symmetry

- Higgs: $\langle \mathbf{1}_{(-1,1)} \rangle$ breaks $U(1)^2 \rightarrow U(1)$
- Unbroken charge: $Q' = Q_1 + Q_2$

F_5 State	$\mathbf{1}_{(-1,1)}$	$\mathbf{1}_{(-1,-2)}$	$\mathbf{1}_{(0,2)}$	...
F_3 State	$\mathbf{1}_0$	$\mathbf{1}_{(-3)}$	$\mathbf{1}_{(2)}$	...
location	$s_3 = s_7 = 0$	$s_8 = s_9 = 0$	$s_7 = s_9 = 0$	...
multiplicity	$S_7([K_B^{-1}] + S_7 - S_9)$	$S_9([K_B^{-1}] - S_7 + S_9)$	$S_7 S_9$...

Toric Higgs Effect

Match geometry: The F_3 Fibration

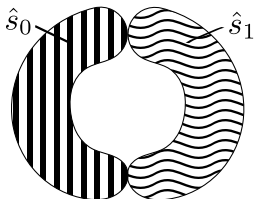


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 & + s_8 e_1^2 uw^2 + s_9 e_1 vw^2 + s_4 v^3 e_1^2
 \end{aligned}$$

- s_i sections of the base

- **subtlety:** Get the non-toric $U(1)$ from a section that is the intersection with the fiber and a double intersection with the zero section
- Lets have a look at a codimension 2

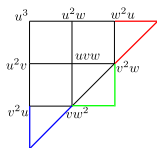
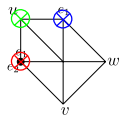


- The zero section wraps first \mathbb{P}^1
- The second section wraps other \mathbb{P}^1

F_3 State	$\mathbf{1}_3$
location	$s_8 = s_9 = 0$
multiplicity	$S_9([K_B^{-1}] - S_7 + S_9)$

Toric Higgs Effect

The Higgsing of F_5 : $U(1)^2$



Describe F_5 fiber by hyperplane equation:

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 \end{aligned}$$

- s_i are sections of the base

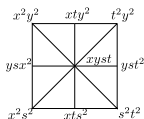
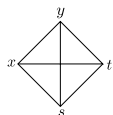
Have chosen $\langle \mathbf{1}_{(0,2)} \rangle$ that breaks $U(1)^2$ to $U(1) \times \mathbb{Z}_2$

The Higgsed Spectrum: New Charge operator: $Q' = Q_1, Q_{\mathbb{Z}_2}$

F_5 State	$\mathbf{1}_{(-1,1)}$	$\mathbf{1}_{(-1,-2)}$	$\mathbf{1}_{(0,2)}$	...
F_2 State	$\mathbf{1}_{(-1,-)}$	$\mathbf{1}_{(1,+)}$	$\mathbf{1}_{(0)}$	...
location	$s_3 = s_7 = 0$	$s_8 = s_9 = 0$	$s_7 = s_9 = 0$	...
multiplicity	$S_7([K_B^{-1}] + S_7 - S_9)$	$S_9([K_B^{-1}] - S_7 + S_9)$	$S_7 S_9$	...

Toric Higgs Effect

Matching geometry: The F_2 fiber



Describe F_2 fiber by hyperplane

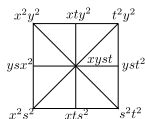
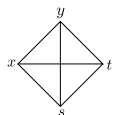
$$\begin{aligned} p_{F_2} = & (b_1y^2 + b_2sy + b_3s^2)x^2 \\ & + (b_5y^2 + b_6sy + b_7s^2)xt \\ & + (b_8y^2 + b_9sy + b_{10}s^2)t^2 \end{aligned}$$

• b_i are sections of the base

- F_2 The biquadric has **no section**, but two, two-sections $\hat{\sigma}_0$ and $\hat{\sigma}_1$
- Map biquadric to the cubic and match coefficients
→ gives a zero-section (Jacobian fibration) [Braun, Morrison'14]

Toric Higgs Effect

Matching geometry: The F_2 fiber

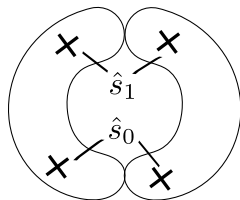


Describe F_2 fiber by hyperplane

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- One two-section becomes rational
 → $U(1)$
- second two-section **not rational**
 → \mathbb{Z}_2 discrete symmetry

F_2 State:	$\mathbf{1}_{(0,-)}$
multiplicity	Matches Higgsing ✓

Conclusion

We have constructed

Global 6D F-theory fibrations with fibers as hypersurfaces in all 16, 2D toric varieties and computed

- Gauge group, matter, moduli and their multiplicities
- full 6D gauge and gravity anomaly cancellation
- All possible extremal transitions and matched the field theories

Our Highlights

We found

- A mirror-symmetric Network of toric-fibrations
- Fibrations with discrete symmetries and their charges
- $q = 3$ U(1) charged matter
- Interesting fibrations for particle physics (Trinification, Pati-Salam and Standard model)

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Thank You !

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