

Dark matter structure via 21-cm ‘observations’ of simulated galaxies

Kyle Oman

Antonino Marasco

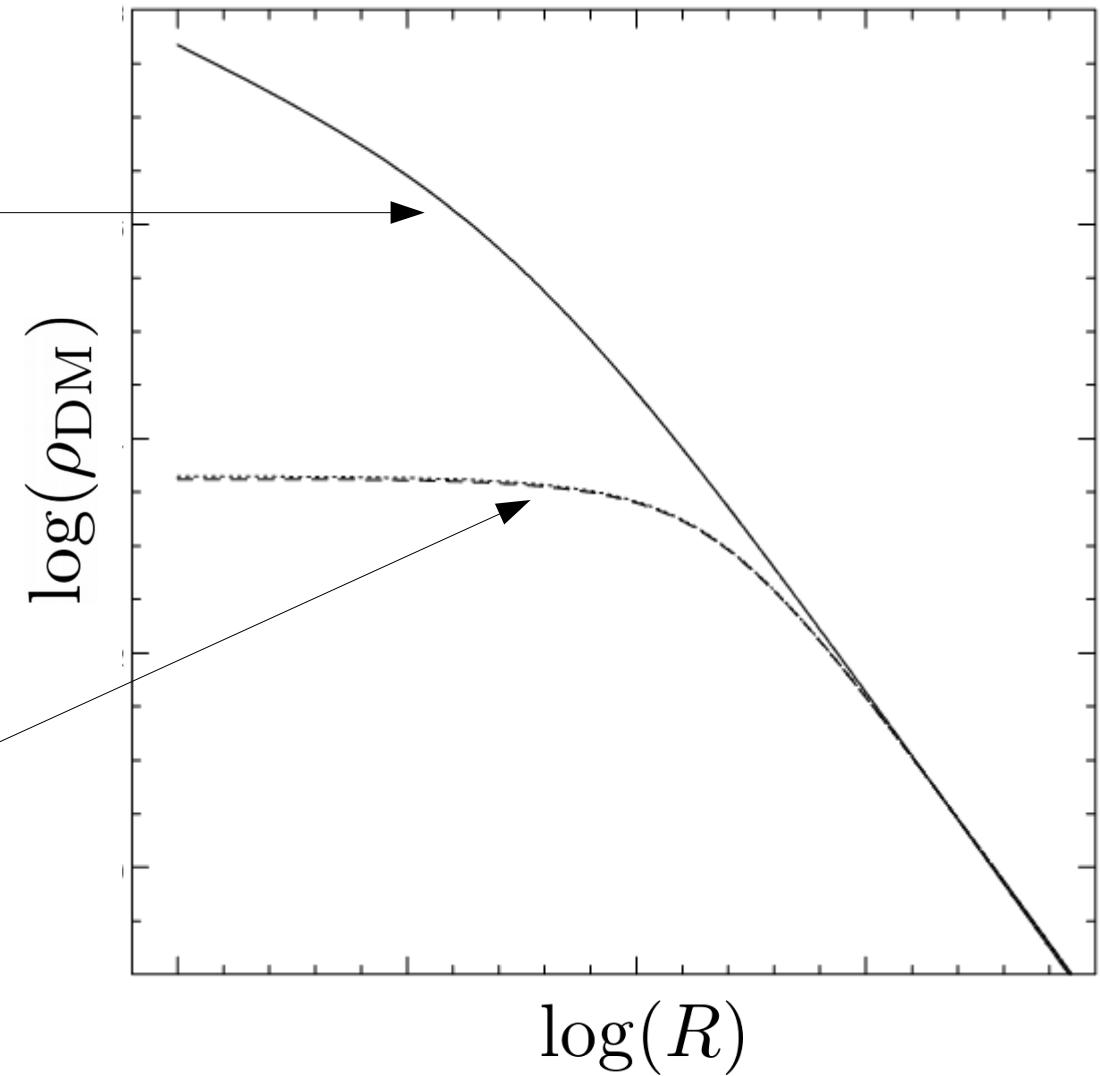
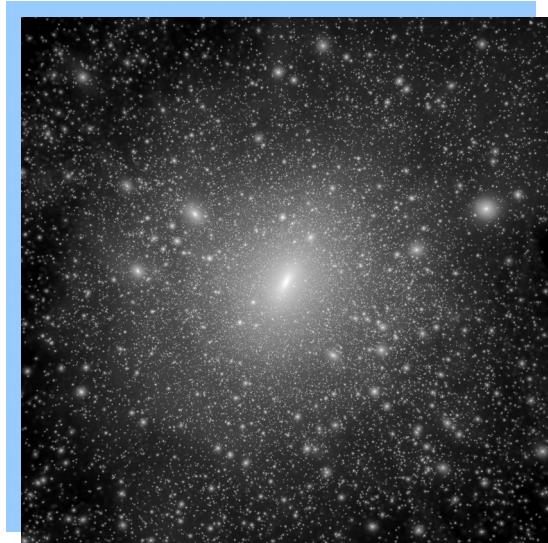
Julio Navarro

Carlos Frenk

Joop Schaye

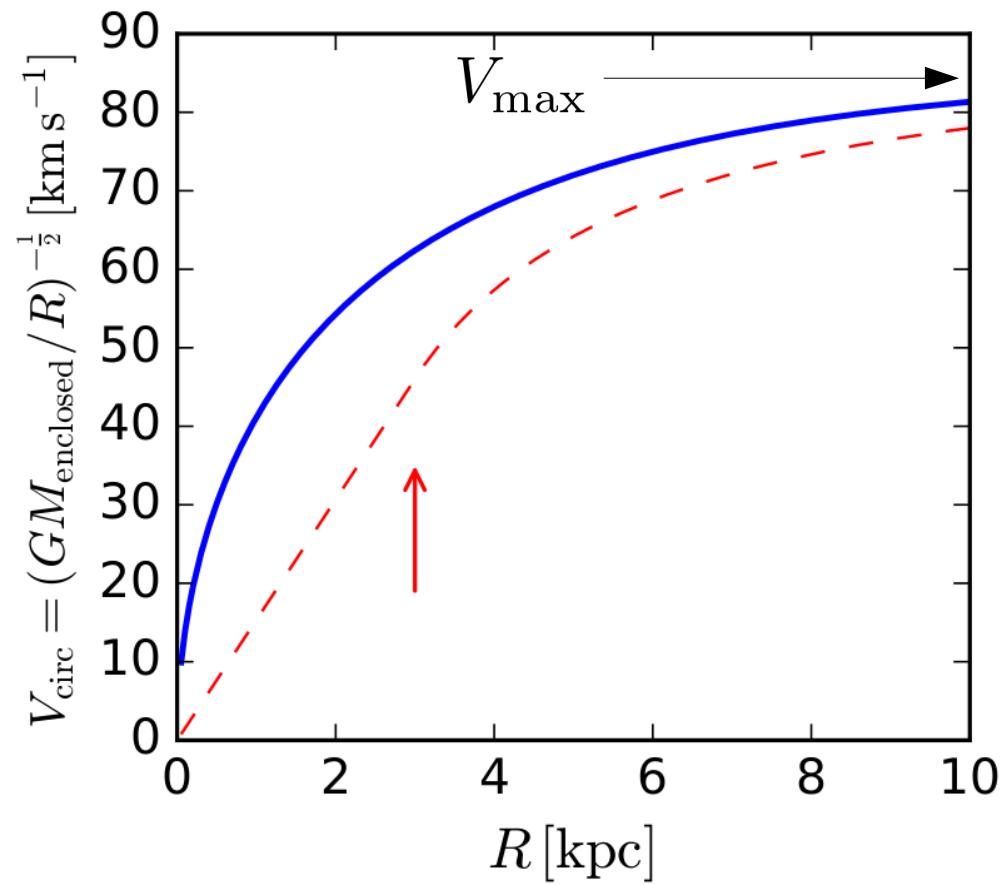
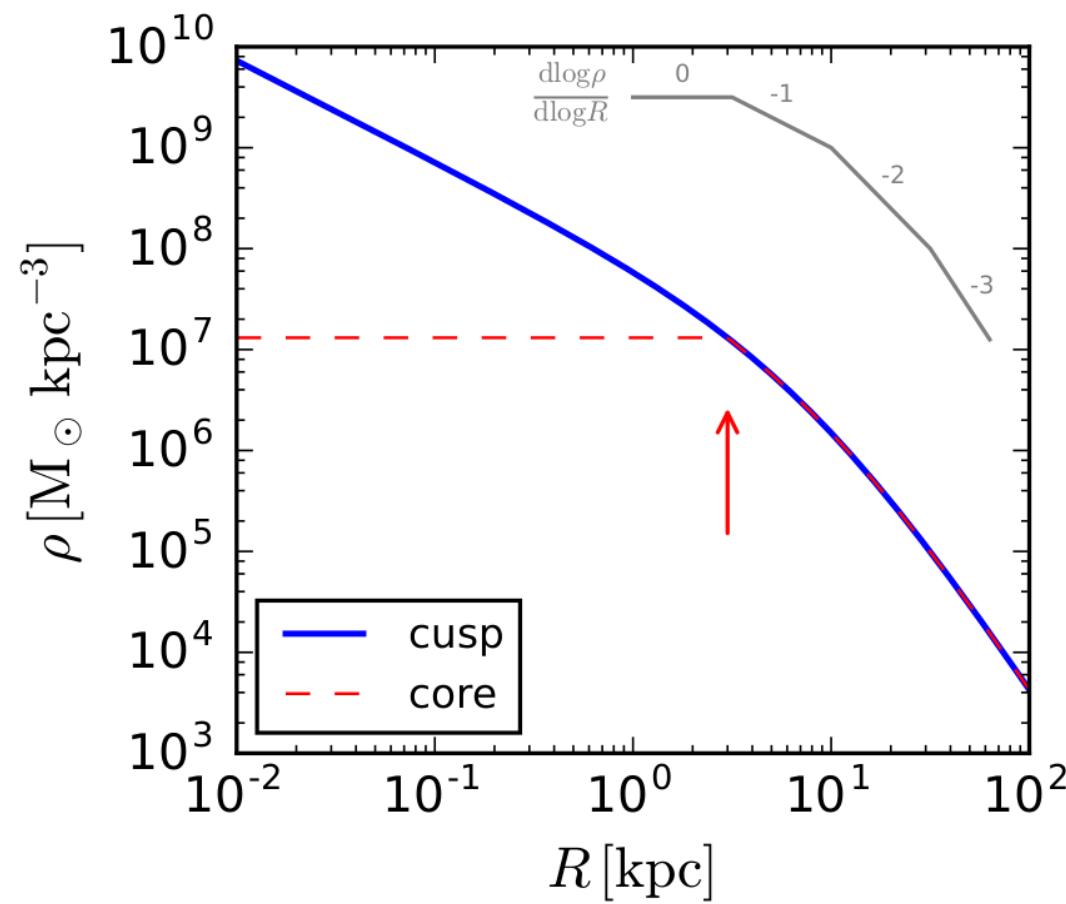
Alejandro Benítez-Llambay

The cusp-core problem

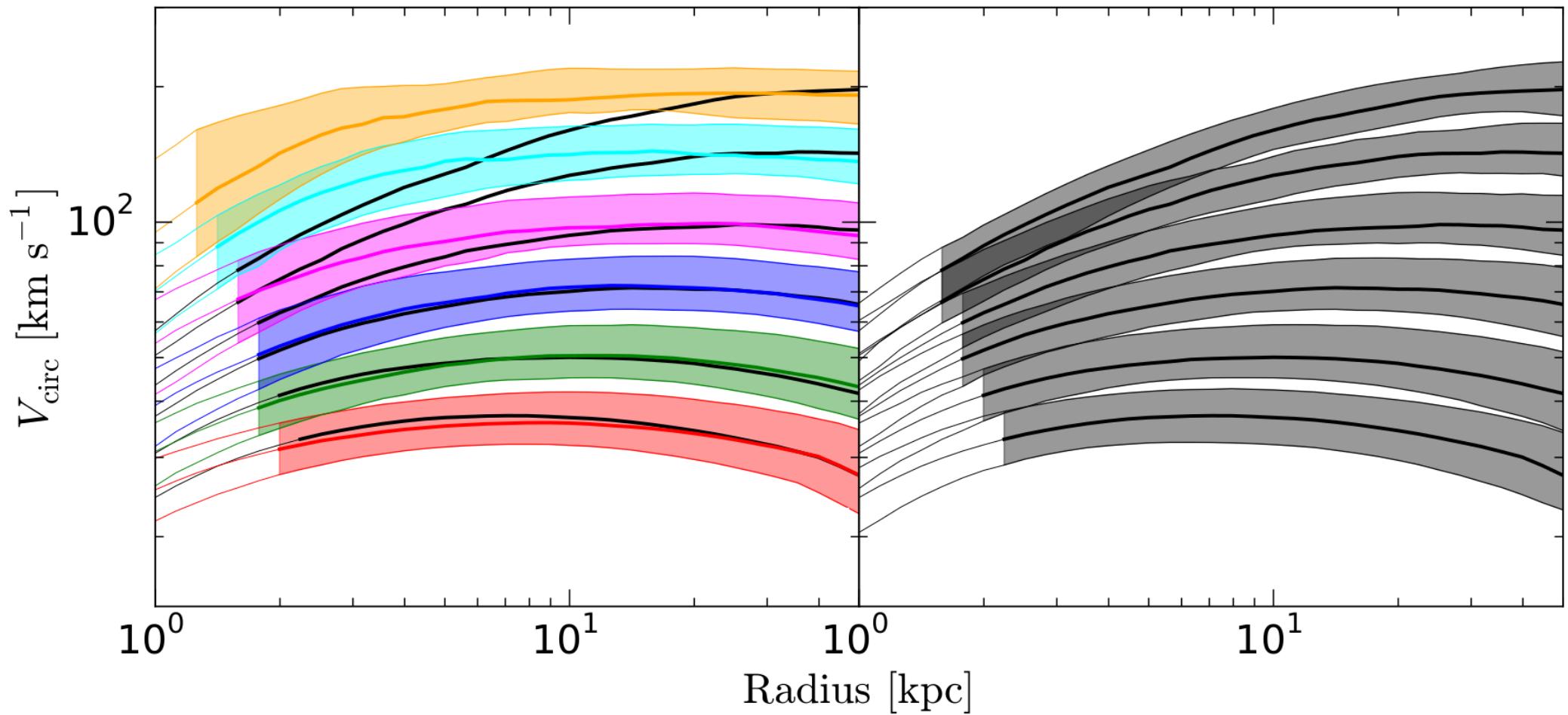


Rotation curves

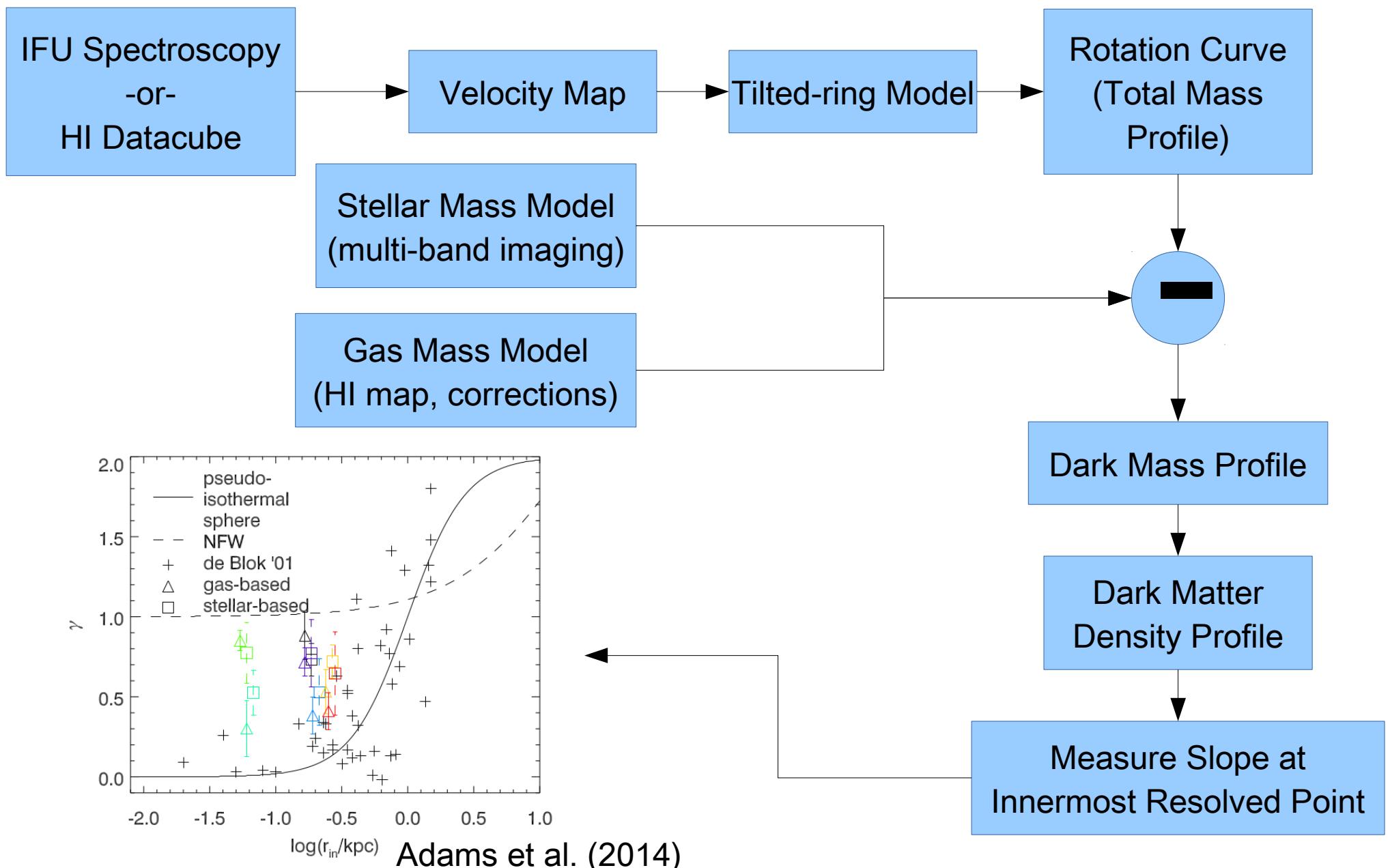
$$V_{\text{circ}} = \sqrt{\frac{GM(<r)}{r}}$$



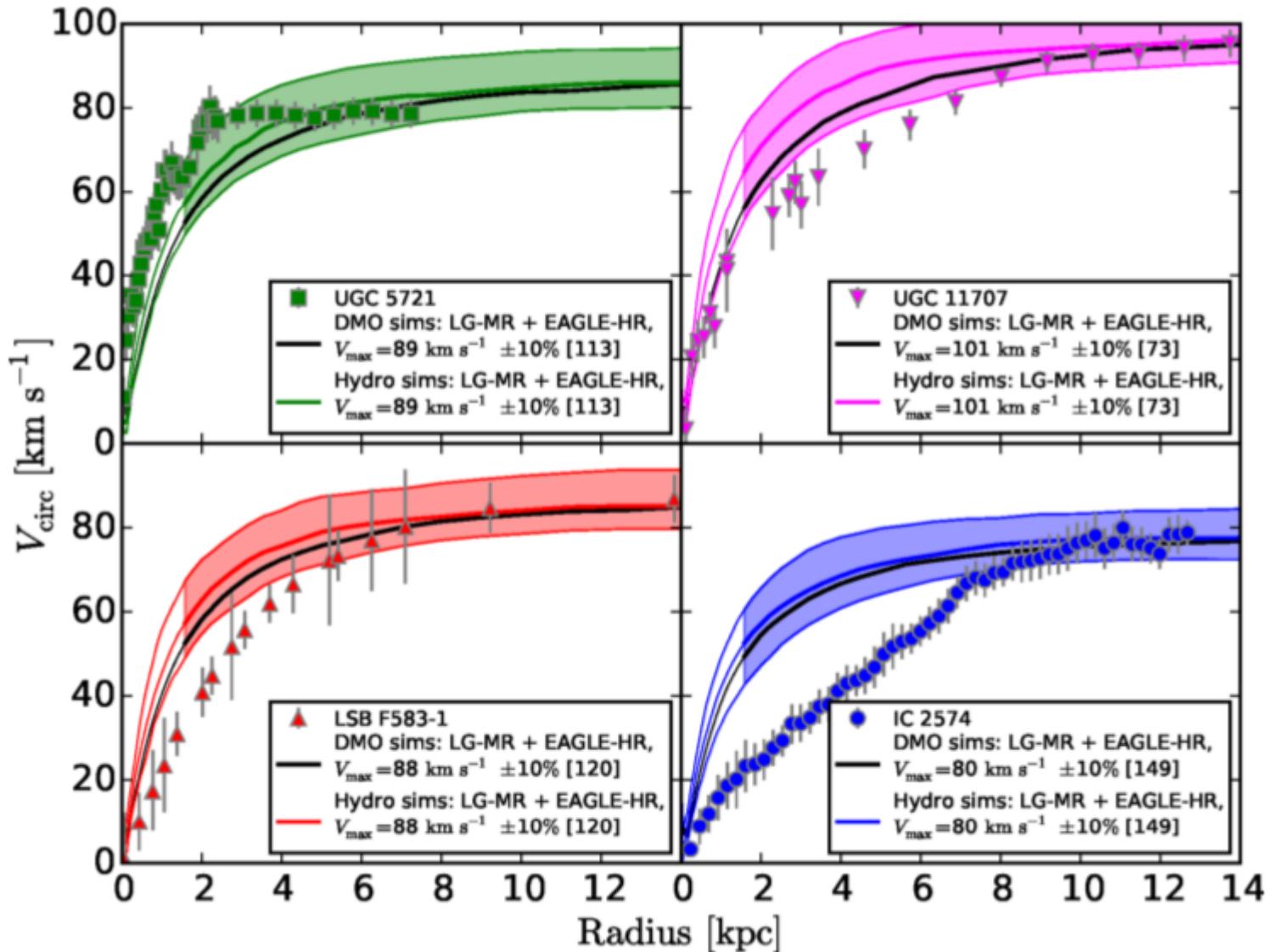
Rotation curves



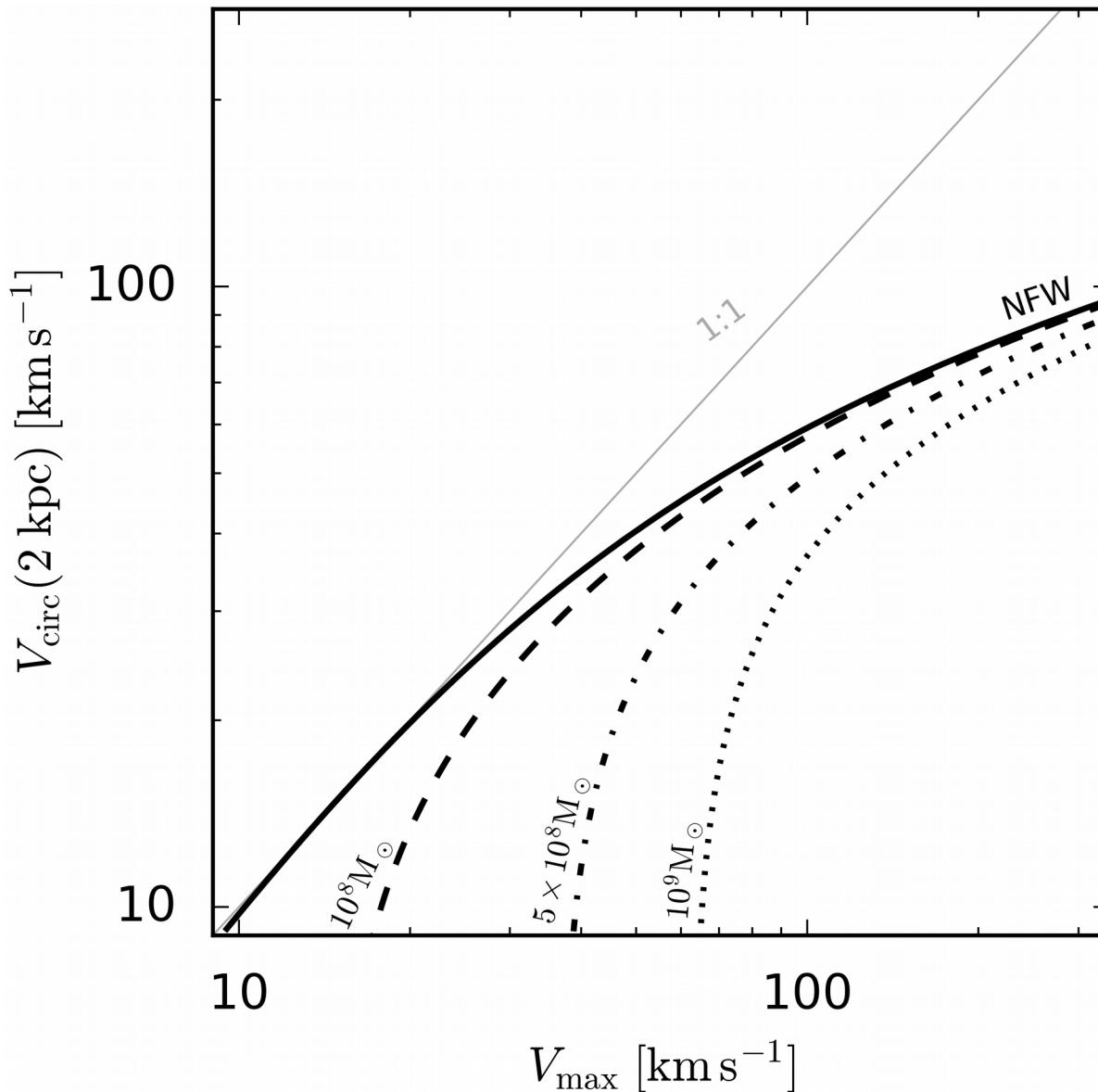
Mass modelling



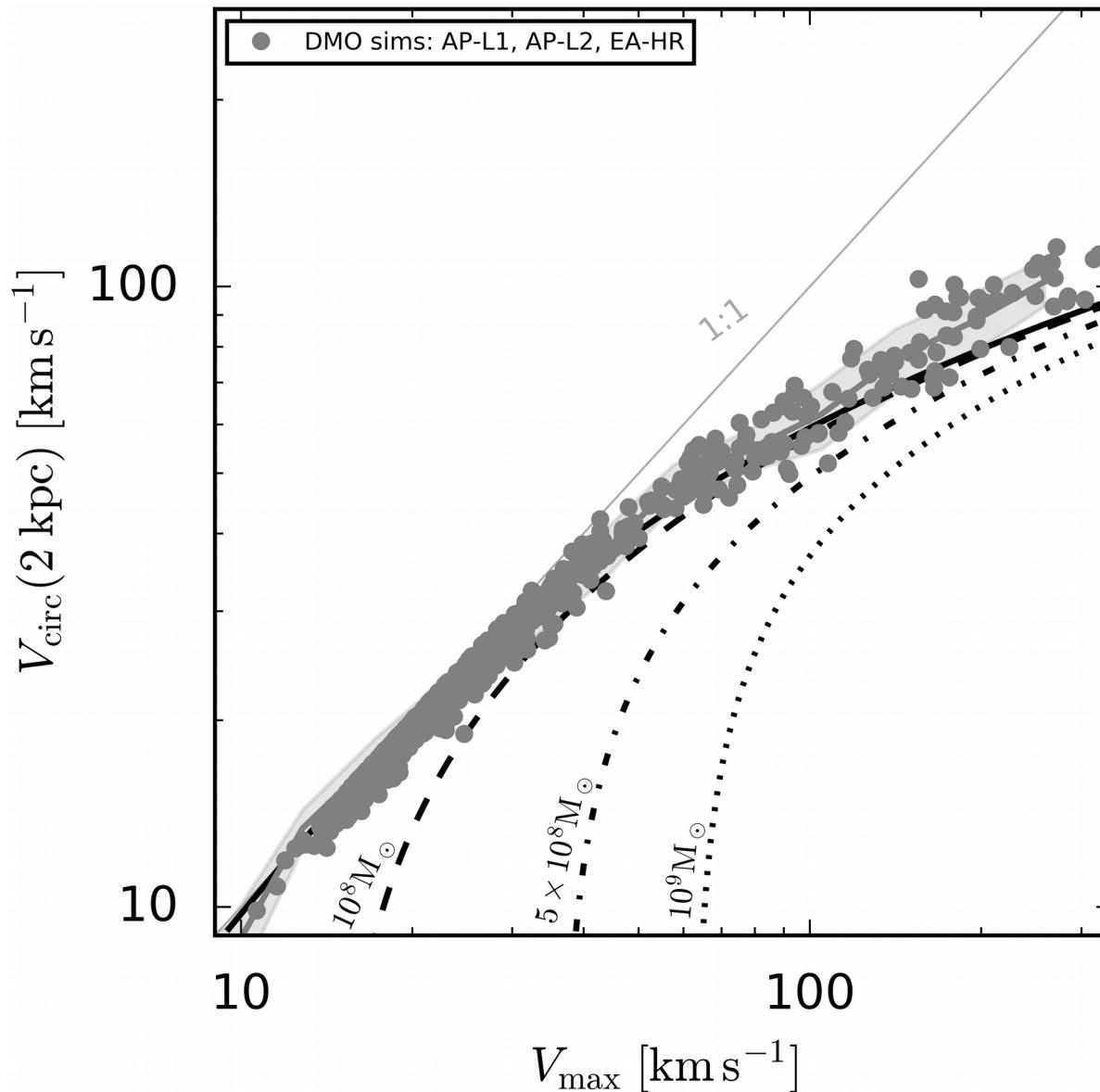
Rotation curve diversity



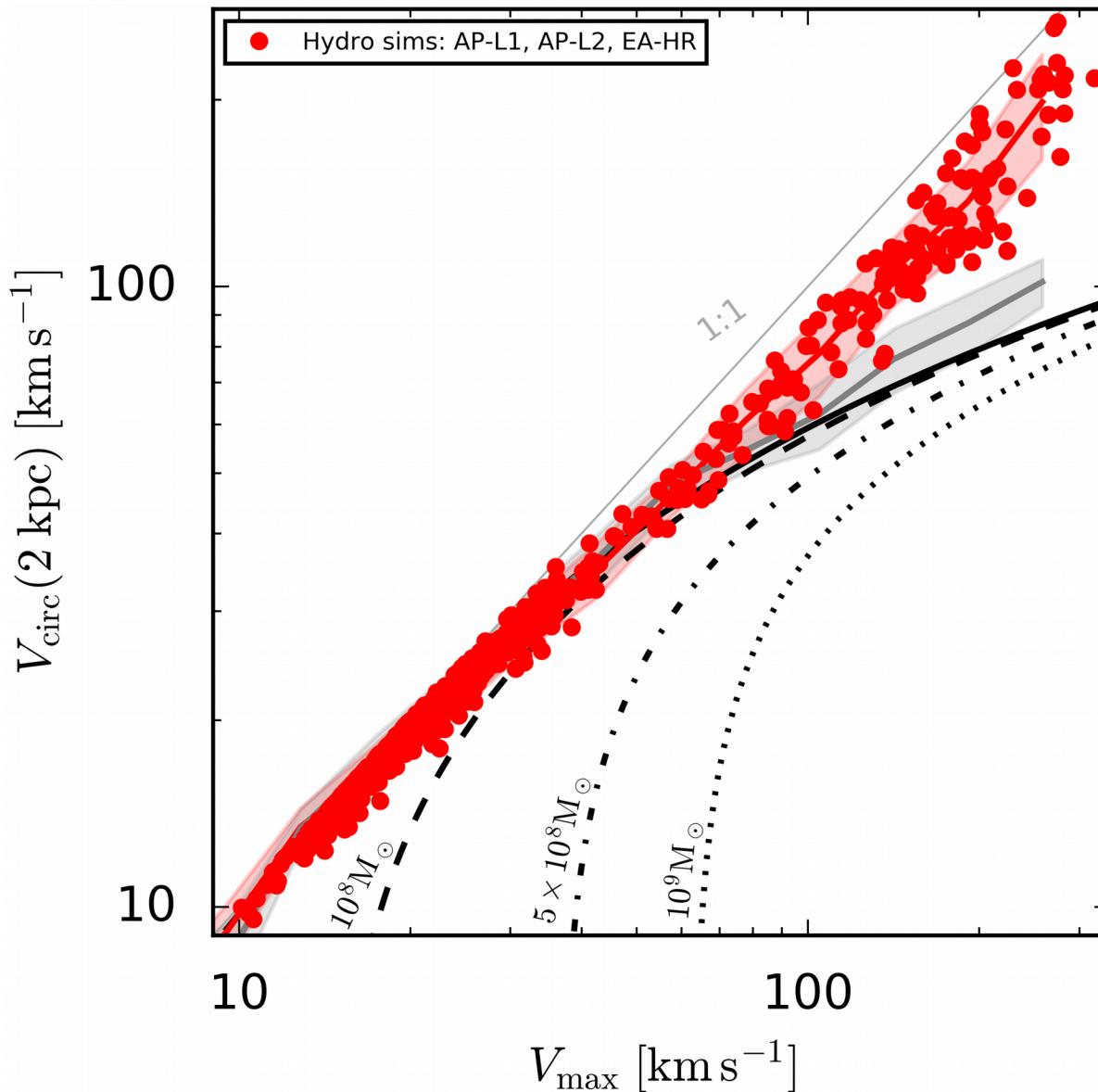
Inner mass diversity



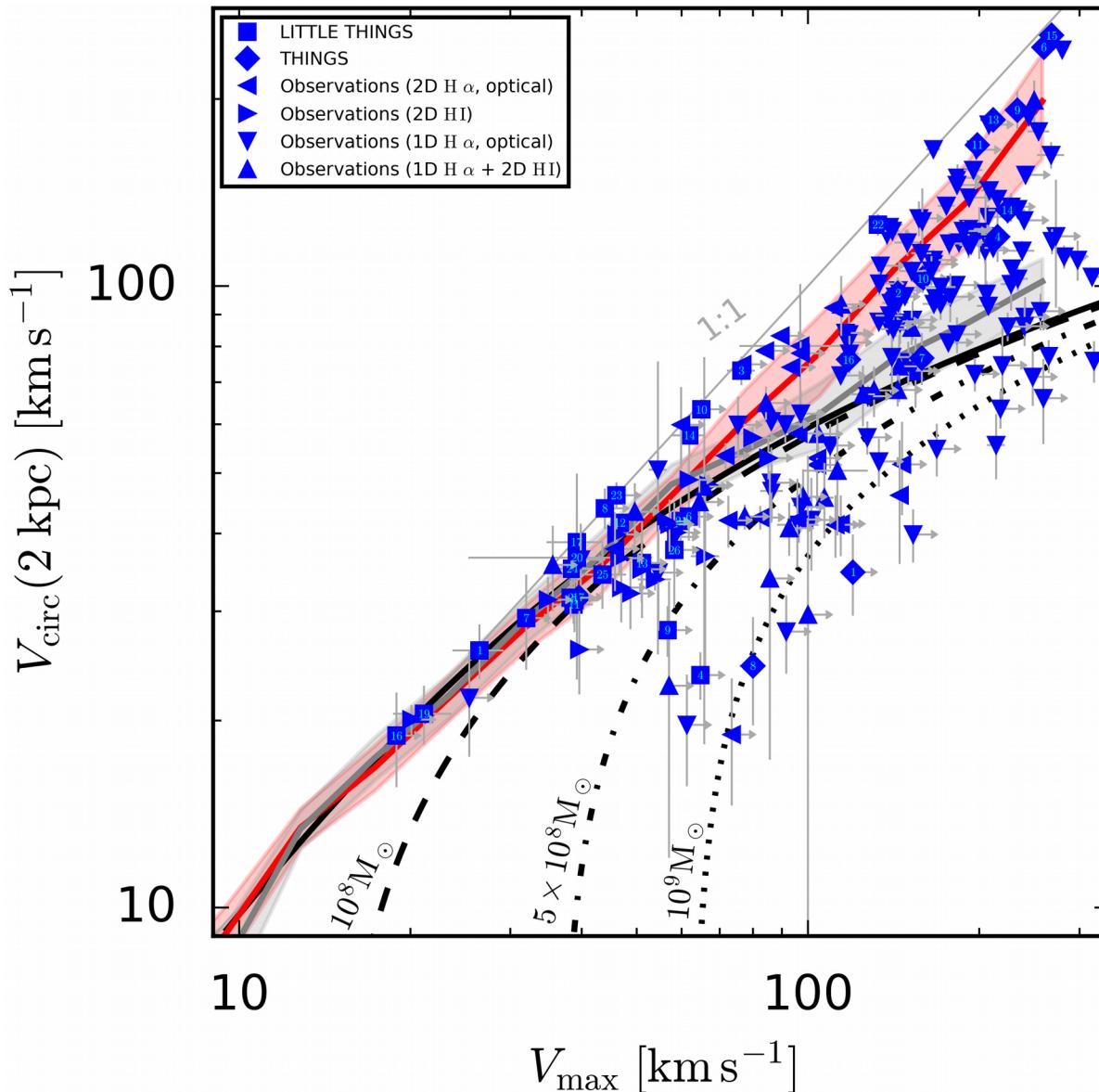
Inner mass diversity



Inner mass diversity



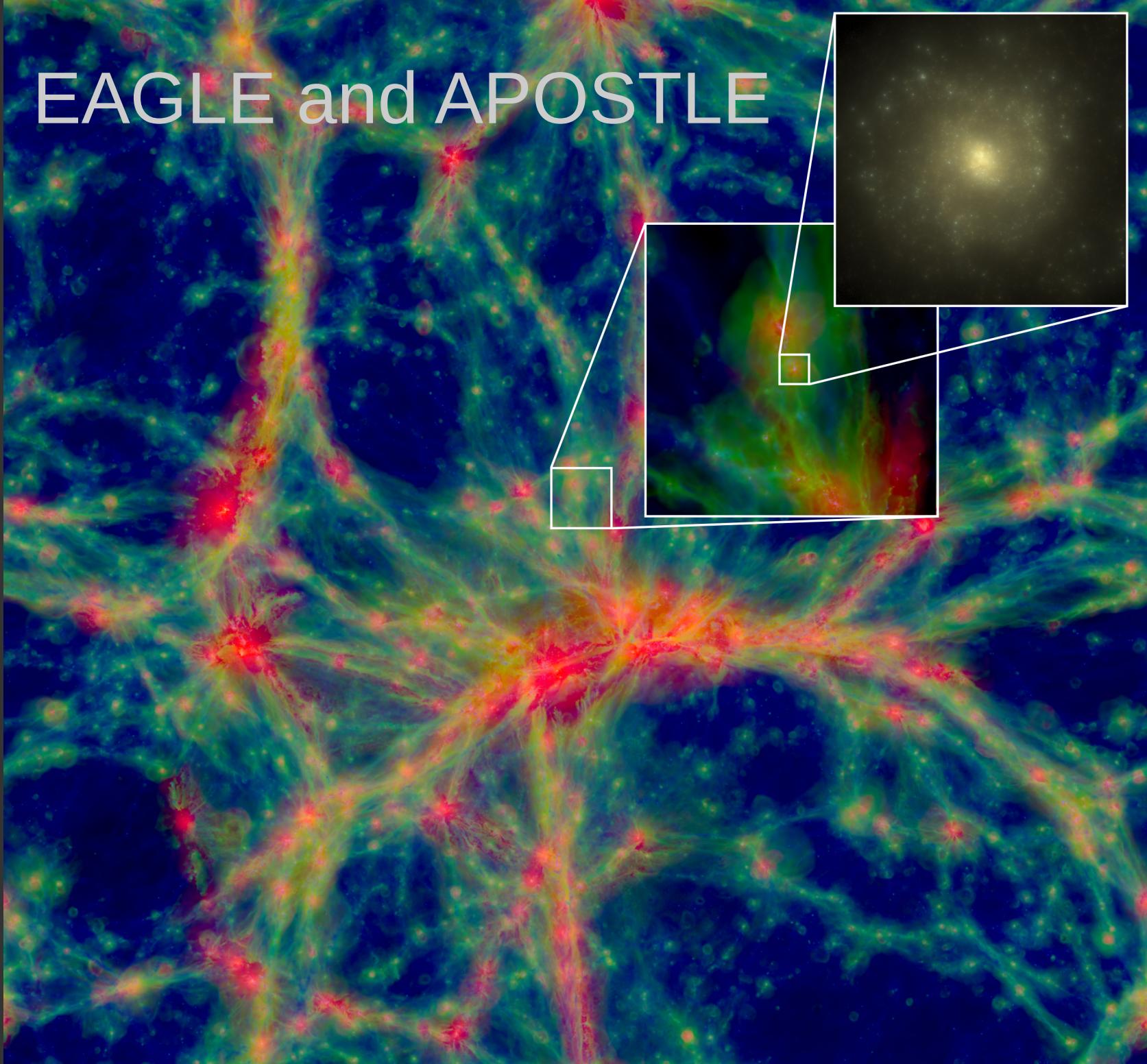
Inner mass diversity



Possible solutions

- Modify dark matter profile via “baryonic physics”
- Modify dark matter profile via dark matter physics
- Modify gravitational force law
- **Appeal to errors in modelling & interpretation**

EAGLE and APOSTLE



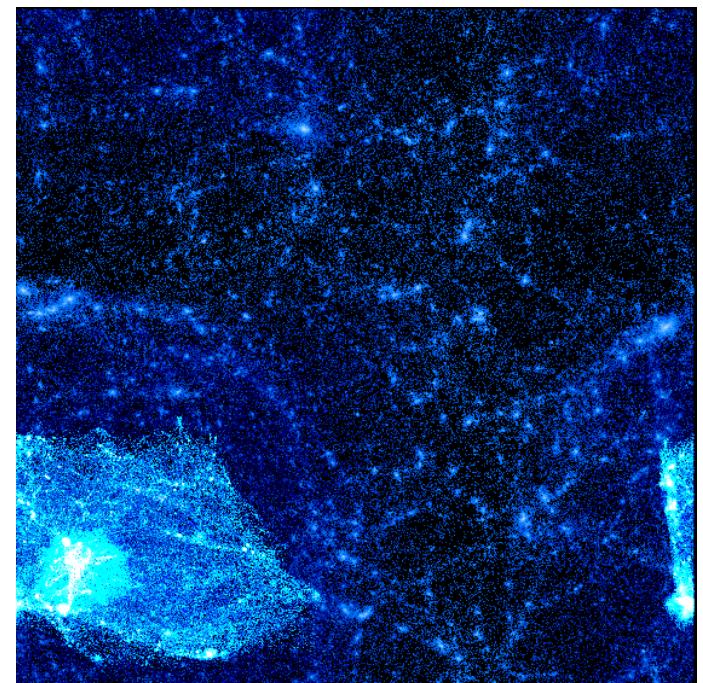
EAGLE project

Evolution and Assembly of GaLaxies and their Environments

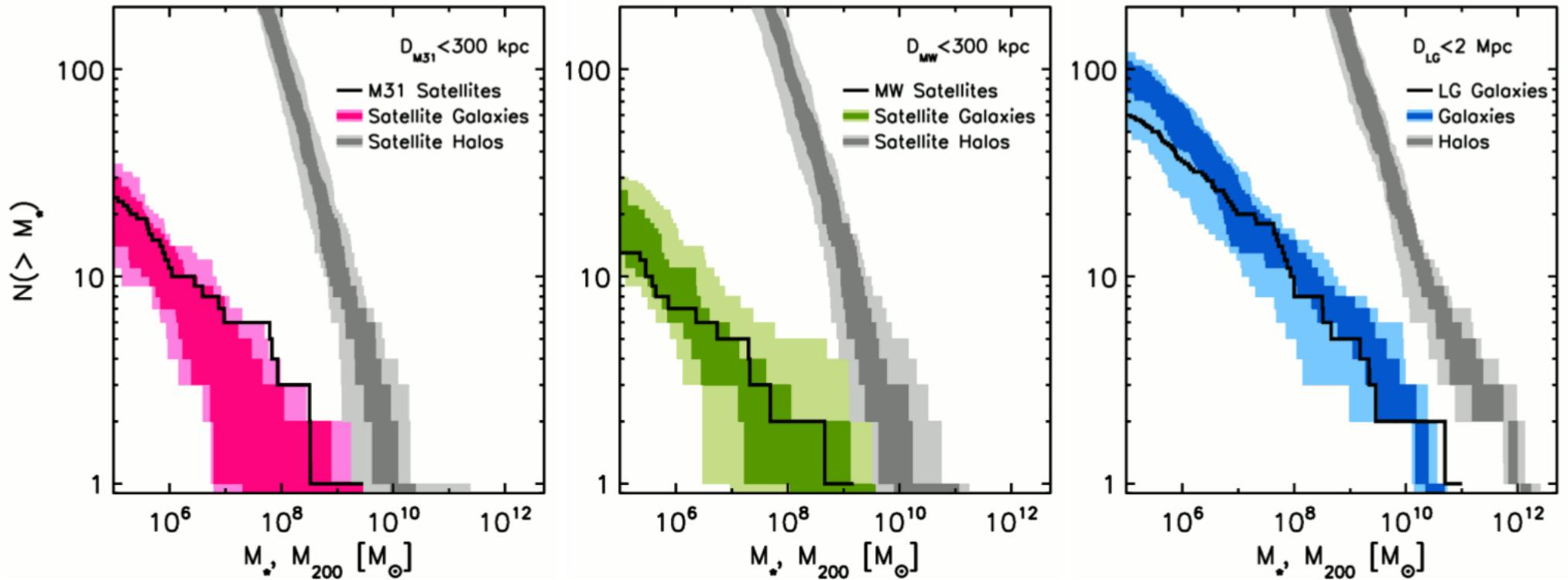
- First generation cosmological hydrodynamical simulation
- Physics included:
 - Star formation, winds, supernovae
 - Chemical enrichment
 - Reionization
 - Radiative cooling
 - AGN
- Calibration: galaxy stellar mass function, size distribution for $M_* > 10^8 M_\odot$

APOSTLE simulation suite

- Same model & calibration as the EAGLE project
- Regions selected to match the mass, kinematics & environment of the Milky Way & M31
- 12 volumes, of which 5 at highest ($M_{\text{gas}} \sim 10^4 M_{\odot}$)

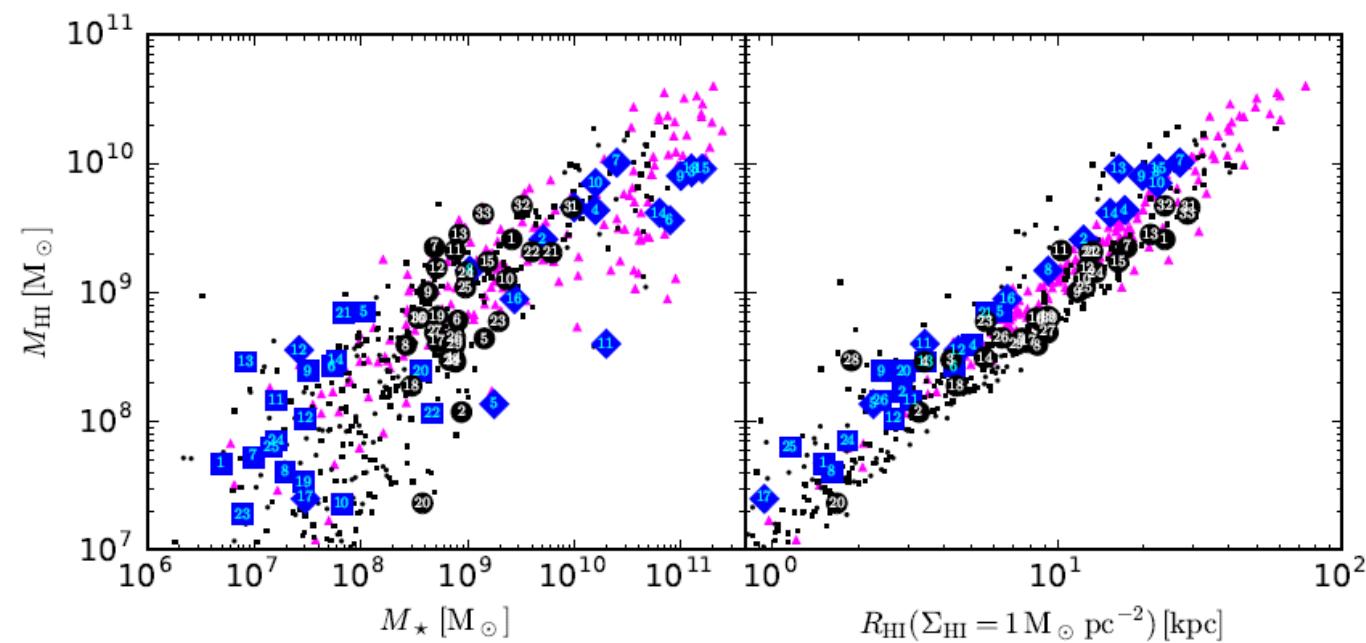
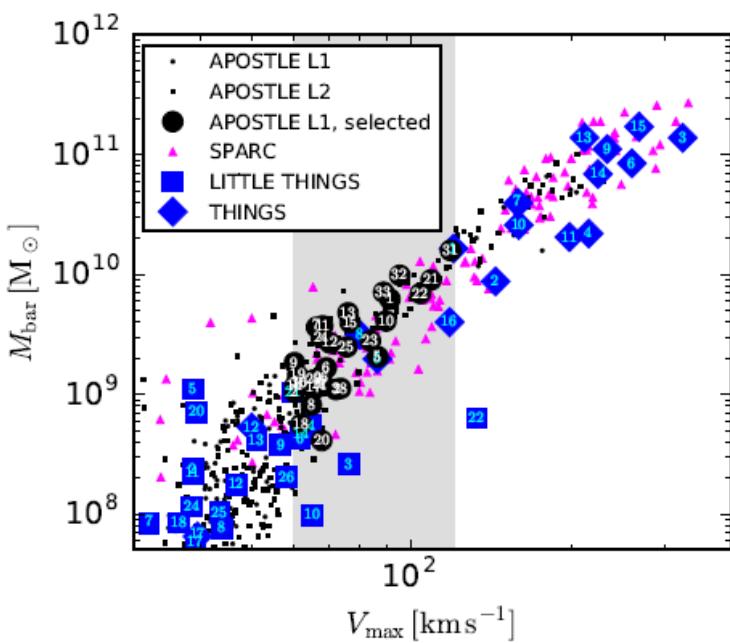


Stellar mass function

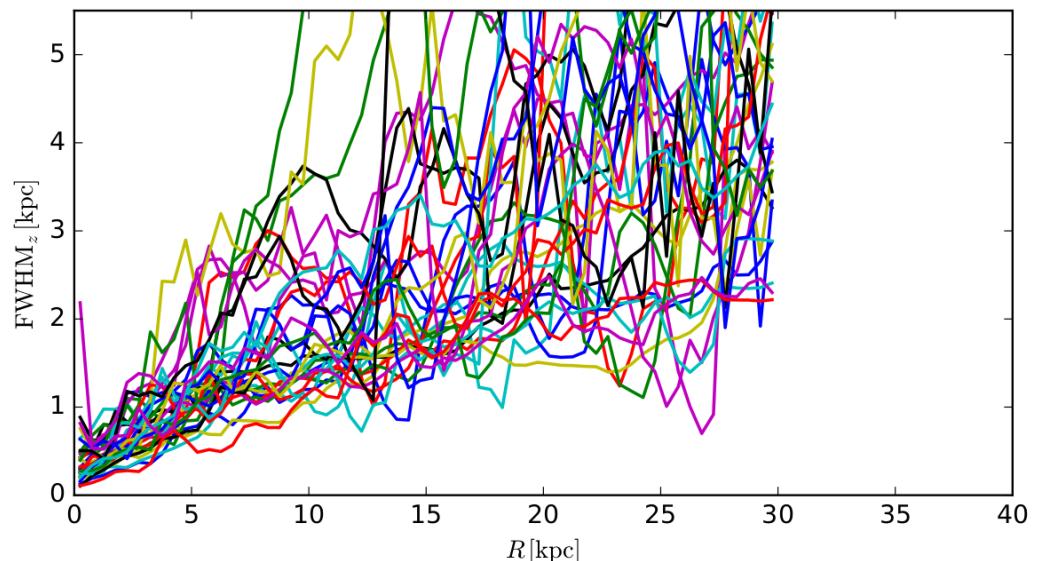
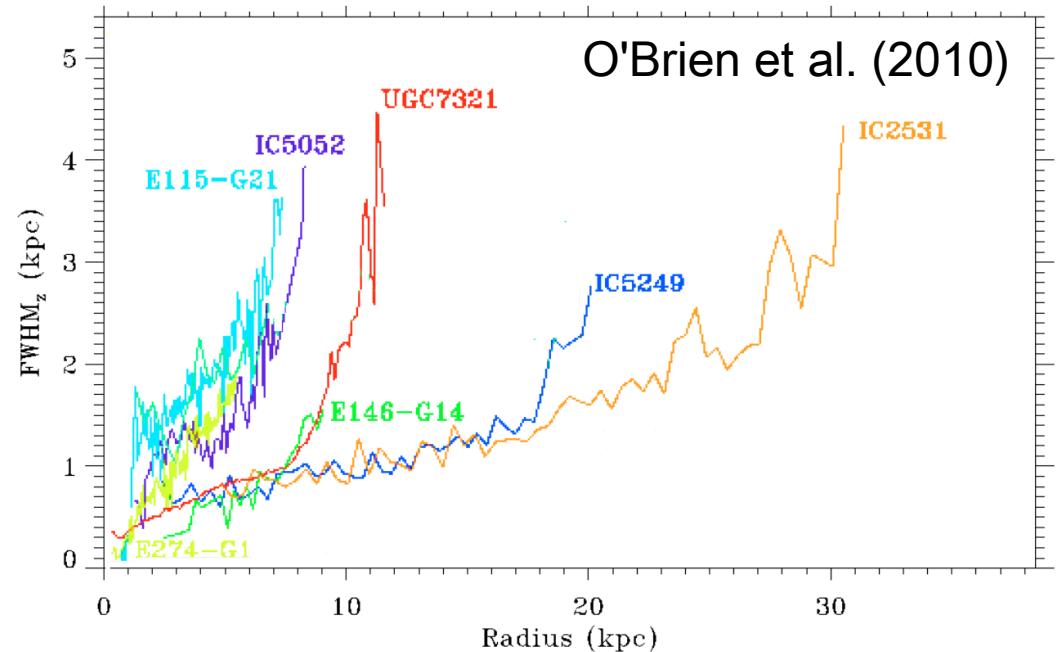
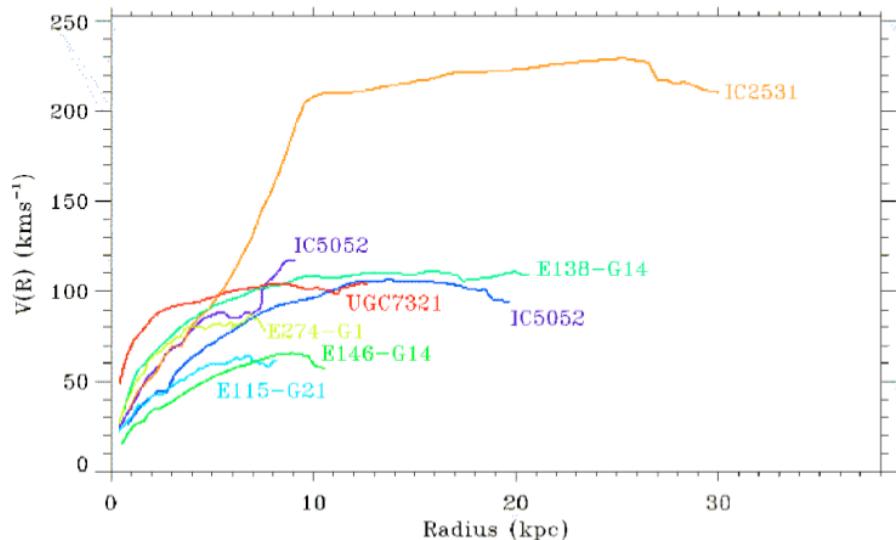


Sawala et al. (2016b)

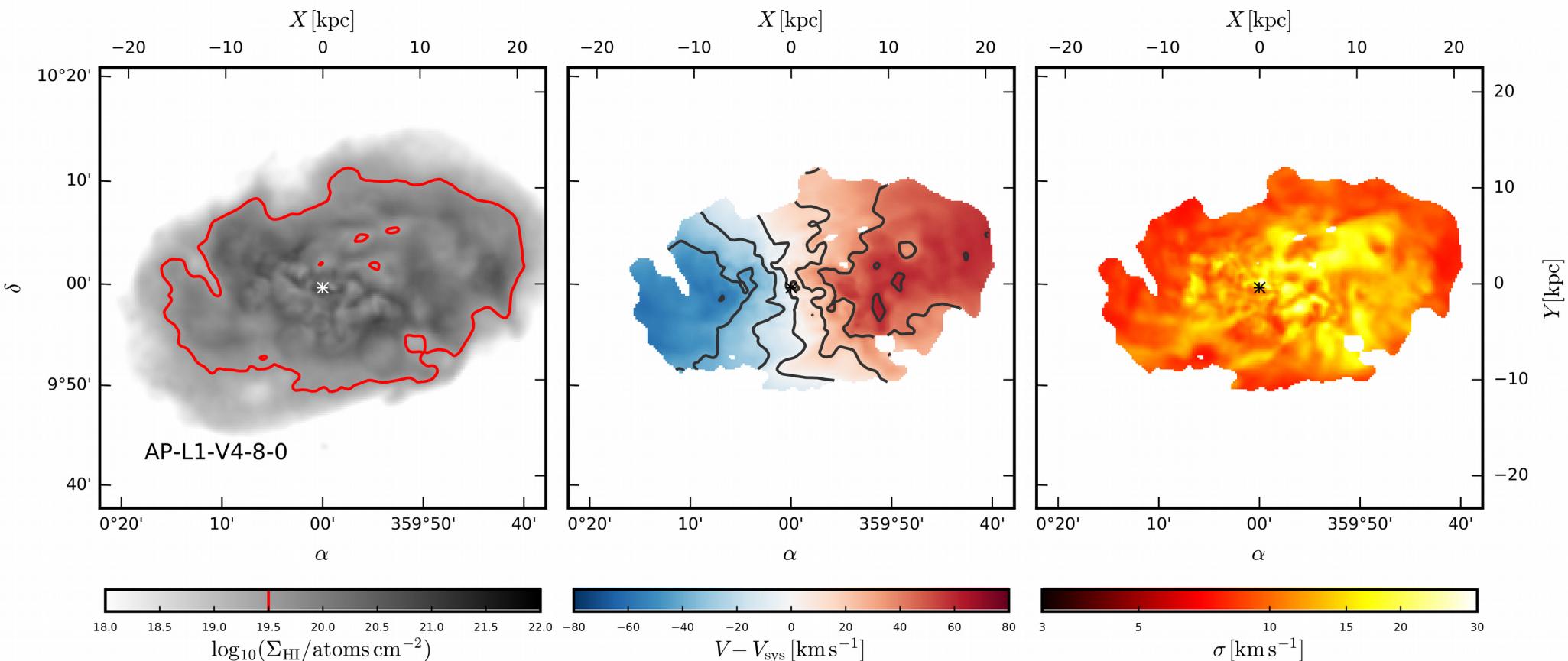
HI properties



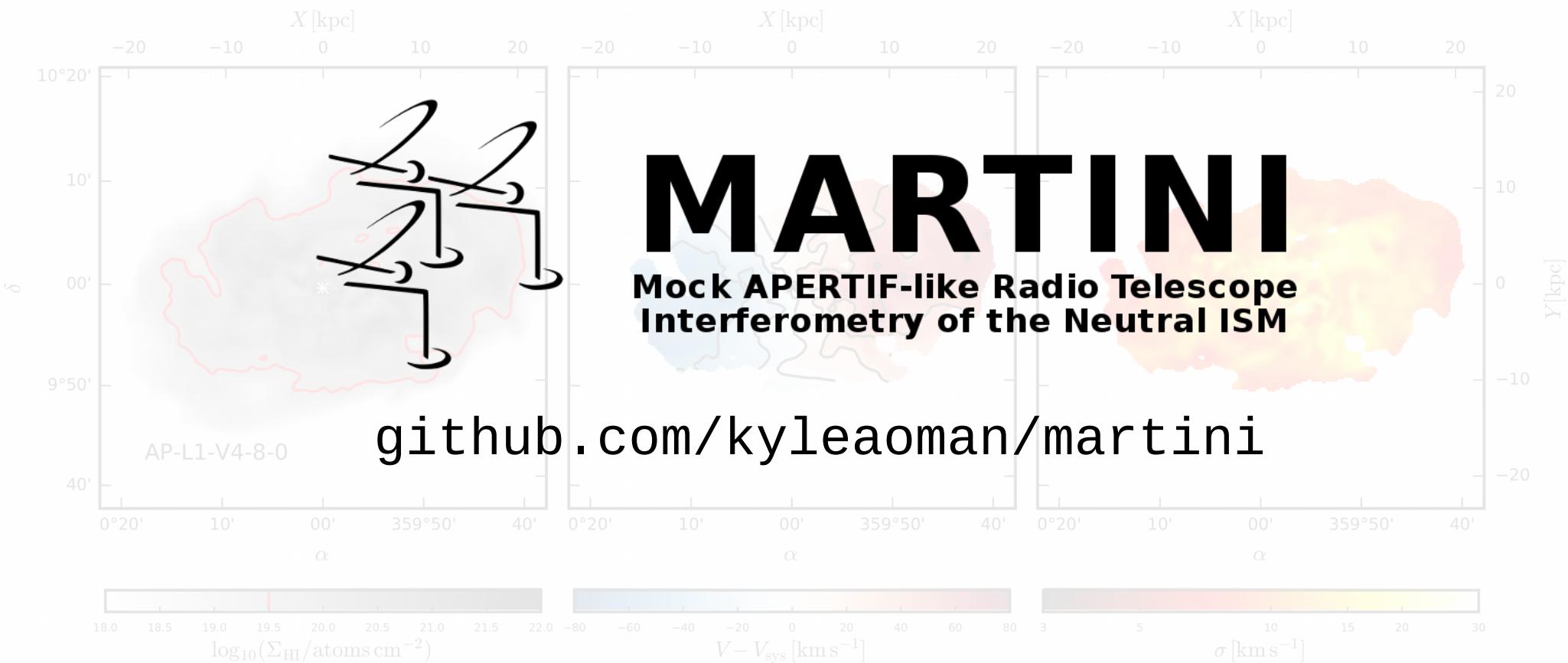
HI properties



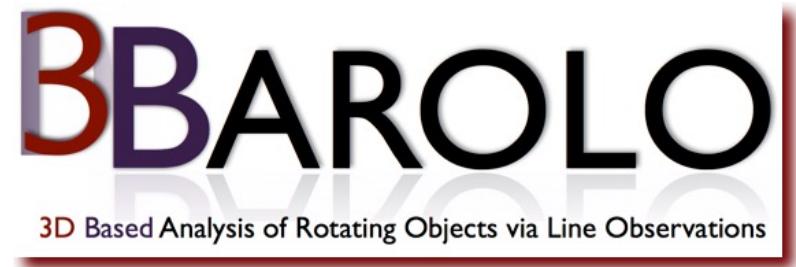
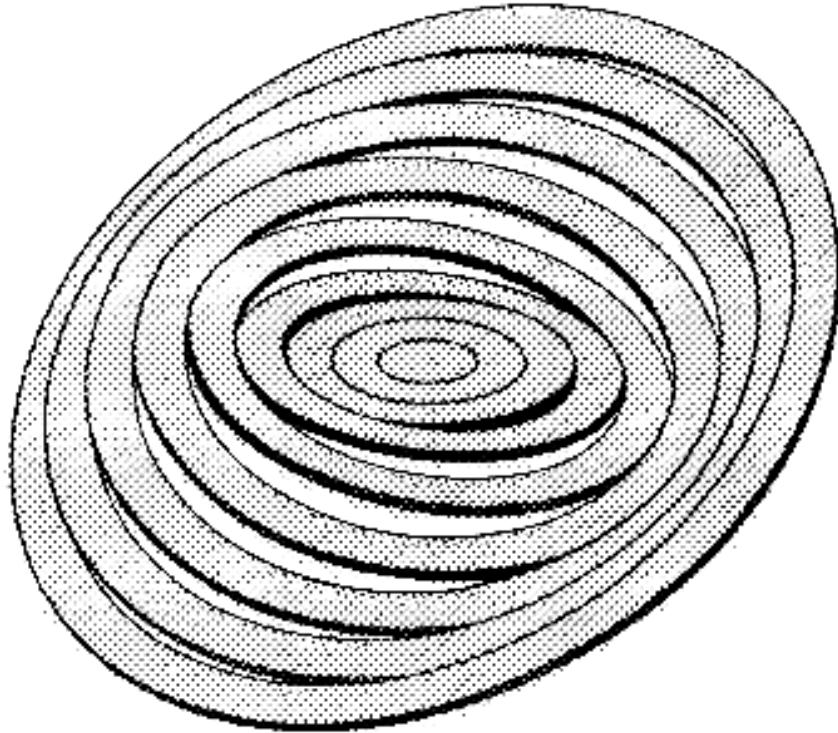
Synthetic HI observations



Synthetic HI observations



Kinematic modelling



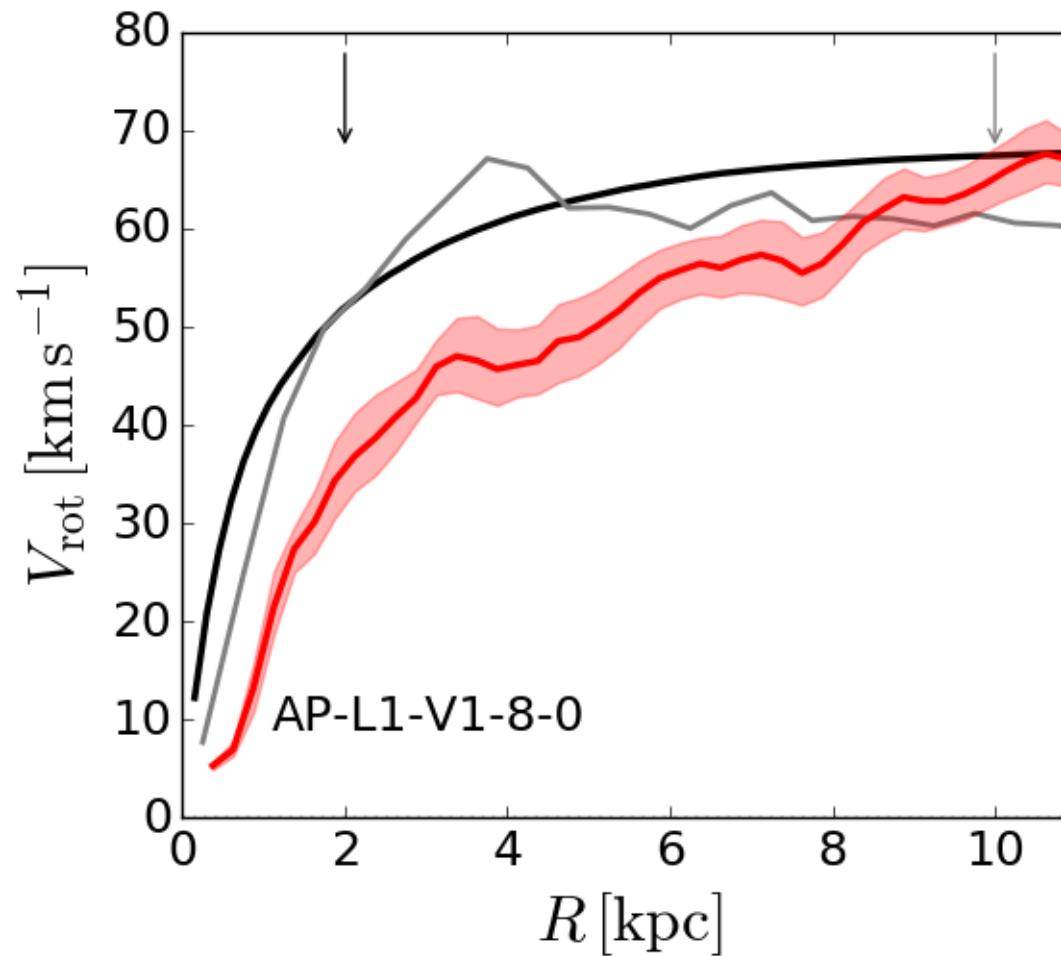
Di Teodoro & Fraternali (2015)

For each ring:

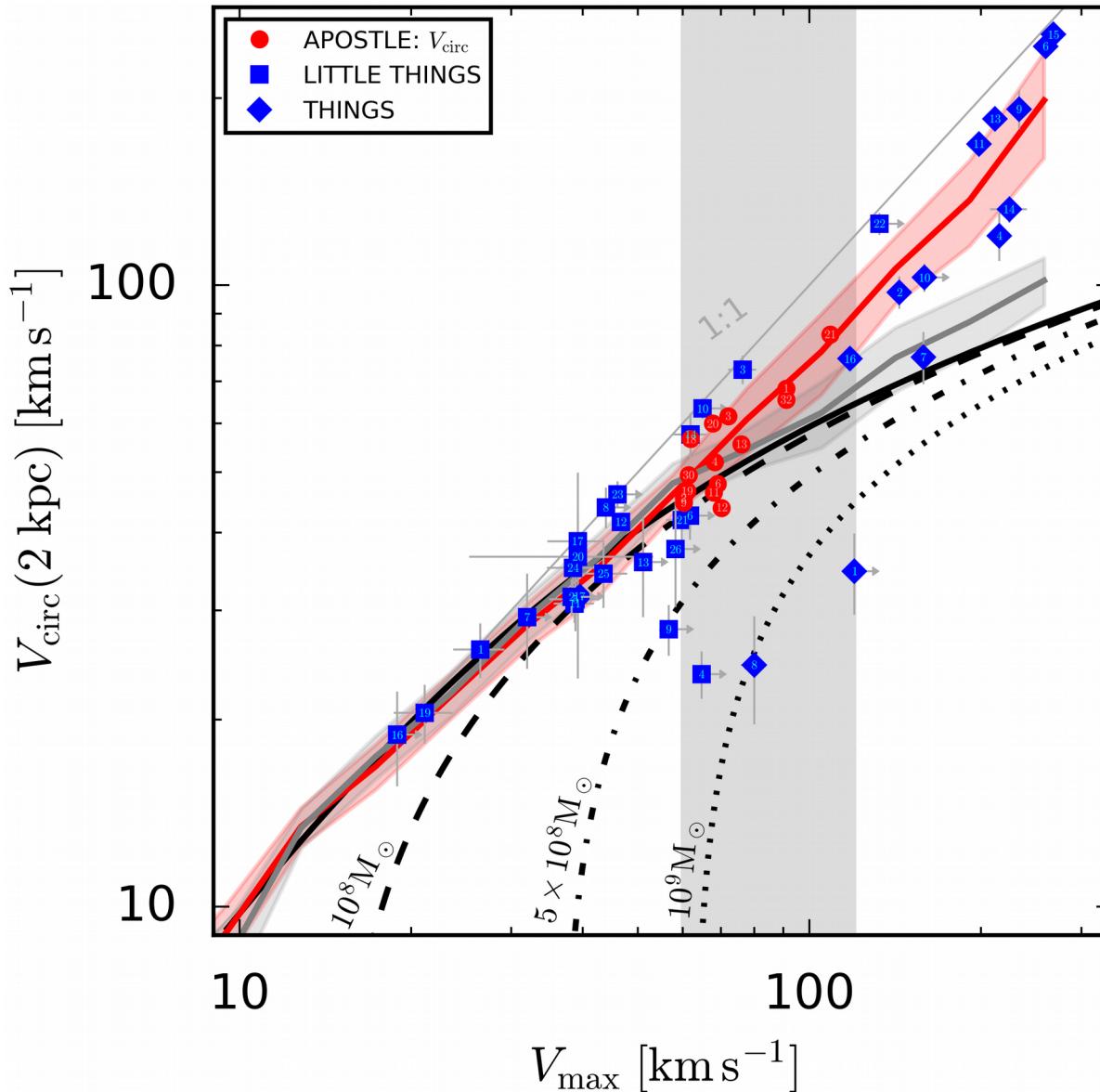
$$(V_{\text{rot}}, \sigma, \Sigma, i, \text{PA}, \alpha_0, \delta_0, V_{\text{sys}})$$

Rogstad et al. (1974)

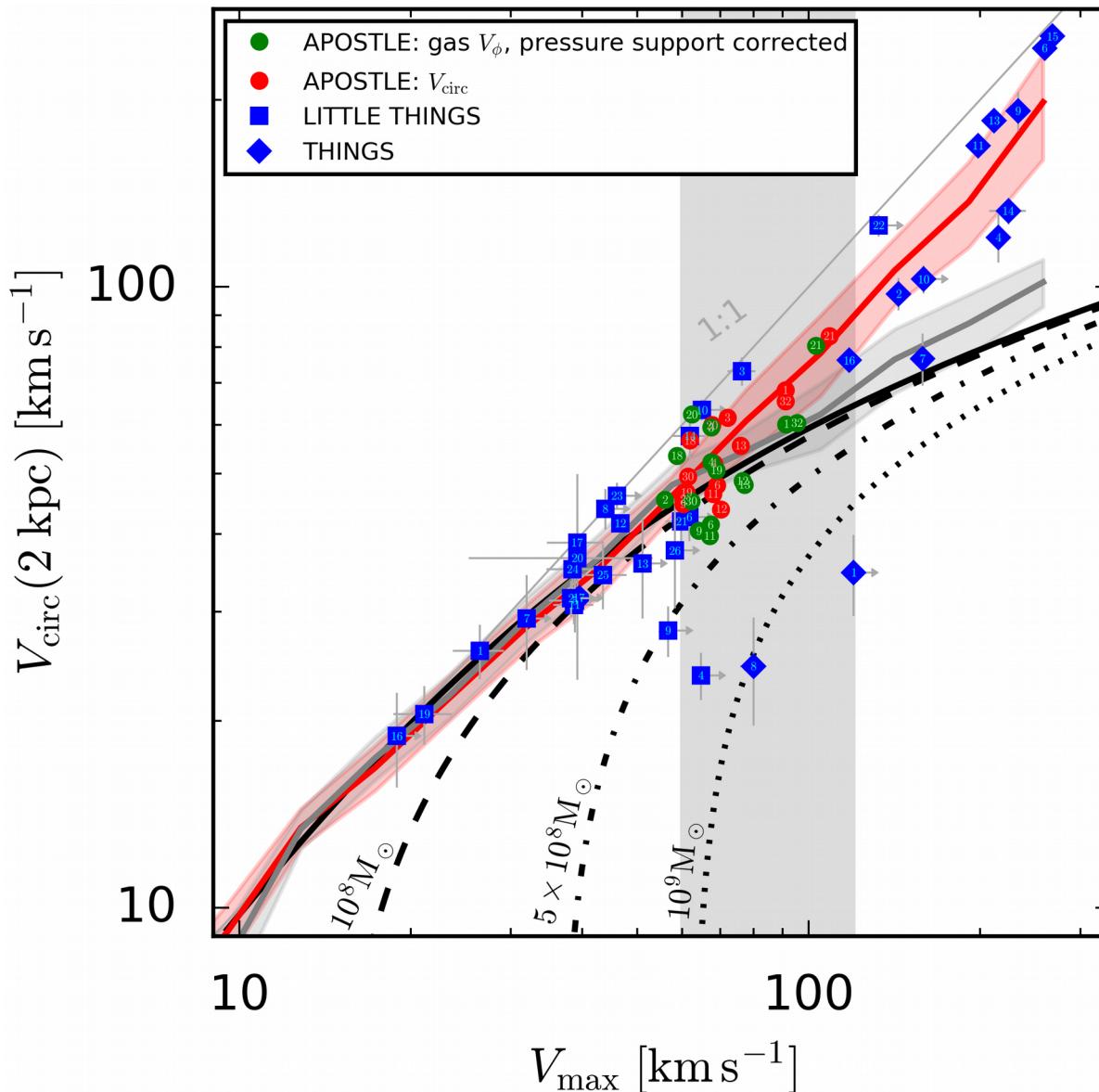
Kinematic modelling



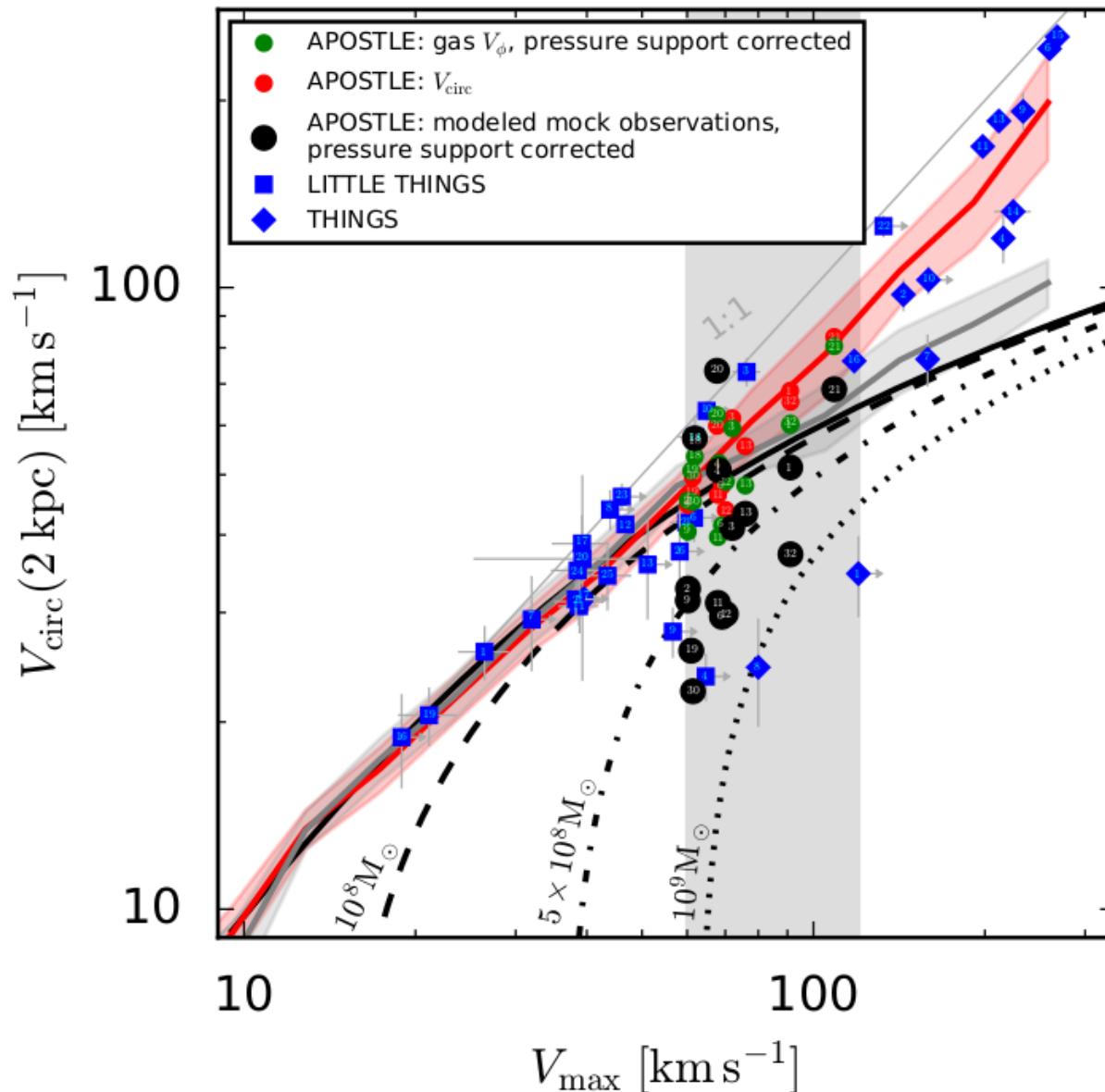
Inner mass diversity



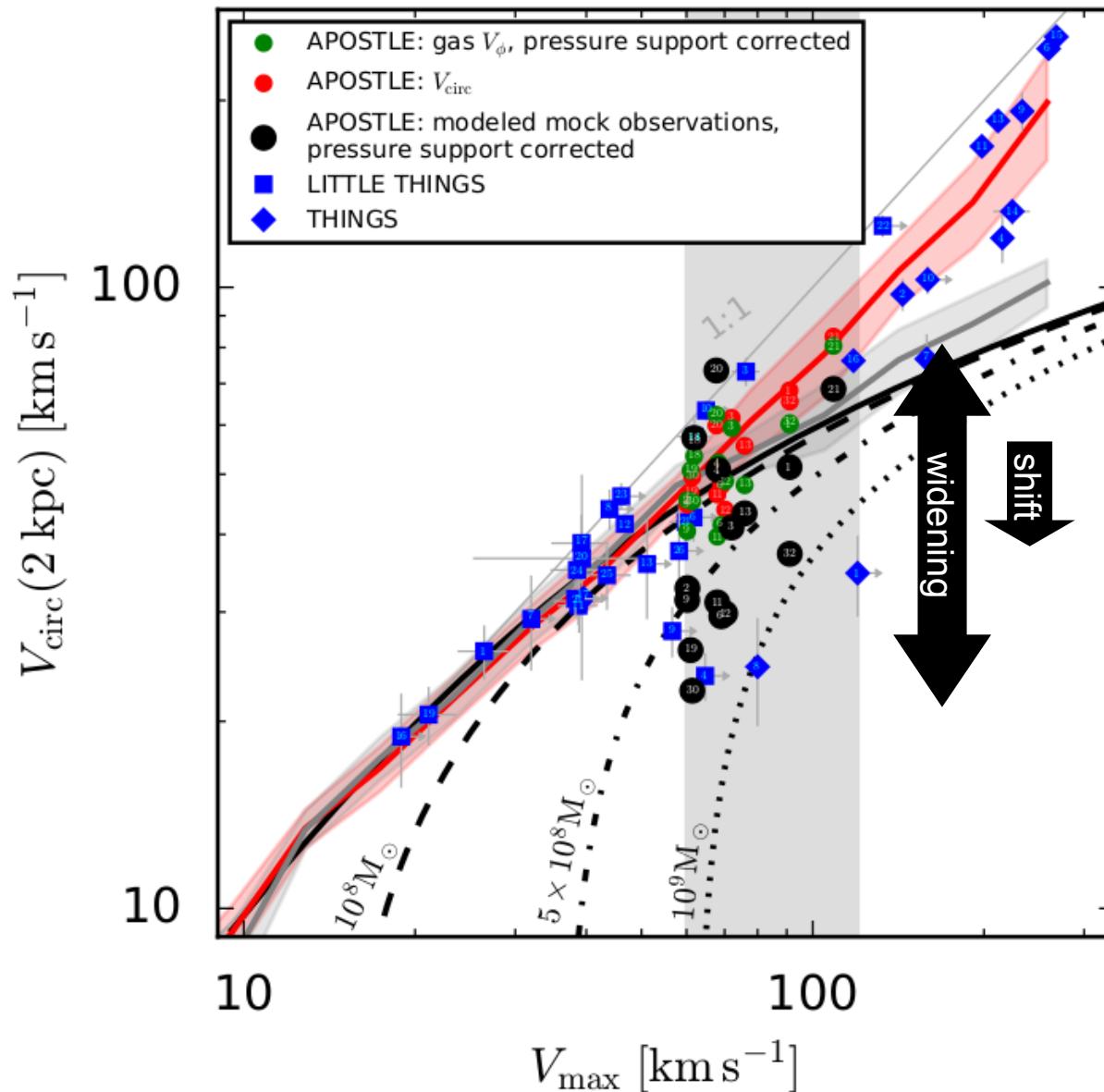
Inner mass diversity



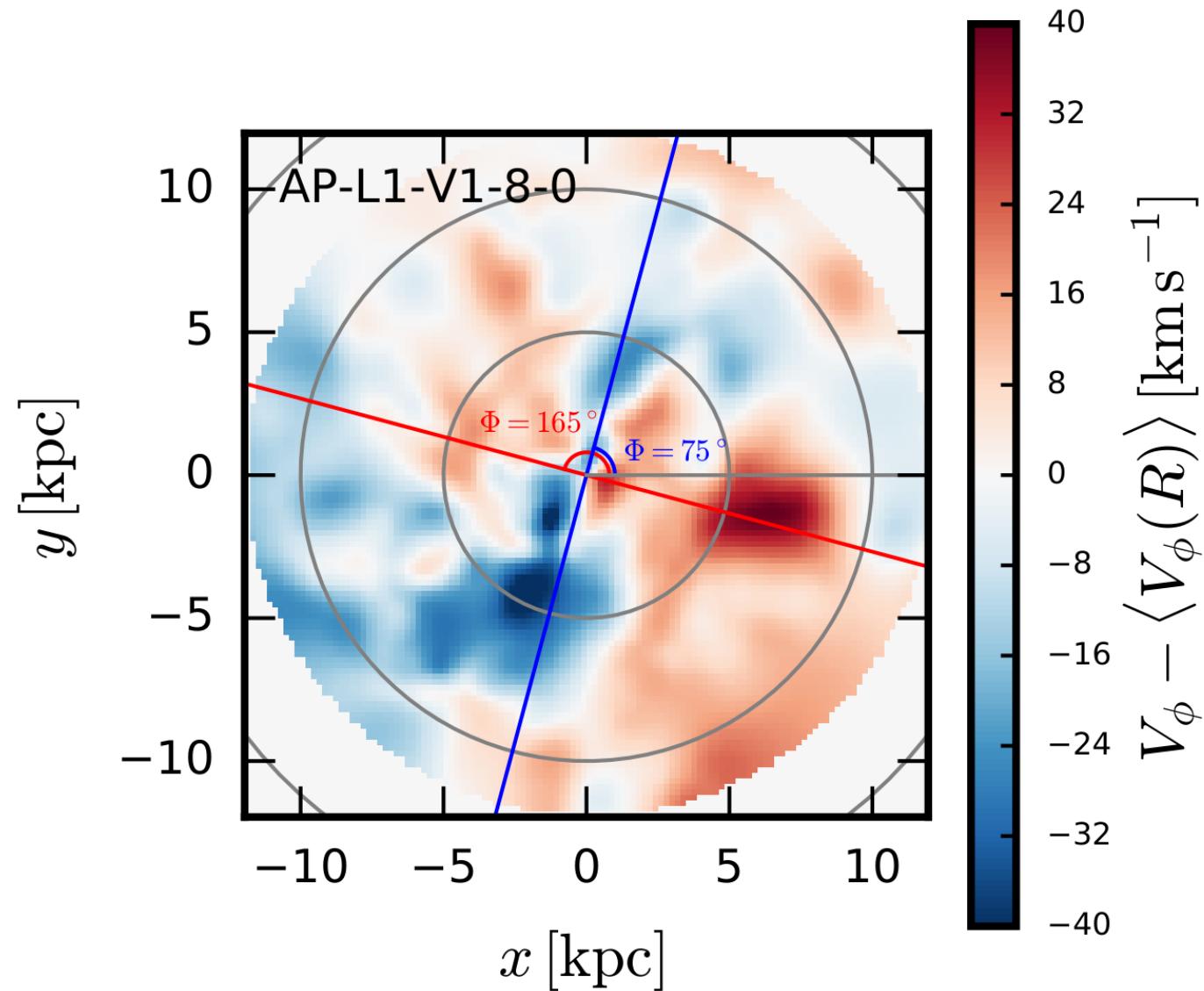
Inner mass diversity



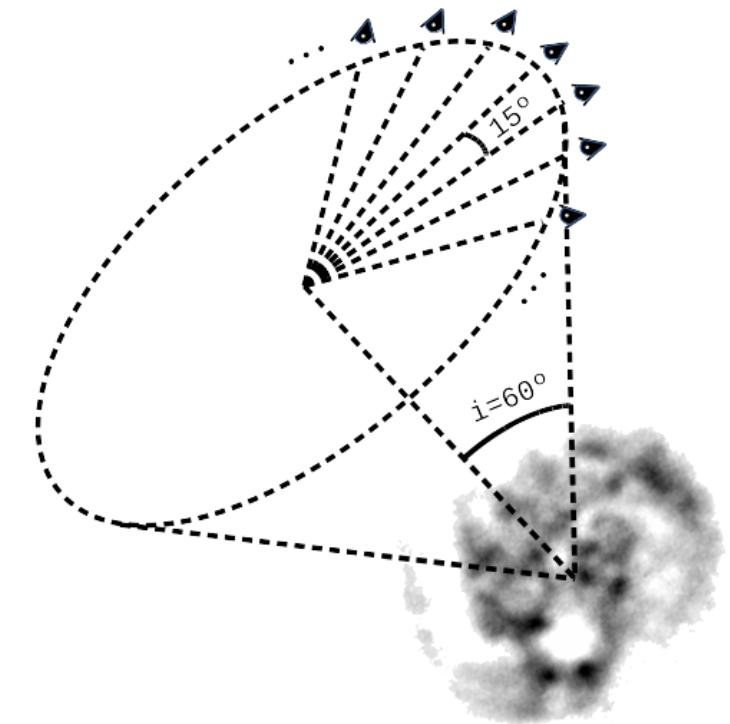
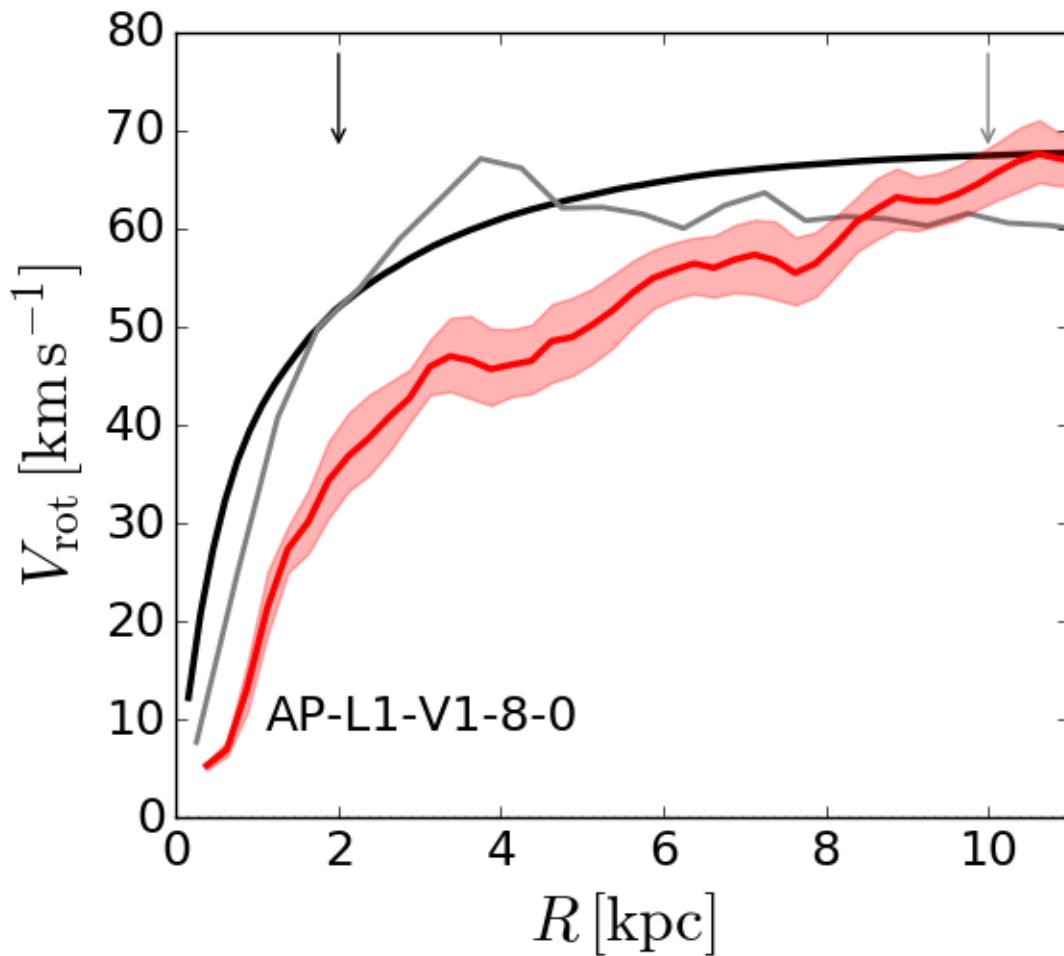
Inner mass diversity



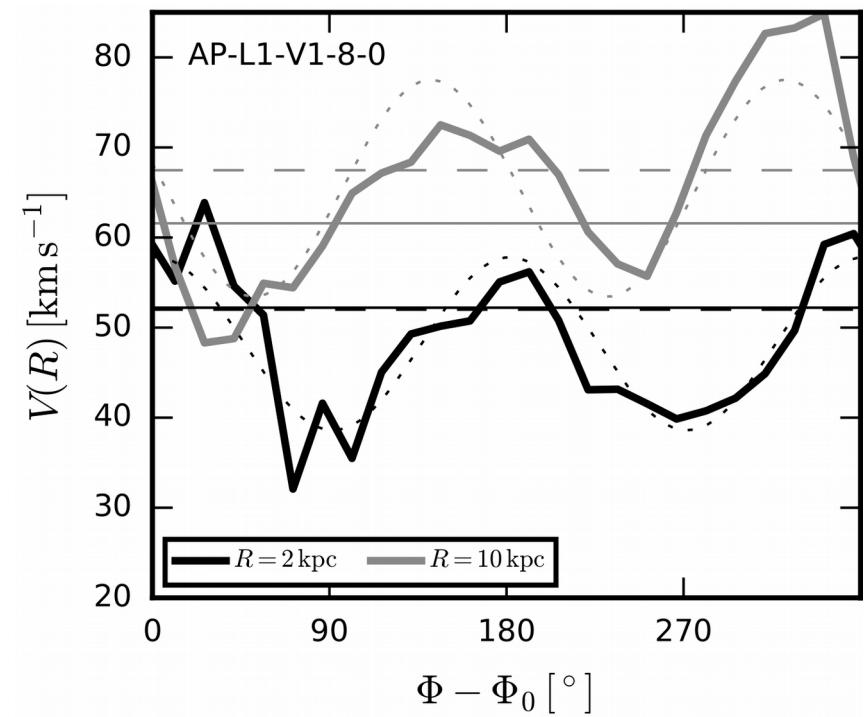
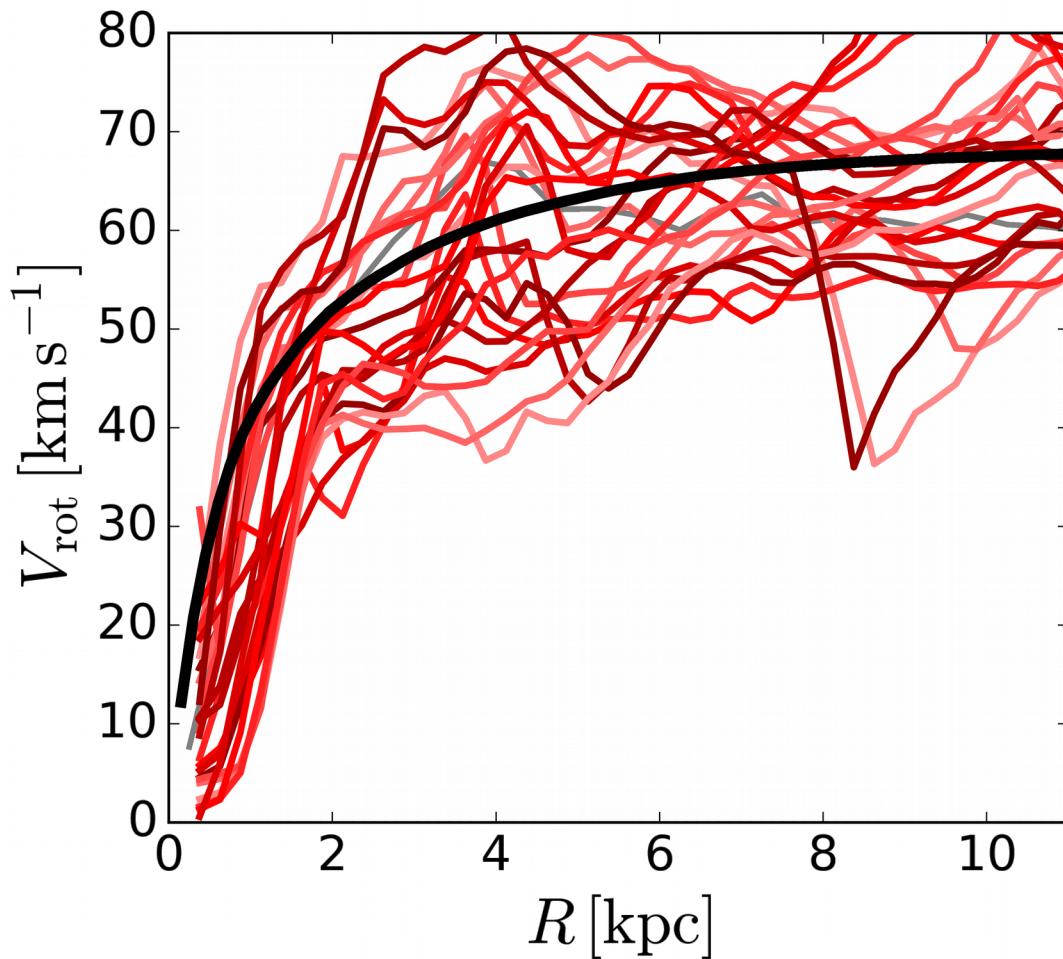
Non-circular motions



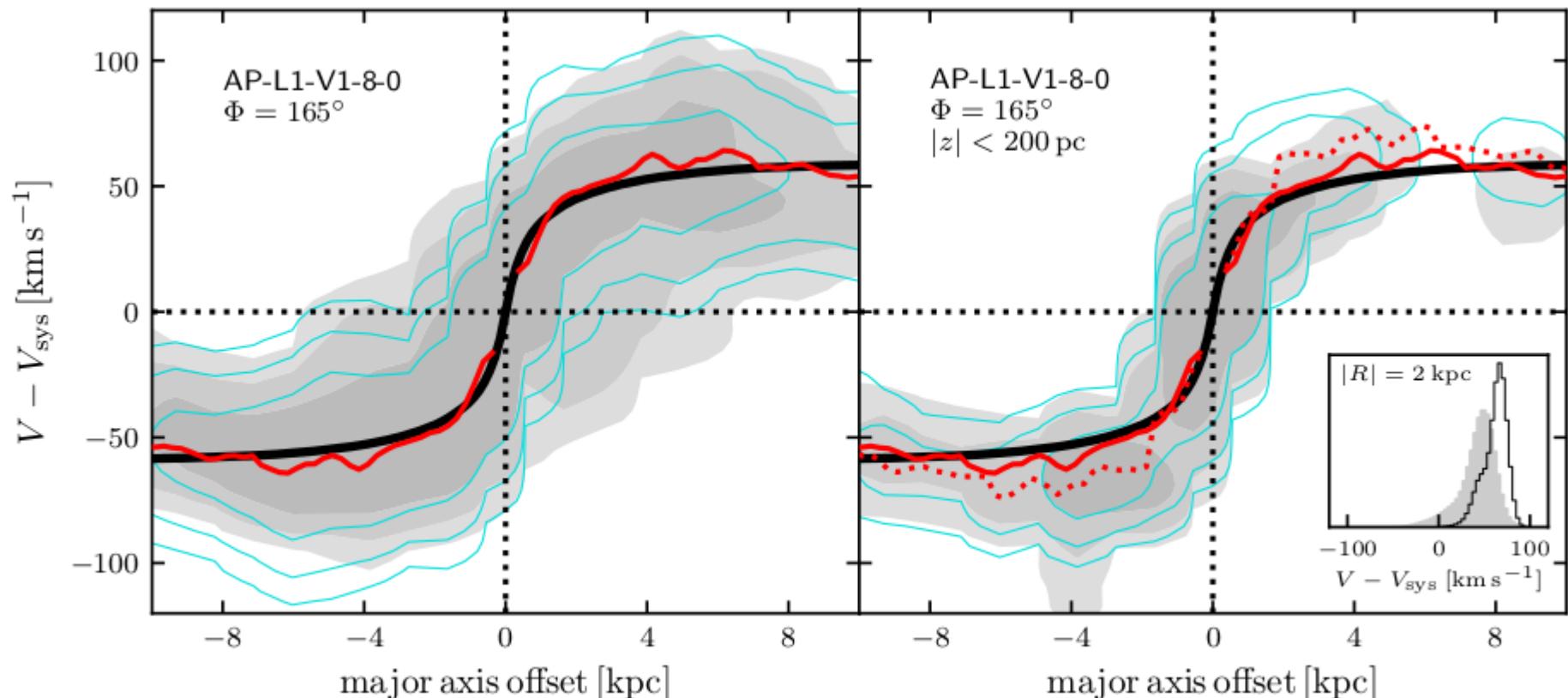
Non-circular motions



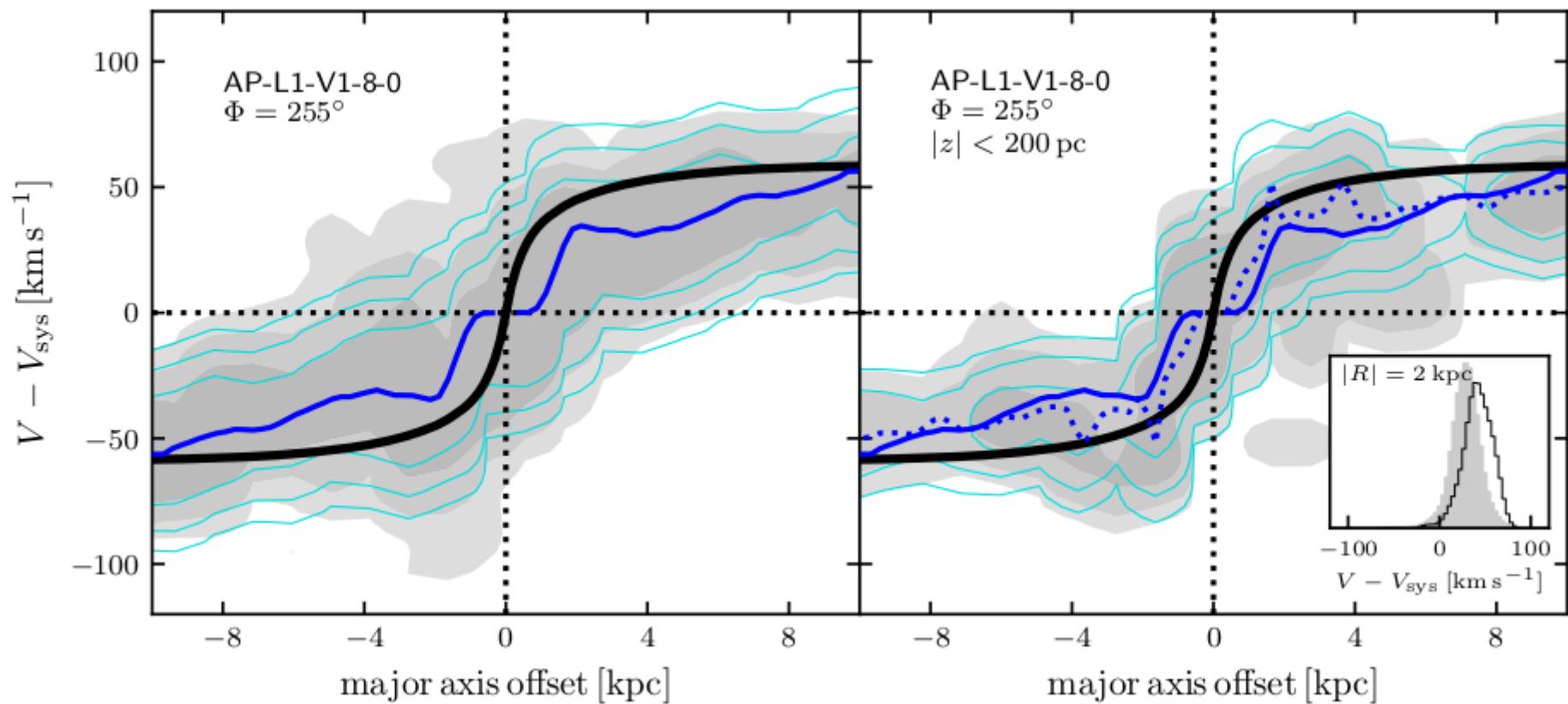
Non-circular motions



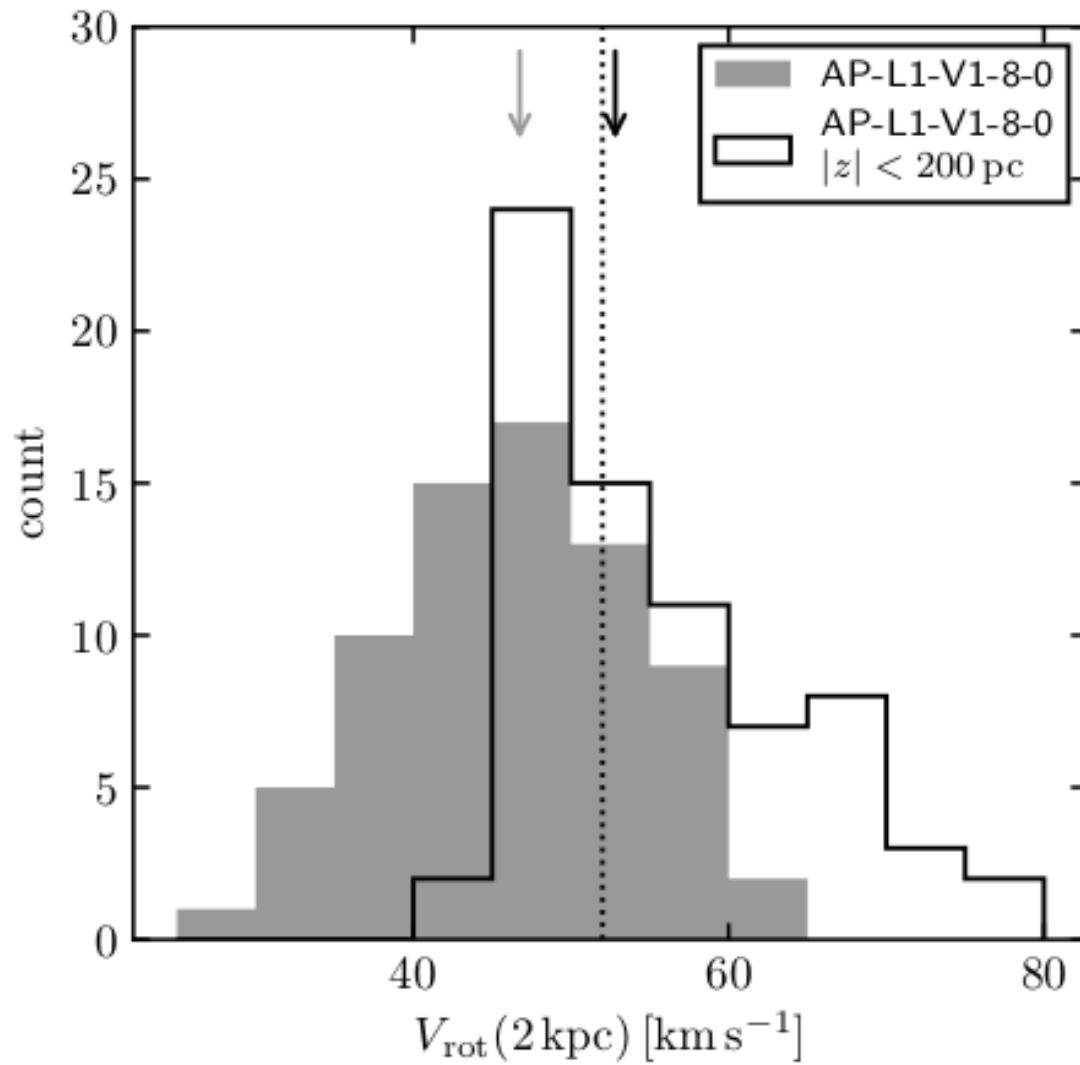
Thick discs



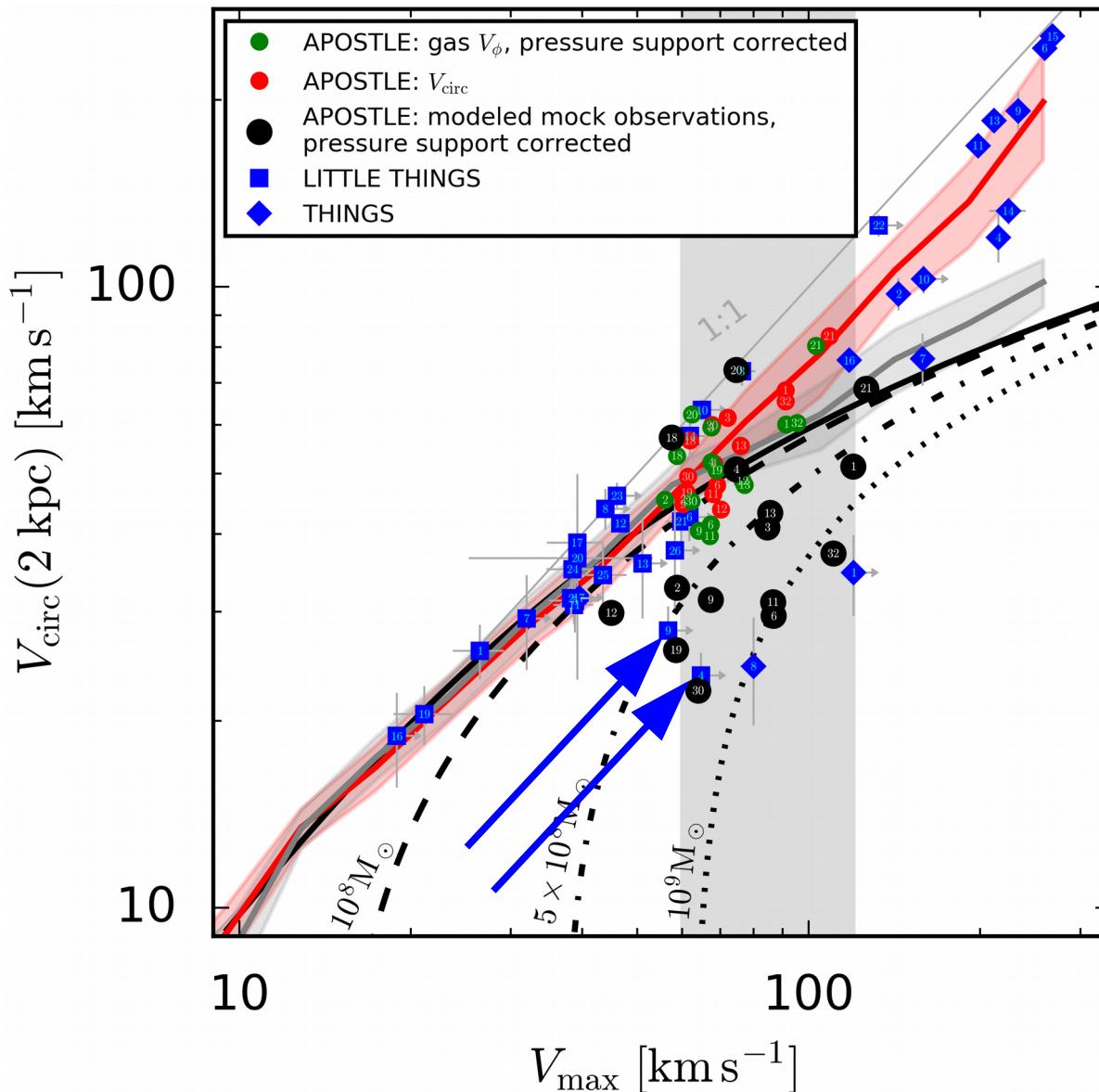
Thick discs



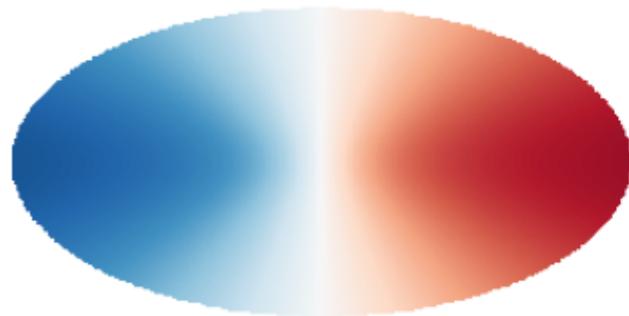
Thick discs



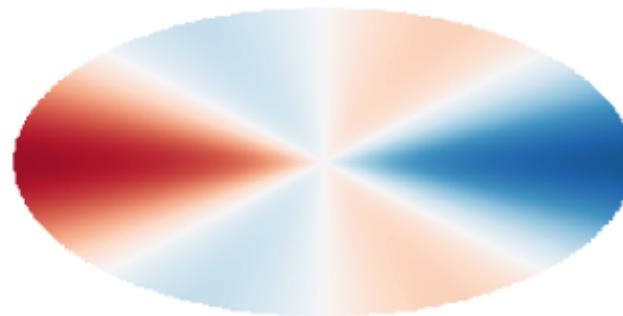
Applicability to reality?



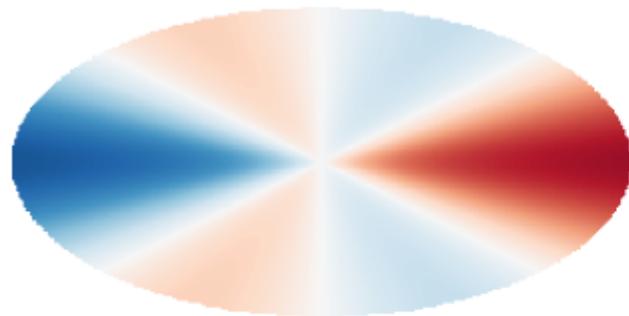
Applicability to reality?



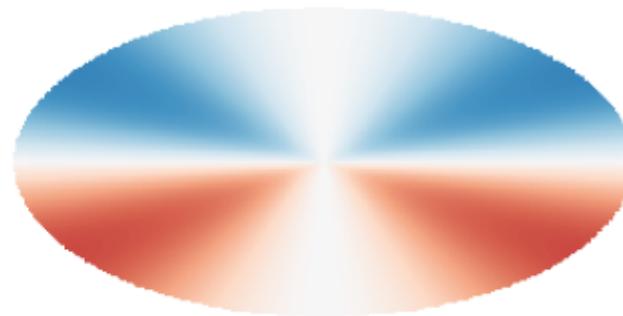
1st moment map



residual:
rotation curve underestimated

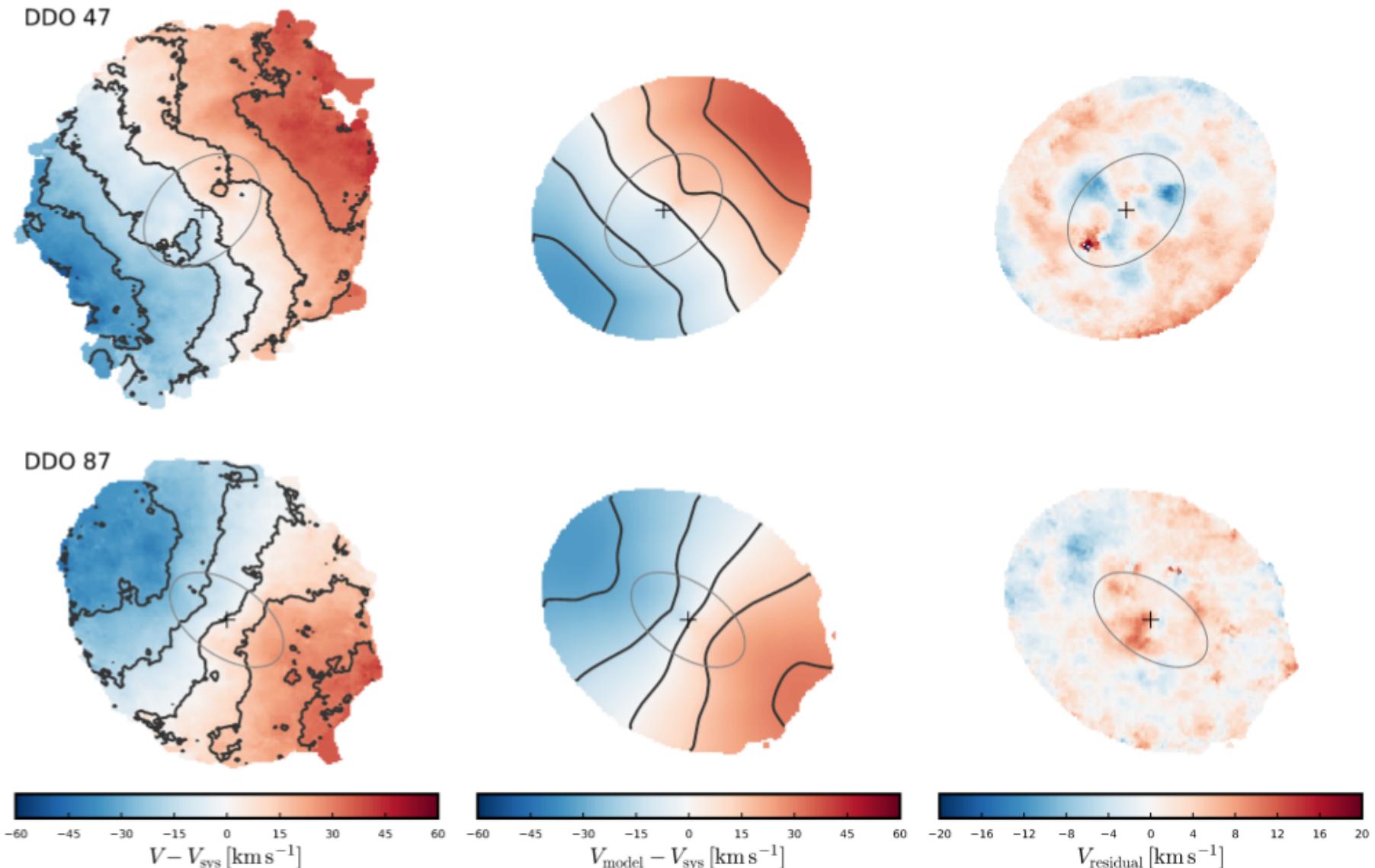


residual:
rotation curve overestimated

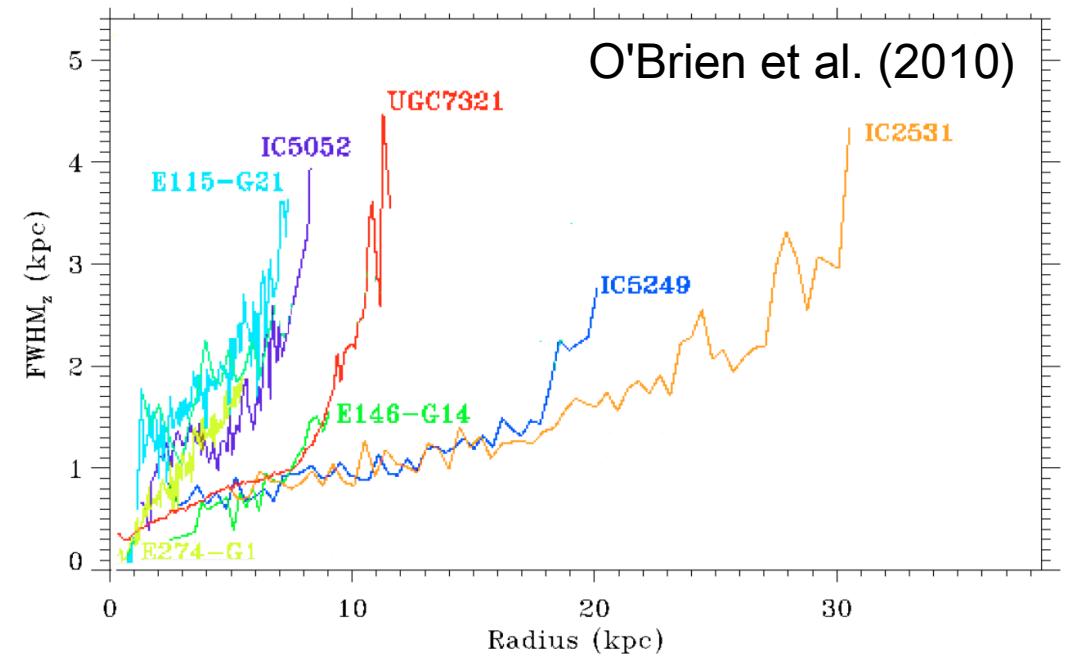
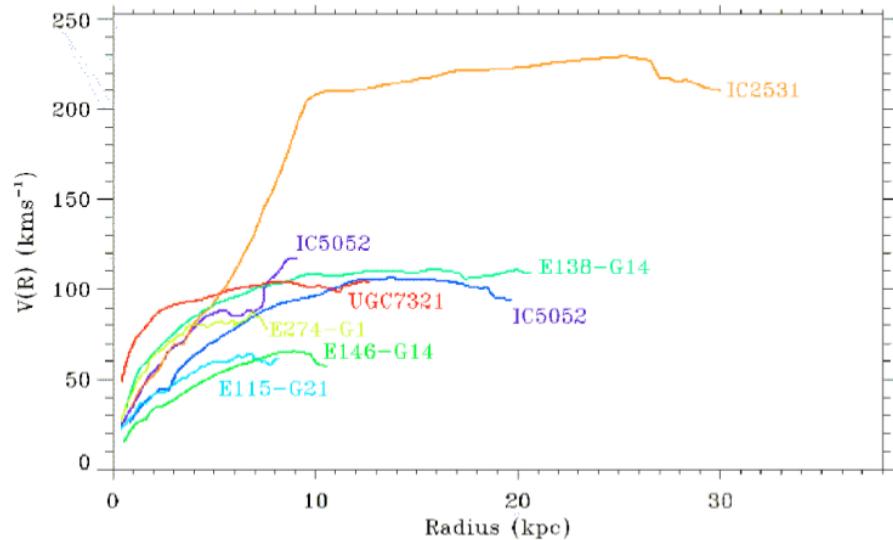


residual:
rotation curve unchanged

Applicability to reality?

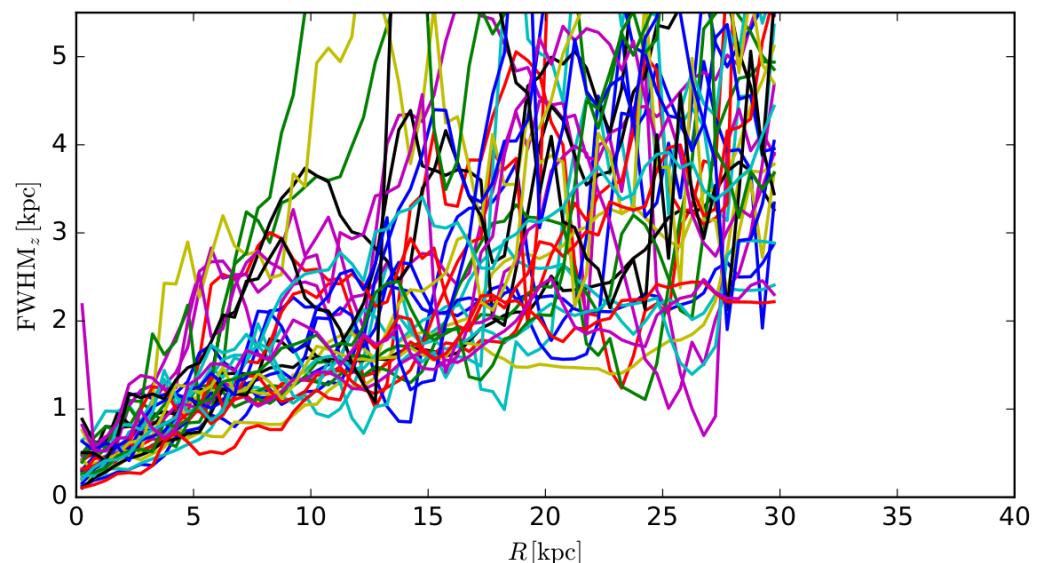


Applicability to reality?



$$\text{NGC 891 } \frac{dV_\phi}{dz} = -15 \text{ km s}^{-1} \text{ kpc}^{-1}$$

Fraternali et al. (2005)



Summary

- Non-circular motions & confusion along the line of sight hinder the recovery of accurate rotation curves.
- It's unclear to me how severe the cusp-core problem actually is.
- Forward modelling of cosmological hydrodynamical is a powerful tool for learning about the limitations of analysis.